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# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

## **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma5k3f40i3n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

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Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

**Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements** 

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB (2)	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:		4.05			
■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps.	All	1.05			
■ DFE is used.					
If ANY of the following conditions are true (1):			3.0		
ATX PLL is used.					
■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps.	All	1.0			
■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.				1.5	V
If ALL of the following	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
conditions are true:  ATX PLL is not used.					
■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		
DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.					

#### Notes to Table 8:

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

### **DC Characteristics**

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

### **Supply Current**

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

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			Resistance Tolerance					
Symbol Description	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit	
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%	
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%	
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCPD</sub> = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%	

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \Big( 1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

### Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The  $R_{OCT}$  value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and  $V_{CCIO}$ .
- (2) R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3)  $\Delta T$  is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4)  $\Delta V$  is the variation of voltage with respect to the  $V_{CCIO}$  at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
007		3.0	0.0297	
	007	2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

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Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.189	
		2.5	0.208	
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	1.8	0.266	%/°C
	Willout recalibration	1.5	0.273	1
		1.2	0.317	

#### Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a  $V_{\text{CCIO}}$  range of  $\pm 5\%$  and a temperature range of  $0^\circ$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}.$ 

## **Pin Capacitance**

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

**Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices** 

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C <sub>IOTB</sub>	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C <sub>IOLR</sub>	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C <sub>OUTFB</sub>	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

### **Hot Socketing**

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I <sub>IOPIN (DC)</sub>	DC current per I/O pin	300 μΑ
I <sub>IOPIN (AC)</sub>	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA <sup>(1)</sup>
I <sub>XCVR-TX (DC)</sub>	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I <sub>XCVR-RX (DC)</sub>	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

### Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns,  $|I_{IOPIN}| = C dv/dt$ , in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors (21)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	_	-0.4		_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	1	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200		1600	200	_	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled) (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup> 1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup> 1050/1000/900/85		1050/1000/900/850 (2)		00/850 <sup>(2)</sup>	mV				
coupled) (9	RX reference clock pin	1.	.0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	V	
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (17)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R <sub>REF</sub> (19)	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	180 0 ±1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock	<u> </u>			_			_			_	
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600		12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration (22)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}/1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.70 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration (18),	$V_{\text{CCR\_GXB}} = 0.90 \text{ V}$ $(V_{\text{ICM}} = 0.6 \text{ V})$			2.4	_		2.4	_	_	2.4	V
(22)	$V_{\text{CCR\_GXB}} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ $(V_{\text{ICM}} = 0.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed e 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	ı	ı	500	_	ı	500	_	_	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL											
	VCO post-divider L=2	8000		14100	8000		12500	8000	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Currented Date	L=4	4000	_	7050	4000	_	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range	L=8	2000	_	3525	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
G	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_		_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_		1	_		1			μs

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform

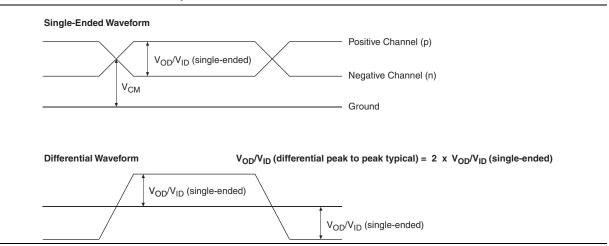


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)



Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz	_	_	-90		_	-90	
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	
	≥1 MHz		_	-120	_		-120	1
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
RREF (17)	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency		100	_	125	100		125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	_		1.4-V PCML	, 1.5-V PCML	_, 2.5-V PCI	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	6
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels		_	1.6	_		1.6	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	$V_{CCR\_GTB} = 1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.65 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
oomiguration ', ' /	GX channels				(8)		•	•
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_	_	200		_	mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			

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- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

## **Core Performance Specifications**

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

	Performance							
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	, and C3, I3, I3L, and C4, I4		Unit				
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz				
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz				

#### Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

	Symbol	Parameter		Тур	Max	Unit
f	RES	Resolution of VCO frequency (f <sub>INPFD</sub> = 100 MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

#### Notes to Table 31:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f<sub>MAX</sub> or f<sub>OUT</sub> of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4)  $f_{REF}$  is fIN/N when N = 1.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10<sup>-12</sup> (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
  - a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz \le Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
  - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f<sub>VCO</sub> specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The  $f_{VCO}$  for fractional value range 0.05 0.95 must be  $\geq$  1000 MHz, while  $f_{VCO}$  for fractional value range 0.20 0.80 must be  $\geq$  1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f<sub>VCO</sub> for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f<sub>VCO</sub> for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

## **DSP Block Specifications**

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

			F	Peformano	e			
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes ι	ısing one	DSP				
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
		Modes u	sing two I	)SPs				•
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 4 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	I3, I3I	., I3YY		C4,I4	4	II-ni4
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)	_	(8)	(6)	_	(8)	(6)	_	(8)	Mbps
f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
ŕ	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	_	_	_	1000 0	_		1000 0	_	_	1000 0	_	_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mod	e													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode	е													
Sampling Window	_	_		300			300	_		300	_	_	300	ps

#### Notes to Table 36:

- (1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.
- (2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.
- (3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.
- (4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.
- (5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.
- (6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.
- (7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.
- (8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.
- (9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.
- (10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.
- (11) The F<sub>MAX</sub> specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F<sub>MAX</sub> is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.
- (12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.
- (13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.
- (14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.
- (15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.
- (16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.
- (17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

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Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

#### Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t<sub>DQS\_PSERR</sub>) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

#### Notes to Table 41:

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
NEIWUIK			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	t <sub>JIT(duty)</sub>	<del>-</del> 75	75	<del>-</del> 75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

<sup>(1)</sup> This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a −2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 2 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock	Parameter	C1 Symbol		1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
Network			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
PHY Clock	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	t <sub>JIT(duty)</sub>	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

#### Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

## **OCT Calibration Block Specifications**

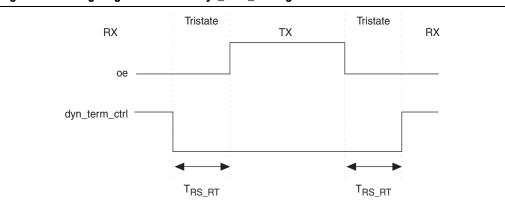
Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks		_	20	MHz
T <sub>OCTCAL</sub>	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT $\ensuremath{R}_{\ensuremath{S}}/\ensuremath{R}_{\ensuremath{T}}$ calibration	_	1000	_	Cycles
T <sub>OCTSHIFT</sub>	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	_	32	_	Cycles
T <sub>RS_RT</sub>	Time required between the $\mathtt{dyn\_term\_ctrl}$ and oe signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT $R_S$ and $R_T$ (Figure 10)	_	2.5	_	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the oe and dyn term ctrl signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn\_term\_ctrl Signals



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## **Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications**

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins (1)

Symbol	C	1 C2, C2		L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

#### Note to Table 44:

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## **POR Delay Specification**

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification (1)

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

#### Note to Table 45:

## **JTAG Configuration Specifications**

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period (2)	30	_	ns
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period <sup>(2)</sup>	167	_	ns
t <sub>JCH</sub>	TCK clock high time (2)	14	_	ns
t <sub>JCL</sub>	TCK clock low time (2)	14	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TDI)</sub>	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TMS)</sub>	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	_	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

<sup>(1)</sup> You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

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Table 46.	JTAG Timino	Parameters a	nd Values	for Stratix V Devices
-----------	-------------	--------------	-----------	-----------------------

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JPH</sub>	JTAG port hold time	5	_	ns
t <sub>JPCO</sub>	JTAG port clock to output	_	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPZX</sub>	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	_	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPXZ</sub>	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	_	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

#### Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each  $V_{CCIO}$  voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPCO}$  = 12 ns if  $V_{CCIO}$  of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

## **Raw Binary File Size**

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
	ECCVAO	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	<del>_</del>	137,598,880	564,504
	5000D4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
0111/00	5SGSD4	_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	<del>_</del>	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	_	293,441,888	565,528

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Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
Stratix V E (1)	5SEE9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888

#### Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

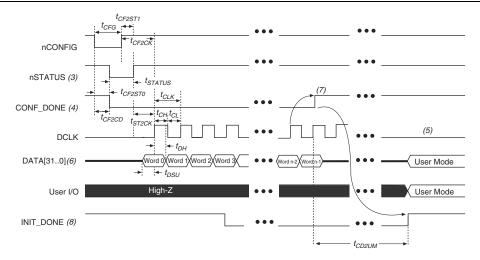
Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel (2)		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	AS	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	В9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
u I	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

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## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 (1), (2)



#### Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the <code>INIT\_DONE</code> pin is configured into the device, the <code>INIT\_DONE</code> goes low.

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# **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.
		■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R <sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
April 2017	3.8	■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V <sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Added the I <sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		<ul><li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li></ul>
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the t <sub>CO</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V <sub>CC</sub> description in Table 6.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub> , V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub> , V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub> , and V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub> descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014	3.3	■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		■ Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		■ Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		■ Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		■ Updated Table 23 VO <sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.
		■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		■ Updated the notes for Table 47.
		■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
0		■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013	2.8	■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		■ Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46
,		■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35
		■ Added Table 33
		■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"
D	0.5	■ Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"
December 2012	2.5	■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"
		■ Added "Remote System Upgrades"
		■ Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"
		■ Added "Initialization"
		■ Added "Raw Binary File Size"
	2.4	■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.
June 2012		■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.
		<ul><li>Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li></ul>
		■ Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.
		■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Navarahar 0044	2.1	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.
November 2011		■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
		■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.
		■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.
		■ Minor text edits.
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010	1.1	Converted chapter to the new template.
		■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.