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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	359200
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	952000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-HBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxmabk3h40c4n">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxmabk3h40c4n</a>

**Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital power supply	−0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog power supply	−0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	−0.5	3.8	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	−55	125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature (No bias)	−65	150	°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current per pin	−25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

**Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices**

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	−0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GTBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCL_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V

#### Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to −2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

**Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements**

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB <sup>(2)</sup>	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Data rate &gt; 10.3 Gbps.</li> <li>■ DFE is used.</li> </ul>	All	1.05	3.0	1.5	V
If ANY of the following conditions are true <sup>(1)</sup> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ATX PLL is used.</li> <li>■ Data rate &gt; 6.5Gbps.</li> <li>■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.</li> </ul>	All	1.0			
If ALL of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ATX PLL is not used.</li> <li>■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.</li> <li>■ DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.</li> </ul>	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		

**Notes to Table 8:**

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

## DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

### Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

**Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2, I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCPD</sub> = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

**Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)</sup>**

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left( 1 + \left\langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \right\rangle \pm \left\langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \right\rangle \right)$$

**Notes to Equation 1:**

- (1) The R<sub>OCT</sub> value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V<sub>CCIO</sub>.
- (2) R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V<sub>CCIO</sub> at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R<sub>SCAL</sub> with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of R<sub>SCAL</sub> with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

**Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	3.0	0.0297	%/mV
		2.5	0.0344	
		1.8	0.0499	
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

**Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{REF}$ (V)			$V_{TT}$ (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF}$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	$0.47 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.53 * V_{CCIO}$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—	—

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{OL}$ (V)	$V_{OH}$ (V)	$I_{OI}$ (mA)	$I_{OH}$ (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.608$	$V_{TT} + 0.608$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.81$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	$V_{TT} - 0.603$	$V_{TT} + 0.603$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	0.28	$V_{CCIO} - 0.28$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.09$	$V_{REF} + 0.09$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.16$	$V_{REF} + 0.16$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.85$	$V_{REF} + 0.85$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—

-  You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
-  For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

## Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as “Preliminary.”
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

## Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL									
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 4 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	85- $\Omega$ setting	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
	100- $\Omega$ setting	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
	120- $\Omega$ setting	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
	150- $\Omega$ setting	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
$V_{ICM}$ (AC and DC coupled)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85\text{ V}$ or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85\text{ V}$ or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0\text{ V}/1.05\text{ V}$ full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0\text{ V}$ half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
$t_{LTR}$ <sup>(11)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{LTD}$ <sup>(12)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{LTD\_manual}$ <sup>(13)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ <sup>(14)</sup>	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(10)</sup>	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB



Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

**Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>**

Clock Network	ATX PLL			CMU PLL <sup>(2)</sup>			fPLL		
	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

**Notes to Table 24:**

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

**Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(3)</sup>**

Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

**Notes to Table 25:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

**Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
RREF <sup>(17)</sup>	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	Ω
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
<b>Receiver</b>								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Data rate (Standard PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	GX channels	<sup>(8)</sup>						
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration <sup>(16)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GT channels V <sub>CCR_GTB</sub> = 1.05 V (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.65 V)	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V
	GX channels	<sup>(8)</sup>						
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GT channels	200	—	—	200	—	—	mV
	GX channels	<sup>(8)</sup>						

Table 29 shows the  $V_{OD}$  settings for the GT channel.

**Table 29. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega$**

Symbol	$V_{OD}$ Setting	$V_{OD}$ Value (mV)
$V_{OD}$ differential peak to peak typical <sup>(1)</sup>	0	0
	1	200
	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

**Note:**

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform**



Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

**Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

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**Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

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**Transceiver Characterization**

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 3 of 4)**

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$t_{DUTY}$	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
$t_{RISE}$ & $t_{FALL}$	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
<b>Receiver</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDRDP}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J $\geq 4$ LVDS RX with DPA <sup>(12), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	Mbps

**Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps**

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps.

**Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps**

### DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

**Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

**Note to Table 39:**

- (1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps



**Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices**

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup>
Stratix V E <sup>(1)</sup>	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

**Notes to Table 47:**

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.tff) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.



For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

**Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

**Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

**Notes to Table 58:**

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

**Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)**

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D <sub>OUTBUF</sub>	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

**Note to Table 59:**

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

## Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A	—	—
B		
C		
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f <sub>HCLK</sub>	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f <sub>HSDR</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDR</sub> = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> = 1/TUI), DPA.

## Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.</li> </ul>
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the condition for <math>100\text{-}\Omega</math> <math>R_D</math> in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.</li> </ul>
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the <math>V_{ID}</math> minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>■ Added the <math>I_{OUT}</math> specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”</li> <li>■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”</li> <li>■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the <math>t_{CO}</math> maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> </ul>

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the <math>V_{CC}</math> description in Table 6.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to <math>V_{CCHIP\_L}</math>, <math>V_{CCHIP\_R}</math>, <math>V_{CCHSSI\_L}</math>, and <math>V_{CCHSSI\_R}</math> descriptions in Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added 240-<math>\Omega</math> to Table 11.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.</li> <li>■ Changed the Max value of <math>f_{HCLK\_OUT}</math> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.</li> <li>■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.</li> <li>■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.</li> <li>■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.</li> <li>■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”.</li> <li>■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.</li> <li>■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 23 <math>VO_{CM}</math> (DC Coupled) condition.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.</li> <li>■ Updated the notes for Table 47.</li> <li>■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section
October 2013	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59</li> <li>■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3</li> <li>■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section</li> <li>■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.</li> </ul>

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60</li> <li>■ Added Table 24, Table 48</li> <li>■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12</li> </ul>
February 2013	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46</li> <li>■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”</li> </ul>
December 2012	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35</li> <li>■ Added Table 33</li> <li>■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Remote System Upgrades”</li> <li>■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification”</li> <li>■ Added “Initialization”</li> <li>■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li> <li>■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>.</li> <li>■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.</li> </ul>
December 2011	2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–31.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.</li> </ul>
November 2011	2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.</li> </ul>
May 2011	2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.</li> <li>■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title.</li> <li>■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
December 2010	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.</li> <li>■ Converted chapter to the new template.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.