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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	225400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	597000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (Tj)
Package / Case	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxmb6r3f40c2ln">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxmb6r3f40c2ln</a>

**Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering <sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade							
	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L	I3YY	I4
3 GX channel—8.5 Gbps	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes <sup>(4)</sup>	Yes

**Notes to Table 1:**

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.
- (3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.
- (4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices.

**Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering <sup>(1), (2)</sup>**

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade			
	C1	C2	I2	I3
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	—	—
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Notes to Table 2:**

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

**Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Power supply for configuration pins	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub>	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub>	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O power supply	-0.5	3.9	V

## Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

**Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Typ	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	—	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) <sup>(3)</sup>	—	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	—	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	—	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	—	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	—	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	—	1.2	—	3.0	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	—	-0.5	—	3.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	—	0	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	-40	—	100	°C

**Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Typ	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
t <sub>RAMP</sub>	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μs	—	100 ms	—
		Fast POR	200 μs	—	4 ms	—

**Notes to Table 6:**

- (1) V<sub>CCPD</sub> must be 2.5 V when V<sub>CCIO</sub> is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V<sub>CCPD</sub> must be 3.0 V when V<sub>CCIO</sub> is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V<sub>CCBAT</sub> to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V<sub>CCBAT</sub>. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V<sub>CCBAT</sub> stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

**Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum <sup>(4)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub> (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub> (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCHSSL_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCHSSL_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub> (2)	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{OL}$ (V)	$V_{OH}$ (V)	$I_{ol}$ (mA)	$I_{oh}$ (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	0.25* $V_{CCIO}$	0.75* $V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	0.25* $V_{CCIO}$	0.75* $V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	$V_{REF} - 0.13$	$V_{REF} + 0.13$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.22$	$V_{REF} + 0.22$	0.1* $V_{CCIO}$	0.9* $V_{CCIO}$	—	—

**Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.2$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.2$	0.62	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.175$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.175$	0.5	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	$2(V_{IL(AC)} - V_{REF})$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$	$2(V_{IH(AC)} - V_{REF})$	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	-0.30	0.30

**Note to Table 20:**

(1) The maximum value for  $V_{SWING(DC)}$  is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ( $V_{IH(DC)}$  and  $V_{IL(DC)}$ ).

**Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

**Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	—	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.12	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5*V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.12	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.44	0.44

**Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(7)</sup>**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V) <sup>(10)</sup>			V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(8)</sup>			V <sub>ICM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>OD</sub> (V) <sup>(6)</sup>			V <sub>OCM</sub> (V) <sup>(6)</sup>		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.														
2.5 V LVDS <sup>(1)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	—	0.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS <sup>(5)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RSDS (HIO) <sup>(2)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	—	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) <sup>(3)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	—	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL <sup>(4), (9)</sup>	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.6	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
				300	—	—	1	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—

**Notes to Table 22:**

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V<sub>ICM</sub>, V<sub>OD</sub>, and V<sub>OCM</sub> specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: 90 ≤ RL ≤ 110 Ω.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 18.
- (8) The minimum V<sub>ID</sub> value is applicable over the entire common mode range, V<sub>CM</sub>.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

## Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	$\Omega$
Absolute $V_{MAX}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute $V_{MIN}$	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
$V_{ICM}$ (AC coupled) <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			V
$V_{ICM}$ (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	$\geq 1$ MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(17)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
$R_{REF}$ <sup>(19)</sup>	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	$\Omega$
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
<b>CMU PLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{\text{pll\_powerdown}}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{\text{pll\_lock}}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>ATX PLL</b>											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
$t_{\text{pll\_powerdown}}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{\text{pll\_lock}}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>fPLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{\text{pll\_powerdown}}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

**Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(3)</sup>**

Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

**Notes to Table 25:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 27 shows the  $V_{OD}$  settings for the GX channel.

**Table 27. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega$  <sup>(2)</sup>**

Symbol	$V_{OD}$ Setting	$V_{OD}$ Value (mV)	$V_{OD}$ Setting	$V_{OD}$ Value (mV)
<b><math>V_{OD}</math> differential peak to peak typical <sup>(3)</sup></b>	0 <sup>(1)</sup>	0	32	640
	1 <sup>(1)</sup>	20	33	660
	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	34	680
	3 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	35	700
	4 <sup>(1)</sup>	80	36	720
	5 <sup>(1)</sup>	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
	15	300	47	940
	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

**Note to Table 27:**

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100 $\Omega$ , this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
<b>Reference Clock</b>								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(19)</sup>	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	$\Omega$
Absolute $V_{MAX}$ <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute $V_{MIN}$	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
$V_{ICM}$ (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup>			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(22)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(22)</sup>			V
$V_{ICM}$ (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
RREF <sup>(17)</sup>	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	Ω
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
<b>Receiver</b>								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Data rate (Standard PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	GX channels	<sup>(8)</sup>						
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration <sup>(16), (20)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V
	GX channels	<sup>(8)</sup>						
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4), (20)</sup>	GT channels	200	—	—	200	—	—	mV
	GX channels	<sup>(8)</sup>						

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

## Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

### Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

**Note to Table 30:**

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

## Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface.

General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-LVTTL/LVCMOS are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-LVCMOS at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

### High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

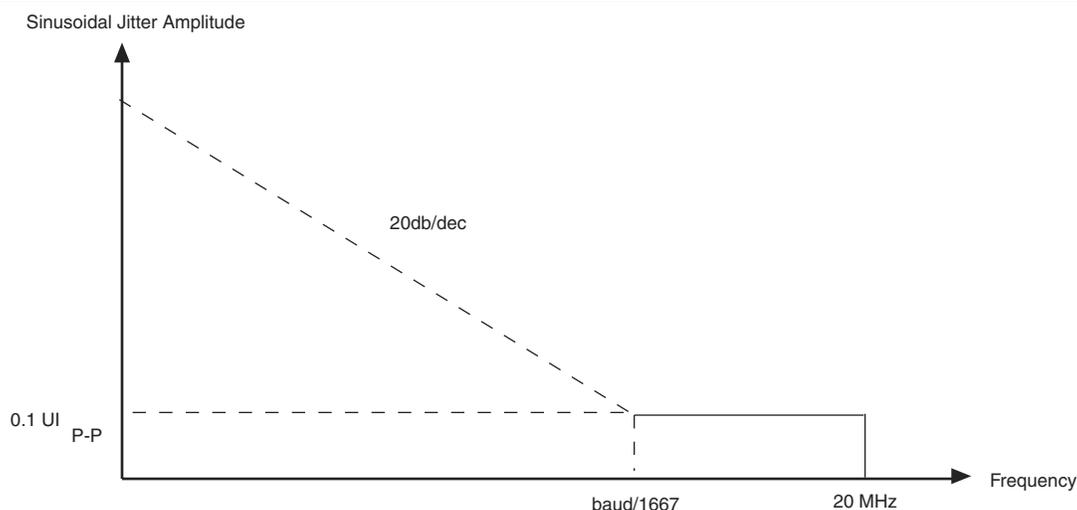
**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup> (Part 1 of 4)**

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$f_{\text{HSCLK\_in}}$ (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor $W = 1$ to 40 <sup>(4)</sup>	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
$f_{\text{HSCLK\_in}}$ (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards <sup>(3)</sup>	Clock boost factor $W = 1$ to 40 <sup>(4)</sup>	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
$f_{\text{HSCLK\_in}}$ (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor $W = 1$ to 40 <sup>(4)</sup>	5	—	520	5	—	520	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz
$f_{\text{HSCLK\_OUT}}$ (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625 <sup>(5)</sup>	5	—	525 <sup>(5)</sup>	MHz

**Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps**

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps.

**Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps**

### DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

**Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

**Note to Table 39:**

- (1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

**Notes to Table 40:**

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is  $[625 \text{ ps} + (10 \times 10 \text{ ps}) \pm 20 \text{ ps}] = 725 \text{ ps} \pm 20 \text{ ps}$ .

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

**Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ( $t_{\text{DQS\_PSERR}}$ ) for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

**Notes to Table 41:**

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is  $\pm 78 \text{ ps}$  or  $\pm 39 \text{ ps}$ .

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup>**

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

**Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

**Notes to Table 48:**

- (1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.  
(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

## Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

### DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for each combination.

**Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

**Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

**Notes to Table 58:**

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

**Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)**

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D <sub>OUTBUF</sub>	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

**Note to Table 59:**

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

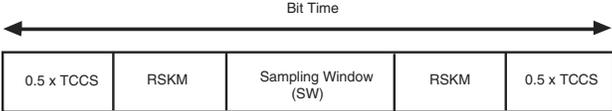
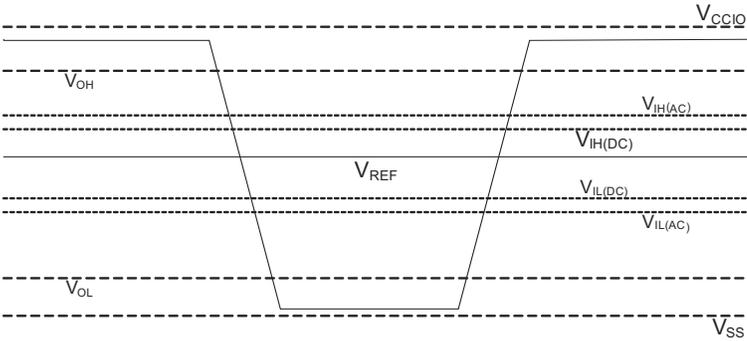
## Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
<b>A</b>		
<b>B</b>	—	—
<b>C</b>		
<b>D</b>	—	—
<b>E</b>	—	—
<b>F</b>	f <sub>HCLK</sub>	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f <sub>HSDR</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDR</sub> = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> = 1/TUI), DPA.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 3 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
S	SW (sampling window)	<p>Timing Diagram—the period of time during which the data must be valid in order to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position within the sampling window, as shown:</p> 
	Single-ended voltage referenced I/O standard	<p>The JEDEC standard for <b>SSTL</b> and <b>HSTL</b> I/O defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input has crossed the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state.</p> <p>The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform ringing:</p> <p><i>Single-Ended Voltage Referenced I/O Standard</i></p> 
T	$t_c$	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.
	<b>TCCS (channel-to-channel-skew)</b>	The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including $t_{CO}$ variation and clock skew, across channels driven by the same PLL. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement (refer to the <i>Timing Diagram</i> figure under <b>SW</b> in this table).
	$t_{DUTY}$	<p>High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on the high-speed transmitter output clock.</p> <p><b>Timing Unit Interval (TUI)</b></p> <p>The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and the data sampling window. (TUI = <math>1/(\text{receiver input clock frequency multiplication factor}) = t_c/w</math>)</p>
	$t_{FALL}$	Signal high-to-low transition time (80-20%)
	$t_{INCCJ}$	Cycle-to-cycle jitter tolerance on the PLL clock input.
	$t_{OUTPJ\_IO}$	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.
	$t_{OUTPJ\_DC}$	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.
U	—	—

## Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.</li> </ul>
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the condition for <math>100\text{-}\Omega</math> <math>R_D</math> in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.</li> </ul>
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added the <math>V_{ID}</math> minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>Added the <math>I_{OUT}</math> specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”</li> <li>“Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”</li> <li>“Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”</li> </ul> </li> <li>Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the <math>t_{CO}</math> maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> </ul>

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the <math>V_{CC}</math> description in Table 6.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to <math>V_{CCHIP\_L}</math>, <math>V_{CCHIP\_R}</math>, <math>V_{CCHSSI\_L}</math>, and <math>V_{CCHSSI\_R}</math> descriptions in Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added 240-<math>\Omega</math> to Table 11.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.</li> <li>■ Changed the Max value of <math>f_{HCLK\_OUT}</math> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.</li> <li>■ Changed the <b>.rbf</b> file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.</li> <li>■ Added note about <code>nSTATUS</code> to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.</li> <li>■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.</li> <li>■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”.</li> <li>■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.</li> <li>■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Updated the <code>DCLK</code> note to Figure 11.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 23 <math>VO_{CM}</math> (DC Coupled) condition.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added the <code>DCLK</code> specification to Table 55.</li> <li>■ Updated the notes for Table 47.</li> <li>■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 28</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 33</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28</li> </ul>
October 2013	2.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section</li> </ul>
October 2013	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59</li> <li>■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3</li> <li>■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section</li> <li>■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.</li> </ul>