



Welcome to **E-XFL.COM** 

# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma5k3f35c2ln

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Page 14 Electrical Characteristics

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>REF</sub> (V)			V <sub>TT</sub> (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	$V_{REF}$	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.53 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	_
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	_	_

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(D(</sub>	; <sub>)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(D</sub>	<sub>C)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub>
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	(mA)
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.608	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.81	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.603	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	0.28	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.09	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.09	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.16	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.16	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	_
SSTL-125 Class I, II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.85	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.85	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	_

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade		Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	85– $\Omega$ setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100–Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors (21)	120–Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%		_	120 ± 30%		_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC and DC	$\begin{array}{c} V_{CCR\_GXB} = \\ 0.85 \text{ V or } 0.9 \\ \text{V} \\ \text{half} \\ \text{bandwidth} \end{array}$	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
coupled)	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> (11)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> (12)	_	4	_		4			4		_	μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> (13)	_	4	_		4	_		4	_		μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> (14)	_	15	_	_	15		_	15		_	μs
Run Length	_		_	200		_	200	_		200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(10)</sup>	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	_	_	16	_	_	16	_	_	16	dB

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed e 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	sceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	ı	ı	500	_	ı	500	_	_	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL											
	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	_	14100	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Currented Date	L=4	4000	_	7050	4000	_	6600	4000		6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range	L=8	2000	_	3525	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
Ç	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_			10	_		10	_		10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_		μs

Page 26 Switching Characteristics

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Made (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

#### Notes to Table 25:

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

<sup>(3)</sup> The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (1)

Mode (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32		
Widue (2)	Speed Grade	PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32		
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6		
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5		
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88		
FIFO or Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade								
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps							
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade								
		I3YY core speed grade	ade 10.3125 Gbps							

#### Notes to Table 26:

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Page 30 Switching Characteristics

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/	Conditions	5	Transceive Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	<b>5</b>	
Reference Clock	l		<u>I</u>	U.			<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>	
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	1L, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P(	CML, 2.5-V I and HCSL	PCML, Diffe	rential LVPE	ECL, LVDS	
otandardo	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	_	100	_	710	100	_	710	MHz	
Rise time	20% to 80%	_	_	400	_	_	400		
Fall time	80% to 20%	_	_	400	_	<u> </u>	400	ps	
Duty cycle	_	45	_	55	45	_	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle		0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%	
On-chip termination resistors (19)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω	
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V	
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2		
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4		_	V	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV	
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 (2)		1	050/1000	2)	mV		
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85	(22)	1.	0/0.9/0.85	(22)	V	
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV	

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz	_	_	-90		_	-90	
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	
	≥1 MHz		_	-120	_		-120	1
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
RREF (17)	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency		100	_	125	100		125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	_	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	_	_	1.2		_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels		_	1.6	_		1.6	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	$V_{CCR\_GTB} = 1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.65 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
oomiguration ', ' /	GX channels				(8)		•	•
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_	_	200		_	mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			

Page 34 Switching Characteristics

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (1)

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			T Sp	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

#### Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR\_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t<sub>LTB</sub> is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) tLTD is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t<sub>LTD\_manual</sub> is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t<sub>LTR\_LTD\_manual</sub> is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx\_is\_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V<sub>ID</sub> after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V<sub>MAX</sub> for receiver pin V<sub>ICM</sub>).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000  $\Omega$  ±1%.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20\*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR\_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Page 38 Switching Characteristics

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

## **Core Performance Specifications**

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

		Performance		
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

#### Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

## **PLL Specifications**

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}$  to  $100^{\circ}$ C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
INPFD	Input frequency to the PFD	5	_	325	MHz
FINPFD	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f <sub>vco</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	_	1300	MHz
EINDUTY	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	_	60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	717 (2)	MHz
Гоит	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f <sub>OUT_EXT</sub>	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
t <sub>оитриту</sub>	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
FCOMP	External feedback clock compensation time	_		10	ns
DYCONFIGCLK	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
Lock	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
DLOCK	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3		MHz
: CLBW	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth		1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	_	4	_	MHz
PLL_PSERR	Accuracy of PLL phase shift		_	±50	ps
ARESET	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_	_	ns

Page 44 Switching Characteristics

## **Periphery Performance**

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

## **High-Speed I/O Specification**

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		., I3YY	C4,I4			Unit		
Symbol	Conuntions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards (3)	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	_	5		800	5	_	800	5		625 (5)	5		525 (5)	MHz

Page 48 Switching Characteristics

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

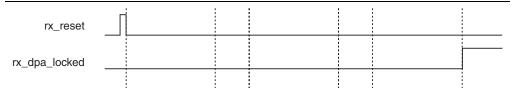


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions <sup>(4)</sup>	Maximum
SPI-4	0000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
Faranei napiu 1/0	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
IVIISCEIIAIIEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

#### Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps

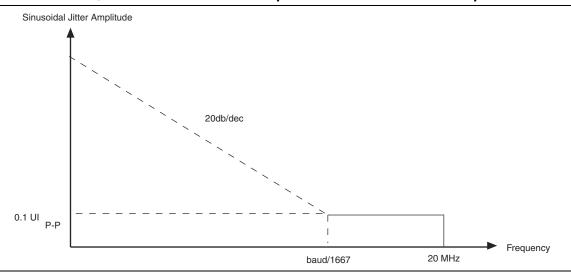
LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps

Jitter Fr	Jitter Frequency (Hz)			
F1	10,000	25.000		
F2	17,565	25.000		
F3	1,493,000	0.350		
F4	50,000,000	0.350		

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps



## DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

#### Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 2 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock	Clock Network Parameter		C	1	C2, C2L	, <b>I2</b> , <b>I2L</b>	C3, I3	3, I3L, YY	C4	,14	Unit
NEIWUIK			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
PHY Clock	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

#### Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

## **OCT Calibration Block Specifications**

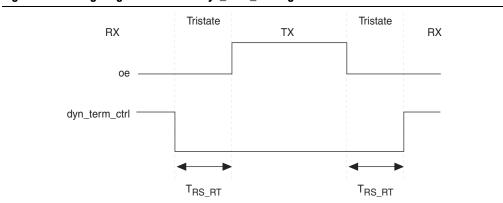
Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	_	_	20	MHz
T <sub>OCTCAL</sub>	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT $\ensuremath{R}_{\ensuremath{S}}/\ensuremath{R}_{\ensuremath{T}}$ calibration		1000	_	Cycles
T <sub>OCTSHIFT</sub>	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out		32	_	Cycles
T <sub>RS_RT</sub>	Time required between the $\mathtt{dyn\_term\_ctrl}$ and oe signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT $R_S$ and $R_T$ (Figure 10)	_	2.5	_	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the oe and dyn term ctrl signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn\_term\_ctrl Signals



Configuration Specification Page 55

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Member		Active Serial (1)	1	Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>			
Variant	Variant Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	
	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
GS		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
us	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
_	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	

#### Notes to Table 48:

## **Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing**

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

## DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×8	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×16	Disabled	Enabled	2
FFF × 10	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

<sup>(1)</sup> DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

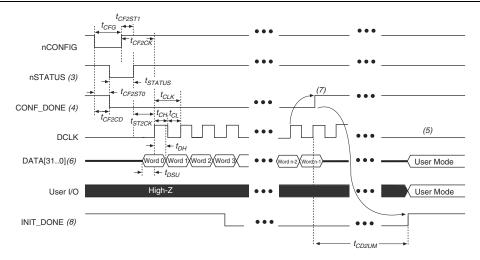
<sup>(2)</sup> Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Configuration Specification Page 57

### FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 (1), (2)



#### Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the <code>INIT\_DONE</code> pin is configured into the device, the <code>INIT\_DONE</code> goes low.

Configuration Specification Page 59

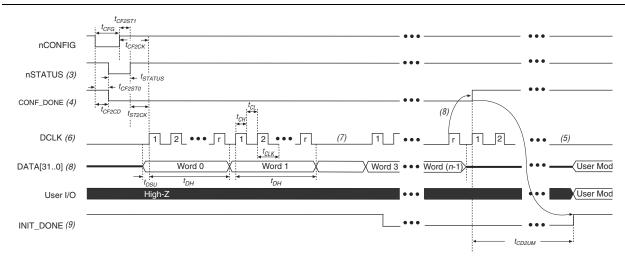


Figure 13. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 (1), (2)

#### Notes to Figure 13:

- (1) Use this timing waveform and parameters when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is >1. To find out the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for your system, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nconfig, nstatus, and conf\_done are at logic high levels. When nconfig is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time as specified by the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (6) "r" denotes the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio. For the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio based on the decompression and the design security feature enable settings, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (7) If needed, pause DCLK by holding it low. When DCLK restarts, the external host must provide data on the DATA [31..0] pins prior to sending the first DCLK rising edge.
- (8) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (9) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Glossary Page 65

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter	Available	Min	Min Fast Model		Slow Model							
(1)	Settings	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

#### Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column of Assignment Editor.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## **Programmable Output Buffer Delay**

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
		0 (default)	ps
D	Rising and/or falling edge	25	ps
D <sub>OUTBUF</sub>	delay	50	ps
		75	ps

#### Note to Table 59:

## **Glossary**

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions				
Α						
В	_	_				
С						
D	_	_				
E	_					
	f <sub>HSCLK</sub>	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.				
F	f <sub>HSDR</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDR</sub> = 1/TUI), non-DPA.				
f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub>		High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> = 1/TUI), DPA.				

<sup>(1)</sup> You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the Output Buffer Delay Control assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the Output Buffer Delay assignment.

Document Revision History Page 69

# **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R <sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V <sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Added the I <sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		<ul><li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li></ul>
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the t <sub>CO</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.

Page 72 Document Revision History