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The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma7n2f40i2n

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Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) (3)	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	٧
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	٧
V_{CCIO}	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply		1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply		1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply		1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V _{CCBAT} (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
V _I	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V ₀	Output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
т.	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	_	85	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

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Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t Dower cumply	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μs	_	100 ms	_
LRAMP	Fower Supply rainp line	Fast POR	200 μs	_	4 ms	_

Notes to Table 6:

- (1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT}. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit	
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
(1), (3)	side)	७४, ७७, ७१	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
$(1), (\overline{3})$	side)	রম, রহ	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V_{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
			0.82	0.85	0.88		
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	CV CC CT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V	
(2)	Treceiver arialog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.97	1.0	1.03	v	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	1	

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You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors (21)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	_	-0.4		_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	1	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200		1600	200	_	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled) (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/	1000/90	00/850 ⁽²⁾	1050/	1000/90	00/850 ⁽²⁾	2) 1050/1000/900/850 (2)			mV
coupled) (9	RX reference clock pin	1.	.0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (17)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R _{REF} (19)	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	180 0 ±1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock	<u> </u>			_			_			_	
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	DC Gain Setting = 0	_	0	_	_	0	_	_	0	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 2		4	_	_	4		_	4	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3		6		_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	_	8		_	8		_	8	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	_				-	1.4-V ar	nd 1.5-V PC	ML			
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600		12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	85-Ω setting	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100-Ω setting		100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%		_	100 ± 20%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
Rise time (7)	20% to 80%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30		160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30	_	160	30		160	30	_	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	_	_	120	_	_	120	_	_	120	ps

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed e 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	sceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	ı	ı	500	_	ı	500	_	_	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL											
	VCO post-divider L=2	8000		14100	8000		12500	8000	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Currented Date	L=4	4000	_	7050	4000	_	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range	L=8	2000	_	3525	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
S	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (16)	_		_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (15)	_	1	_		1	_		1			μs

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Spee Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

Notes to Table 23:

- (1) Speed grades shown in Table 23 refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the V_{CCR_GXB} power supply level.
- (3) This supply must be connected to 1.0 V if the transceiver is configured at a data rate > 6.5 Gbps, and to 1.05 V if configured at a data rate > 10.3 Gbps when DFE is used. For data rates up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to 0.85 V.
- (4) This supply follows VCCR_GXB.
- (5) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (6) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that **Receiver Equalization** is disabled. If you enable **Receiver Equalization**, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (7) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (8) The input reference clock frequency options depend on the data rate and the device speed grade.
- (9) The line data rate may be limited by PCS-FPGA interface speed grade.
- (10) Refer to Figure 1 for the GX channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (11) t_{LTR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (12) t_{I TD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (13) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (14) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (15) $t_{pll\ powerdown}$ is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (16) t_{nll lock} is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (17) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (18) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (19) For ES devices, R_{REF} is 2000 Ω ±1%.
- (20) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (21) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (22) Refer to Figure 2.
- (23) For oversampling designs to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (24) I3YY devices can achieve data rates up to 10.3125 Gbps.
- (25) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.
- (26) REFCLK performance requires to meet transmitter REFCLK phase noise specification.
- (27) Minimum eye opening of 85 mV is only for the unstressed input eye condition.

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Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode ⁽²⁾	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	C4, I4 core speed gra		8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

⁽¹⁾ The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

⁽²⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

⁽³⁾ The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

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Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
→ (3) (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f _{REF} ≥ 100 MHz)	_	_	0.15	UI (p-p)
t _{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f _{REF} < 100 MHz)	-750		+750	ps (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175 ⁽¹⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{OUTPJ_DC} (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5 ⁽¹⁾	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ_DC} (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output $(f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz})$	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
t _{outccj_dc} (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTCCJ_DC} ⁽⁵⁾	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)+	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
t _{OUTPJ_IO} (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ 10} (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t _{outccj_10} (5),	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t _{ғоитссу_10}	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t _{CASC_OUTPJ_DC}	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
(5), (6)	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
f _{DRIFT}	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 μs	_	_	±10	%
dK _{BIT}	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
k _{VALUE}	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	_

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Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f	RES	Resolution of VCO frequency (f _{INPFD} = 100 MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4) f_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10⁻¹² (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
 - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 0.95 must be \geq 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 0.80 must be \geq 1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

			F	Peformano	e			
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes ı	ısing one	DSP				
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
		Modes u	sing two I)SPs				•
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

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Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

		Peformance								
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit		
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs	•					
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz		
Modes using Four DSPs										
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz		

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

		Resour	ces Used	Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, I2L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

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Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I	4	Unit
Symbol	Conuntions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5		800	5	_	800	5		625 (5)	5		525 (5)	MHz

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Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 4)

Combal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	I3, I3I	., I3YY		C4,I4	4	II.a.i.k
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1434	(6)	_	1250	(6)	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS TX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)		1250	Mbps
- f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) (10)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 (17)	(6)	_	1100	(6)	_	1100	(6)	_	840	(6)		840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.25	UI

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Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

			C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I4	4	
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{DUTY}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t _{RISE} & t _{FALL} t _{RISE} & t _{FALL} Differential I/O		_		250	_	_	250	_		250	_		300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_		150		_	150		_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_	_	300	_	_	300	_		300	_		300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1250	Mbps
- f _{HSDRDPA} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps

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Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

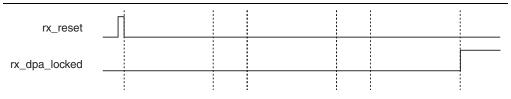


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
Faranei napiu 1/0	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
IVIISCEIIAITEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate \geq 1.25 Gbps

LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification

25

8.5

0.35

0.1

F1 F2

F3

F4

Jitter Frequency (Hz)

Configuration Specification Page 63

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2		μS
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506		μS
t _{ST2CK} (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0		ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) $^{(4)}$	_	_

Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP (2)	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

- $(1) \quad \text{The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization}.$
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

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Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter	Available	Min	Fast	Model				Slow M	lodel			
(1)	Settings	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column of Assignment Editor.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
		0 (default)	ps
D	Rising and/or falling edge	25	ps
D _{OUTBUF}	delay	50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
Α		
В	_	_
С		
D	_	_
E	_	
	f _{HSCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
F	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
f _{HSDRDPA}		High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.

⁽¹⁾ You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the Output Buffer Delay Control assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the Output Buffer Delay assignment.

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Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage
V	V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage
	V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V _{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V _X	Input differential cross point voltage
	V _{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
Χ		
Υ		_
Z		

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V _{CC} description in Table 6.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V _{CCHIP_L} , V _{CCHIP_R} , V _{CCHSSI_L} , and V _{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
	3.3	■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f _{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
		■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		■ Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		■ Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		■ Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		■ Updated Table 23 VO _{CM} (DC Coupled) condition.
		■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		■ Updated the notes for Table 47.
		■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
October 2013		■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
	2.8	■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		■ Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
		■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46
		■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
	2.5	■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35
		■ Added Table 33
		■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"
D		■ Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"
December 2012		■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"
		■ Added "Remote System Upgrades"
		■ Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"
		■ Added "Initialization"
		■ Added "Raw Binary File Size"
	2.4	■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.
June 2012		■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.
		Various edits throughout to fix bugs.
		■ Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.
		■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
		■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
November 2011	2.1	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.
		■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.
		■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.
		■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.
		■ Minor text edits.
December 2010	1.1	■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
		Converted chapter to the new template.
		■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.