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Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	225400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	597000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxmb6r1f40c2ln

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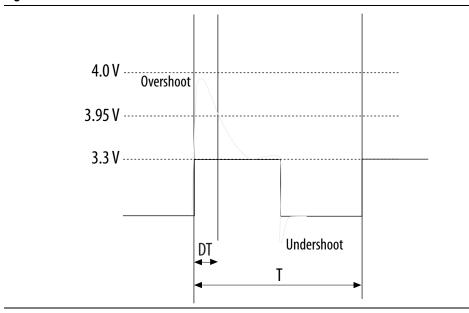
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Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T _J = 100°C	Unit
		3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



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I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 V to V_{CCIOMAX}$	-30	_	30	μΑ
I _{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_0 = 0 V \text{ to } V_{\text{CCIOMAX}}$	-30	_	30	μΑ

Note to Table 9:

(1) If $V_0 = V_{CCIO}$ to $V_{CCIOMax}$, 100 μA of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

							V	CIO					
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	1.2	2 V	1.9	5 V	1.8	B V	2.	5 V	3.0	V	Unit
			Min	Max									
Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	22.5	_	25.0	_	30.0	_	50.0	_	70.0	_	μА
High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (minimum)	-22.5	_	-25.0	_	-30.0	_	-50.0	—	-70.0		μА
Low overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	120	_	160	_	200	_	300	_	500	μА
High overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	-120	_	-160	_	-200	_	-300	_	-500	μА
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	_	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

				Calibratio	n Accuracy		
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C 1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

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Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.53 * V _{CCIO}	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	_	_	_

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	; ₎ (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I (mA)	I _{oh}
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I _{ol} (mA)	(mA)
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.608	V _{TT} + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.81	V _{TT} + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	V _{TT} – 0.603	V _{TT} + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V _{CCIO} - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	_	V _{REF} – 0.16	V _{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_
SSTL-125 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.85	V _{REF} + 0.85	_	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_

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Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	; ₎ (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	l _{oh}	
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min Max		Max	Min	Max Min		I _{OI} (IIIA)	(mA)	
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8	
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16	
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8	
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16	
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	8	-8	
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	16	-16	
HSUL-12	_	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	_	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V _{CCIO}	0.9* V _{CCIO}	_		

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{SWIN}	_{G(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{SWING(AC)} (V)		
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30	

Note to Table 20:

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O			V _{DIF(}	_{DC)} (V)	V _{X(AC)} (V)				V _{CM(DC)} (V	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)			
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2		0.68	_	0.9	0.68		0.9	0.4	_

⁽¹⁾ The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits $(V_{IH(DC)})$ and $V_{IL(DC)})$.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽²¹⁾	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin		_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	_	-0.4		_	-0.4		_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/	1000/90	00/850 ⁽²⁾	1050/1000/900/850 (2)			1050/	1000/9	00/850 ⁽²⁾	mV
coupled) ⁽³⁾	RX reference clock pin	1.	.0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	_	_	-120		_	-120		_	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (17)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R _{REF} (19)	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	180 0 ±1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock	<u> </u>			_			_				
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL (2))		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	_	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide	_	_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above
	_	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	and below PLL	J. 125	3.123	and below PLL

Notes to Table 24:

⁽¹⁾ Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

⁽²⁾ ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

⁽³⁾ Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

⁽⁴⁾ Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions		Transceivei peed Grade		T Sp	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t_{LTB} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) tLTD is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000 Ω ±1%.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Table 29 shows the $\ensuremath{V_{\text{OD}}}$ settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{0D} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V _{op} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
V differential peak to peak tunical (1)	2	400
V _{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽¹⁾	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

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Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform

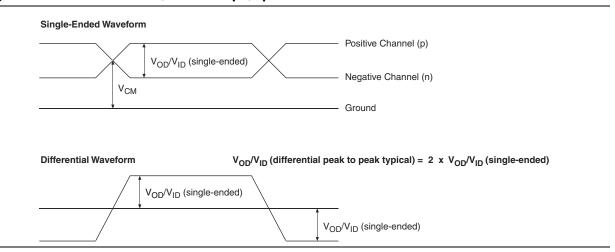


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

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Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

_														
Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I	4	Unit
Symbol	Symbol Conditions		Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards (3)	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5		800	5	_	800	5		625 (5)	5		525 (5)	MHz

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	I3, I3I	., I3YY		C4,I4	4	IIi.
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1434	(6)	_	1250	(6)	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS TX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)		1250	Mbps
I/O Standards - f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) (10)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 (17)	(6)	_	1100	(6)	_	1100	(6)	_	840	(6)		840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.2	_	_	0.25	UI

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 4 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	I3, I3I	., I3YY		C4,I	4	Unit
Symbol	Conuntions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)	_	(8)	Mbps
f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	_		_	1000 0			1000 0	_		1000 0	_	_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode	•													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode	,													
Sampling Window	_	_	_	300	_		300	_		300	_	_	300	ps

Notes to Table 36:

- (1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.
- (2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.
- (3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.
- (4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.
- (5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.
- (6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.
- (7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.
- (8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.
- (9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.
- (10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.
- (11) The F_{MAX} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{MAX} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.
- (12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.
- (13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.
- (14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.
- (15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.
- (16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.
- (17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

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Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins (1)

Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit
-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 44:

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POR Delay Specification

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification (1)

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

Note to Table 45:

JTAG Configuration Specifications

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period (2)	30	_	ns
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period (2)	167	_	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time (2)	14	_	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time (2)	14	_	ns
t _{JPSU (TDI)}	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	_	ns
t _{JPSU (TMS)}	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	_	ns

⁽¹⁾ The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

⁽¹⁾ You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

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Table 46.	JTAG Timino	Parameters ar	nd Values	for Stratix V Devices
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Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	_	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	_	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	_	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	_	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
	ECCVAO	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Chrotin V CT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GT	5SGTC7	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	_	137,598,880	564,504
	FCCCD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
Ctrativ V CC	5SGSD4	_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	_	293,441,888	565,528

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Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μ\$
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 ⁽³⁾	μ\$
t _{CF2CK} (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μ\$
t _{ST2CK} (6)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μ\$
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (4)	175	437	μS
+	GOVER DOVER high to GUVERN anabled	4 × maximum		
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) ⁽⁵⁾	_	_

Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nstatus low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

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Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)

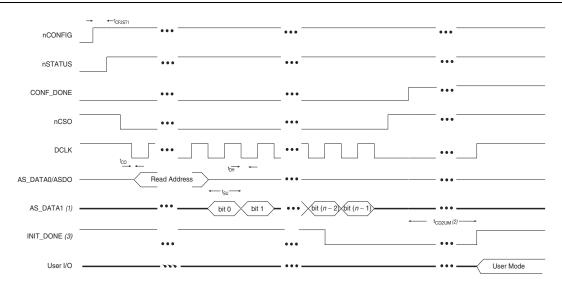
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or ${\tt CLKUSR}$ pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the $INIT_DONE$ pin is configured into the device, the $INIT_DONE$ goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS $\times 1$ and AS $\times 4$ configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATAO/ASDO output	_	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	_	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	_	ns

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Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter Available	Min	Fast Model		Slow Model								
(1)	Settings	HITTERT	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column of Assignment Editor.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
		0 (default)	ps
D	Rising and/or falling edge delay	25	ps
D _{OUTBUF}		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions		
Α				
В	_	_		
С				
D				
E				
	f _{HSCLK} Left and right PLL input clock frequency.			
F	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.		
	f _{HSDRDPA}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.		

⁽¹⁾ You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the Output Buffer Delay Control assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the Output Buffer Delay assignment.

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Table 60. Glossary (Part 3 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions				
	SW (sampling window)	Timing Diagram—the period of time during which the data must be valid in order to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position within the sampling window, as shown: Bit Time 0.5 x TCCS RSKM Sampling Window (SW) RSKM 0.5 x TCCS				
S	Single-ended voltage referenced I/O standard	The JEDEC standard for SSTL and HSTL I/O defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input has crossed the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state. The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform ringing: Single-Ended Voltage Referenced I/O Standard VIHACO VIHACO VILLOCO V				
	t _C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.				
	TCCS (channel- to-channel-skew)	The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including t_{CO} variation and clock skew, across channels driven by the same PLL. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement (refer to the <i>Timing Diagram</i> figure under SW in this table).				
		High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on the high-speed transmitter output clock.				
Т	t _{DUTY}	Timing Unit Interval (TUI) The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and the data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(\text{receiver input clock frequency multiplication factor}) = t_{\text{C}}/w$)				
	t _{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80-20%)				
	t _{INCCJ}	Cycle-to-cycle jitter tolerance on the PLL clock input.				
	t _{OUTPJ_IO}	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.				
	t _{OUTPJ_DC}	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.				
	t _{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20-80%)				
U	_					

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Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.		
		■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R _D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
April 2017	3.8	■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.		
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V _{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table		
		■ Added the I _{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
		"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"		
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"		
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"		
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
		Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the t _{CO} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46
		■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35
		■ Added Table 33
		■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"
D	0.5	■ Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"
December 2012	2.5	■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"
		■ Added "Remote System Upgrades"
		■ Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"
		■ Added "Initialization"
		■ Added "Raw Binary File Size"
	2.4	■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.
June 2012		■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.
		Various edits throughout to fix bugs.
		■ Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.
		■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Navarah ay 0044	2.1	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.
November 2011		■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
		■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.
		■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.
		■ Minor text edits.
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010	1.1	Converted chapter to the new template.
		■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.