Intel - 5SGXMA4K1F40C2LN Datasheet

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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	158500
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	420000
Total RAM Bits	37888000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma4k1f40c2ln

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V_{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/°C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of ±5% and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C_{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C_{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C_{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
$I_{IOPIN\ (DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	300 µA
$I_{IOPIN\ (AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
$I_{XCVR\text{-}TX\ (DC)}$	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVR\text{-}RX\ (DC)}$	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C\ dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Symbol	Description	V_{CCIO} Conditions (V) (3)	Value (4)	Unit
R_{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option.	3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

(1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.

(2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.

(3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.

(4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	–2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	–0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	–1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	–0.3	0.35 * V_{CCIO}	0.65 * V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V_{CCIO} – 0.45	2	–2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	–0.3	0.35 * V_{CCIO}	0.65 * V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V_{CCIO}	0.75 * V_{CCIO}	2	–2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	–0.3	0.35 * V_{CCIO}	0.65 * V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V_{CCIO}	0.75 * V_{CCIO}	2	–2

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5	—	—	0 to –0.5	—	—	0 to –0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors (21)	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} (5)	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled) (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 (2)			1050/1000/900/850 (2)			1050/1000/900/850 (2)			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 (4)			1.0/0.9/0.85 (4)			1.0/0.9/0.85 (4)			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) (20)	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (17)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R_{REF} (19)	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks											
`fixedclk` clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (21)	85–Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100–Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120–Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t_{LTR} (11)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
t_{LTD} (12)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
t_{LTD_manual} (13)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ (14)	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	µs
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) (10)	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (16)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (16)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (6)	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5	—	—	0 to –0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors (19)	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 (2)			1050/1000 (2)			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	(8)						
V_{OCM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (13)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (14)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
ATX PLL								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post-divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (13)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (14)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
fPLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 (23)	600	—	3250/ 3.125 (23)	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (13)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

☞ The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

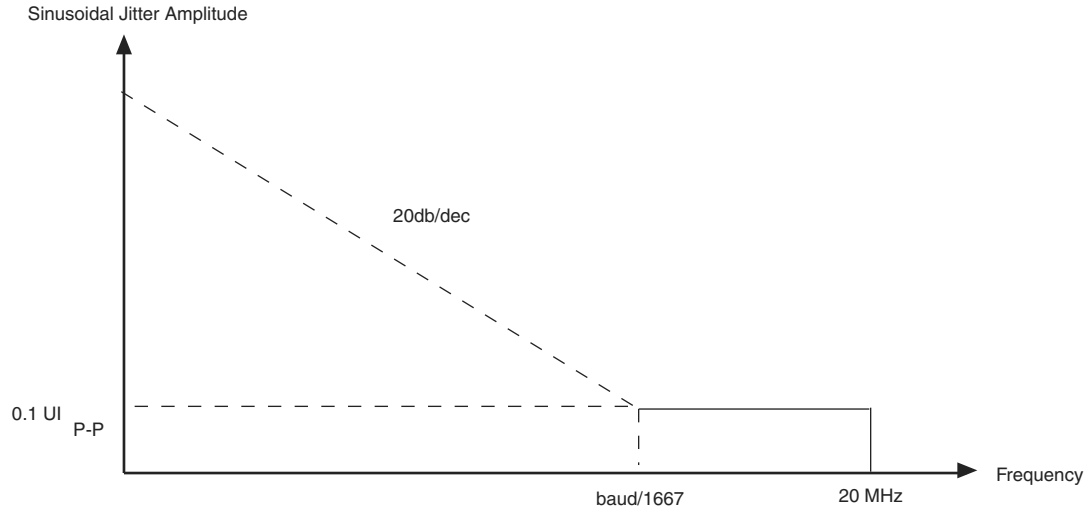
Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards (3)	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5	—	520	5	—	520	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz
f_{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625 (5)	5	—	525 (5)	MHz

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps



DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins *(1)*

Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 44:

(1) The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

Configuration Specification

POR Delay Specification

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.

For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification *(1)*

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

Note to Table 45:

(1) You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

JTAG Configuration Specifications

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period *(2)*	30	—	ns
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period *(2)*	167	—	ns
t_{JCH}	TCK clock high time *(2)*	14	—	ns
t_{JCL}	TCK clock low time *(2)*	14	—	ns
$t_{JPSU\ (TDI)}$	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	—	ns
$t_{JPSU\ (TMS)}$	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial (1)			Fast Passive Parallel (2)		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

Notes to Table 48:

(1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 2 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×32	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	4
	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

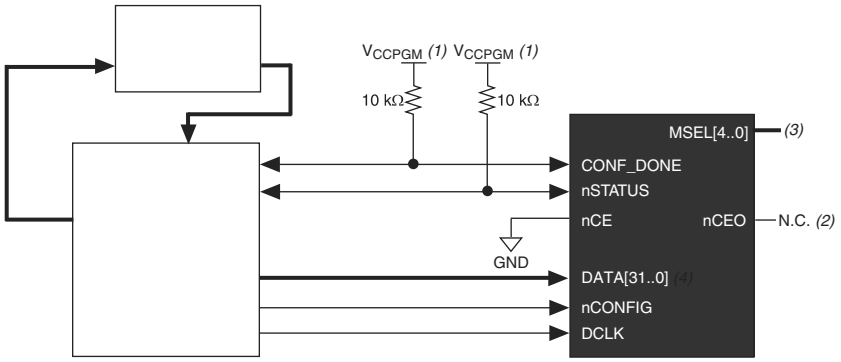
Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

If the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



Notes to Figure 11:

(1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V_{CCPGM} must be high enough to meet the V_{IH} specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V_{CCPGM}.

(2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.

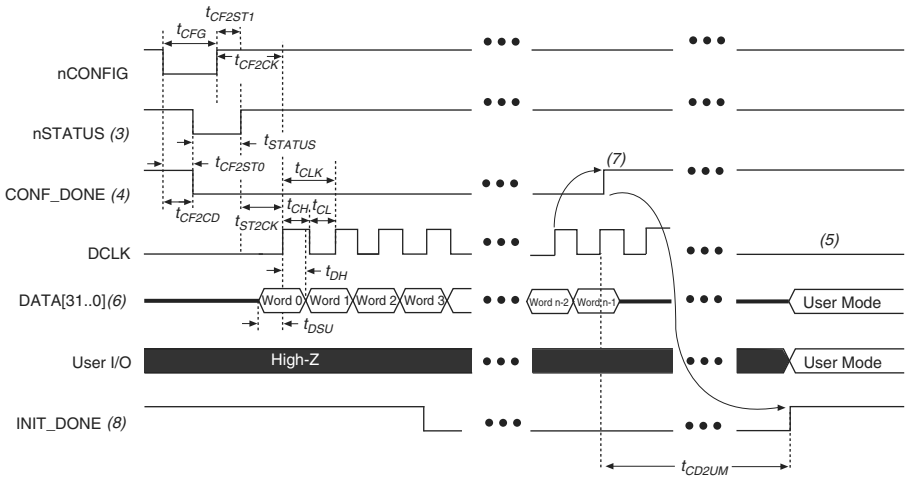
(3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

(4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA[7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA[15..0].

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 *(1), (2)*



Notes to Figure 12:

(1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

(2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.

(3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.

(4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.

(5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.

(6) For FPP ×16, use DATA[15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA[7..0]. DATA[31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.

(7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.

(8) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t_{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t_{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	µs
t_{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 (2)	µs
t_{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 (3)	µs
t_{CF2CK} (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	µs
t_{ST2CK} (6)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	µs
t_{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t_{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (4)	175	437	µs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) (5)	—	—

Notes to Table 50:

(1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

(6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is more than 1.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

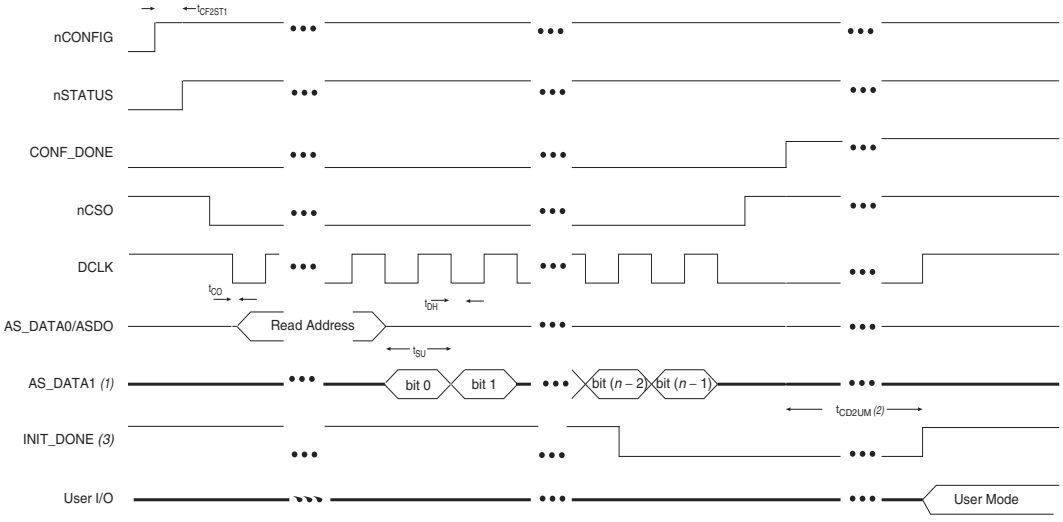
Notes to Table 52:

(1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

(2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

(1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA[3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.

(2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.

(3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t_{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t_{H}	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	µs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period)	—	—

Notes to Table 53:

(1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

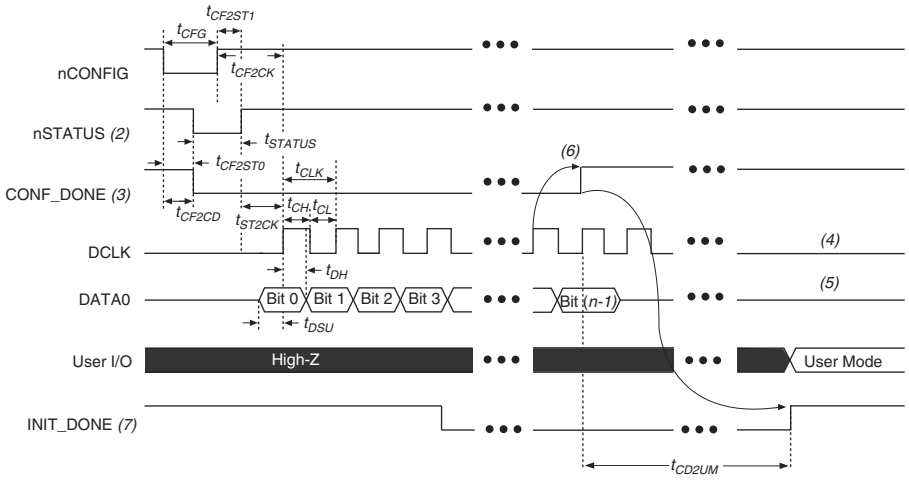
(2) t_{CF2CD}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CFG}, t_{STATUS}, and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.

(3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform (1)



Notes to Figure 15:

(1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.

(2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.

(3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.

(4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.

(5) DATA0 is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.

(6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.

(7) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

(1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.

(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D_{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

(1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A B C	—	—
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f_{HSCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f_{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum **LVDS** data transfer rate (f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum **LVDS** data transfer rate ($f_{HSDRDPA}$ = 1/TUI), DPA.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.

July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		  ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”
		  ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”
		  ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.