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### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

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#### **Details**

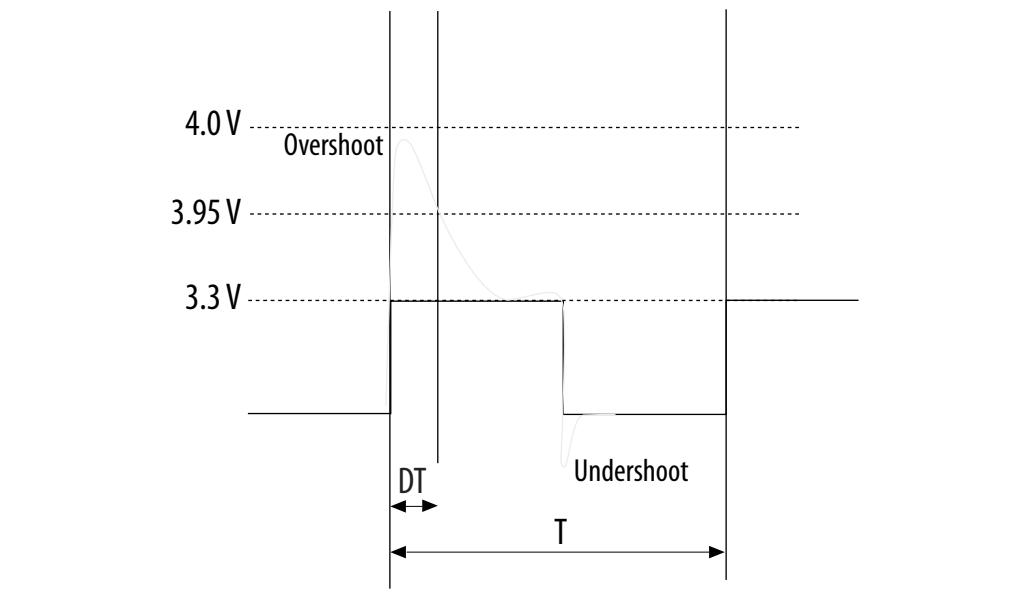
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma3k2f35c2ln">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma3k2f35c2ln</a>

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

**Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions**

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Unit
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
		4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

**Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration**



**Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Calibration Accuracy</b>				<b>Unit</b>
			<b>C1</b>	<b>C2,I2</b>	<b>C3,I3, I3YY</b>	<b>C4,I4</b>	
50- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%
34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%
48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , 80- $\Omega$ , and 240- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , 80- $\Omega$ , and 240- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%
50- $\Omega$ $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20- $\Omega$ , 30- $\Omega$ , 40- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , and 120- $\Omega$ $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20- $\Omega$ , 30- $\Omega$ , 40- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 \text{ V}$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25- $\Omega$ $R_{S\_left\_shift}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ $R_{S\_left\_shift}$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%

**Note to Table 11:**

- (1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

**Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Resistance Tolerance</b>				<b>Unit</b>
			<b>C1</b>	<b>C2,I2</b>	<b>C3, I3, I3YY</b>	<b>C4, I4</b>	
25- $\Omega$ $R$ , 50- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ and } 2.5 \text{ V}$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 40$	$\pm 40$	%
25- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ and } 1.5 \text{ V}$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 40$	$\pm 40$	%
25- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 35$	$\pm 35$	$\pm 50$	$\pm 50$	%

**Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>REF</sub> (V)			V <sub>TT</sub> (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.53 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—	—

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub> (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max						
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.608	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.81	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.603	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	0.28	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.09	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.09	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.16	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.16	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.85	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.85	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
<b>CMU PLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>ATX PLL</b>											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
	$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>fPLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

**Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>**

<b>Clock Network</b>	<b>ATX PLL</b>			<b>CMU PLL <sup>(2)</sup></b>			<b>fPLL</b>		
	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

**Notes to Table 24:**

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

**Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)**

<b>Mode (2)</b>	<b>Transceiver Speed Grade</b>	<b>PMA Width</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>
		<b>PCS/Core Width</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

**Notes to Table 25:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 27 shows the V<sub>OD</sub> settings for the GX channel.

**Table 27. Typical V<sub>OD</sub> Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω<sup>(2)</sup>**

Symbol	V <sub>OD</sub> Setting	V <sub>OD</sub> Value (mV)	V <sub>OD</sub> Setting	V <sub>OD</sub> Value (mV)
V <sub>OD</sub> differential peak to peak typical <sup>(3)</sup>	0 <sup>(1)</sup>	0	32	640
	1 <sup>(1)</sup>	20	33	660
	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	34	680
	3 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	35	700
	4 <sup>(1)</sup>	80	36	720
	5 <sup>(1)</sup>	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
	15	300	47	940
	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

**Note to Table 27:**

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω, this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform**

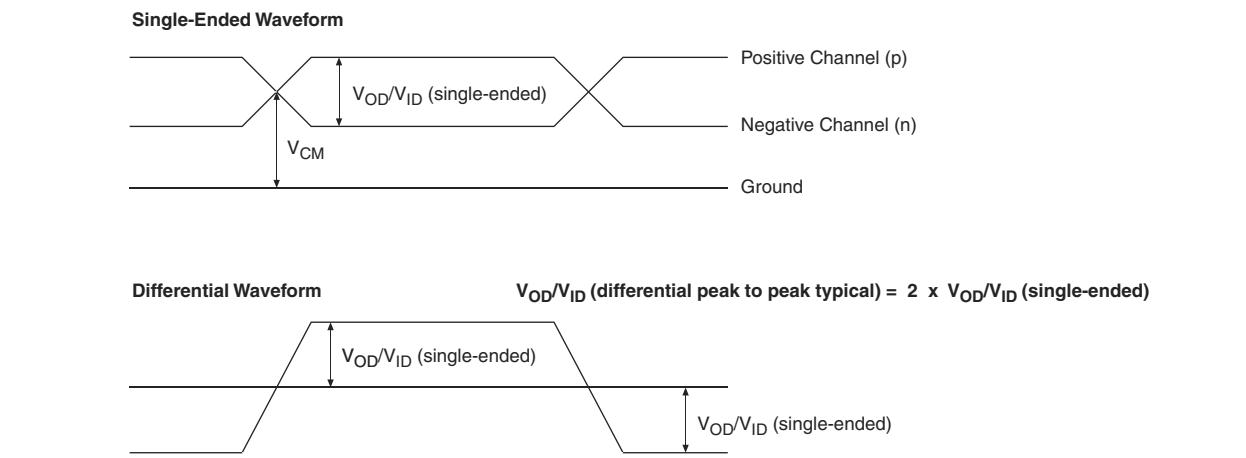


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

**Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)**



Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

**Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	(8)						
V <sub>OCM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
<b>CMU PLL</b>								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t <sub>PLL_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>PLL_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>ATX PLL</b>								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
t <sub>PLL_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>PLL_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>fPLL</b>								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>PLL_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

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**Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

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## Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

**Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b> , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

**Notes to Table 33:**

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in  $F_{MAX}$ .
- (3) The  $F_{MAX}$  specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

**Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications**

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

**Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification**

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

**Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{bias}$ , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
$V_{bias}$ , voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

## Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the LVDS high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the PCI/PCI-X bus interface.

General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-LVTT/LVC MOS are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-LVC MOS at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

### High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 4)**

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 <sup>(4)</sup>	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards <sup>(3)</sup>	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 <sup>(4)</sup>	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 <sup>(4)</sup>	5	—	520	5	—	520	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625 <sup>(5)</sup>	5	—	525 <sup>(5)</sup>	MHz

**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 3 of 4)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>C1</b>			<b>C2, C2L, I2, I2L</b>			<b>C3, I3, I3L, I3YY</b>			<b>C4,I4</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
t <sub>RISE</sub> & t <sub>FALL</sub>	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
<b>Receiver</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA <sup>(12), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

**Notes to Table 40:**

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

**Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ( $t_{DQS\_PSERR}$ ) for Stratix V Devices (1)**

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

**Notes to Table 41:**

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)**

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

**Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$t_{JPH}$	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
$t_{JPCO}$	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPZX}$	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPXZ}$	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

**Notes to Table 46:**

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each  $V_{CCIO}$  voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPCO} = 12$  ns if  $V_{CCIO}$  of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

## Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the “POR Delay Specification” section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices”.

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

**Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices**

<b>Family</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Package</b>	<b>Configuration .rbf Size (bits)</b>	<b>IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup></b>
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

**Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

**Notes to Table 48:**

(1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

## Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

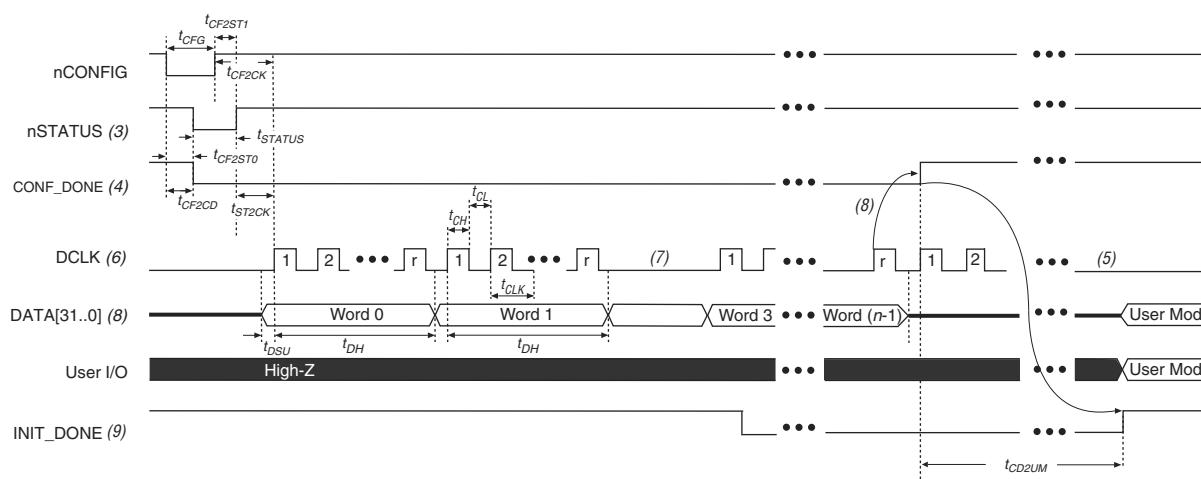
This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

### DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for each combination.

**Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

**Figure 13. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 (1), (2)****Notes to Figure 13:**

- (1) Use this timing waveform and parameters when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is >1. To find out the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for your system, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time as specified by the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF\_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (6) “r” denotes the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio. For the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio based on the decompression and the design security feature enable settings, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (7) If needed, pause DCLK by holding it low. When DCLK restarts, the external host must provide data on the DATA [31 .. 0] pins prior to sending the first DCLK rising edge.
- (8) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (9) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.

## Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

**Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)**

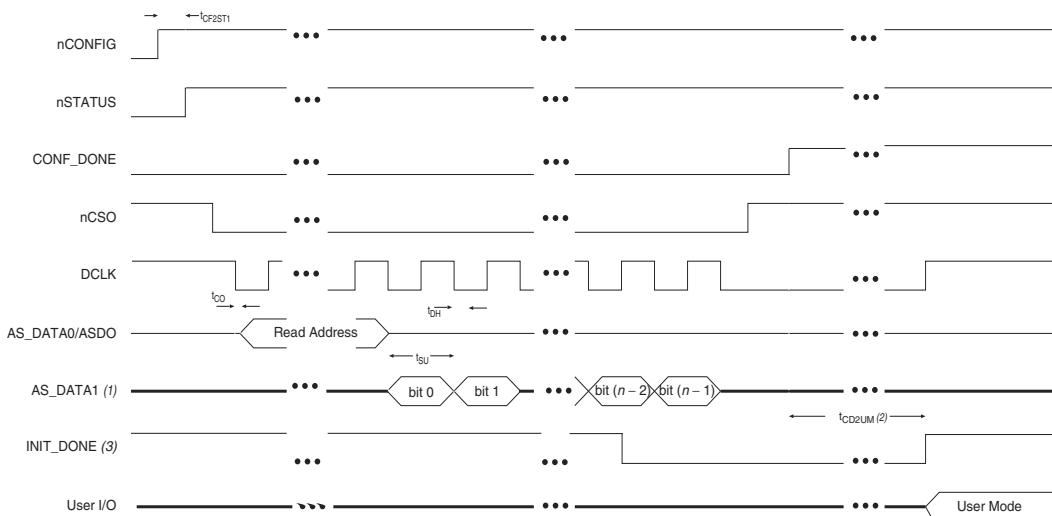
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

**Notes to Table 52:**

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

**Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing**



**Notes to Figure 14:**

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS\_DATA [3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

**Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CO</sub>	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

**Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

<b>Parameter (1)</b>	<b>Available Settings</b>	<b>Min Offset (2)</b>	<b>Fast Model</b>		<b>Slow Model</b>							
			<b>Industrial</b>	<b>Commercial</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>C2</b>	<b>C3</b>	<b>C4</b>	<b>I2</b>	<b>I3, I3YY</b>	<b>I4</b>	<b>Unit</b>
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

**Notes to Table 58:**

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.  
(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

**Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$D_{OUTBUF}$	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

**Note to Table 59:**

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

## Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)**

<b>Letter</b>	<b>Subject</b>	<b>Definitions</b>
<b>A</b>	—	—
<b>B</b>	—	—
<b>C</b>	—	—
<b>D</b>	—	—
<b>E</b>	—	—
<b>F</b>	$f_{HSCLK}$	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	$f_{HSDR}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI$ ), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI$ ), DPA.

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60</li> <li>■ Added Table 24, Table 48</li> <li>■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12</li> </ul>
February 2013	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46</li> <li>■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”</li> </ul>
December 2012	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35</li> <li>■ Added Table 33</li> <li>■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Remote System Upgrades”</li> <li>■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification”</li> <li>■ Added “Initialization”</li> <li>■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li> <li>■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>.</li> <li>■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.</li> </ul>
December 2011	2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–31.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.</li> </ul>
November 2011	2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.</li> </ul>
May 2011	2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.</li> <li>■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title.</li> <li>■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
December 2010	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.</li> <li>■ Converted chapter to the new template.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.