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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma7n3f40i4n

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum (4)	Typical	Maximum (4)	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

(1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.

(2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.

(3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.

(4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.53 * V_{CCIO}	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	—	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{ol} (mA)	I_{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.31	V_{REF} + 0.31	V_{TT} – 0.608	V_{TT} + 0.608	8.1	–8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.31	V_{REF} + 0.31	V_{TT} – 0.81	V_{TT} + 0.81	16.2	–16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	V_{TT} – 0.603	V_{TT} + 0.603	6.7	–6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V_{CCIO} – 0.28	13.4	–13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.175	V_{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	8	–8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.175	V_{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	16	–16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	V_{REF} – 0.09	V_{REF} + 0.09	—	V_{REF} – 0.16	V_{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	V_{REF} – 0.85	V_{REF} + 0.85	—	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{ol} (mA)	I_{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-12 Class I	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V_{CCIO}	0.75* V_{CCIO}	8	–8
HSTL-12 Class II	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V_{CCIO}	0.75* V_{CCIO}	16	–16
HSUL-12	—	V_{REF} – 0.13	V_{REF} + 0.13	—	V_{REF} – 0.22	V_{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V_{CCIO}	0.9* V_{CCIO}	—	—

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.2	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.2	0.62	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.175	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.175	0.5	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	*(1)*	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	*(1)*	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	*(1)*	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V_{REF} –0.15	$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{REF} + 0.15	–0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ($V_{IH(DC)}$ and $V_{IL(DC)}$).

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5* V_{CCIO}	—	0.4* V_{CCIO}	0.5* V_{CCIO}	0.6* V_{CCIO}	0.3	V_{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V_{CCIO} – 0.12	0.5* V_{CCIO}	0.5*V_{CCIO} + 0.12	0.4* V_{CCIO}	0.5* V_{CCIO}	0.6* V_{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V) (10)			V_{ID} (mV) (8)			$V_{ICM(DC)}$ (V)			V_{OD} (V) (6)			V_{OCM} (V) (6)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.														
2.5 V LVDS (1)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq$ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	$D_{MAX} >$ 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RSDS (HIO) (2)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	—	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4), (9)	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.6	$D_{MAX} \leq$ 700 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	300	—	—	1	$D_{MAX} >$ 700 Mbps	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 22:

(1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

(2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

(3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

(4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.

(5) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.

(6) RL range: $90 \leq RL \leq 110\ \Omega$.

(7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.

(8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.

(9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.

(10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin (5)	—	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration (22)	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration (18), (22)	V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V (V_{ICM} = 0.70 V)	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	V
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 V (V_{ICM} = 0.6 V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V (V_{ICM} = 0.6 V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (21)	85–Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100–Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120–Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t_{LTR} (11)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
t_{LTD} (12)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
t_{LTD_manual} (13)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ (14)	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	µs
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) (10)	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 20%	—	—	85 ± 20%	—	—	85 ± 20%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 20%	—	—	100 ± 20%	—	—	100 ± 20%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 20%	—	—	120 ± 20%	—	—	120 ± 20%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 20%	—	—	150 ± 20%	—	—	150 ± 20%	—	Ω
V_{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V_{OCM} (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time (7)	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time (7)	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V_{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (16)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (16)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{pll_lock} (16)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs

Notes to Table 23:

(1) Speed grades shown in Table 23 refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.

(2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the V_{CCR_GXB} power supply level.

(3) This supply must be connected to 1.0 V if the transceiver is configured at a data rate > 6.5 Gbps, and to 1.05 V if configured at a data rate > 10.3 Gbps when DFE is used. For data rates up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to 0.85 V.

(4) This supply follows VCCR_GXB.

(5) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.

(6) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that **Receiver Equalization** is disabled. If you enable **Receiver Equalization**, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.

(7) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.

(8) The input reference clock frequency options depend on the data rate and the device speed grade.

(9) The line data rate may be limited by PCS-FPGA interface speed grade.

(10) Refer to Figure 1 for the GX channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.

(11) t_{LTR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.

(12) t_{LTD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high.

(13) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.

(14) $t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.

(15) $t_{pll\_powerdown}$ is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.

(16) t_{pll_lock} is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.

(17) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCIe at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.

(18) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin - V_{ICM}).

(19) For ES devices, R_{REF} is 2000 Ω ±1%.

(20) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).

(21) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.

(22) Refer to Figure 2.

(23) For oversampling designs to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.

(24) I3YY devices can achieve data rates up to 10.3125 Gbps.

(25) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

(26) `REFCLK` performance requires to meet transmitter `REFCLK` phase noise specification.

(27) Minimum eye opening of 85 mV is only for the unstressed input eye condition.

Table 27 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω (2)

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical (3)	0 (1)	0	32	640
	1 (1)	20	33	660
	2 (1)	40	34	680
	3 (1)	60	35	700
	4 (1)	80	36	720
	5 (1)	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
	15	300	47	940
	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

(1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω, this VOD setting is illegal.

(2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.

(3) Refer to Figure 2.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (6)	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5	—	—	0 to –0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors (19)	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 (2)			1050/1000 (2)			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) (18)	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (15)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
RREF (17)	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
`fixedclk` clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (`mgmt_clk_clk`) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin (3)	GT channels	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	GT channels	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration (20)	GT channels	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	GX channels	(8)						
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	GT channels V_{CCR_GTB} = 1.05 V (V_{ICM} = 0.65 V)	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V
	GX channels	(8)						
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (4), (20)	GT channels	200	—	—	200	—	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{RES}	Resolution of VCO frequency (f_{INPFD} = 100 MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

(1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.

(2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.

(3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.

(4) f_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.

(5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.99999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.

(6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz

(7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.

(8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.

(9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.

(10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 - 0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 - 0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

(11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.

(12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	Peformance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using one DSP								
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
Modes using two DSPs								
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**, all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Notes to Table 33:

(1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.

(2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX}.

(3) The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices

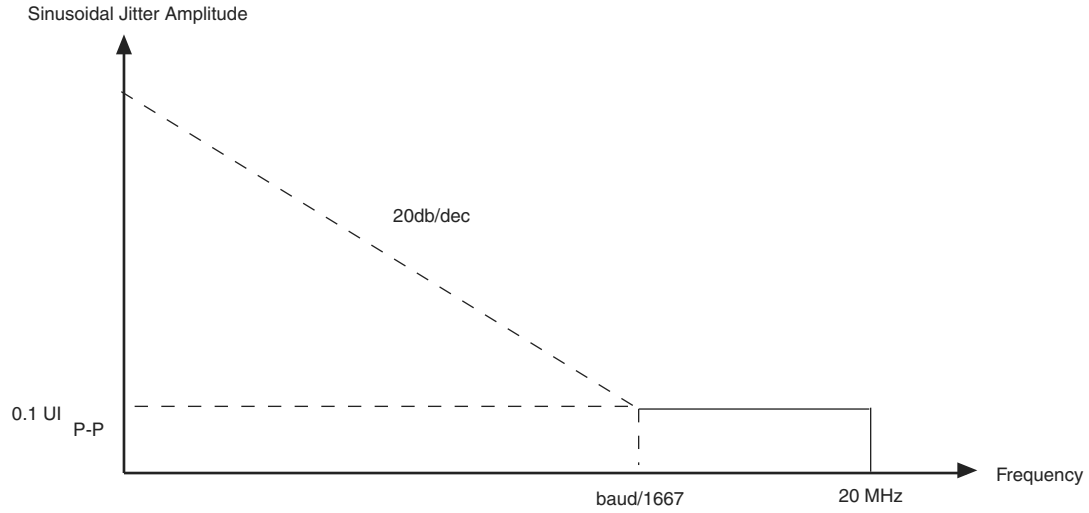
Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{bias}, diode source current	8	—	200	μA
$V_{bias,}$ voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps



DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a –2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a –2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3) (Part 1 of 2)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–50	50	–50	50	–55	55	–55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–100	100	–100	100	–110	110	–110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–50	50	–50	50	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–75	75	–75	75	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–150	150	–150	150	–165	165	–165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–75	75	–75	75	–90	90	–90	90	ps

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 (1)	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 (1)	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 (1)	ns

Notes to Table 46:

(1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.

(2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (**.rbf**) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 (2)	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 (3)	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial (1)			Fast Passive Parallel (2)		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

Notes to Table 48:

(1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

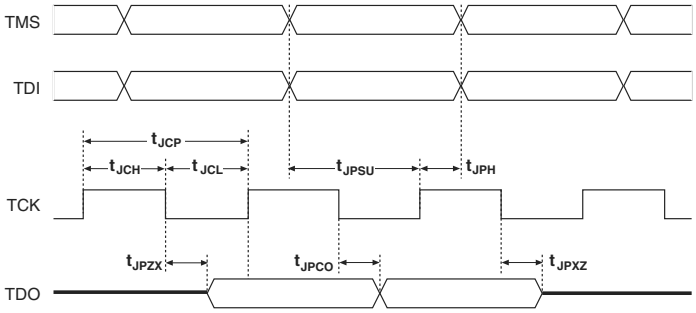
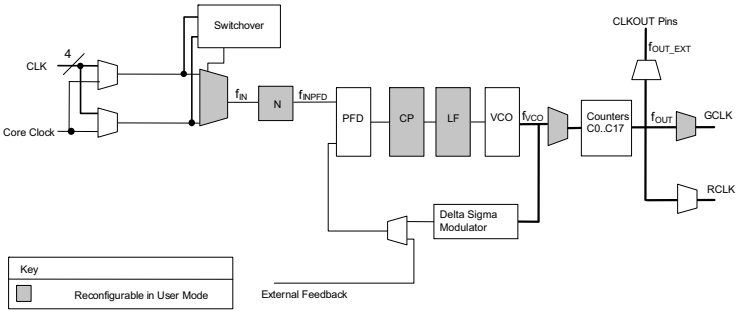
DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G H I	—	—
J	J	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications: 
K L M N O	—	—
P	**PLL Specifications**	**Diagram of PLL Specifications** *(1)*  **Note:** (1) `Core Clock` can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.
Q	—	—
R	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.

July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		  ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”
		  ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”
		  ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.