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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	225400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	597000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxmb6r1f40c1n

Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering ^{(1), (2), (3)} (Part 2 of 2)

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade							
	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L	I3YY	I4
3 GX channel—8.5 Gbps	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes ⁽⁴⁾	Yes

Notes to Table 1:

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
 (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.
 (3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.
 (4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices.

Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering ^{(1), (2)}

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade			
	C1	C2	I2	I3
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	—	—
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes to Table 2:

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
 (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CC}	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	−0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCPGM}	Power supply for configuration pins	−0.5	3.9	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	−0.5	3.4	V
V _{CCBAT}	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	−0.5	3.9	V
V _{CCPD}	I/O pre-driver power supply	−0.5	3.9	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O power supply	−0.5	3.9	V

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

- (1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.
- (2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.
- (3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.
- (4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB ⁽²⁾	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps. ■ DFE is used. 	All	1.05	3.0	1.5	V
If ANY of the following conditions are true ⁽¹⁾ : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATX PLL is used. ■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used. 	All	1.0			
If ALL of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATX PLL is not used. ■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used. 	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		

Notes to Table 8:

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2, I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)}

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left(1 + \left\langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \right\rangle \pm \left\langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \right\rangle \right)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO}.
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	3.0	0.0297	% / mV
		2.5	0.0344	
		1.8	0.0499	
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/ ^o C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN} (DC)	DC current per I/O pin	300 μ A
I _{IOPIN} (AC)	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C \, dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5* V _{CCIO}	—	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCIO} – 0.12	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.5*V _{CCIO} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽⁷⁾

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V) ⁽¹⁰⁾			V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)			V _{OD} (V) ⁽⁶⁾			V _{OCM} (V) ⁽⁶⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.														
2.5 V LVDS ⁽¹⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS ⁽⁵⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	—	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL ^{(4), (9)}	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	300	—	—	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: 90 ≤ RL ≤ 110 Ω.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 18.
- (8) The minimum V_{ID} value is applicable over the entire common mode range, V_{CM}.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (<code>mgmt_clk_clk</code>) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	−0.4	—	—	−0.4	—	—	−0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) after device configuration ⁽¹⁸⁾ , (22)	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 1.0 V/1.05 V ($V_{ICM} =$ 0.70 V)	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 0.90 V ($V_{ICM} = 0.6$ V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 0.85 V ($V_{ICM} = 0.6$ V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ⁽⁶⁾ , (22), (27)	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Differential on- chip termination resistors	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time ⁽⁷⁾	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels ⁽¹⁹⁾	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μ s
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹²⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μ s
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	\pm PPM
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽¹⁾	0	0
	1	200
	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform



Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (–40° to 100°C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
f_{VCO} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth ⁽⁷⁾	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{RES}	Resolution of VCO frequency ($f_{INPFD} = 100$ MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4) f_{REF} is f_{IN}/N when $N = 1$.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: $0.59\text{MHz} \leq \text{Upstream PLL BW} < 1$ MHz
 - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 - 0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 - 0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	Peformance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using one DSP								
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
Modes using two DSPs								
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter														
True Differential I/O Standards - f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 ^{(9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1434	(6)	—	1250	(6)	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS TX with DPA ^{(12), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) ⁽¹⁰⁾	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 ⁽¹⁷⁾	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	840	(6)	—	840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled



Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only ^{(1), (2), (3)}

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the LVDS soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps



Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4, I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 44:

(1) The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

Configuration Specification

POR Delay Specification

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification ⁽¹⁾

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

Note to Table 45:

(1) You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

JTAG Configuration Specifications

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	30	—	ns
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	167	—	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TDI)}	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TMS)}	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the “POR Delay Specification” section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices”.

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

Notes to Table 48:

- (1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.
 (2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio ⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D _{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A	—	—
B		
C		
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f _{HCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	f _{HSDRDPA}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega$ R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” ■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.