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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	840
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1932-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1932-FBGA, FC (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma5n3f45c2ln

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital power supply	−0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	−0.5	3.4	V
V _I	DC input voltage	−0.5	3.8	V
T _J	Operating junction temperature	−55	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	−65	150	°C
I _{OUT}	DC output current per pin	−25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	−0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to −2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3,I3YY	C4,I4	
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (34-Ω and 40-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and 120-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and 120-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60-Ω and 120-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25-Ω R _{S_left_shift}	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0 and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{ol} (mA)	I_{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25^* V_{CCIO}$	$0.75^* V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25^* V_{CCIO}$	$0.75^* V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	$V_{REF} - 0.13$	$V_{REF} + 0.13$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.22$	$V_{REF} + 0.22$	$0.1^* V_{CCIO}$	$0.9^* V_{CCIO}$	—	—

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.2$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.2$	0.62	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.175$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.175$	0.5	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	-0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ($V_{IH(DC)}$ and $V_{IL(DC)}$).

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (<code>mgmt_clk_clk</code>) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	−0.4	—	—	−0.4	—	—	−0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) after device configuration ⁽¹⁸⁾ , (22)	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 1.0 V/1.05 V ($V_{ICM} =$ 0.70 V)	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 0.90 V ($V_{ICM} = 0.6$ V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 0.85 V ($V_{ICM} = 0.6$ V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ⁽⁶⁾ , (22), (27)	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	mV

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications ⁽¹⁾

Clock Network	ATX PLL			CMU PLL ⁽²⁾			fPLL		
	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

Notes to Table 24:

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate ⁽¹⁾, ⁽³⁾

Mode ⁽²⁾	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 27 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = $100\ \Omega$ ⁽²⁾

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽³⁾	0 ⁽¹⁾	0	32	640
	1 ⁽¹⁾	20	33	660
	2 ⁽¹⁾	40	34	680
	3 ⁽¹⁾	60	35	700
	4 ⁽¹⁾	80	36	720
	5 ⁽¹⁾	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
	15	300	47	940
	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

- (1) If TX termination resistance = $100\ \Omega$, this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to −0.5	—	—	0 to −0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	(8)						
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{RES}	Resolution of VCO frequency ($f_{INPFD} = 100$ MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4) f_{REF} is f_{IN}/N when $N = 1$.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: $0.59\text{MHz} \leq \text{Upstream PLL BW} < 1$ MHz
 - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 - 0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 - 0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	Peformance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using one DSP								
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
Modes using two DSPs								
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter														
True Differential I/O Standards - f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 ^{(9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1434	(6)	—	1250	(6)	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS TX with DPA ^{(12), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) ⁽¹⁰⁾	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 ⁽¹⁷⁾	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	840	(6)	—	840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the “POR Delay Specification” section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices”.

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

Notes to Table 48:

- (1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.
 (2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio ⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Figure 13. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 (1), (2)**Notes to Figure 13:**

- (1) Use this timing waveform and parameters when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is >1. To find out the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for your system, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time as specified by the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (6) "r" denotes the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio. For the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio based on the decompression and the design security feature enable settings, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (7) If needed, pause DCLK by holding it low. When DCLK restarts, the external host must provide data on the DATA[31..0] pins prior to sending the first DCLK rising edge.
- (8) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (9) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme ^{(1), (2)}

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3 : 0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})$	—	—

Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (2) t_{CF2CD} , t_{CF2ST0} , t_{CFG} , t_{STATUS} , and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform ⁽¹⁾**Notes to Figure 15:**

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATA0 is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G H I	—	—
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	<p>High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).</p> <p>JTAG Timing Specifications:</p> 
K L M N O	—	—
P	PLL Specifications	<p>Diagram of PLL Specifications ⁽¹⁾</p>  <p>Note: (1) Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.</p>
Q	—	—
R	R _L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega$ R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.