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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

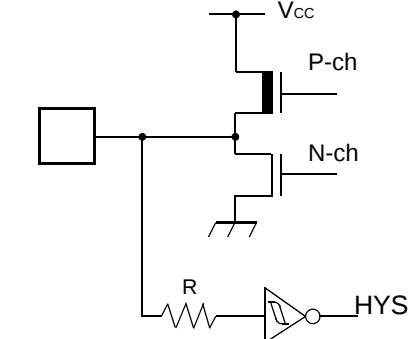
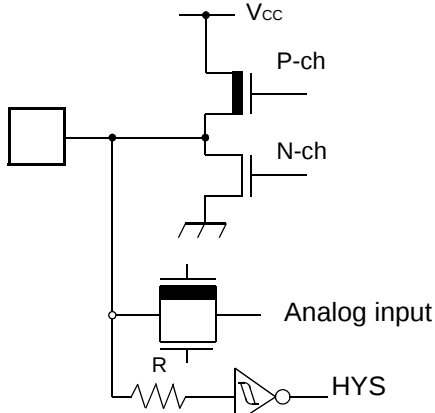
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	F ² MC-16LX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, SCI, Serial I/O, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	78
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	Mask ROM
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x8/10b
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-QFP (14x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90598gpf-g-173-jne1

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1. Product Lineup

Features		MB90598G	MB90F598G	MB90V595G
Classification		Mask ROM product	Flash ROM product	Evaluation product
ROM size		128 Kbytes	128 Kbytes Boot block Hard-wired reset vector	None
RAM size		4 Kbytes	4 Kbytes	6 Kbytes
Emulator-specific power supply *1		—		None
CPU functions		The number of instructions: 351 Instruction bit length: 8 bits, 16 bits Instruction length: 1 byte to 7 bytes Data bit length: 1 bit, 8 bits, 16 bits Minimum execution time: 62.5 ns (at machine clock frequency of 16 MHz) Interrupt processing time: 1.5 μs (at machine clock frequency of 16 MHz, minimum value)		
UART0		Clock synchronized transmission (500 K/1 M/2 Mbps) Clock asynchronous transmission (4808/5208/9615/10417/19230/38460/62500 /500000 bps at machine clock frequency of 16 MHz) Transmission can be performed by bi-directional serial transmission or by master/slave connection.		
UART1(SCI)		Clock synchronized transmission (62.5 K/125 K/250 K/500 K/1 Mbps) Clock asynchronous transmission (1202/2404/4808/9615/31250 bps) Transmission can be performed by bi-directional serial transmission or by master/slave connection.		
8/10-bit A/D converter		Conversion precision: 8/10-bit can be selectively used. Number of inputs: 8 One-shot conversion mode (converts selected channel once only) Scan conversion mode (converts two or more successive channels and can program up to 8 channels) Continuous conversion mode (converts selected channel continuously) Stop conversion mode (converts selected channel and stop operation repeatedly)		
8/16-bit PPG timers (6 channels)		Number of channels: 6 (8/16-bit × 6 channels) PPG operation of 8-bit or 16-bit A pulse wave of given intervals and given duty ratios can be output. Pulse interval: fsys, fsys/2 ¹ , fsys/2 ² , fsys/2 ³ , fsys/2 ⁴ (fsys = system clock frequency) 128μs (fosc = 4MHz: oscillation clock frequency)		
16-bit Reload timer		Number of channels: 2 Operation clock frequency: fsys/2 ¹ , fsys/2 ³ , fsys/2 ⁵ (fsys = System clock frequency) Supports External Event Count function		
16-bit I/O timer	16-bit Output compares	Number of channels: 4 Pin input factor: A match signal of compare register		
	Input captures	Number of channels: 4 Rewriting a register value upon a pin input (rising, falling, or both edges)		

Circuit Type	Circuit	Remarks
D		■ CMOS output ■ CMOS Hysteresis input
E		■ CMOS output ■ CMOS Hysteresis input ■ Analog input

(Continued)

5. Handling Devices

(1) Make Sure that the Voltage not Exceed the Maximum Rating (to Avoid a Latch-up).

In CMOS ICs, a latch-up phenomenon is caused when an voltage exceeding V_{CC} or an voltage below V_{SS} is applied to input or output pins or a voltage exceeding the rating is applied across V_{CC} and V_{SS} .

When a latch-up is caused, the power supply current may be dramatically increased causing resultant thermal break-down of devices. To avoid the latch-up, make sure that the voltage not exceed the maximum rating.

In turning on/turning off the analog power supply, make sure the analog power voltage (AV_{CC} , AV_{RH} , DV_{CC}) and analog input voltages not exceed the digital voltage (V_{CC}).

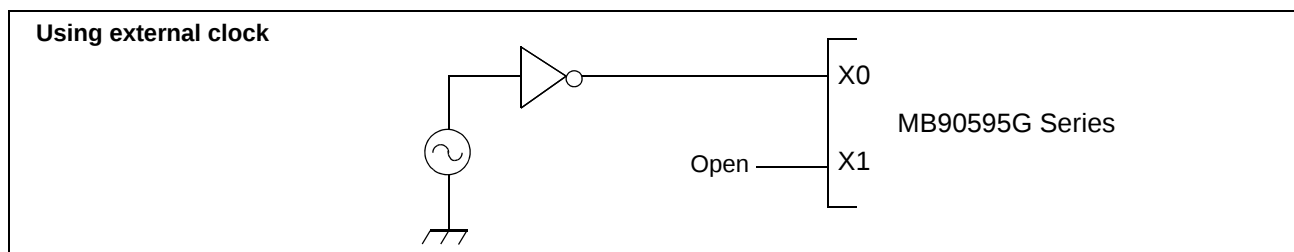
(2) Treatment of Unused Pins

Unused input pins left open may cause abnormal operation, or latch-up leading to permanent damage. Unused input pins should be pulled up or pulled down through at least 2 k Ω resistance.

Unused input/output pins may be left open in output state, but if such pins are in input state they should be handled in the same way as input pins.

(3) Using external clock

In using the external clock, drive X0 pin only and leave X1 pin unconnected.

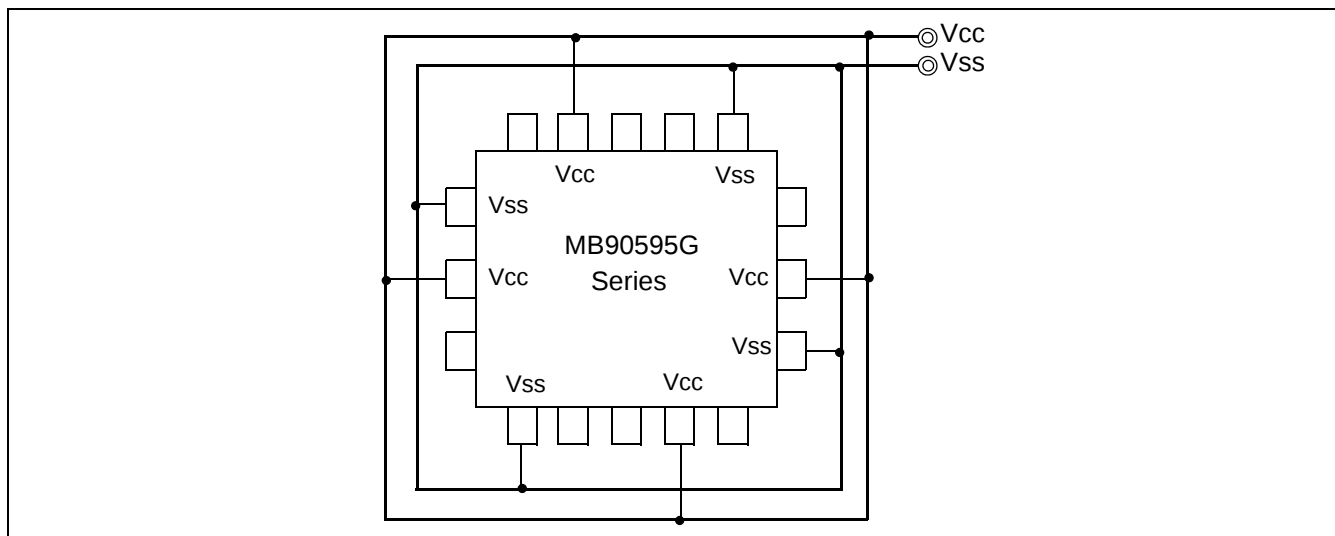


(4) Power supply pins (V_{CC}/V_{SS})

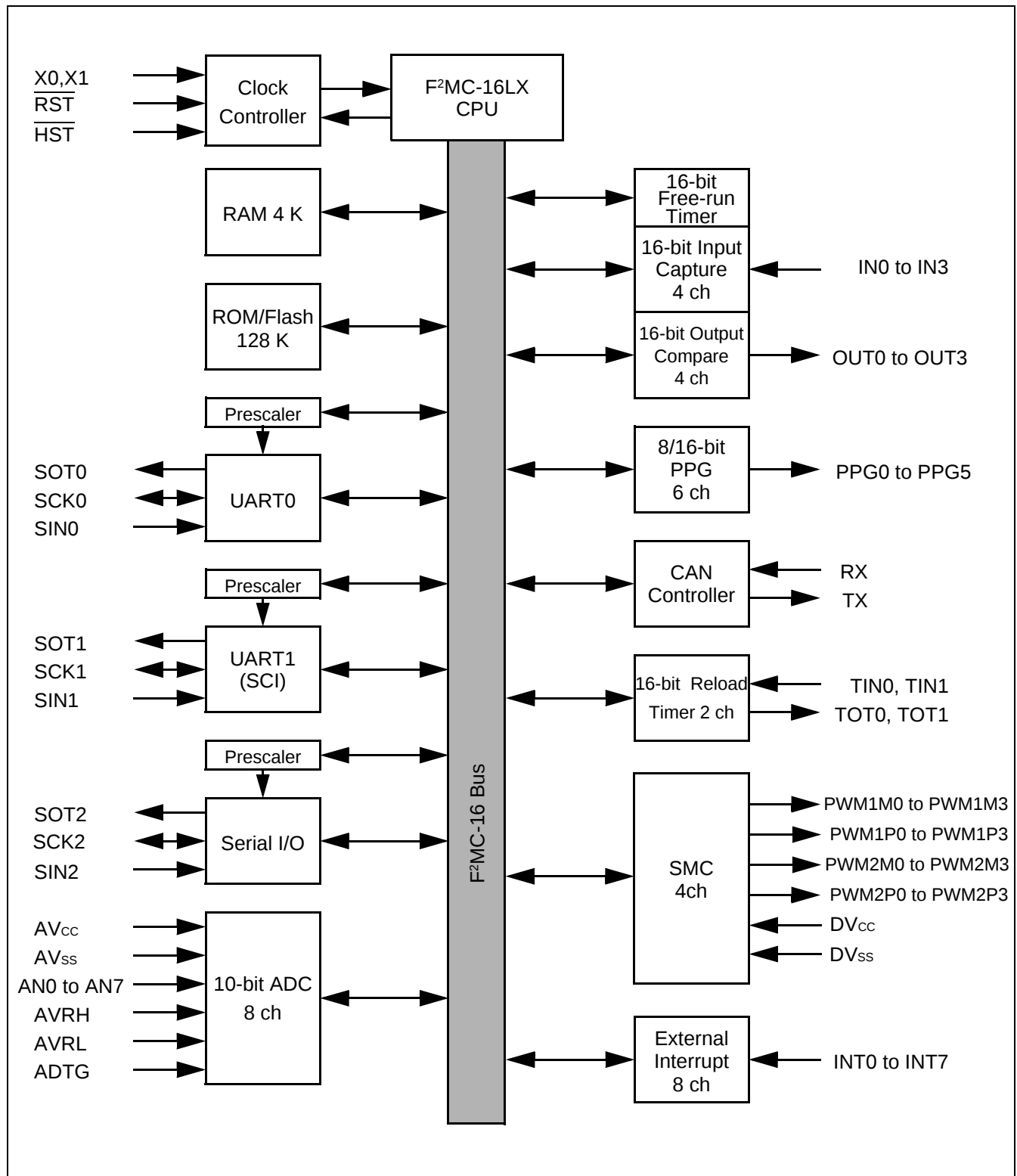
In products with multiple V_{CC} or V_{SS} pins, pins with the same potential are internally connected in the device to avoid abnormal operations including latch-up. However, you must connect the pins to an external power and a ground line to lower the electro-magnetic emission level, to prevent abnormal operation of strobe signals caused by the rise in the ground level, and to conform to the total current rating (See the figure below.)

Make sure to connect V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins via lowest impedance to power lines.

It is recommended to provide a bypass capacitor of around 0.1 μF between V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins near the device.



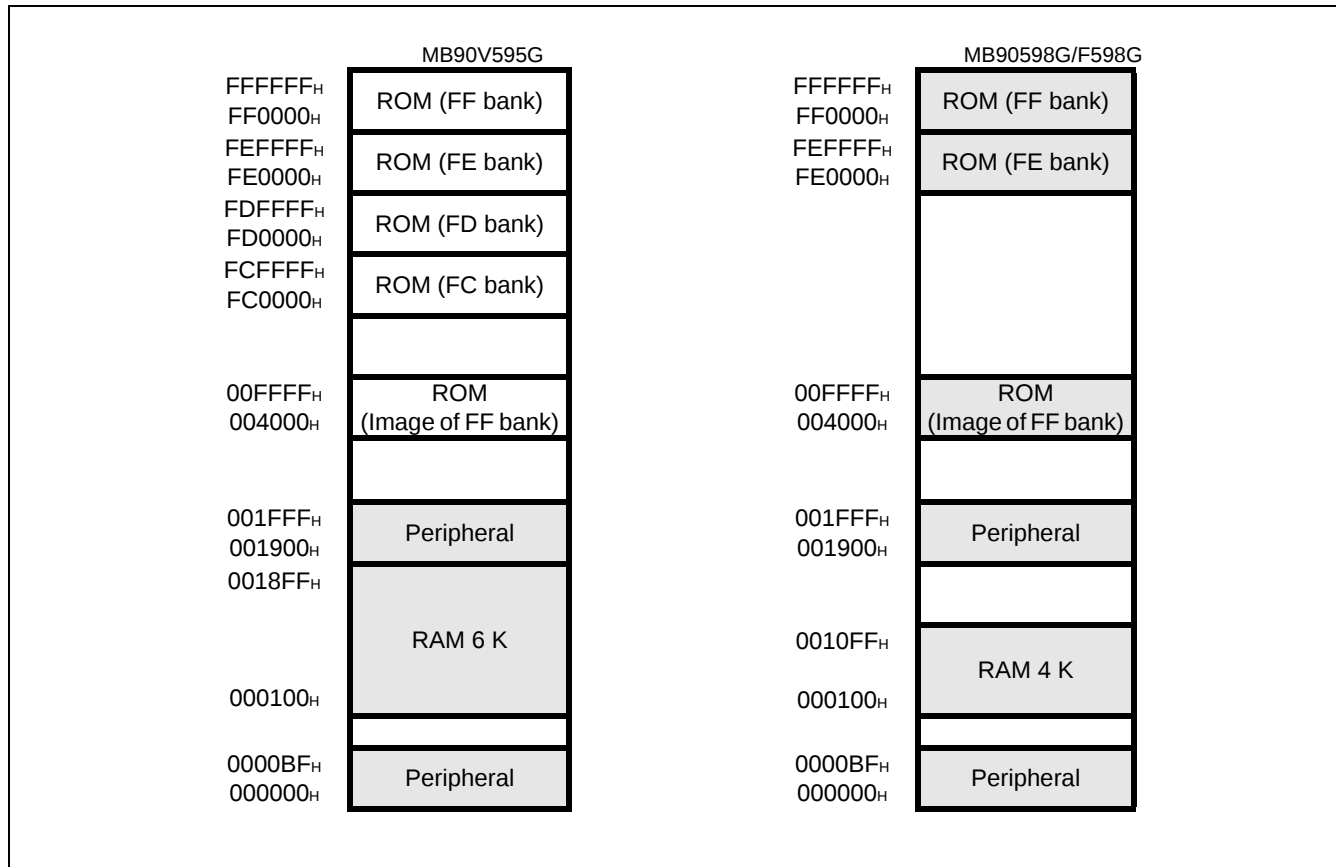
6. Block Diagram



7. Memory Space

The memory space of the MB90595G Series is shown below

Figure 1. Memory space map



Note: : The ROM data of bank FF is reflected in the upper address of bank 00, realizing effective use of the C compiler small model. The lower 16-bit of bank FF and the lower 16-bit of bank 00 are assigned to the same address, enabling reference of the table on the ROM without stating "far".

For example, if an attempt has been made to access 00C000_H, the contents of the ROM at FFC000_H are accessed. Since the ROM area of the FF bank exceeds 48 Kbytes, the whole area cannot be reflected in the image for the 00 bank. The ROM data at FF4000_H to FFFFFFF_H looks, therefore, as if it were the image for 004000_H to 00FFFF_H. Thus, it is recommended that the ROM data table be stored in the area of FF4000_H to FFFFFFF_H.

8. I/O Map

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Peripheral	Initial value
00 _H	Port 0 Data Register	PDR0	R/W	Port 0	XXXXXXXX _B
01 _H	Port 1 Data Register	PDR1	R/W	Port 1	XXXXXXXX _B
02 _H	Port 2 Data Register	PDR2	R/W	Port 2	XXXXXXXX _B
03 _H	Port 3 Data Register	PDR3	R/W	Port 3	XXXXXXXX _B
04 _H	Port 4 Data Register	PDR4	R/W	Port 4	XXXXXXXX _B
05 _H	Port 5 Data Register	PDR5	R/W	Port 5	XXXXXXXX _B
06 _H	Port 6 Data Register	PDR6	R/W	Port 6	XXXXXXXX _B
07 _H	Port 7 Data Register	PDR7	R/W	Port 7	XXXXXXXX _B
08 _H	Port 8 Data Register	PDR8	R/W	Port 8	XXXXXXXX _B
09 _H	Port 9 Data Register	PDR9	R/W	Port 9	__ XXXXXX _B
0A _H to 0F _H	Reserved				
10 _H	Port 0 Direction Register	DDR0	R/W	Port 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
11 _H	Port 1 Direction Register	DDR1	R/W	Port 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
12 _H	Port 2 Direction Register	DDR2	R/W	Port 2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
13 _H	Port 3 Direction Register	DDR3	R/W	Port 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
14 _H	Port 4 Direction Register	DDR4	R/W	Port 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
15 _H	Port 5 Direction Register	DDR5	R/W	Port 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
16 _H	Port 6 Direction Register	DDR6	R/W	Port 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
17 _H	Port 7 Direction Register	DDR7	R/W	Port 7	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
18 _H	Port 8 Direction Register	DDR8	R/W	Port 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
19 _H	Port 9 Direction Register	DDR9	R/W	Port 9	__ 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
1A _H	Reserved				
1B _H	Analog Input Enable Register	ADER	R/W	Port 6, A/D	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 _B
1C _H to 1F _H	Reserved				
20 _H	Serial Mode Control Register 0	UMC0	R/W	UART0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 _B
21 _H	Serial status Register 0	USR0	R/W		0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 _B
22 _H	Serial Input/Output Data Register 0	UIDR0/UODR0	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
23 _H	Rate and Data Register 0	URD0	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 X _B
24 _H	Serial Mode Register 1	SMR1	R/W	UART1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
25 _H	Serial Control Register 1	SCR1	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 _B
26 _H	Serial Input/Output Data Register 1	SIDR1/SODR1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
27 _H	Serial Status Register 1	SSR1	R/W		0 0 0 0 1 _ 0 0 _B
28 _H	UART1 Prescaler Control Register	U1CDCR	R/W		0 _ _ _ 1 1 1 1 _B

(Continued)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Peripheral	Initial value
29 _H to 2A _H	Reserved				
2B _H	Serial IO Prescaler	SCDCR	R/W	Serial IO	0 __ 1 1 1 1 _B
2C _H	Serial Mode Control Register (low-order)	SMCS	R/W		__ __ 0 0 0 0 _B
2D _H	Serial Mode Control Register (high-order)	SMCS	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 0 _B
2E _H	Serial Data Register	SDR	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
2F _H	Edge Selector	SES	R/W		__ __ __ __ 0 _B
30 _H	External Interrupt Enable Register	ENIR	R/W	External Interrupt	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
31 _H	External Interrupt Request Register	EIRR	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
32 _H	External Interrupt Level Register	ELVR	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
33 _H	External Interrupt Level Register	ELVR	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
34 _H	A/D Control Status Register 0	ADCS0	R/W	A/D Converter	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
35 _H	A/D Control Status Register 1	ADCS1	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
36 _H	A/D Data Register 0	ADCR0	R		XXXXXXXX _B
37 _H	A/D Data Register 1	ADCR1	R/W		0 0 0 1 _ XX _B
38 _H	PPG0 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC0	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 0/1	0 _ 0 0 _ _ 1 _B
39 _H	PPG1 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC1	R/W		0 _ 0 0 0 0 1 _B
3A _H	PPG0, 1 Output Pin Control Register	PPG01	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 _ _ _B
3B _H	Reserved				
3C _H	PPG2 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC2	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 2/3	0 _ 0 0 _ _ 1 _B
3D _H	PPG3 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC3	R/W		0 _ 0 0 0 0 1 _B
3E _H	PPG2, 3 Output Pin Control Register	PPG23	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 _ _ _B
3F _H	Reserved				
40 _H	PPG4 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC4	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 4/5	0 _ 0 0 _ _ 1 _B
41 _H	PPG5 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC5	R/W		0 _ 0 0 0 0 1 _B
42 _H	PPG4, 5 Output Pin Control Register	PPG45	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 _ _ _B
43 _H	Reserved				
44 _H	PPG6 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC6	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 6/7	0 _ 0 0 _ _ 1 _B
45 _H	PPG7 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC7	R/W		0 _ 0 0 0 0 1 _B
46 _H	PPG6, 7 Output Pin Control Register	PPG67	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 _ _ _B
47 _H	Reserved				
48 _H	PPG8 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC8	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 8/9	0 _ 0 0 _ _ 1 _B
49 _H	PPG9 Operation Mode Control Register	PPGC9	R/W		0 _ 0 0 0 0 1 _B
4A _H	PPG8, 9 Output Pin Control Register	PPG89	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 _ _ _B
4B _H	Reserved				

(Continued)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Peripheral	Initial value
1910 _H	Reload Register L	PRL8	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 8/9	XXXXXXXX _B
1911 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH8	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1912 _H	Reload Register L	PRL9	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1913 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH9	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1914 _H	Reload Register L	PRLA	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator A/B	XXXXXXXX _B
1915 _H	Reload Register H	PRLHA	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1916 _H	Reload Register L	PRLB	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator A/B	XXXXXXXX _B
1917 _H	Reload Register H	PRLHB	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1918 _H to 191F _H	Reserved				
1920 _H	Input Capture Register 0 (low-order)	IPCP0	R	Input Capture 0/1	XXXXXXXX _B
1921 _H	Input Capture Register 0 (high-order)	IPCP0	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1922 _H	Input Capture Register 1 (low-order)	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1923 _H	Input Capture Register 1 (high-order)	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1924 _H	Input Capture Register 2 (low-order)	IPCP2	R	Input Capture 2/3	XXXXXXXX _B
1925 _H	Input Capture Register 2 (high-order)	IPCP2	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1926 _H	Input Capture Register 3 (low-order)	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1927 _H	Input Capture Register 3 (high-order)	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1928 _H	Output Compare Register 0 (low-order)	OCCP0	R/W	Output Compare 0/1	XXXXXXXX _B
1929 _H	Output Compare Register 0 (high-order)	OCCP0	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
192A _H	Output Compare Register 1 (low-order)	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
192B _H	Output Compare Register 1 (high-order)	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B

(Continued)

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Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
001B08 _H	IDE register	IDER	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001B09 _H				
001B0A _H	Transmit RTR register	TRTRR	R/W	00000000 00000000 _B
001B0B _H				
001B0C _H	Remote frame receive waiting register	RFWTR	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001B0D _H				
001B0E _H	Transmit interrupt enable register	TIER	R/W	00000000 00000000 _B
001B0F _H				
001B10 _H	Acceptance mask select register	AMSR	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001B11 _H				XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001B12 _H				
001B13 _H				
001B14 _H	Acceptance mask register 0	AMR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001B15 _H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX _B
001B16 _H				
001B17 _H				
001B18 _H	Acceptance mask register 1	AMR1	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001B19 _H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX _B
001B1A _H				
001B1B _H				

9.2 List of Message Buffers (ID Registers)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
001A00 _H to 001A1F _H	General-purpose RAM	--	R/W	XXXXXXXX _B to XXXXXXXX _B
001A20 _H	ID register 0	IDR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A21 _H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX _B
001A22 _H				
001A23 _H				
001A24 _H	ID register 1	IDR1	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A25 _H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX _B
001A26 _H				
001A27 _H				
001A28 _H	ID register 2	IDR2	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A29 _H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX _B
001A2A _H				
001A2B _H				

10. Interrupt Source, Interrupt Vector, and Interrupt Control Register

Interrupt source	EI ² OS clear	Interrupt vector		Interrupt control register	
		Number	Address	Number	Address
Reset	N/A	# 08	FFFFDC _H	—	—
INT9 instruction	N/A	# 09	FFFFD8 _H	—	—
Exception	N/A	# 10	FFFFD4 _H	—	—
CAN RX	N/A	# 11	FFFFD0 _H	ICR00	0000B0 _H
CAN TX/NS	N/A	# 12	FFFFCC _H		
External Interrupt (INT0/INT1)	*1	# 13	FFFFC8 _H	ICR01	0000B1 _H
Time Base Timer	N/A	# 14	FFFFC4 _H		
16-bit Reload Timer 0	*1	# 15	FFFFC0 _H	ICR02	0000B2 _H
8/10-bit A/D Converter	*1	# 16	FFFFBC _H		
16-bit Free-run Timer	N/A	# 17	FFFFB8 _H	ICR03	0000B3 _H
External Interrupt (INT2/INT3)	*1	# 18	FFFFB4 _H		
Serial I/O	*1	# 19	FFFFB0 _H	ICR04	0000B4 _H
External Interrupt (INT4/INT5)	*1	# 20	FFFFAC _H		
Input Capture 0	*1	# 21	FFFFA8 _H	ICR05	0000B5 _H
8/16-bit PPG 0/1	N/A	# 22	FFFFA4 _H		
Output Compare 0	*1	# 23	FFFFA0 _H	ICR06	0000B6 _H
8/16-bit PPG 2/3	N/A	# 24	FFFF9C _H		
External Interrupt (INT6/INT7)	*1	# 25	FFFF98 _H	ICR07	0000B7 _H
Input Capture 1	*1	# 26	FFFF94 _H		
8/16-bit PPG 4/5	N/A	# 27	FFFF90 _H	ICR08	0000B8 _H
Output Compare 1	*1	# 28	FFFF8C _H		
8/16-bit PPG 6/7	N/A	# 29	FFFF88 _H	ICR09	0000B9 _H
Input Capture 2	*1	# 30	FFFF84 _H		
8/16-bit PPG 8/9	N/A	# 31	FFFF80 _H	ICR10	0000BA _H
Output Compare 2	*1	# 32	FFFF7C _H		
Input Capture 3	*1	# 33	FFFF78 _H	ICR11	0000BB _H
8/16-bit PPG A/B	N/A	# 34	FFFF74 _H		
Output Compare 3	*1	# 35	FFFF70 _H	ICR12	0000BC _H
16-bit Reload Timer 1	*1	# 36	FFFF6C _H		
UART 0 RX	*2	# 37	FFFF68 _H	ICR13	0000BD _H
UART 0 TX	*1	# 38	FFFF64 _H		
UART 1 RX	*2	# 39	FFFF60 _H	ICR14	0000BE _H
UART 1 TX	*1	# 40	FFFF5C _H		
Flash Memory	N/A	# 41	FFFF58 _H	ICR15	0000BF _H
Delayed interrupt	N/A	# 42	FFFF54 _H		

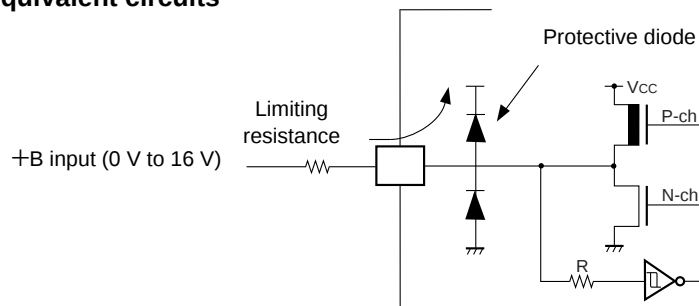
*1: The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI²OS interrupt clear signal.

*2: The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI²OS interrupt clear signal. A stop request is available.

N/A: The interrupt request flag is not cleared by the EI²OS interrupt clear signal.

- The value of the limiting resistance should be set so that when the +B signal is applied the input current to the microcontroller pin does not exceed rated values, either instantaneously or for prolonged periods.
- Note that when the microcontroller drive current is low, such as in the power saving modes, the +B input potential may pass through the protective diode and increase the potential at the V_{CC} pin, and this may affect other devices.
- Note that if a +B signal is input when the microcontroller current is off (not fixed at 0 V) , the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
- Note that if the +B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on result.
- Care must be taken not to leave the +B input pin open.
- Note that analog system input/output pins other than the A/D input pins (LCD drive pins, comparator input pins, etc.) cannot accept +B signal input.
- Sample recommended circuits :

• **Input/Output Equivalent circuits**



Note: : Average output current = operating current × operating efficiency

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

11.2 Recommended Conditions

($V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$)

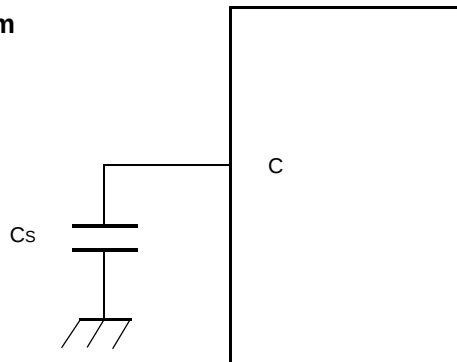
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	Under normal operation
	AV_{CC}	3.0	—	5.5	V	Maintains RAM data in stop mode
Smooth capacitor	C_S	0.022	0.1	1.0	μF	*
Operating temperature	T_A	-40	—	+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

*: Use a ceramic capacitor or a capacitor with equivalent frequency characteristics. The smoothing capacitor to be connected to the V_{CC} pin must have a capacitance value higher than C_S .

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

• C Pin Connection Diagram

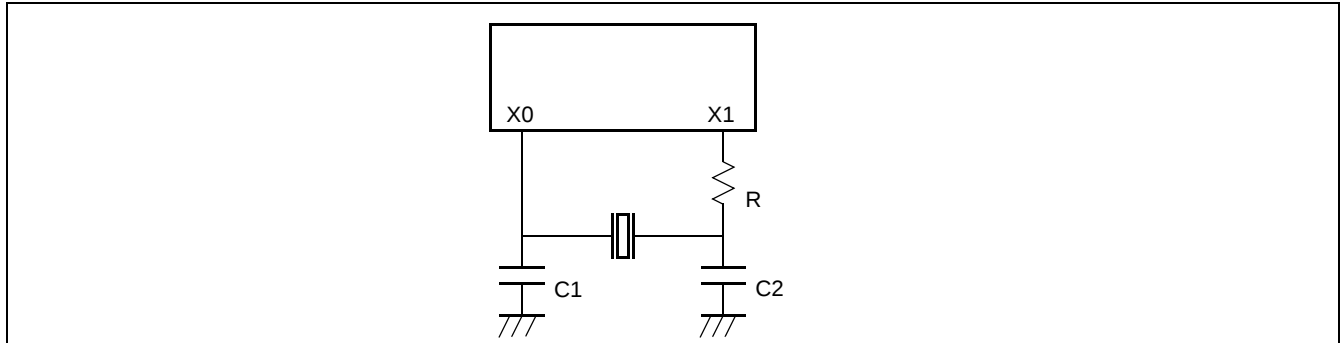


11.3 DC Characteristics

($V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min	Typ	Max		
Input H voltage	V_{IHS}	CMOS hysteresis input pin	—	$0.8 V_{CC}$	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	
	V_{IHM}	MD input pin	—	$V_{CC} - 0.3$	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	
Input L voltage	V_{ILS}	CMOS hysteresis input pin	—	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	—	$0.2 V_{CC}$	V	
	V_{ILM}	MD input pin	—	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	—	$V_{SS} + 0.3$	V	
Output H voltage	V_{OH1}	Output pins except P70 to P87	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OH1} = -4.0\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} - 0.5$	—	—	V	
	V_{OH2}	P70 to P87	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OH2} = -30.0\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} - 0.5$	—	—	V	
Output L voltage	V_{OL1}	Output pins except P70 to P87	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL1} = 4.0\text{ mA}$	—	—	0.4	V	
	V_{OL2}	P70 to P87	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL2} = 30.0\text{ mA}$	—	—	0.5	V	

■ Example of Oscillation circuit



11.4.2 Reset and Hardware Standby Input

($V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

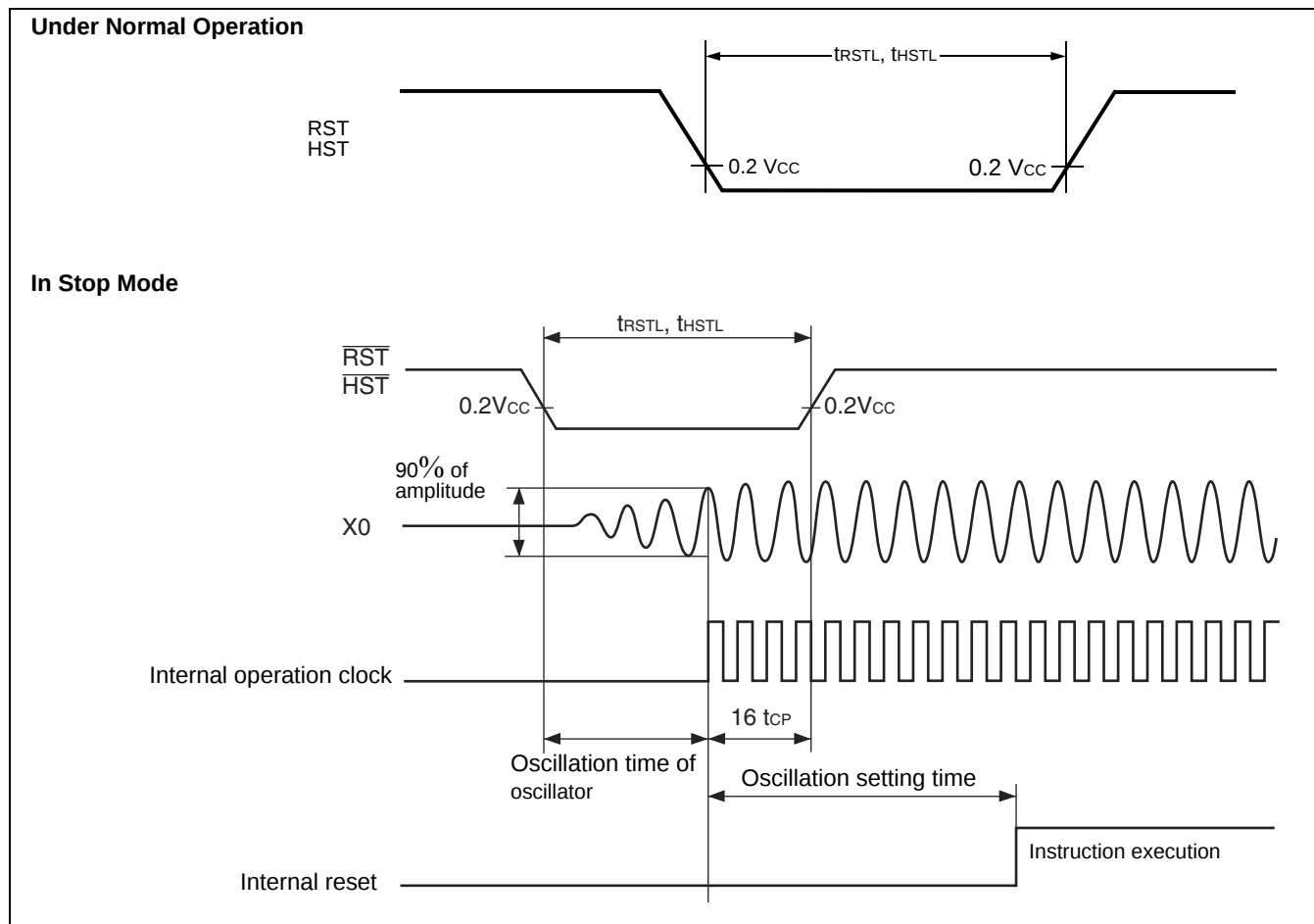
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
Reset input time	t_{RSTL}	$\overline{\text{RST}}$	$16\ t_{CP}^{*1}$	—	ns	Under normal operation
			Oscillation time of oscillator ^{*2} + $16\ t_{CP}^{*1}$	—	ms	In stop mode
Hardware standby input time	t_{HSTL}	$\overline{\text{HST}}$	$16\ t_{CP}^{*1}$	—	ns	Under normal operation
			Oscillation time of oscillator ^{*2} + $16\ t_{CP}^{*1}$	—	ms	In stop mode

*1: " t_{CP} " represents one cycle time of the machine clock.

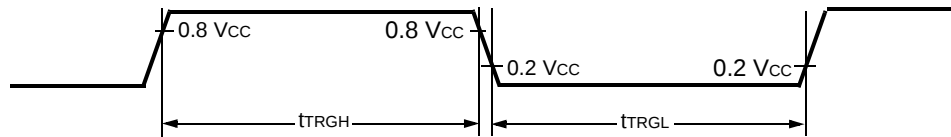
No reset can fully initialize the Flash Memory if it is performing the automatic algorithm.

*2: Oscillation time of oscillator is time that the amplitude reached the 90%.

In the crystal oscillator, the oscillation time is between several ms to tens of ms. In ceramic oscillator, the oscillation time is between hundreds of μs to several ms. In the external clock, the oscillation time is 0 ms.



• Trigger Input Timing



11.4.6 Slew Rate High Current Outputs (MB90598G, MB90F598G only)

($V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min	Typ	Max		
Output Rise/Fall time	t_{R2} t_{F2}	Port P70 to P77, Port P80 to P87	—	15	40	150	ns	

• Slew Rate Output Timing



$$V_H = V_{OL2} + 0.1 \times (V_{OH2} - V_{OL2})$$

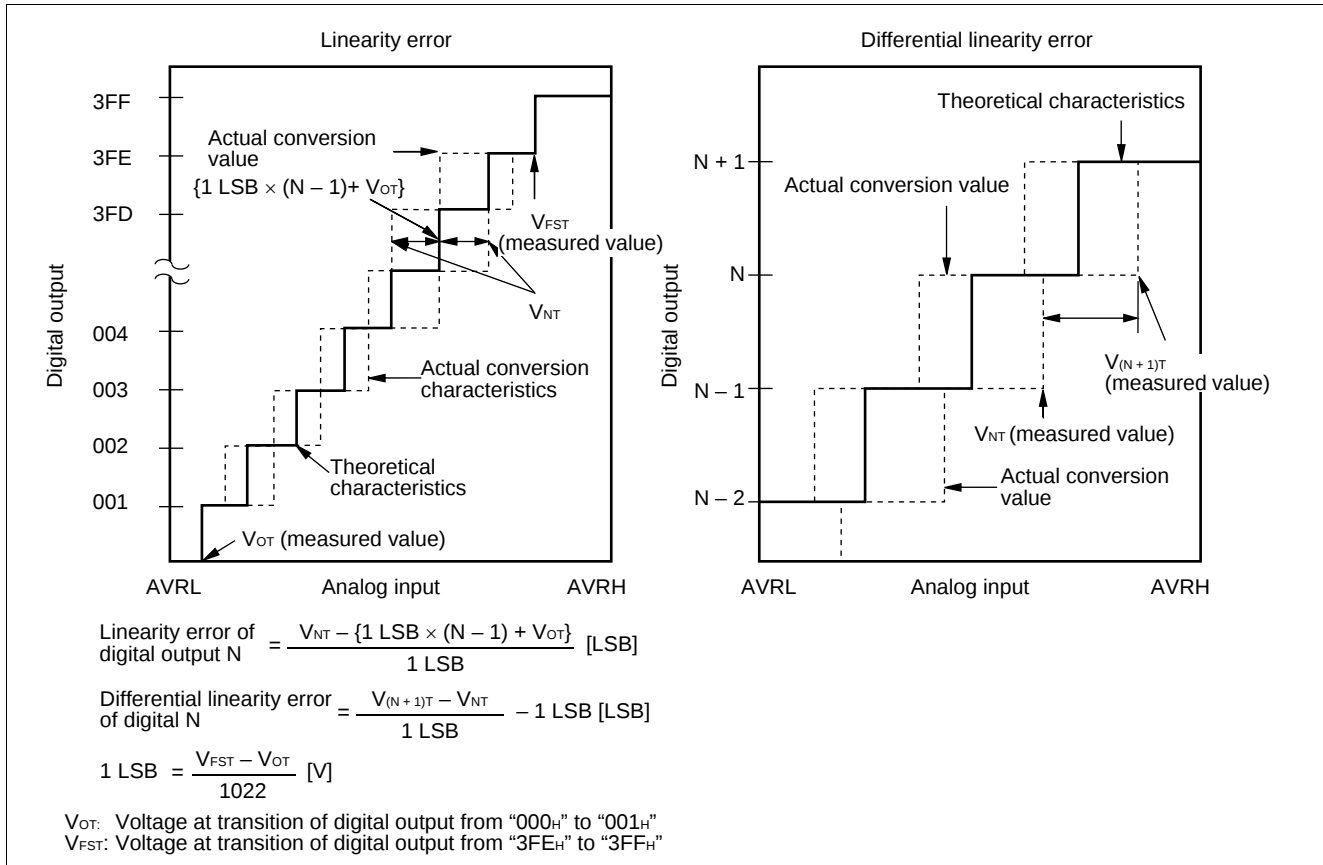
$$V_L = V_{OL2} + 0.9 \times (V_{OH2} - V_{OL2})$$

11.5 A/D Converter

($V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$, $3.0 \text{ V} \leq AV_{RH} - AV_{RL}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min	Typ	Max		
Resolution	—	—	—		10	bit	
Conversion error	—	—	—	—	± 5.0	LSB	
Nonlinearity error	—	—	—	—	± 2.5	LSB	
Differential linearity error	—	—	—	—	± 1.9	LSB	
Zero transition voltage	V_{OT}	AN0 to AN7	$AV_{RL} - 3.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AV_{RL} + 0.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AV_{RL} + 4.5 \text{ LSB}$	V	
Full scale transition voltage	V_{FST}	AN0 to AN7	$AV_{RH} - 6.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AV_{RH} - 1.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AV_{RH} + 1.5 \text{ LSB}$	V	
Conversion time	—	—	—	$352t_{CP}$	—	ns	
Sampling time	—	—	—	$64t_{CP}$	—	ns	
Analog port input current	I_{AIN}	AN0 to AN7	-10	—	10	μA	
Analog input voltage range	V_{AIN}	AN0 to AN7	AV_{RL}	—	AV_{RH}	V	

(Continued)

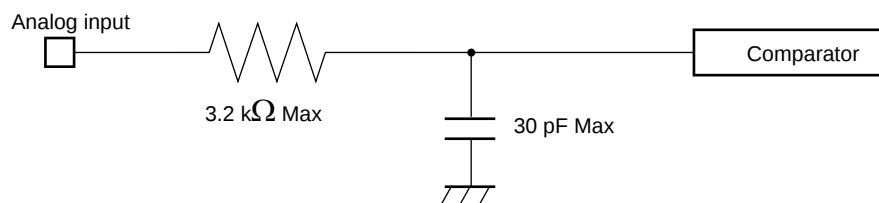


11.7 Notes on Using A/D Converter

Select the output impedance value for the external circuit of analog input according to the following conditions,:

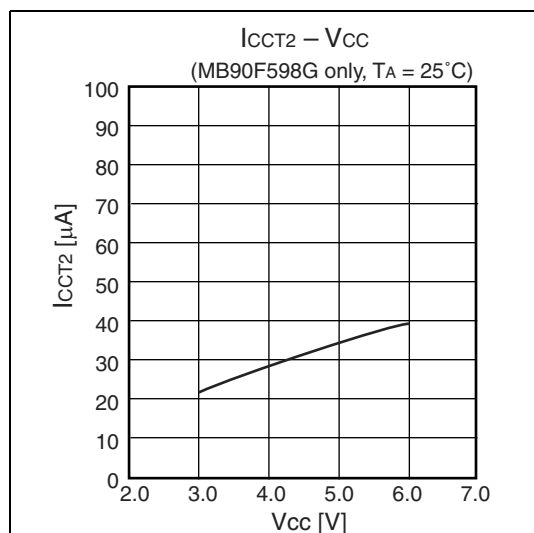
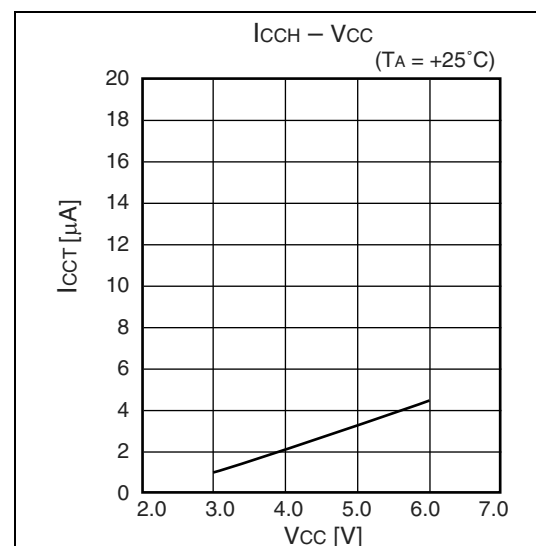
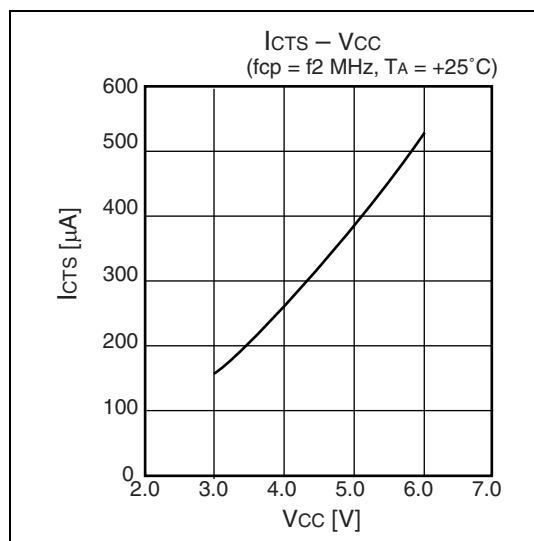
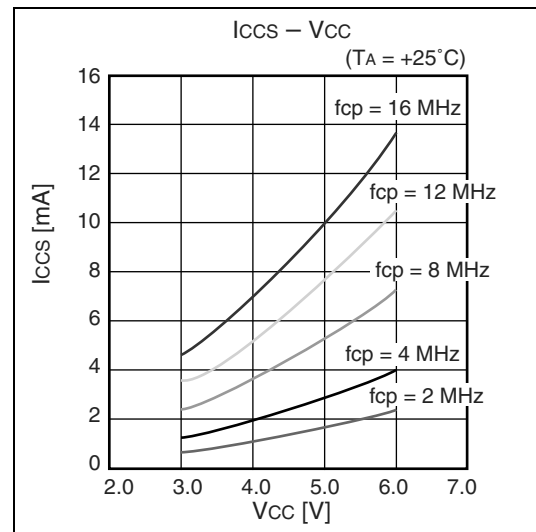
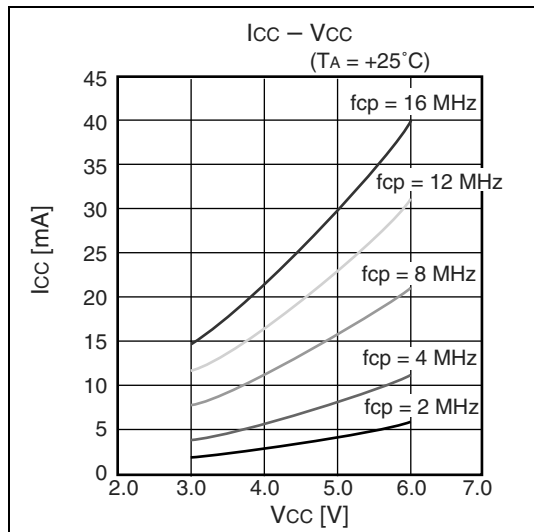
- Output impedance values of the external circuit of 15 kΩ or lower are recommended.
 - When capacitors are connected to external pins, the capacitance of several thousand times the internal capacitor value is recommended to minimize the effect of voltage distribution between the external capacitor and internal capacitor.
- When the output impedance of the external circuit is too high, the sampling period for analog voltages may not be sufficient (sampling period = 4.00 μs @ machine clock of 16 MHz).

• Equipment of analog input circuit model



■ Error

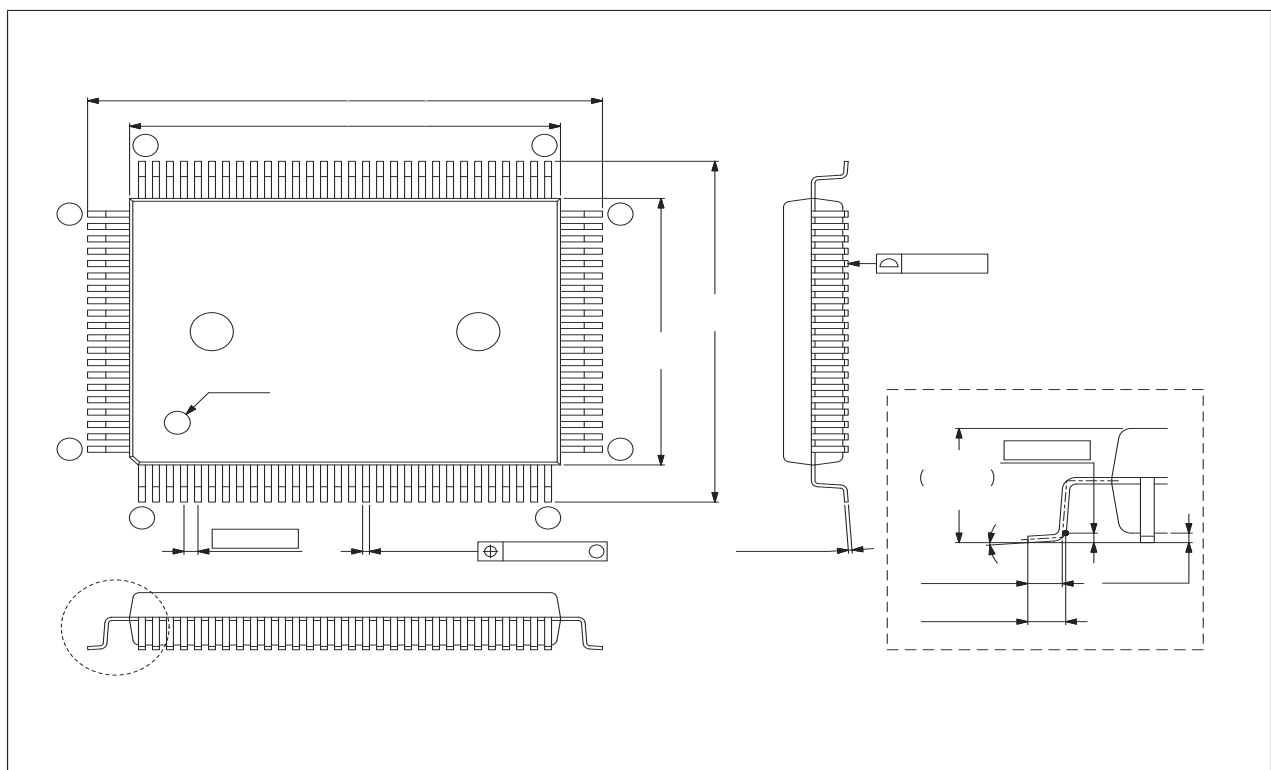
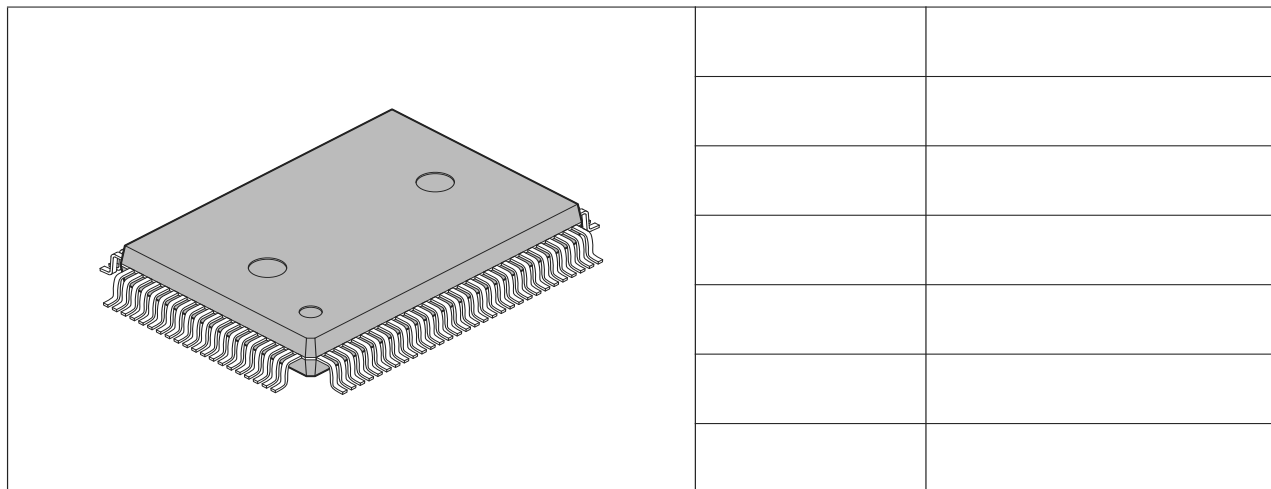
The smaller the $|AVRH - AVRL|$, the greater the error would become relatively.

Supply Current


13. Ordering Information

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90598GPF MB90F598GPF	100-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90V595GCR	256-pin Ceramic PGA (PGA-256C-A01)	For evaluation

14. Package Dimensions



15. Major Changes

Spanion Publication Number: DS07-13705-7E

Section	Change Results
—	Deleted the old products, MB90598, MB90F598, and MB90V595.
—	Changed the series name: MB90595/595G series ? MB90595G series
—	Changed the following erroneous name. I/O timer → 16-bit Free-run Timer
PRODUCT LINEUP	One of Standby mode name is changed. Clock mode → Watch mode
I/O CIRCUIT TYPE	Changed Pull-down resistor value of circuit type H.
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AC Characteristics	Add the “External clock input” and “Flash Read cycle time” in (1) Clock Timing
	Figure in (2) Reset and Hardware Standby Input RST/HST input level of “In Stop Mode” is changed. 0.6 V _{CC} 0.2 V _{CC}
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 5. A/D Converter	Changed the items of “Zero transition voltage” and “Full scale transition voltage”.

NOTE: Please see “Document History” about later revised information.

Document History

Document Title: MB90598G/F598G/V595G F ² MC-16LX MB90595G Series CMOS 16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller Document Number: 002-07700				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	—	AKIH	09/26/2008	Migrated to Cypress and assigned document number 002-07700. No change to document contents or format.
*A	5537128	AKIH	11/30/2016	Updated to Cypress template