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# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma7k2f40c1

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Electrical Characteristics Page 3

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog power supply	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GTBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCL_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V

### **Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage**

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Page 6 Electrical Characteristics

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Тур	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
t	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μs	_	100 ms	_
LRAMP	Fower supply rainp line	Fast POR	200 μs	_	4 ms	_

### Notes to Table 6:

- (1)  $V_{CCPD}$  must be 2.5 V when  $V_{CCIO}$  is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V.  $V_{CCPD}$  must be 3.0 V when  $V_{CCIO}$  is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V<sub>CCBAT</sub> to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V<sub>CCBAT</sub>. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V<sub>CCBAT</sub> stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum <sup>(4)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
(1), (3)	side)	७४, ७७, ७१	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
$(1), (\overline{3})$	side)	রম, রহ	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
$V_{\text{CCHIP}\_R}$	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	Treceiver arialog power supply (left side)	un, us, ui	0.97	1.0	1.03	v
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

Electrical Characteristics Page 11

			Re	esistance	Tolerance	,	
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCPD</sub> = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \Big( 1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

### Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The  $R_{OCT}$  value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and  $V_{CCIO}$ .
- (2) R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3)  $\Delta T$  is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4)  $\Delta V$  is the variation of voltage with respect to the  $V_{CCIO}$  at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.0297	
	007	2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	1.8	0.0499	%/mV
	Todanstation	1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

Page 16 Electrical Characteristics

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O				V <sub>DIF(I</sub>	<sub>DC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)				V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V	V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	_	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.12	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5*V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.12	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V) <sup>(10)</sup>				V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(8)</sup>			$V_{ICM(DC)}$ (V)			D (V) (	6)	V <sub>OCM</sub> (V) <sup>(6)</sup>		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.												. For		
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> =	_	0.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247		0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS (1)	2.373	2.3	2.023	100	1.25 V		1.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
RSDS (HIO) <sup>(2)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	_	0.3	_	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	_	600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4	_	_	_	300	_	_	0.6	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
), (9)	_	_	_	300	_	_	1	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.6	_	_	_	_	_	_

### Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed  $V_{\text{ICM}}$ ,  $V_{\text{OD}}$ , and  $V_{\text{OCM}}$  specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range:  $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$ .
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5  $\rm V.$

## **Power Consumption**

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus<sup>®</sup> II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Electrical Characteristics Page 17



You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics Page 19

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors (21)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	_	-0.4		_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	1	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200		1600	200	_	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled) (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin 1050/1000/900/850 (2) 1050/1000/900/850 (2) 1050/1000/900/850 (2) 1050/1000/900/8		00/850 <sup>(2)</sup>	mV							
coupled) (9	RX reference clock pin	1.	.0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.	V		
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (17)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R <sub>REF</sub> (19)	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	180 0 ±1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock	<u> </u>			_			_			_	
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

Page 20 Switching Characteristics

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	sceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600		12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration (22)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}/1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.70 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) after device configuration (18)	$V_{\text{CCR\_GXB}} = 0.90 \text{ V}$ $(V_{\text{ICM}} = 0.6 \text{ V})$			2.4	_		2.4	_	_	2.4	V
configuration <sup>(18)</sup> , (22)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

Page 32 Switching Characteristics

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/ Description	Conditions		Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (7)	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85-Ω setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels (19)	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> <sup>(10)</sup>	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> (11)		4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> (12)		15	_	_	15	_	_	μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	_	_	72	CID
nuii Leiigiii	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels	_	_	1000	_	_	1000	± PPM
ODITITIVI	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	_	_	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(5)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	7.5	_	_	7.5	dB
DC gain <sup>(6)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	· '		•			•	•	
Supported I/O Standards	_	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600		12,500	Mbps

Switching Characteristics Page 33

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max			
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps		
Differential on-chip	GT channels	_	100	_		100	<u> </u>	Ω		
termination resistors	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>			
\/	GT channels	_	500	_	_	500	_	mV		
V <sub>OCM</sub> (AC coupled)	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>			
Diag/Fall time	GT channels	_	15	_	_	15	_	ps		
Rise/Fall time	GX channels		<u>I</u>		(8)					
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels		(8)							
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels		(3)							
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)								
CMU PLL										
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	8500	Mbps		
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs		
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs		
ATX PLL										
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps		
	L=4	4000	_	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps		
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps		
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps		
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps		
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs		
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs		
fPLL			•							
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	Mbps		
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs		

Switching Characteristics Page 37

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

### Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

### **Transceiver Characterization**

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

Page 38 Switching Characteristics

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

## **Core Performance Specifications**

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

	Performance							
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	Unit				
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz				
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz				

### Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Switching Characteristics Page 39

## **PLL Specifications**

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}$  to  $100^{\circ}$ C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
f <sub>INPFD</sub>	Input frequency to the PFD	5	_	325	MHz
FINPFD	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f <sub>vco</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	_	1300	MHz
EINDUTY	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	_	60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	717 (2)	MHz
f <sub>оит</sub>	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f <sub>OUT_EXT</sub>	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
t <sub>оитриту</sub>	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
FCOMP	External feedback clock compensation time	_	_	10	ns
DYCONFIGCLK	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
Lock	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
DLOCK	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3		MHz
: CLBW	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth		1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	_	4	_	MHz
PLL_PSERR	Accuracy of PLL phase shift		_	±50	ps
ARESET	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_	_	ns

Page 44 Switching Characteristics

## **Periphery Performance**

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

### **High-Speed I/O Specification**

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

_														
Cumbal	Conditions	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit				
Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards <sup>(3)</sup>	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	_	5		800	5	_	800	5		625 (5)	5		525 (5)	MHz

Page 52 Configuration Specification

## **Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications**

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins (1)

Symbol	C1 C2, C2				3, I3L, 3YY	C4,14		Unit	
-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

### Note to Table 44:

## **Configuration Specification**

## **POR Delay Specification**

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification (1)

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

### Note to Table 45:

## **JTAG Configuration Specifications**

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period (2)	30	_	ns
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period <sup>(2)</sup>	167	_	ns
t <sub>JCH</sub>	TCK clock high time (2)	14	_	ns
t <sub>JCL</sub>	TCK clock low time (2)	14	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TDI)</sub>	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TMS)</sub>	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	_	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

<sup>(1)</sup> You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Configuration Specification Page 53

Table 46.	JTAG Timino	Parameters a	nd Values	for Stratix V Devices
-----------	-------------	--------------	-----------	-----------------------

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JPH</sub>	JTAG port hold time	5	_	ns
t <sub>JPCO</sub>	JTAG port clock to output	_	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPZX</sub>	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	_	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPXZ</sub>	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	_	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

### Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each  $V_{CCIO}$  voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPCO}$  = 12 ns if  $V_{CCIO}$  of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

## **Raw Binary File Size**

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)	
	ECCVAO	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392	
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504	
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672	
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392	
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392	
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888	
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888	
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344	
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344	
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888	
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888	
Chrotin V CT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392	
Stratix V GT	5SGTC7	_	269,979,008	562,392	
	5SGSD3	_	137,598,880	564,504	
	FCCCD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672	
Ctrativ V CC	5SGSD4	_	137,598,880	564,504	
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	_	213,798,880	563,672	
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528	
	5SGSD8	_	293,441,888	565,528	

Configuration Specification Page 55

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Member Code		Active Serial (1)	)	Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>			
Variant		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	
	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
GS	D4	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
us 	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
E	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	

### Notes to Table 48:

## **Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing**

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

## DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×8	Disabled	Enabled	1
IFF X0	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×16	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

<sup>(1)</sup> DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

<sup>(2)</sup> Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Page 58 Configuration Specification

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μ\$
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 <sup>(3)</sup>	μ\$
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μ\$
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (6)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μ\$
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (4)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum		
		DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_

### Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nstatus low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Configuration Specification Page 63

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	<del></del>	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	<del></del>	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	<del></del>	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum  DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{\text{CD2CU}}$ + (8576 × CLKUSR period) $^{(4)}$	_	_

### Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

### Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP (2)	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

### Notes to Table 55:

- $(1) \quad \text{The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization}.$
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

Document Revision History Page 69

# **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.		
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R <sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.		
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V <sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table		
		■ Added the I <sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
	3.4	<ul><li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li></ul>		
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"		
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"		
July 2015		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
		■ Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the t <sub>CO</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		

Page 72 Document Revision History