



Welcome to **E-XFL.COM** 

# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma3k3f40i3ln

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Electrical Characteristics Page 3

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog power supply	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GTBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCL_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V

### **Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage**

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Electrical Characteristics Page 11

			Re	esistance	Tolerance	,	
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCPD</sub> = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \Big( 1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

#### Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The  $R_{OCT}$  value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and  $V_{CCIO}$ .
- (2) R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3)  $\Delta T$  is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4)  $\Delta V$  is the variation of voltage with respect to the  $V_{CCIO}$  at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
0.00		3.0	0.0297	
	007	2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	=
		1.2	0.1241	

Page 18 Switching Characteristics

# **Switching Characteristics**

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

# **Transceiver Performance Specifications**

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	<u> </u>	
Reference Clock												
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL									
Statiuatus	RX reference clock pin 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						d LVDS					
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (8)	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (8)	_	100	_	710	100	_	710	100	_	710	MHz	
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ne	
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps	
Duty cycle	_	45		55	45	_	55	45		55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	_	33	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz	

Page 20 Switching Characteristics

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600		12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration (22)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}/1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.70 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) after device configuration (18)	$V_{\text{CCR\_GXB}} = 0.90 \text{ V}$ $(V_{\text{ICM}} = 0.6 \text{ V})$			2.4	_		2.4	_	_	2.4	V
configuration <sup>(18)</sup> , (22)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

Page 22 Switching Characteristics

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	DC Gain Setting = 0	_	0	_	_	0	_	_	0	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 2		4	_	_	4		_	4	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3		6		_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	_	8		_	8		_	8	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	_				-	1.4-V ar	nd 1.5-V PC	ML			
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600		12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	85-Ω setting	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100-Ω setting		100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%		_	100 ± 20%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	Ω
V <sub>OCM</sub> (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
V <sub>OCM</sub> (DC coupled)	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
Rise time (7)	20% to 80%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30		160	ps
Fall time <sup>(7)</sup>	80% to 20%	30	_	160	30		160	30	_	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V <sub>CM</sub> = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	_	_	120	_	_	120	_	_	120	ps

Switching Characteristics Page 25

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL (2)	)		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	_	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide	_	_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above
AN (NAUVE FITTIF)	П	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	· 7.55	7.88	and below PLL	3.123	3.123	and below PLL

#### Notes to Table 24:

<sup>(1)</sup> Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

<sup>(2)</sup> ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

<sup>(3)</sup> Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

<sup>(4)</sup> Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Switching Characteristics Page 31

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz	_	_	-90		_	-90	
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	
	≥1 MHz		_	-120	_		-120	1
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
RREF (17)	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency		100	_	125	100		125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	_	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels		_	1.6	_		1.6	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	$V_{CCR\_GTB} = 1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.65 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
Johnguration 7, 17	GX channels				(8)		•	•
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_	_	200		_	mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			

Page 36 Switching Characteristics

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform

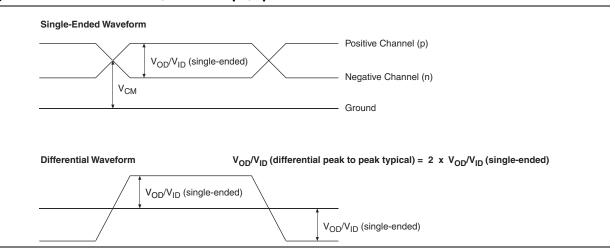


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Switching Characteristics Page 39

# **PLL Specifications**

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}$  to  $100^{\circ}$ C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
f <sub>INPFD</sub>	Input frequency to the PFD	5	_	325	MHz
FINPFD	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
· VCO <sup>(9)</sup>	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	_	1300	MHz
EINDUTY	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	_	60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	717 (2)	MHz
f <sub>оит</sub>	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f <sub>OUT_EXT</sub>	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
t <sub>оитриту</sub>	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
FCOMP	External feedback clock compensation time	_	_	10	ns
DYCONFIGCLK	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
Lock	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
DLOCK	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3		MHz
: CLBW	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth		1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	_	4	_	MHz
PLL_PSERR	Accuracy of PLL phase shift		_	±50	ps
ARESET	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_	_	ns

Page 40 Switching Characteristics

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
<b>→</b> (3) (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f <sub>REF</sub> ≥ 100 MHz)	_	_	0.15	UI (p-p)
t <sub>INCCJ</sub> (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f <sub>REF</sub> < 100 MHz)	-750		+750	ps (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	175 <sup>(1)</sup>	ps (p-p)
t <sub>OUTPJ_DC</sub> (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	250 <sup>(11)</sup> , 175 <sup>(12)</sup>	ps (p-p)
t <sub>FOUTPJ_DC</sub> (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	25 <sup>(11)</sup> , 17.5 <sup>(12)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output $(f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz})$	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
t <sub>outccj_dc</sub> (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
<b>+</b> (5)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	250 <sup>(11)</sup> , 175 <sup>(12)</sup>	ps (p-p)
t <sub>FOUTCCJ_DC</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)+	_	_	25 <sup>(11)</sup> , 17.5 <sup>(12)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>OUTPJ_IO</sub> (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>FOUTPJ 10</sub> (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT}$ < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>outccj_10</sub> (5),	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT}$ < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>ғоитссу_10</sub>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{\text{OUT}}$ < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>CASC_OUTPJ_DC</sub>	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
(5), (6)	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
f <sub>DRIFT</sub>	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 $\mu s$	_	_	±10	%
dK <sub>BIT</sub>	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
k <sub>VALUE</sub>	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	_

Page 42 Switching Characteristics

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

		Peformance							
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit	
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs	•				
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz	
Modes using Four DSPs									
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz	

# **Memory Block Specifications**

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

		Resources Used		Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, I2L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
MAR	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

Page 46 Switching Characteristics

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

			C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY	C4,14			
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t <sub>RISE</sub> & t <sub>FALL</sub>	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	_		250	_	_	250	_		250	_		300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_		150		_	150		_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_	_	300	_	_	300	_		300	_		300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4  LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1250	Mbps
- f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps

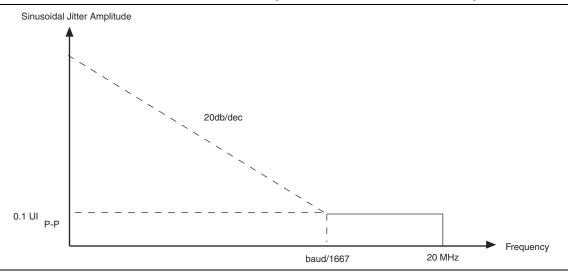
Switching Characteristics Page 49

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps

Jitter F	requency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps



### DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

#### Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Page 50 Switching Characteristics

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

#### Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t<sub>DQS\_PSERR</sub>) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

#### Notes to Table 41:

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
NEIWUIK			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	t <sub>JIT(duty)</sub>	<del>-</del> 75	75	<del>-</del> 75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

<sup>(1)</sup> This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a −2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Configuration Specification Page 53

Table 46.	JTAG Timino	Parameters a	nd Values	for Stratix V Devices
-----------	-------------	--------------	-----------	-----------------------

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JPH</sub>	JTAG port hold time	5	_	ns
t <sub>JPCO</sub>	JTAG port clock to output	_	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPZX</sub>	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	_	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPXZ</sub>	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	_	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

#### Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each  $V_{CCIO}$  voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPCO}$  = 12 ns if  $V_{CCIO}$  of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

# **Raw Binary File Size**

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
	ECCVAO	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Ctuativ V CT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GT	5SGTC7	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	<del>_</del>	137,598,880	564,504
	FCCCD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
Ctrativ V CC	5SGSD4	_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	<del>_</del>	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	_	293,441,888	565,528

Page 54 Configuration Specification

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
Stratix V E (1)	5SEE9	_	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V L ( )	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888

#### Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Bankan		Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>		Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
	Member Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	AS	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	В9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
G1	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

Page 58 Configuration Specification

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 <sup>(3)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (6)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (4)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	GOVER DOVER high to GUVERN anabled	4 × maximum		
	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	DCLK period	iod —	
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_

#### Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nstatus low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

### FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Page 60 Configuration Specification

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nconfig low to conf_done low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nconfig high to nstatus high	_	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nconfig high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	N-1/f <sub>DCLK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	_	S
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>R</sub>	Input rise time	_	40	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Input fall time	_	40	ns
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum  DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_

#### Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nconfig or nstatus low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and  $f_{DCLK}$  is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

Page 62 Configuration Specification

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS  $\times$ 1 and AS  $\times$ 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{\text{CD2CU}}$ + (8576 $\times$ CLKUSR period)	_	_

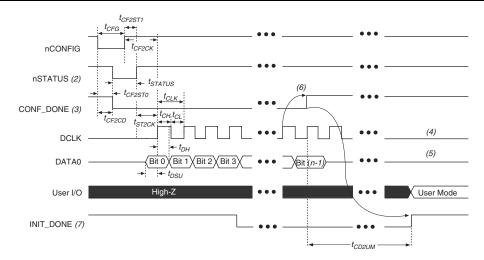
#### Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- $(2) \quad t_{\text{CF2CD}}, t_{\text{CF2ST0}}, t_{\text{CFG}}, t_{\text{STATUS}}, \text{ and } t_{\text{CF2ST1}} \text{ timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63}.$
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

### **Passive Serial Configuration Timing**

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform (1)



#### Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Configuration Specification Page 63

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	<del></del>	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	<del></del>	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μ\$
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum  DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{\text{CD2CU}}$ + (8576 × CLKUSR period) $^{(4)}$	_	_

#### Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

### Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP (2)	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

#### Notes to Table 55:

- $(1) \quad \text{The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization}.$
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.