E·XFL

Intel - 5SGXMA9N2F45C2LN Datasheet



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	317000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	840000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	840
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1932-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1932-FBGA, FC (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma9n2f45c2ln

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

				shoon and	le entening		(-,
Transceiver Speed				Core Spe	ed Grade			
Grade	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L	I 3YY	14
3		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes (4)	Yes
GX channel—8.5 Gbps	X channel—8.5 Gbps		res res			163	163 17	165

Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering ^{(1), (2), (3)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 1:

(1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.

(2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

(3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.

(4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices. **Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering** ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾

Transaction Oracle Oracle	Core Speed Grade							
Transceiver Speed Grade	C1	C2	12	13				
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	_	_				
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				

Notes to Table 2:

(1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.

(2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

Table 3.	Absolute	Maximum	Ratings	for Stratix \	/ Devices	(Part 1 of 2)
----------	----------	---------	----------------	---------------	-----------	---------------

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CC}	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCPGM}	Power supply for configuration pins	-0.5	3.9	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	-0.5	3.4	V
V _{CCBAT}	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.9	V
V _{CCPD}	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.5	3.9	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O power supply	-0.5	3.9	V

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) ⁽³⁾	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VI (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	0.93 0.88 1.55	V
V _{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply		1.71	1.8	0.93 0.88 1.55 2.625 3.15 2.625 3.15 2.625 1.89 1.575 1.45 1.31 1.26 3.15 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.55 3.0 3.6 V _{CCI0} 85	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5		V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	_	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	_	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	0.93 0.88 1.55 2.625 3.15 2.625 3.15 2.625 1.89 1.575 1.45 1.31 1.26 3.15 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.89 2.625 1.55 3.0 3.6 V _{CCIO} 85	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	_	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V _{CCBAT} (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
VI	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V ₀	Output voltage	—	0	—	V _{CCIO}	V
т	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—		°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/	0 Pin Leakage	Current for Stratix 	/ Devices ⁽¹⁾
-------------	---------------	-----------------------------	--------------------------

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CCIOMAX}$	-30	—	30	μA
I _{0Z}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_0 = 0 V$ to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	-30		30	μA

Note to Table 9:

(1) If $V_0 = V_{CCIO}$ to $V_{CCIOMax}$, 100 μ A of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

			V _{CCIO}										
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	1.2	2 V	1.	5 V	1.8	B V	2.	5 V	3.0	V	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	22.5	_	25.0	_	30.0	_	50.0	_	70.0	_	μA
High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (minimum)	-22.5	_	-25.0	_	-30.0	_	-50.0	_	-70.0	_	μA
Low overdrive current	I _{odl}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	_	120	_	160	_	200	_	300	_	500	μA
High overdrive current	I _{odh}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$		-120		-160	_	-200		-300	_	-500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{trip}	_	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

		C1 C2,I2 C3,I3, I3YY C4,I4 ries termination Verse = 3.0, 2.5 Image: C1 image: C2,I2 image: C2,I					
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,12		C4,14	Unit
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (25- Ω setting)		±15	±15	±15	±15	%

			Calibration Accuracy					
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit	
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	
34-Ω and 40-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (34- Ω and 40- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48- Ω , 60- Ω , 80- Ω , and 240- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%	
20- $Ω$, 30- $Ω$, 40- $Ω$,60- $Ω$, and 120- $Ω$ R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration ($20 \cdot \Omega$, $30 \cdot \Omega$, $40 \cdot \Omega$, $60 \cdot \Omega$, and $120 \cdot \Omega$ setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%	
60-Ω and 120-Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%	
$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{25-}\Omega\\ \textbf{R}_{S_left_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accurat	y Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ ((Part 2 of 2)
-----------------------------------	---	---------------

Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

			Re	esistance	Tolerance	1	
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	$V_{CCI0} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

			Re	esistance	Tolerance		
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100- Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} \,=\, R_{SCAL} \Big(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SCAL}}$ with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13.	OCT Variation after Power-U	Calibration for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾
-----------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------------	------------------------------

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.0297	
		2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

I/O		V _{ccio} (V)		V _{DIF(}	_{DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)	V _{DIF(/}	_{AC)} (V)
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	_	0.5* V _{CCI0}	_	0.4* V _{CCI0}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCI0} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCI0} - 0.12	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.5*V _{CCI0} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	_{cio} (V)	(10)		V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)		Vo	_D (V) (5)	V	_{осм} (V) ((6)
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Tran	ismitte			•		•	of the high-s I/O pin speci	•						For
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} =	_	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS ⁽¹⁾	2.375	2.0	2.025	100	1.25 V	_	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_		—	_	_	_		_		
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	_	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	200		600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4			_	300		_	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8		_	_			
), (9)		_		300	_	_	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6		_	_			—

Notes to Table 22:

(1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

(2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

(3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM} , V_{OD} , and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus[®] II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

- You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
- ***** For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	Transceiver S	necifications (for Stratix	V GX and GS	Devices (1)	(Part 1 of 7)
	114113001101 0	poontoutions	IOI OUIUUA			(1 41 (1 01 1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Trai	isceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		, 2.5-V PCN HCSL	1L, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	/DS, and
Standards	RX reference clock pin			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_		400	_		400	μο
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe [®])	30		33	30		33	30		33	kHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	isceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	isceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode			500	_		500	_		500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600		12500	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	_	1		—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} (16)	_		_	10	—	_	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL	1										
	VCO post-divider L=2	8000		14100	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Current and Date	L=4	4000	_	7050	4000	_	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range	L=8	2000	_	3525	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000		1762.5	1000		1762.5	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (15)	_	1		_	1			1	—	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁶⁾	—			10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL	•			•					•		
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	_	1	_	_	1	_	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) ⁽¹⁾
--

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600		28,050	19,600		25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels		100	_		100		Ω
termination resistors	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
	GT channels		500	_		500	—	mV
V_{OCM} (AC coupled)	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
Dies/Fall times	GT channels	_	15	_		15	—	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels				(8)		1	
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels				(8)			
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL	· · · · · ·							
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	—	1	—	—	1	_	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	_	—	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000		6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	-	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—		—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL						-	· ·	
Supported Data Range	_	600		3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	_	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)		1	_		1			μs

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Table 29.	Typical Von Setting	g for GT Channel, 1	EX Termination = 100 Ω
-----------	---------------------	---------------------	--------------------------------------

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
\mathbf{V}_{0D} differential peak to peak typical (1)	2	400
VOD unicicilitat peak to peak typical (*)	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Symbol Conditions		C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3,	13, 13L	., I 3YY	C4,14			Unit	
Symbol Conditions	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5	_	625	5	_	525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

rx_reset	i		
rx_dpa_locked			

Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	0000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
Wiscenardous	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

(1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.

(2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.

(3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.

(4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps.





Clock Natural Parameter		Symbol	C	1	C2, C2L	, 12, 12L	C3, I3 I3		C4	,14	Unit
Network		-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
PHY Clock	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT}(\text{duty})}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 2 of 2) (2), (3)

Notes to Table 42:

(1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.

(2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.

(3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks		_	20	MHz
T _{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT $\rm R_S/R_T$ calibration	_	1000	_	Cycles
T _{OCTSHIFT}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	_	Cycles
T _{RS_RT}	Time required between the dyn_term_ctrl and oe signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	_	2.5		ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the oe and dyn_term_ctrl signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals



Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	1 4 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 46:

(1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCI0} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, $t_{JPC0} = 12$ ns if V_{CCI0} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.

(2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
	ECCVA2	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	_	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
Ctratic V CC	556504	_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 47:

(1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.

(2) 36-transceiver devices.

(3) 24-transceiver devices.

(4) File size for the periphery image.

(5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

• For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help.*

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
	۸۵	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
ст	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GT	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

Page 60

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is more than 1.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t _{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t _{ST2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5		ns
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	N-1/f _{DCLK} ⁽⁵⁾		S
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 imes 1/f_{MAX}$		S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45\times1/f_{MAX}$		S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}		S
ſ	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t _R	Input rise time	—	40	ns
t _F	Input fall time	—	40	ns
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) ⁽⁴⁾	_	_

Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (5) N is the ${\tt DCLK}\mbox{-to-DATA}$ ratio and $f_{{\tt DCLK}}$ is the ${\tt DCLK}$ frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G		
Н	_	_
Ι		
J	J JTAG Timing Specifications	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus). JTAG Timing Specifications: TMS TDI t_{JCP} t_{JCP} t_{JPCO} t_{JPCO} t_{JPXZ} TDO t_{JPXZ} t_{JPXZ}
K L M N O	_	_
Ρ	PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)
Q		_
	1	

Table 60.	Glossary	(Part 3 of 4)
-----------	----------	---------------

Letter	Subject	Definitions				
	SW (sampling window)	Timing Diagram—the period of time during which the data must be valid in order to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position within the sampling window, as shown: Bit Time 0.5 x TCCS RSKM Sampling Window RSKM 0.5 x TCCS RSKM				
S	The JEDEC standard for SSTL and HSTL I/O defines both the AC and DC input s The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its tin specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input has crossed the AC receiver changes to the new logic state. The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence					
	t _C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.				
	TCCS (channel- to-channel-skew)	The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including t_{c0} variation and clock skew, across channels driven by the same PLL. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement (refer to the <i>Timing Diagram</i> figure under SW in this table).				
	t _{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on the high-speed transmitter output clock.				
т		Timing Unit Interval (TUI) The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and the data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(\text{receiver input clock frequency multiplication factor}) = t_c/w)$				
	t _{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80-20%) Cycle-to-cycle jitter tolerance on the PLL clock input.				
	t _{INCCJ}					
	t _{OUTPJ_IO}	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.				
	t _{outpj_dc}	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.				
	t _{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20-80%)				
U	_	_				

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	 Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure. 		
	3.8	 Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
			 Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table. 	
April 2017		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table 		
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 		
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 		
		 Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table. 		
June 2016	3.7	 Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table 		
Julie 2010		 Added the I_{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.5	 Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		
December 2015		 Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
		• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
		 "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" 		
		 "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate" 		
	3.4	 "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate" 		
July 2015		 Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		
		 Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		
		 Changed the t_{co} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table. 		
		 Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		