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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma3k2f40c1n

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μ s	—	100 ms	—
		Fast POR	200 μ s	—	4 ms	—

Notes to Table 6:

- (1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT}. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL} (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V _{CCA_GXBR} (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCR_GXBL} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

- (1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.
- (2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.
- (3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.
- (4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
R _{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option.	3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to “Glossary” on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTTL	2.85	3	3.15	−0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	−2
LVC MOS	2.85	3	3.15	−0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} − 0.2	0.1	−0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	−1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCIO} − 0.45	2	−2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	−2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	−2

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{ol} (mA)	I_{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25^* V_{CCIO}$	$0.75^* V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25^* V_{CCIO}$	$0.75^* V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	$V_{REF} - 0.13$	$V_{REF} + 0.13$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.22$	$V_{REF} + 0.22$	$0.1^* V_{CCIO}$	$0.9^* V_{CCIO}$	—	—

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.2$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.2$	0.62	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.175$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.175$	0.5	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	-0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ($V_{IH(DC)}$ and $V_{IL(DC)}$).

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

-
-  You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
-  For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽²¹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled) ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁷⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R_{REF} ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽²¹⁾	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽¹²⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹³⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽¹⁰⁾	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) ⁽¹⁸⁾	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁵⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
RREF ⁽¹⁷⁾	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Data rate (Standard PCS) ⁽²¹⁾	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ⁽²¹⁾	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽³⁾	GT channels	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²⁰⁾	GT channels	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration ⁽¹⁶⁾ , ⁽²⁰⁾	GT channels V _{CCR_GTB} = 1.05 V (V _{ICM} = 0.65 V)	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ⁽⁴⁾ , ⁽²⁰⁾	GT channels	200	—	—	200	—	—	mV
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform

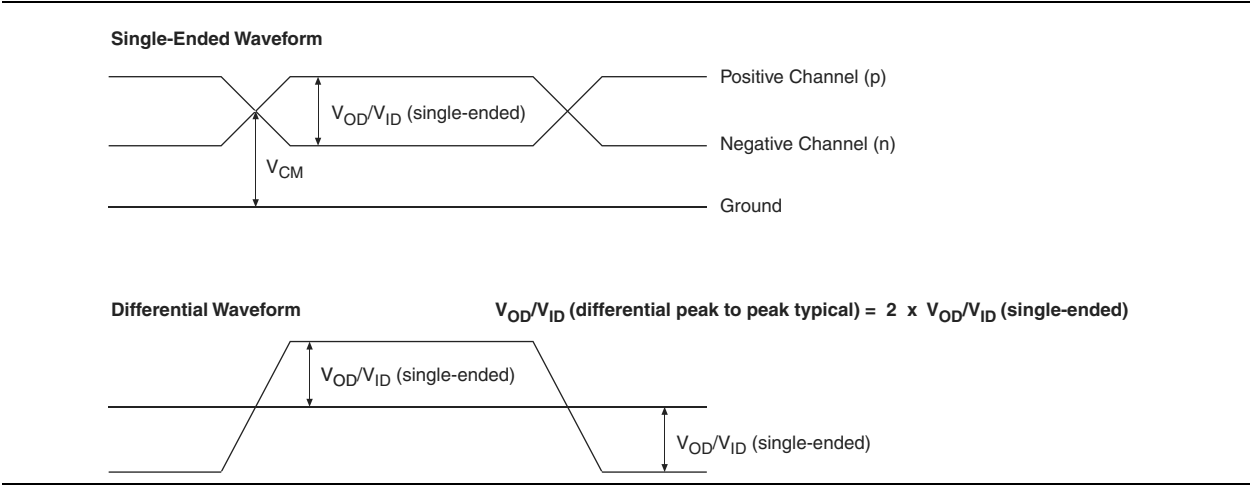


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (–40° to 100°C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
f_{VCO} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth ⁽⁷⁾	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Peformance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using Three DSPs								
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz
Modes using Four DSPs								
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
MLAB	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x16 depth ⁽³⁾	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to Old Data , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Notes to Table 33:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .
- (3) The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{bias} , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
V_{bias} , voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.tff) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.



For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

Notes to Table 48:

- (1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.
 (2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio ⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
t _{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μs
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽³⁾	μs
t _{CF2CK} ⁽⁶⁾	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
t _{ST2CK} ⁽⁶⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
t _{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{\text{MAX}}$	—	s
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{\text{MAX}}$	—	s
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{\text{MAX}}$	—	s
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP $\times 8/\times 16$)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP $\times 32$)	—	100	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽⁴⁾	175	437	μs
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) ⁽⁵⁾	—	—

Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme ^{(1), (2)}

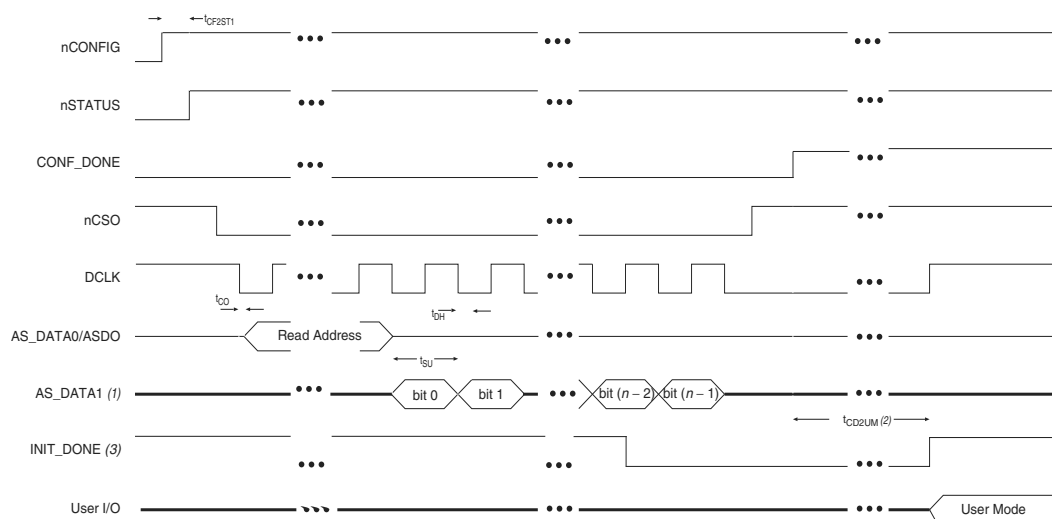
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3 : 0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t_{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t_H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D _{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A	—	—
B		
C		
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f _{HCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	f _{HSDRDPA}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega$ R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” ■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.