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Details

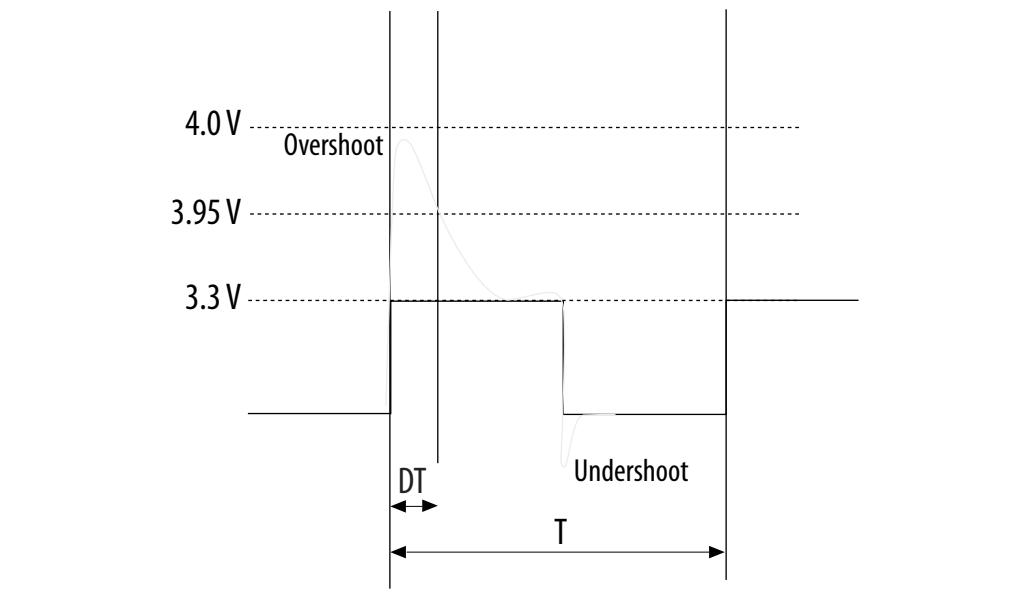
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	158500
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	420000
Total RAM Bits	37888000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma4k2f40c2n

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Unit
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
		4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	—	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) ⁽³⁾	—	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	—	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V_{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCIO}	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	—	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	—	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V_{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	—	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V_{CCBAT} ⁽²⁾	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	—	1.2	—	3.0	V
V_I	DC input voltage	—	-0.5	—	3.6	V
V_0	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	-40	—	100	°C

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)}

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
R _{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option.	3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to “Glossary” on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCIO} - 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	I _{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25*	V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25*	V _{CCIO}	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	—	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1*	V _{CCIO}	0.9*	—

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.2	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.175	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(¹)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(¹)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} – V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} – V _{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(¹)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} – V _{REF})	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

- (1) The maximum value for V_{SWING(DC)} is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits (V_{IH(DC)} and V_{IL(DC)}).

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) ^{(9), (23)}	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ^{(9), (23)}	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration ^{(18), (22)}	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0\text{ V}/1.05\text{ V}$ ($V_{ICM} = 0.70\text{ V}$)	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90\text{ V}$ ($V_{ICM} = 0.6\text{ V}$)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85\text{ V}$ ($V_{ICM} = 0.6\text{ V}$)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ^{(6), (22), (27)}	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	mV

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate ⁽¹⁾

Mode ⁽²⁾	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32
		PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32
FIFO or Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps					
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade						
		C4, I4 core speed grade						
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125 Gbps					

Notes to Table 26:

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Table 27 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω⁽²⁾

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{OD} Value (mV)	V _{OD} Setting	V _{OD} Value (mV)
V _{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽³⁾	0 ⁽¹⁾	0	32	640
	1 ⁽¹⁾	20	33	660
	2 ⁽¹⁾	40	34	680
	3 ⁽¹⁾	60	35	700
	4 ⁽¹⁾	80	36	720
	5 ⁽¹⁾	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
	15	300	47	940
	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω, this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Reference Clock									
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL							
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz	
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps	
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400		
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%	
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω	
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V	
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2		
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV	
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			mV	
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			V	
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV	

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels ⁽¹⁹⁾	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹²⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	(8)						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽¹⁾	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
$f_{VCO}^{(9)}$	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth ⁽⁷⁾	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 2 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to Old Data , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Notes to Table 33:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .
- (3) The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{bias} , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
V_{bias} , voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter														
True Differential I/O Standards - f_{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 ^{(9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1434	(6)	—	1250	(6)	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS TX with DPA ^{(12), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f_{HSDR} (data rate) ⁽¹⁰⁾	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 ⁽¹⁷⁾	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	840	(6)	—	840	Mbps
$t_{x\text{Jitter}}$ - True Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)} (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	—	(8)	(6)	—	(8)	(6)	—	(8)	(6)	—	(8)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	—	—	—	1000 0	—	—	1000 0	—	—	1000 0	—	—	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode														
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	\pm PPM
Non DPA Mode														
Sampling Window	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps

Notes to Table 36:

- (1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.
- (2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.
- (3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.
- (4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.
- (5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.
- (6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.
- (7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (f_{OUT}) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.
- (8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.
- (9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.
- (10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.
- (11) The F_{MAX} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{MAX} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.
- (12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.
- (13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.
- (14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.
- (15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.
- (16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.
- (17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)

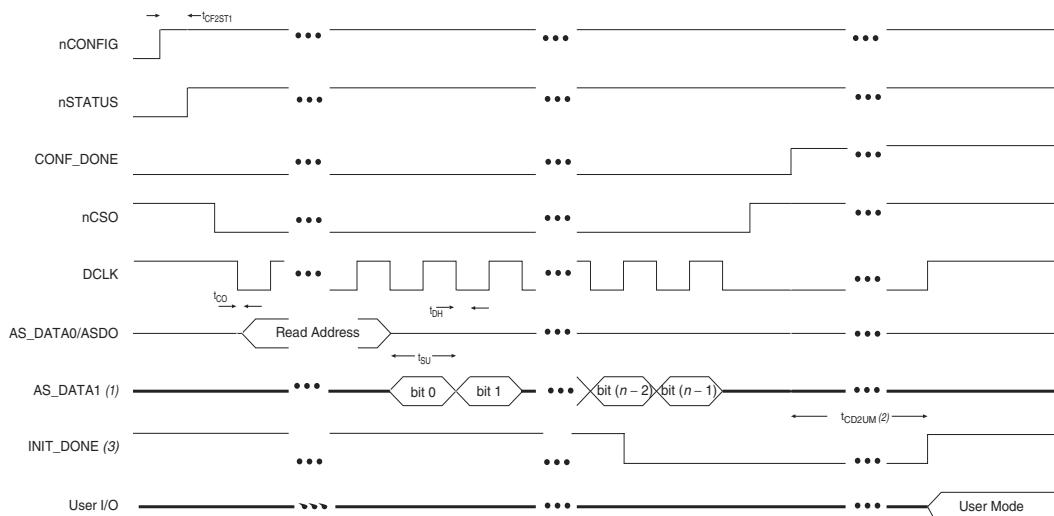
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t_{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t_{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
t_{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μs
t_{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(5)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(5)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
t_{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t_{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})^{(4)}$	—	—

Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the “Initialization” section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	8576
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP ⁽²⁾	125 MHz	
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

- (1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the **Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR)** option in the Quartus II software from the **General** panel of the **Device and Pin Options** dialog box.

Remote System Upgrades

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
trU_nCONFIG ⁽¹⁾	250	—	ns
trU_nRSTIMER ⁽²⁾	250	—	ns

Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset_timer input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz

I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.

- You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

Programmable IOE Delay

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Available Settings	Min Offset ⁽²⁾	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY		
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7. ■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28. ■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33. ■ Changed the Max value of f_{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36. ■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39. ■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47. ■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54. ■ Changed the available settings in Table 58. ■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”. ■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section. ■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section. ■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22. ■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36. ■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11. ■ Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition. ■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7. ■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55. ■ Updated the notes for Table 47. ■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section
October 2013	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59 ■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3 ■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section ■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60 ■ Added Table 24, Table 48 ■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46 ■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”
December 2012	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 ■ Added Table 33 ■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Remote System Upgrades” ■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification” ■ Added “Initialization” ■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”
June 2012	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59. ■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs. ■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>. ■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Table 2–31. ■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
November 2011	2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices. ■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25. ■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
May 2011	2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24. ■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title. ■ Chapter moved to Volume 1. ■ Minor text edits.
December 2010	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23. ■ Converted chapter to the new template. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.