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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	41984000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxmb5r2f40c3n

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Electrical Characteristics Page 7

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V _{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	neceiver analog power supply (right side)	ux, us, u1	0.97	1.0	1.03	v
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V _{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V _{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog newer cupply (left side)	CV CC CT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.97	1.0	1.03	v
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V _{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	ux, us, u1	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V _{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V _{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V _{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V _{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

⁽¹⁾ This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.

⁽²⁾ Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.

⁽³⁾ When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.

⁽⁴⁾ This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Page 8 Electrical Characteristics

Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB (2)	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:		4.05			
■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps.	All	1.05			
■ DFE is used.					
If ANY of the following conditions are true (1):			3.0		
ATX PLL is used.					
■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps.	All	1.0			
■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.				1.5	V
If ALL of the following	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
conditions are true: ATX PLL is not used.					
■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		
DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.					

Notes to Table 8:

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Page 10 Electrical Characteristics

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 2 of 2)

				Calibratio	n Accuracy		
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
$34\text{-}\Omega$ and $40\text{-}\Omega$ R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (34- Ω and 40- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48 - Ω , 60 - Ω , 80 - Ω , and 240 - Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48- Ω , 60- Ω , 80- Ω , and 240- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{c} 20\text{-}\Omega,30\text{-}\Omega,\\ 40\text{-}\Omega,60\text{-}\Omega,\\ \text{and}\\ 120\text{-}\OmegaR_T \end{array}$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20- Ω , 30- Ω , 40- Ω , 60- Ω , and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60- Ω and 120- Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{25-}\Omega \\ \textbf{R}_{S_left_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Note to Table 11:

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

			Re	Resistance Tolerance					
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C 1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit		
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CC10} = 3.0 and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%		
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CC10} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%		
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%		

⁽¹⁾ OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Electrical Characteristics Page 13

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Symbol	Description	V _{CC10} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
		3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before	1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
R _{PU}	and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable	1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	pull-up resistor option.	1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 k Ω .
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL} , respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

1/0		V _{CCIO} (V)		VII	_(V)	V _{IH}	(V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL}	I _{OH}
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	(mA)
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCIO} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2

Page 14 Electrical Characteristics

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.53 * V _{CCIO}	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	_	_	_

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I (mA)	I _{oh}
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I _{ol} (mA)	(mA)
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.608	V _{TT} + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.81	V _{TT} + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	V _{TT} – 0.603	V _{TT} + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V _{CCIO} - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	_	V _{REF} – 0.16	V _{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_
SSTL-125 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.85	V _{REF} + 0.85	_	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_

Page 18 Switching Characteristics

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	, 2.5-V PCN HCSL	1L, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	/DS, and
Statiuatus	RX reference clock pin	e 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						d LVDS			
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (8)	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (8)	_	100	_	710	100	_	710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ne
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Duty cycle	_	45		55	45	_	55	45		55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	_	33	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	85– Ω setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100–Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%		_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors ⁽²¹⁾	120–Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC and DC	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
coupled)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = \\ 1.0 \text{ V/1.05 V} \\ \text{full} \\ \text{bandwidth}$	_	700	_	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t _{LTR} (11)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
t _{LTD} (12)	_	4	_		4			4			μs
t _{LTD_manual} (13)	_	4	_		4			4			μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} (14)		15			15		_	15	_		μs
Run Length		_	_	200	_		200	_	-	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) (10)	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	_	_	16	_	_	16	_	_	16	dB

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed e 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	sceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	ı	ı	500	_	ı	500	_	_	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL											
	VCO post-divider L=2	8000		14100	8000		12500	8000	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Currented Date	L=4	4000	_	7050	4000	_	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range	L=8	2000	_	3525	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
S	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (16)	_		_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	_	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (15)	_	1	_		1	_		1			μs

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (1)

Mode ⁽²⁾	Transceiver	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32			
Widue (2)	Speed Grade	PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32			
1	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6			
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5			
	۷	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88			
FIFO or Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps								
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade									
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade									
		I3YY core speed grade			10.312	25 Gbps					

Notes to Table 26:

⁽¹⁾ The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

⁽²⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz	_	_	-90		_	-90	
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) ⁽¹⁸⁾	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	
	≥1 MHz		_	-120	_		-120	1
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁵⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
RREF (17)	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency		100	_	125	100		125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	_	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						6
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽³⁾	GT channels	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels		_	1.6	_		1.6	V
differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	$V_{CCR_GTB} = 1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.65 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
oomiguration ', ' /	GX channels			<u> </u>	(8)		•	•
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_	_	200		_	mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins ⁽⁴⁾ , ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			

Page 32 Switching Characteristics

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (7)	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85-Ω setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels (19)	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t _{LTD_manual} (11)		4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} (12)		15	_	_	15	_	_	μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	_	_	72	CID
nuii Leiigiii	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels	_	_	1000	_	_	1000	± PPM
ODITITIVI	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	_	_	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	7.5	_	_	7.5	dB
DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	· '		•			•	•	
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600		12,500	Mbps

Page 34 Switching Characteristics

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			T Sp	Unit		
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t_{LTB} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) tLTD is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000 Ω ±1%.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 4)

Combal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	I3, I3I	., I3YY		C4,I4	4	II.a.i.k
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1434	(6)	_	1250	(6)	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS TX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)		1250	Mbps
- f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) (10)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 (17)	(6)	_	1100	(6)	_	1100	(6)	_	840	(6)		840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.25	UI

Page 48 Switching Characteristics

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

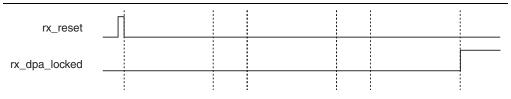


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum	
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions	
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions	
Faranei napiu 1/0	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions	
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions	
IVIISCEIIAITEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions	

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate \geq 1.25 Gbps

LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification

25

8.5

0.35

0.1

F1 F2

F3

F4

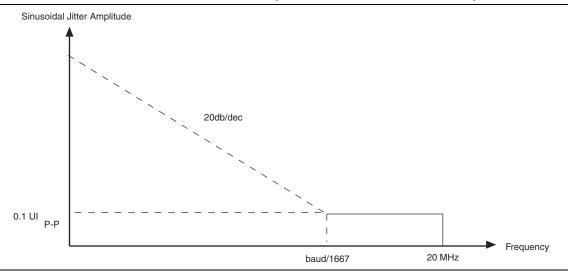
Jitter Frequency (Hz)

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate \geq 1.25 Gbps

Jitter F	requency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps



DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Page 56 Configuration Specification

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 2 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
1FF ×32	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

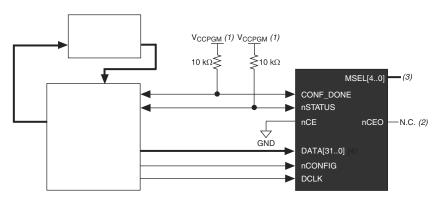
(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.



If the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio -1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V_{CCPGM} must be high enough to meet the V_{IH} specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V_{CCPGM}.
- (2) You can leave the nceo pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nce pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP $\times 8$, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP $\times 16$, use DATA [15..0].

Page 58 Configuration Specification

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μ\$
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 ⁽³⁾	μ\$
t _{CF2CK} (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μ\$
t _{ST2CK} (6)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μ\$
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (4)	175	437	μS
+	GOVER DOVER high to GUVERN anabled	4 × maximum		
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) ⁽⁵⁾	_	_

Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nstatus low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Glossary Page 65

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter Available Settings	Avoilable	Availahla	Available	Min	Fast	Model				Slow M	lodel			
	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit			
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns		
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns		
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns		
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns		

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column of Assignment Editor.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
D		25	ps
D _{OUTBUF}		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions	
Α			
В	_	_	
С			
D	_	_	
E	_	_	
	f _{HSCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.	
F	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.	
	f _{HSDRDPA}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.	

⁽¹⁾ You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the Output Buffer Delay Control assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the Output Buffer Delay assignment.

Page 68 Glossary

Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions	
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.	
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.	
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.	
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.	
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.	
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.	
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage	
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage	
V	V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.	
	V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage	
	V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage	
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.	
	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.	
	V _{SWING}	Differential input voltage	
	V _X	Input differential cross point voltage	
	V _{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage	
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor	
Х			
Υ		_	
Z			

Document Revision History Page 69

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes	
June 2018	3.9	Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.	
April 2017		■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.	
	3.8	■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.	
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R _D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.	
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table	
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.	
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.	
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.	
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V _{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table	
		■ Added the I _{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.	
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.	
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.	
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.	
	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:	
		"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"	
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"	
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"	
July 2015		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.	
		■ Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.	
		■ Changed the t _{CO} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.	
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.	