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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma3h1f35c1n

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μ s	—	100 ms	—
		Fast POR	200 μ s	—	4 ms	—

Notes to Table 6:

- (1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT}. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL} (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V _{CCA_GXBR} (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCR_GXBL} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB ⁽²⁾	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps. ■ DFE is used. 	All	1.05	3.0	1.5	V
If ANY of the following conditions are true ⁽¹⁾ : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATX PLL is used. ■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used. 	All	1.0			
If ALL of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATX PLL is not used. ■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used. 	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		

Notes to Table 8:

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/ ^o C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN} (DC)	DC current per I/O pin	300 μ A
I _{IOPIN} (AC)	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C \, dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	V_{REF}	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	V_{REF}	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	$0.47 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.53 * V_{CCIO}$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OI} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.608$	$V_{TT} + 0.608$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.81$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	$V_{TT} - 0.603$	$V_{TT} + 0.603$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	0.28	$V_{CCIO} - 0.28$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.09$	$V_{REF} + 0.09$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.16$	$V_{REF} + 0.16$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.85$	$V_{REF} + 0.85$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Differential on- chip termination resistors	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time ⁽⁷⁾	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
$t_{\text{pll_powerdown}}$ ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{\text{pll_lock}}$ ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
$t_{\text{pll_powerdown}}$ ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{\text{pll_lock}}$ ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	Mbps
$t_{\text{pll_powerdown}}$ ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate ⁽¹⁾, ⁽³⁾

Mode ⁽²⁾	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to −0.5	—	—	0 to −0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels ⁽¹⁹⁾	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μ s
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹²⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μ s
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	\pm PPM
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (–40° to 100°C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
f_{VCO} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth ⁽⁷⁾	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to Old Data , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Notes to Table 33:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .
- (3) The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{bias} , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
V_{bias} , voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface.

General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$f_{\text{HCLK_in}}$ (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor $W = 1$ to 40 ⁽⁴⁾	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
$f_{\text{HCLK_in}}$ (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor $W = 1$ to 40 ⁽⁴⁾	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
$f_{\text{HCLK_in}}$ (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor $W = 1$ to 40 ⁽⁴⁾	5	—	520	5	—	520	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz
$f_{\text{HCLK_OUT}}$ (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625 ⁽⁵⁾	5	—	525 ⁽⁵⁾	MHz

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, (Part 2 of 2) ⁽²⁾, ⁽³⁾

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
T_{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT R_S/R_T calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
T_{RS_RT}	Time required between the <code>dyn_term_ctrl</code> and <code>oe</code> signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	—	2.5	—	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` signals.

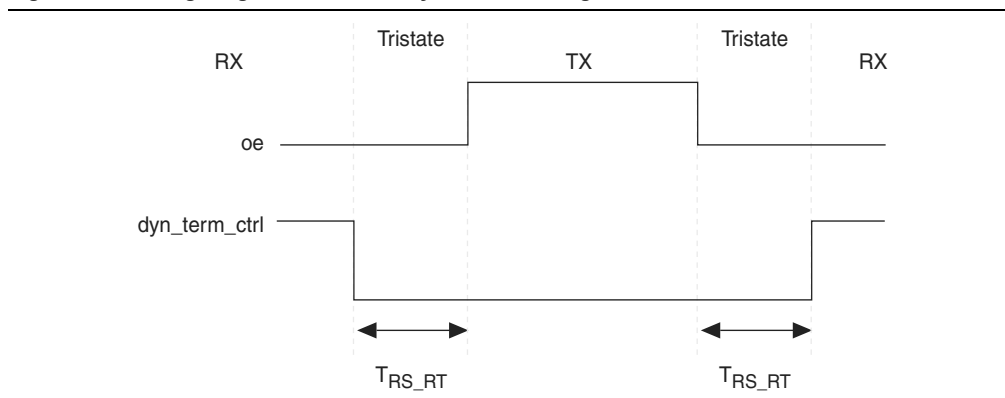
Figure 10. Timing Diagram for `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` Signals

Figure 13. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 (1), (2)**Notes to Figure 13:**

- (1) Use this timing waveform and parameters when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is >1. To find out the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for your system, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time as specified by the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (6) "r" denotes the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio. For the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio based on the decompression and the design security feature enable settings, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (7) If needed, pause DCLK by holding it low. When DCLK restarts, the external host must provide data on the DATA[31..0] pins prior to sending the first DCLK rising edge.
- (8) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (9) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme ^{(1), (2)}

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3 : 0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Remote System Upgrades

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
$t_{RU_nCONFIG}^{(1)}$	250	—	ns
$t_{RU_nRSTIMER}^{(2)}$	250	—	ns

Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset_timer input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz

I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.



You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

Programmable IOE Delay

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7. ■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28. ■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33. ■ Changed the Max value of f_{HCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36. ■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39. ■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47. ■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54. ■ Changed the available settings in Table 58. ■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”. ■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section. ■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section. ■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22. ■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36. ■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11. ■ Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition. ■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7. ■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55. ■ Updated the notes for Table 47. ■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section
October 2013	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59 ■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3 ■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section ■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60 ■ Added Table 24, Table 48 ■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46 ■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”
December 2012	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 ■ Added Table 33 ■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Remote System Upgrades” ■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification” ■ Added “Initialization” ■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”
June 2012	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59. ■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs. ■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>. ■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Table 2–31. ■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
November 2011	2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices. ■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25. ■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
May 2011	2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24. ■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title. ■ Chapter moved to Volume 1. ■ Minor text edits.
December 2010	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23. ■ Converted chapter to the new template. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.

