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### Intel - 5SGXMA4H3F35C2N Datasheet



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Detailo	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	158500
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	420000
Total RAM Bits	37888000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma4h3f35c2n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

abic J. Maxi				
Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T <sub>J</sub> = 100°C	Unit
		3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

#### Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

**Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements** 

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB <sup>(2)</sup>	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:	All	1.05			
<ul> <li>Data rate &gt; 10.3 Gbps.</li> <li>DFE is used.</li> </ul>	All	1.05			
If ANY of the following conditions are true <sup>(1)</sup> :			3.0		
ATX PLL is used.					
■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps.	All	1.0			
■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.				1.5	V
If ALL of the following	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
<ul><li>conditions are true:</li><li>ATX PLL is not used.</li></ul>					
■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		
<ul> <li>DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.</li> </ul>					

### Notes to Table 8:

(1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.

(2) If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

### **DC Characteristics**

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

#### **Supply Current**

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

			Calibration Accuracy					
34-Ω and 40-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 50-Ω R <sub>T</sub> 20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit	
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	
34-Ω and 40-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , 80- $\Omega$ , and 240- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	
50-Ω R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%	
20- $Ω$ , 30- $Ω$ , 40- $Ω$ ,60- $Ω$ , and 120- $Ω$ R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration ( $20 \cdot \Omega$ , $30 \cdot \Omega$ , $40 \cdot \Omega$ , $60 \cdot \Omega$ , and $120 \cdot \Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%	
60-Ω and 120-Ω $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%	
$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{25-}\Omega\\ \textbf{R}_{S\_left\_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ R <sub>S_left_shift</sub> setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accurat	y Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (	(Part 2 of 2)
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### Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

			<b>Resistance Tolerance</b>				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	$V_{CCI0} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.189	
		2.5	0.208	
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	1.8	0.266	%/°C
	without robalibration	1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)<sup>(1)</sup>

#### Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a  $V_{CCIO}$  range of  $\pm 5\%$  and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

### **Pin Capacitance**

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

### Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C <sub>IOTB</sub>	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C <sub>IOLR</sub>	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	рF
C <sub>OUTFB</sub>	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	рF

### **Hot Socketing**

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15.	Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices
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Symbol	Description	Maximum
I <sub>IOPIN (DC)</sub>	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
I <sub>IOPIN (AC)</sub>	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA <sup>(1)</sup>
I <sub>XCVR-TX (DC)</sub>	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I <sub>XCVR-RX (DC)</sub>	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

### Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns,  $|I_{10PIN}| = C dv/dt$ , in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

I/O	I/O V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)		V <sub>DIF(</sub>	<sub>DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V	)	V <sub>DIF(/</sub>	<sub>AC)</sub> (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	_	0.5* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	_	0.4* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.3	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V <sub>CCI0</sub> - 0.12	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5*V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.12	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.44	0.44

#### Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

### Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	<sub>cio</sub> (V)	(10)		V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(8)</sup>			V <sub>ICM(DC)</sub> (V)		Vo	<sub>D</sub> (V) (	5)	V	<sub>осм</sub> (V) (	(6)
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Tran	ismitte			•		•	of the high-s I/O pin speci	•						For
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> =	_	0.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS <sup>(1)</sup>	2.375	2.0	2.025	100	1.25 V	_	1.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_		—	_	_	_		_		
RSDS (HIO) <sup>(2)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	_	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) <sup>(3)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	200		600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4			_	300		_	0.6	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8		_	_			
), (9)		_		300	_	_	1	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.6		_	_			—

Notes to Table 22:

(1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

(2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

(3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed  $V_{ICM}$ ,  $V_{OD}$ , and  $V_{OCM}$  specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range:  $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$ .
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

### **Power Consumption**

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus<sup>®</sup> II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	isceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100		125	100		125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(9),</sup> <sup>(23)</sup>		600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute $V_{MAX}$ for a receiver pin $(5)$		_	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration <sup>(22)</sup>	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V/1.05 V (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.70 V)	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage $V_{ID}$ (diff p- p) after device configuration <sup>(18)</sup> ,	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 V$ (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.6 V)	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
(22)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85 V$ (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.6 V)			2.4			2.4			2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(6), (22),</sup> (27)	_	85		_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

### Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 3 of 7)

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (1)
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Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32				
Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Speed Grade	PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32				
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6				
2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5					
	Z	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88				
FIFO or Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade										
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade										
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade										
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125 Gbps									

Notes to Table 26:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

### Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive Speed Grade			Transceiver Speed Grade 3				
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ī		
	100 Hz			-70			-70			
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz		_	-90	_	_	-90	-		
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz		
MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 kHz		—	-110	_	—	-110	-		
	$\geq$ 1 MHz		—	-120	_	—	-120	-		
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)		_	3	_		3	ps (rms)		
RREF <sup>(17)</sup>	—		1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω		
Transceiver Clocks										
fixedclk <b>clock</b> frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect		100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz		
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz		
Receiver				•						
Supported I/O Standards	—		1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V PCM	L, 2.5-V PCI	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	3		
Data rate (Standard PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps		
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps		
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps		
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V		
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4		_	V		
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels	_	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V		
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)					
	GT channels									
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage $V_{ID}$ (diff p-p) after device configuration ( <sup>16</sup> ), ( <sup>20</sup> )	V <sub>CCR_GTB</sub> = 1.05 V (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.65 V)	—	-	2.2	_	_	2.2	V		
oomguration ( ), ( )	GX channels		•	•	(8)					
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_		200			mV		
eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)					

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>
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Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600		28,050	19,600		25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels		100	_		100		Ω
termination resistors	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
	GT channels		500	_		500	—	mV
$V_{OCM}$ (AC coupled)	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
Dies/Fall times	GT channels	_	15	_		15	—	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels				(8)		1	
Intra-differential pair skew GX channels (8)								
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew (8)								
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew (8)								
CMU PLL	· · · · · ·							
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)	—	1	—	—	1	_	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	_	—	10	—	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	-	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—		—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL						-	· ·	
Supported Data Range	_	600		3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)		1	_		1			μs

Peformance												
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit				
Modes using Three DSPs												
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz				
Modes using Four DSPs												
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz				

### Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

### **Memory Block Specifications**

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

### Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)

		Resour	ces Used			Pe	erforman	ce			
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x16 depth <sup>(3)</sup>	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

### **Periphery Performance**

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

### **High-Speed I/O Specification**

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Conditiono		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 13L	., <b>I</b> 3YY		C4,I	4	- Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5	_	625	5	_	525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards <sup>(3)</sup>	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

0h.a.l	Oanditiana		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 131	., <b>I</b> 3YY		C4,I	4	11
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter	•													•
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1434	(6)	_	1250	(6)	_	1050	Mbps
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{SERDES factor J} \\ \geq 4 \end{array}$													
	LVDS TX with DPA <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	(6)		1600	(6)		1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1250	Mbps
- f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2,	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	uses DDR Registers	(0)	_	(7)	(0)		(7)	(0)	_	(7)	(0)	_	(7)	wups
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate) <sup>(10)</sup>	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 $(17)$	(6)		1100	(6)		1100	(6)		840	(6)		840	Mbps
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	160	_	_	160			160	_		160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_		0.2			0.2			0.2	_		0.25	UI

### Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 4)

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

rx_reset	i		
rx_dpa_locked			

Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions <sup>(4)</sup>	Maximum
SPI-4	0000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
MISCEIIANEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

#### Notes to Table 37:

(1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.

(2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.

(3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.

(4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps.





Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Table 38.	LVDS Soft-CDR/D	PA Sinusoidal	<b>Jitter Mask Valu</b>	es for a Data Ra	te > 1.25 Gbps
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Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.





### **DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications**

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

#### Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

### Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)

#### Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t<sub>DQS\_PSERR</sub>) for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is  $\pm 78$  ps or  $\pm 39$  ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C	1	C2, C2L	, 12, 12L	C3, I3 I3		C4,14		Unit	
NELWUIK		-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps	
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\rm JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps	
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps	
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps	
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps	

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
FFF X02	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

### Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



#### Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device.  $V_{CCPGM}$  must be high enough to meet the  $V_{IH}$  specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with  $V_{CCPGM}$ .
- (2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0].

IF the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

### FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.





#### Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nstatus low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF\_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS
t <sub>status</sub>	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	—	S
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode $(3)$	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU}$ + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_

#### Notes to Table 54:

(1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.

(5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

### Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximu
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Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP <sup>(2)</sup>	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

### Notes to Table 55:

(1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.

(2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

## **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	<ul> <li>Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Changed the condition for 100-Ω R<sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>			
April 2017	3.8	<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.</li> </ul>		
Luc 0010 0.7	3.7	<ul> <li>Added the V<sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>		
June 2016	3.7	<ul> <li>Added the I<sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
D 1 0045 0.5	2.5	<ul> <li>Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
December 2015	3.5	<ul> <li>Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
		<ul> <li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"</li> </ul>		
July 2015 3.4	3.4	<ul> <li>Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the t<sub>co</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		

### Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
		Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.		
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade to the V<sub>CC</sub> description in Table 6.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade to V<sub>CCHIP_L</sub>, V<sub>CCHIP_R</sub>, V<sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>, and V<sub>CCHSSI_R</sub> descriptions in Table 7.</li> </ul>		
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.		
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.		
		<ul> <li>Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.</li> </ul>		
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.		
		<ul> <li>Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.</li> </ul>		
		Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.		
		■ Changed the Max value of f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.		
November 2014	3.3	<ul> <li>Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.</li> </ul>		
		Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.		
		<ul> <li>Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the available settings in Table 58.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.</li> </ul>		
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.		
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 23 VO<sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 6 and Table 7.</li> </ul>		
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.		
		<ul> <li>Updated the notes for Table 47.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.</li> </ul>		
November 2013	3.2	Updated Table 28		
November 2013	3.1	Updated Table 33		
November 2013	3.0	Updated Table 23 and Table 28		
October 2013	2.9	<ul> <li>Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section</li> </ul>		
	2.8	<ul> <li>Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59</li> </ul>		
October 2013		<ul> <li>Added Figure 1 and Figure 3</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Removed all "Preliminary" designations.</li> </ul>		