



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	840
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1932-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1932-FBGA, FC (45x45)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma7n3f45i3ln">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma7n3f45i3ln</a>

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

**Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions**

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ $T_J = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	Unit
$V_i$ (AC)	AC input voltage	3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
		4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

**Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration**



**Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2, I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCPD</sub> = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

**Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)</sup>**

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left( 1 + \left\langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \right\rangle \pm \left\langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \right\rangle \right)$$

**Notes to Equation 1:**

- (1) The R<sub>OCT</sub> value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V<sub>CCIO</sub>.
- (2) R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V<sub>CCIO</sub> at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R<sub>SCAL</sub> with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of R<sub>SCAL</sub> with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

**Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	3.0	0.0297	% / mV
		2.5	0.0344	
		1.8	0.0499	
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

**Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{REF}$ (V)			$V_{TT}$ (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	$0.47 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.53 * V_{CCIO}$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—	—

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{OL}$ (V)	$V_{OH}$ (V)	$I_{OI}$ (mA)	$I_{OH}$ (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.608$	$V_{TT} + 0.608$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.81$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	$V_{TT} - 0.603$	$V_{TT} + 0.603$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	0.28	$V_{CCIO} - 0.28$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.09$	$V_{REF} + 0.09$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.16$	$V_{REF} + 0.16$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.85$	$V_{REF} + 0.85$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—

## Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as “Preliminary.”
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

### Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL									
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	$\Omega$
Absolute $V_{MAX}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute $V_{MIN}$	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
$V_{ICM}$ (AC coupled) <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			V
$V_{ICM}$ (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	$\geq 1$ MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(17)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
$R_{REF}$ <sup>(19)</sup>	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	180 0 $\pm 1\%$	—	$\Omega$
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 5 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
<b>Transmitter</b>											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
Differential on- chip termination resistors	85- $\Omega$ setting	—	85 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
	100- $\Omega$ setting	—	100 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
	120- $\Omega$ setting	—	120 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
	150- $\Omega$ setting	—	150 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
V <sub>OCM</sub> (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V <sub>OCM</sub> (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time <sup>(7)</sup>	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time <sup>(7)</sup>	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V <sub>CM</sub> = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

**Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>**

Clock Network	ATX PLL			CMU PLL <sup>(2)</sup>			fPLL		
	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

**Notes to Table 24:**

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.



Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

**Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(3)</sup>**

Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

**Notes to Table 25:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

**Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	(8)						
V <sub>OCM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

## Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

### Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

**Note to Table 30:**

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 3 of 4)**

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$t_{DUTY}$	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
$t_{RISE}$ & $t_{FALL}$	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
<b>Receiver</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDRDP}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J $\geq 4$	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	LVDS RX with DPA <sup>(12), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	Mbps

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

**Notes to Table 40:**

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a –2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is  $[625 \text{ ps} + (10 \times 10 \text{ ps}) \pm 20 \text{ ps}] = 725 \text{ ps} \pm 20 \text{ ps}$ .

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

**Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ( $t_{\text{DQS\_PSERR}}$ ) for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

**Notes to Table 41:**

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a –2 speed grade is  $\pm 78 \text{ ps}$  or  $\pm 39 \text{ ps}$ .

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (Part 1 of 2)</sup> <sup>(2), (3)</sup>**

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–55	55	–55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–100	100	–100	100	–110	110	–110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–150	150	–150	150	–165	165	–165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–90	90	–90	90	ps

**Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{JPH}$	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
$t_{JPCO}$	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPZX}$	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPXZ}$	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

**Notes to Table 46:**

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each  $V_{CCIO}$  voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPCO}$  = 12 ns if  $V_{CCIO}$  of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

## Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the “POR Delay Specification” section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices”.

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

**Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices**

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup>
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

**Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices**

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup>
Stratix V E <sup>(1)</sup>	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

**Notes to Table 47:**

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.tff) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.



For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

**Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

**Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×32	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	4
	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

**Note to Table 49:**

- (1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.



If the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

**Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host****Notes to Figure 11:**

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device.  $V_{CCPGM}$  must be high enough to meet the  $V_{IH}$  specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with  $V_{CCPGM}$ .
- (2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0].



## Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

**Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme <sup>(1), (2)</sup>**

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

**Notes to Table 52:**

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

**Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing**



**Notes to Figure 14:**

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS\_DATA [3 : 0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

**Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
$t_{CO}$	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
$t_{SU}$	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
$t_H$	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

**Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
$t_{CF2CD}$	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
$t_{CF2ST0}$	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
$t_{CFG}$	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	$\mu$ s
$t_{STATUS}$	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	$\mu$ s
$t_{CF2ST1}$	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	$\mu$ s
$t_{CF2CK}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	$\mu$ s
$t_{ST2CK}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	$\mu$ s
$t_{DSU}$	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
$t_{DH}$	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
$t_{CH}$	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CL}$	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CLK}$	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$f_{MAX}$	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
$t_{CD2UM}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(3)</sup>	175	437	$\mu$ s
$t_{CD2CU}$	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
$t_{CD2UMC}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})$ <sup>(4)</sup>	—	—

**Notes to Table 54:**

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the “Initialization” section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the  $t_{ST2CK}$  specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the  $t_{CF2CK}$  specification.

## Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

**Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency**

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	8576
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP <sup>(2)</sup>	125 MHz	
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

**Notes to Table 55:**

- (1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the **Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR)** option in the Quartus II software from the **General** panel of the **Device and Pin Options** dialog box.

## Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.</li> </ul>
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the condition for <math>100\text{-}\Omega</math> <math>R_D</math> in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.</li> </ul>
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added the <math>V_{ID}</math> minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>Added the <math>I_{OUT}</math> specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”</li> <li>“Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”</li> <li>“Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”</li> </ul> </li> <li>Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the <math>t_{CO}</math> maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> </ul>

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60</li> <li>■ Added Table 24, Table 48</li> <li>■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12</li> </ul>
February 2013	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46</li> <li>■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”</li> </ul>
December 2012	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35</li> <li>■ Added Table 33</li> <li>■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Remote System Upgrades”</li> <li>■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification”</li> <li>■ Added “Initialization”</li> <li>■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li> <li>■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>.</li> <li>■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.</li> </ul>
December 2011	2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–31.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.</li> </ul>
November 2011	2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.</li> </ul>
May 2011	2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.</li> <li>■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title.</li> <li>■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
December 2010	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.</li> <li>■ Converted chapter to the new template.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.

