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# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma7k3f40c3n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

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Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering (1), (2), (3) (Part 2 of 2)

Transceiver Speed	Core Speed Grade											
Grade	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L	I3YY	14				
3 GX channel—8.5 Gbps	_	Yes	Yes	Yes	_	Yes	Yes <sup>(4)</sup>	Yes				

### Notes to Table 1:

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.
- (3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.
- (4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices.

Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering (1), (2)

Transacius Crad Crado		Core Speed Grade								
Transceiver Speed Grade	C1	C2	12	13						
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	_	_						
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						

#### Notes to Table 2:

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Power supply for configuration pins	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub>	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub>	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O power supply	-0.5	3.9	V

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			Re	esistance	Tolerance	,	
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCPD</sub> = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \Big( 1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

### Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The  $R_{OCT}$  value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and  $V_{CCIO}$ .
- (2) R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3)  $\Delta T$  is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4)  $\Delta V$  is the variation of voltage with respect to the  $V_{CCIO}$  at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.0297	
	007	2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	1.8	0.0499	%/mV
	Todanstation	1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

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Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(D(</sub>	; <sub>)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(D</sub>	<sub>C)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	l <sub>oh</sub>	
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I <sub>OI</sub> (IIIA)	(mA)	
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8	
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16	
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8	
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16	
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8	
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16	
HSUL-12	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.13	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.13	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.22	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.22	0.1* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.9* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_		

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWIN</sub>	V <sub>SWING(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>SWING(AC)</sub> (V)		
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.2	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.2	0.62	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.175	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.175	0.5	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	0.35	_
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	2(V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V <sub>REF</sub> -0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

### Note to Table 20:

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)		V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)				V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V	V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2		0.68	_	0.9	0.68		0.9	0.4	_

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum value for  $V_{SWING(DC)}$  is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits  $(V_{IH(DC)})$  and  $V_{IL(DC)})$ .

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Trar	er Speed e 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600		12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration (22)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}/1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.70 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) after device configuration (18)	$V_{\text{CCR\_GXB}} = 0.90 \text{ V}$ $(V_{\text{ICM}} = 0.6 \text{ V})$			2.4	_		2.4	_	_	2.4	V
configuration <sup>(18)</sup> , . (22)	$V_{\text{CCR\_GXB}} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ $(V_{\text{ICM}} = 0.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Trai	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	85– $\Omega$ setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100–Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%		_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	120–Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC and DC coupled)	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
coupleu)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = \\ 1.0 \text{ V/1.05 V} \\ \text{full} \\ \text{bandwidth}$	_	700	_	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> (11)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> (12)	_	4	_		4			4			μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> (13)	_	4	_		4			4			μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> (14)		15			15		_	15	_		μs
Run Length		_	_	200	_		200	_	-	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) (10)	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	_	_	16	_	_	16	_	_	16	dB

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1		Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

#### Notes to Table 23:

- (1) Speed grades shown in Table 23 refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the  $V_{CCR\_GXB}$  power supply level.
- (3) This supply must be connected to 1.0 V if the transceiver is configured at a data rate > 6.5 Gbps, and to 1.05 V if configured at a data rate > 10.3 Gbps when DFE is used. For data rates up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to 0.85 V.
- (4) This supply follows VCCR\_GXB.
- (5) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (6) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that **Receiver Equalization** is disabled. If you enable **Receiver Equalization**, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (7) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (8) The input reference clock frequency options depend on the data rate and the device speed grade.
- (9) The line data rate may be limited by PCS-FPGA interface speed grade.
- (10) Refer to Figure 1 for the GX channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (11) t<sub>LTR</sub> is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (12) t<sub>I TD</sub> is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (13) t<sub>LTD\_manual</sub> is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (14) t<sub>LTR\_LTD\_manual</sub> is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx\_is\_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (15)  $t_{pll\ powerdown}$  is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (16) t<sub>nll lock</sub> is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (17) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (18) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V<sub>ID</sub> after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V<sub>MAX</sub> for receiver pin V<sub>ICM</sub>).
- (19) For ES devices,  $R_{REF}$  is 2000  $\Omega$  ±1%.
- (20) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20\*log(f/622).
- (21) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (22) Refer to Figure 2.
- (23) For oversampling designs to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (24) I3YY devices can achieve data rates up to 10.3125 Gbps.
- (25) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.
- (26) REFCLK performance requires to meet transmitter REFCLK phase noise specification.
- (27) Minimum eye opening of 85 mV is only for the unstressed input eye condition.

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Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL (2)	)		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	_	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide	_	_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7 00	7 00	Up to 13 channels above	2 125	2 125	Up to 13 channels above
xN (Native PHY IP)	П	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	and below PLL	3.125	3.125	and below PLL

### Notes to Table 24:

<sup>(1)</sup> Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

<sup>(2)</sup> ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

<sup>(3)</sup> Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

<sup>(4)</sup> Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

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Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	F0 3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

### Notes to Table 25:

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

<sup>(3)</sup> The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions		Transceivei peed Grade		Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

#### Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR\_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t<sub>LTB</sub> is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) tLTD is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t<sub>LTD\_manual</sub> is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t<sub>LTR\_LTD\_manual</sub> is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx\_is\_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V<sub>ID</sub> after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V<sub>MAX</sub> for receiver pin V<sub>ICM</sub>).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000  $\Omega$  ±1%.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20\*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR\_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

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Table 29 shows the  $\ensuremath{V_{\text{OD}}}$  settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical  $\text{V}_{\text{0D}}$  Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega$ 

Symbol	V <sub>op</sub> Setting	V <sub>op</sub> Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
V differential peak to peak tunical (1)	2	400
<b>V</b> <sub>OD</sub> differential peak to peak typical <sup>(1)</sup>	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

### Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

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Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform

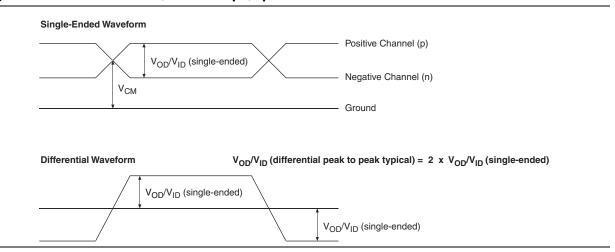


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

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Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Mode		Peformance							
	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit	
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs	•				
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz	
Modes using Four DSPs									
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz	

## **Memory Block Specifications**

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

		Resources Used		Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	<b>C</b> 3	C4	12, I2L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

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Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

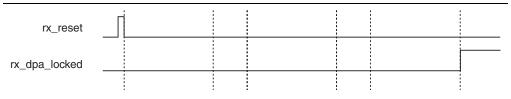


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions <sup>(4)</sup>	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
Faranei napiu 1/0	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
IVIISCEIIAITEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

### Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps

LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification

25

8.5

0.35

0.1

F1 F2

F3

F4

Jitter Frequency (Hz)

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Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Member Code		Active Serial (1)	)	Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>			
Variant		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	
	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
GS		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
us 	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	

### Notes to Table 48:

## **Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing**

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

## DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×8	Disabled	Enabled	1
FPP ×8	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×16	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

<sup>(1)</sup> DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

<sup>(2)</sup> Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

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## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 (1), (2)



### Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the <code>INIT\_DONE</code> pin is configured into the device, the <code>INIT\_DONE</code> goes low.

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Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μ\$
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 <sup>(3)</sup>	μ\$
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μ\$
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (6)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μ\$
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (4)	175	437	μS
+	GOVER DOVER high to GUVERN anabled	4 × maximum		
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_

### Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nstatus low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

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Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nconfig low to conf_done low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nconfig high to nstatus high	_	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nconfig high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	N-1/f <sub>DCLK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	_	S
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>R</sub>	Input rise time	_	40	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Input fall time	_	40	ns
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum  DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_

### Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nconfig or nstatus low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and  $f_{DCLK}$  is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

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# **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R <sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t <sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V <sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Added the I <sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		<ul><li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li></ul>
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the t <sub>CO</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V <sub>CC</sub> description in Table 6.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub> , V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub> , V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub> , and V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub> descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
	3.3	■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
		■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		■ Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		■ Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		■ Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		■ Updated Table 23 VO <sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.
		■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		■ Updated the notes for Table 47.
		■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013	2.8	■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		■ Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 2013  2.7 ■ Added Table 24, Table 48 ■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12 ■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 46 ■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" ■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" ■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, TaTable 30, Table 32, Table 35 ■ Added Table 33 ■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Remote System Upgrades" ■ Added "Initialization" ■ Added "Initialization" ■ Added "Raw Binary File Size" ■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59. ■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs.	
December 2012  2.5  December 2012  D	able 60
December 2012  2.6  Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 46  Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"  Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Tatable 30, Table 32, Table 35  Added Table 33  Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"  Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Remote System Upgrades"  Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4  Table 56, and Table 59.	
Table 46  Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"  Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Ta Table 30, Table 32, Table 35  Added Table 33  Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"  Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Remote System Upgrades"  Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"  Added "Initialization"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 40, Table 40, Table 40, Table 56, and Table 59.	
Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"  Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Ta Table 30, Table 32, Table 35  Added Table 33  Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"  Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Remote System Upgrades"  Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"  Added "Initialization"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.  Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 40, Table 40, Table 40, Table 56, and Table 59.	Table 35,
December 2012  2.5  Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35  Added Table 33  Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"  Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Remote System Upgrades"  Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"  Added "Initialization"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.  Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 7, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4, Table 56, and Table 59.	
Table 30, Table 35  Added Table 33  Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"  Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Remote System Upgrades"  Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"  Added "Initialization"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.  Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 7 Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
<ul> <li>Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"</li> <li>Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"</li> <li>Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"</li> <li>Added "Remote System Upgrades"</li> <li>Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"</li> <li>Added "Initialization"</li> <li>Added "Raw Binary File Size"</li> <li>Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> <li>Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.</li> </ul>	abie 27,
December 2012  Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Remote System Upgrades"  Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"  Added "Initialization"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.  Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4  Table 56, and Table 59.	
December 2012  2.5  Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"  Added "Remote System Upgrades"  Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"  Added "Initialization"  Added "Raw Binary File Size"  Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.  Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
<ul> <li>Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"</li> <li>Added "Remote System Upgrades"</li> <li>Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"</li> <li>Added "Initialization"</li> <li>Added "Raw Binary File Size"</li> <li>Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> <li>Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.</li> </ul>	
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June 2012  Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.  Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 36, Table 36, Table 37, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 40, Table 56, and Table 59.	
June 2012  Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i> .	
■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document	cument.
February 2012 2.3 Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.	
December 2011 2.2 ■ Added Table 2–31.	
■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.	
■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information at Stratix V GT devices.	out
November 2011 2.1 Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.	
■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.	
■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2 Table 2–24.	2–23, and
May 2011 2.0 ■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications	s" title.
■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.	
■ Minor text edits.	
■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.	
December 2010 1.1 Converted chapter to the new template.	
■ Minor text edits.	
July 2010 1.0 Initial release.	