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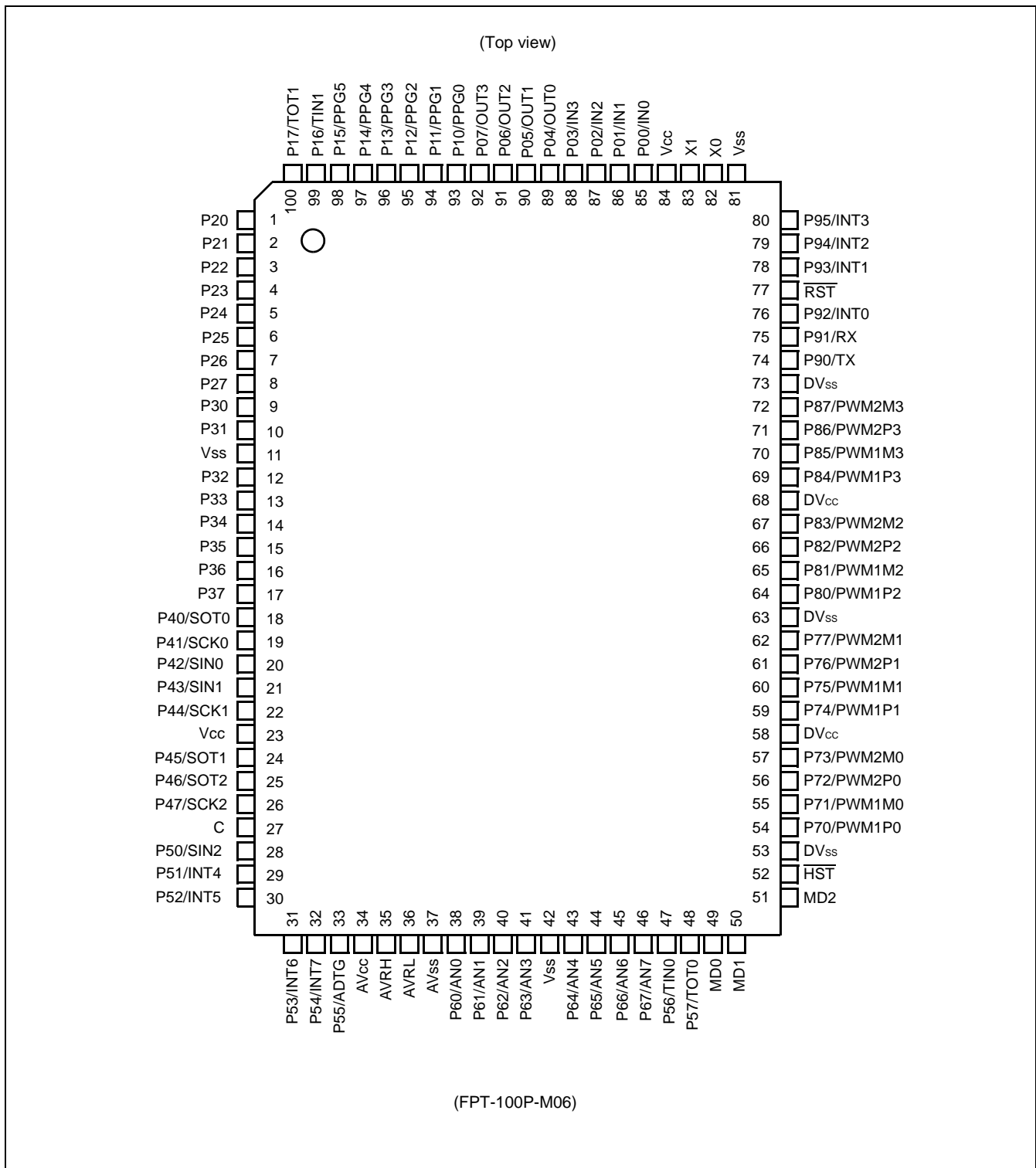
"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

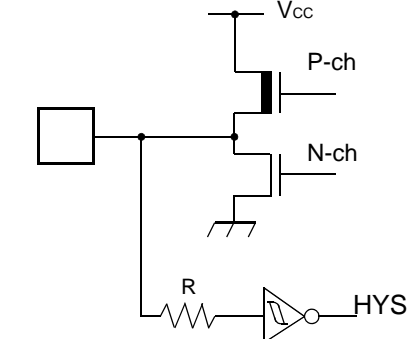
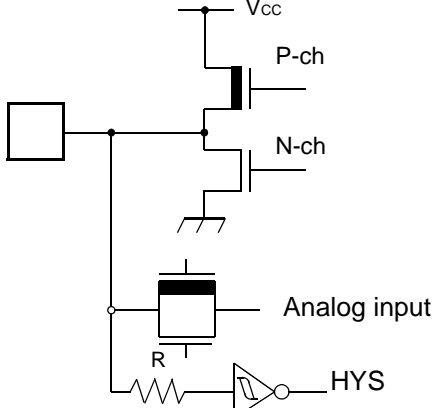
Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	F ² MC-16LX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, SCI, Serial I/O, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	78
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	Mask ROM
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x8/10b
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-QFP (14x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90598gpf-g-193e1

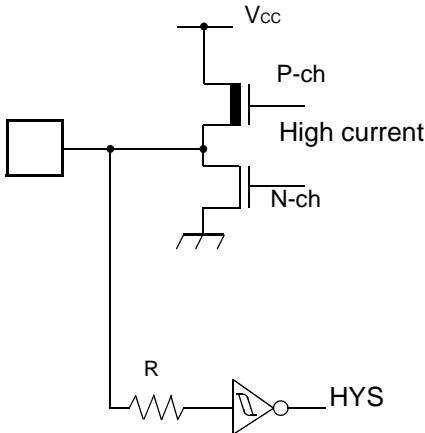
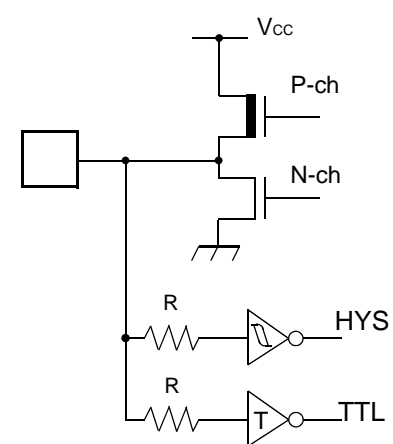
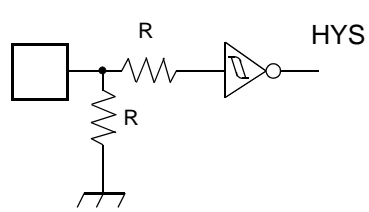
2. Pin Assignment



Pin no.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
28	P50	D	General purpose IO
	SIN2		SIN Input for the Serial IO
29 to 32	P51 to P54	D	General purpose IO
	INT4 to INT7		External interrupt input for INT4 to INT7
33	P55	D	General purpose IO
	ADTG		Input for the external trigger of the A/D Converter
38 to 41	P60 to P63	E	General purpose IO
	AN0 to AN3		Inputs for the A/D Converter
43 to 46	P64 to P67	E	General purpose IO
	AN4 to AN7		Inputs for the A/D Converter
47	P56	D	General purpose IO
	TIN0		TIN input for the 16-bit Reload Timer 0
48	P57	D	General purpose IO
	TOT0		TOT output for the 16-bit Reload Timer 0
54 to 57	P70 to P73	F	General purpose IO
	PWM1P0 PWM1M0 PWM2P0 PWM2M0		Output for Stepper Motor Controller channel 0
59 to 62	P74 to P77	F	General purpose IO
	PWM1P1 PWM1M1 PWM2P1 PWM2M1		Output for Stepper Motor Controller channel 1
64 to 67	P80 to P83	F	General purpose IO
	PWM1P2 PWM1M2 PWM2P2 PWM2M2		Output for Stepper Motor Controller channel 2
69 to 72	P84 to P87	F	General purpose IO
	PWM1P3 PWM1M3 PWM2P3 PWM2M3		Output for Stepper Motor Controller channel 3
74	P90	D	General purpose IO
	TX		TX output for CAN Interface
75	P91	D	General purpose IO
	RX		RX input for CAN Interface

Circuit Type	Circuit	Remarks
D		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ CMOS output ■ CMOS Hysteresis input
E		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ CMOS output ■ CMOS Hysteresis input ■ Analog input

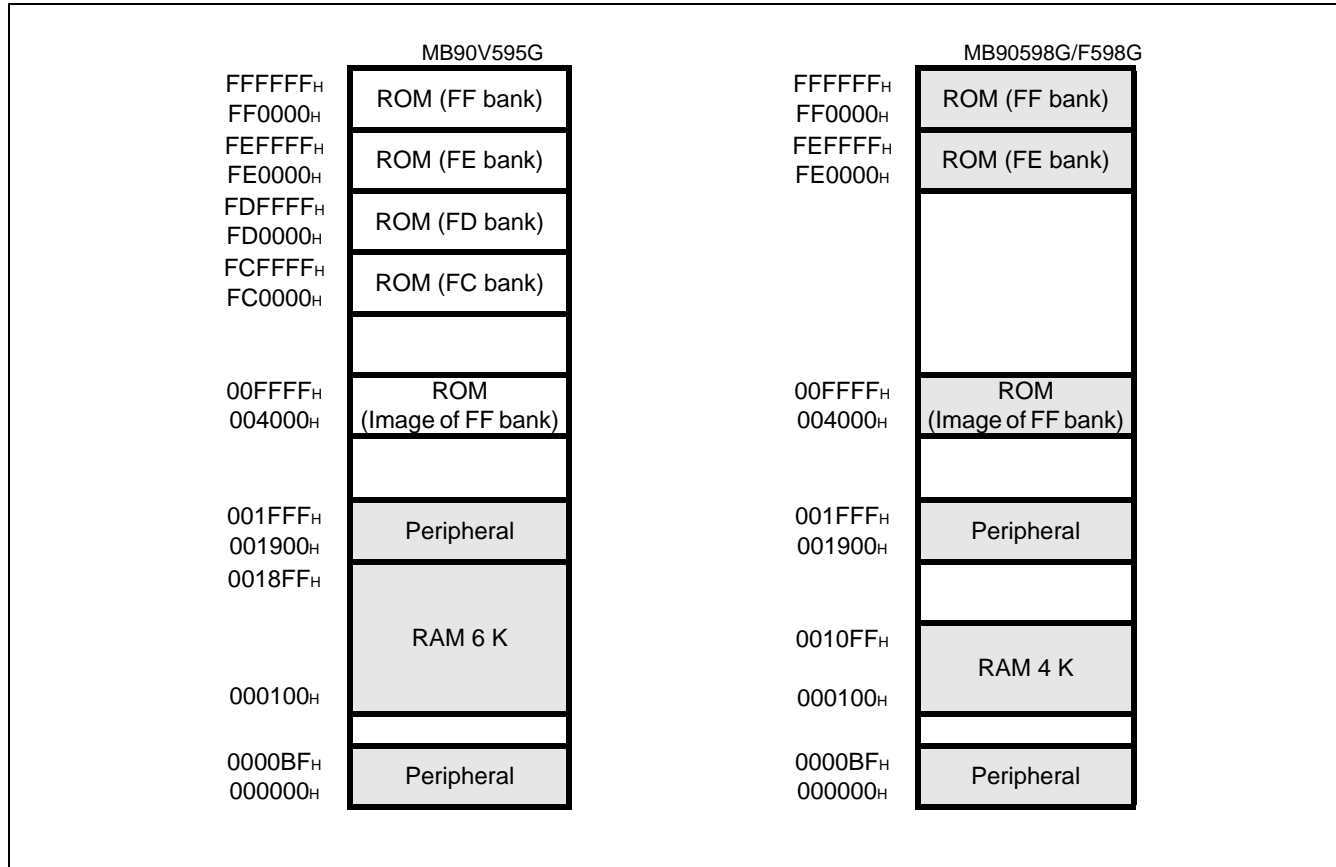
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Circuit Type	Circuit	Remarks
F		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ CMOS high current output ■ CMOS Hysteresis input
G		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ CMOS output ■ CMOS Hysteresis input ■ TTL input (MB90F598G, only in Flash mode)
H		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Hysteresis input Pull-down Resistor: 50 kΩ approx. (except MB90F598G)

7. Memory Space

The memory space of the MB90595G Series is shown below

Figure 1. Memory space map



Note: : The ROM data of bank FF is reflected in the upper address of bank 00, realizing effective use of the C compiler small model. The lower 16-bit of bank FF and the lower 16-bit of bank 00 are assigned to the same address, enabling reference of the table on the ROM without stating "far".

For example, if an attempt has been made to access 00C000_H, the contents of the ROM at FFC000_H are accessed. Since the ROM area of the FF bank exceeds 48 Kbytes, the whole area cannot be reflected in the image for the 00 bank. The ROM data at FF4000_H to FFFFFFF_H looks, therefore, as if it were the image for 004000_H to 00FFFF_H. Thus, it is recommended that the ROM data table be stored in the area of FF4000_H to FFFFFFF_H.

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Peripheral	Initial value
B0 _H	Interrupt Control Register 00	ICR00	R/W	Interrupt controller	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B1 _H	Interrupt Control Register 01	ICR01	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B2 _H	Interrupt Control Register 02	ICR02	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B3 _H	Interrupt Control Register 03	ICR03	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B4 _H	Interrupt Control Register 04	ICR04	R/W	Interrupt controller	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B5 _H	Interrupt Control Register 05	ICR05	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B6 _H	Interrupt Control Register 06	ICR06	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B7 _H	Interrupt Control Register 07	ICR07	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B8 _H	Interrupt Control Register 08	ICR08	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
B9 _H	Interrupt Control Register 09	ICR09	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
BA _H	Interrupt Control Register 10	ICR10	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
BB _H	Interrupt Control Register 11	ICR11	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
BC _H	Interrupt Control Register 12	ICR12	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
BD _H	Interrupt Control Register 13	ICR13	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
BE _H	Interrupt Control Register 14	ICR14	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
BF _H	Interrupt Control Register 15	ICR15	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B
C0 _H to FF _H	Reserved				
1900 _H	Reload Register L	PRL0	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 0/1	XXXXXXXX _B
1901 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH0	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1902 _H	Reload Register L	PRL1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1903 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1904 _H	Reload Register L	PRL2	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 2/3	XXXXXXXX _B
1905 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH2	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1906 _H	Reload Register L	PRL3	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1907 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH3	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1908 _H	Reload Register L	PRL4	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 4/5	XXXXXXXX _B
1909 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH4	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
190A _H	Reload Register L	PRL5	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
190B _H	Reload Register H	PRLH5	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
190C _H	Reload Register L	PRL6	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 6/7	XXXXXXXX _B
190D _H	Reload Register H	PRLH6	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
190E _H	Reload Register L	PRL7	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
190F _H	Reload Register H	PRLH7	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B

(Continued)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Peripheral	Initial value
1910 _H	Reload Register L	PRL8	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 8/9	XXXXXXXX _B
1911 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH8	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1912 _H	Reload Register L	PRL9	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1913 _H	Reload Register H	PRLH9	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1914 _H	Reload Register L	PRLA	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator A/B	XXXXXXXX _B
1915 _H	Reload Register H	PRLHA	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1916 _H	Reload Register L	PRLB	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator A/B	XXXXXXXX _B
1917 _H	Reload Register H	PRLHB	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1918 _H to 191F _H	Reserved				
1920 _H	Input Capture Register 0 (low-order)	IPCP0	R	Input Capture 0/1	XXXXXXXX _B
1921 _H	Input Capture Register 0 (high-order)	IPCP0	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1922 _H	Input Capture Register 1 (low-order)	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1923 _H	Input Capture Register 1 (high-order)	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1924 _H	Input Capture Register 2 (low-order)	IPCP2	R	Input Capture 2/3	XXXXXXXX _B
1925 _H	Input Capture Register 2 (high-order)	IPCP2	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1926 _H	Input Capture Register 3 (low-order)	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1927 _H	Input Capture Register 3 (high-order)	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX _B
1928 _H	Output Compare Register 0 (low-order)	OCCP0	R/W	Output Compare 0/1	XXXXXXXX _B
1929 _H	Output Compare Register 0 (high-order)	OCCP0	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
192A _H	Output Compare Register 1 (low-order)	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
192B _H	Output Compare Register 1 (high-order)	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B

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Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Peripheral	Initial value
192C _H	Output Compare Register 2 (low-order)	OCCP2	R/W	Output Compare 2/3	XXXXXXXX _B
192D _H	Output Compare Register 2 (high-order)	OCCP2	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
192E _H	Output Compare Register 3 (low-order)	OCCP3	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
192F _H	Output Compare Register 3 (high-order)	OCCP3	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1930 _H to 19FF _H	Reserved				
1A00 _H to 1AFF _H	CAN Controller. Refer to section about CAN Controller				
1B00 _H to 1BFF _H	CAN Controller. Refer to section about CAN Controller				
1C00 _H to 1EFF _H	Reserved				
1FF0 _H	Program Address Detection Register 0 (low-order)	PADR0	R/W	Address Match Detection Function	XXXXXXXX _B
1FF1 _H	Program Address Detection Register 0 (middle-order)				XXXXXXXX _B
1FF2 _H	Program Address Detection Register 0 (high-order)				XXXXXXXX _B
1FF3 _H	Program Address Detection Register 1 (low-order)	PADR1	R/W		XXXXXXXX _B
1FF4 _H	Program Address Detection Register 1 (middle-order)				XXXXXXXX _B
1FF5 _H	Program Address Detection Register 1 (high-order)				XXXXXXXX _B
1FF6 _H to 1FFF _H	Reserved				

■ Description for Read/Write

R/W : Readable/writable

R : Read only

W : Write only

■ Description of initial value

0 : the initial value of this bit is "0".

1 : the initial value of this bit is "1".

X : the initial value of this bit is undefined.

_ : this bit is unused. the initial value is undefined.

Note: : Addresses in the range of 0000_H to 00FF_H, which are not listed in the table, are reserved for the primary functions of the MCU. A read access to these reserved addresses results in reading "X", and any write access should not be performed.

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
001A2C _H	ID register 3	IDR3	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A2D _H				XXXXXXXX-- XXXXXXXX _B
001A2E _H				
001A2F _H				
001A30 _H	ID register 4	IDR4	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A31 _H				XXXXXXXX-- XXXXXXXX _B
001A32 _H				
001A33 _H				
001A34 _H	ID register 5	IDR5	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A35 _H				XXXXXXXX-- XXXXXXXX _B
001A36 _H				
001A37 _H				
001A38 _H	ID register 6	IDR6	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A39 _H				XXXXXXXX-- XXXXXXXX _B
001A3A _H				
001A3B _H				
001A3C _H	ID register 7	IDR7	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX _B
001A3D _H				XXXXXXXX-- XXXXXXXX _B
001A3E _H				
001A3F _H				

(Continued)

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Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
001A40H	ID register 8	IDR8	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A41H				
001A42H				
001A43H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB
001A44H	ID register 9	IDR9	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A45H				
001A46H				
001A47H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB
001A48H	ID register 10	IDR10	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A49H				
001A4AH				
001A4BH				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB
001A4CH	ID register 11	IDR11	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A4DH				
001A4EH				
001A4FH				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB
001A50H	ID register 12	IDR12	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A51H				
001A52H				
001A53H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB
001A54H	ID register 13	IDR13	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A55H				
001A56H				
001A57H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB
001A58H	ID register 14	IDR14	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A59H				
001A5AH				
001A5BH				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB
001A5CH	ID register 15	IDR15	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXB
001A5DH				
001A5EH				
001A5FH				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXB

9.3 List of Message Buffers (DLC Registers and Data Registers)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
001A60H	DLC register 0	DLCR0	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A61H				
001A62H	DLC register 1	DLCR1	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A63H				
001A64H	DLC register 2	DLCR2	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A65H				
001A66H	DLC register 3	DLCR3	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A67H				
001A68H	DLC register 4	DLCR4	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A69H				
001A6AH	DLC register 5	DLCR5	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A6BH				
001A6CH	DLC register 6	DLCR6	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A6DH				
001A6EH	DLC register 7	DLCR7	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A6FH				
001A70H	DLC register 8	DLCR8	R/W	----XXXX
001A71H				
001A72H	DLC register 9	DLCR9	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A73H				
001A74H	DLC register 10	DLCR10	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A75H				
001A76H	DLC register 11	DLCR11	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A77H				
001A78H	DLC register 12	DLCR12	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A79H				
001A7AH	DLC register 13	DLCR13	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A7BH				
001A7CH	DLC register 14	DLCR14	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A7DH				
001A7EH	DLC register 15	DLCR15	R/W	----XXXX _B
001A7FH				
001A80H to 001A87H	Data register 0 (8 bytes)	DTR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX _B to XXXXXXXX _B

(Continued)

10. Interrupt Source, Interrupt Vector, and Interrupt Control Register

Interrupt source	EI ² OS clear	Interrupt vector		Interrupt control register	
		Number	Address	Number	Address
Reset	N/A	# 08	FFFFDC _H	—	—
INT9 instruction	N/A	# 09	FFFFD8 _H	—	—
Exception	N/A	# 10	FFFFD4 _H	—	—
CAN RX	N/A	# 11	FFFFD0 _H	ICR00	0000B0 _H
CAN TX/NS	N/A	# 12	FFFFCC _H		
External Interrupt (INT0/INT1)	*1	# 13	FFFFC8 _H	ICR01	0000B1 _H
Time Base Timer	N/A	# 14	FFFFC4 _H		
16-bit Reload Timer 0	*1	# 15	FFFFC0 _H	ICR02	0000B2 _H
8/10-bit A/D Converter	*1	# 16	FFFFBC _H		
16-bit Free-run Timer	N/A	# 17	FFFFB8 _H	ICR03	0000B3 _H
External Interrupt (INT2/INT3)	*1	# 18	FFFFB4 _H		
Serial I/O	*1	# 19	FFFFB0 _H	ICR04	0000B4 _H
External Interrupt (INT4/INT5)	*1	# 20	FFFFAC _H		
Input Capture 0	*1	# 21	FFFFA8 _H	ICR05	0000B5 _H
8/16-bit PPG 0/1	N/A	# 22	FFFFA4 _H		
Output Compare 0	*1	# 23	FFFFA0 _H	ICR06	0000B6 _H
8/16-bit PPG 2/3	N/A	# 24	FFFF9C _H		
External Interrupt (INT6/INT7)	*1	# 25	FFFF98 _H	ICR07	0000B7 _H
Input Capture 1	*1	# 26	FFFF94 _H		
8/16-bit PPG 4/5	N/A	# 27	FFFF90 _H	ICR08	0000B8 _H
Output Compare 1	*1	# 28	FFFF8C _H		
8/16-bit PPG 6/7	N/A	# 29	FFFF88 _H	ICR09	0000B9 _H
Input Capture 2	*1	# 30	FFFF84 _H		
8/16-bit PPG 8/9	N/A	# 31	FFFF80 _H	ICR10	0000BA _H
Output Compare 2	*1	# 32	FFFF7C _H		
Input Capture 3	*1	# 33	FFFF78 _H	ICR11	0000BB _H
8/16-bit PPG A/B	N/A	# 34	FFFF74 _H		
Output Compare 3	*1	# 35	FFFF70 _H	ICR12	0000BC _H
16-bit Reload Timer 1	*1	# 36	FFFF6C _H		
UART 0 RX	*2	# 37	FFFF68 _H	ICR13	0000BD _H
UART 0 TX	*1	# 38	FFFF64 _H		
UART 1 RX	*2	# 39	FFFF60 _H	ICR14	0000BE _H
UART 1 TX	*1	# 40	FFFF5C _H		
Flash Memory	N/A	# 41	FFFF58 _H	ICR15	0000BF _H
Delayed interrupt	N/A	# 42	FFFF54 _H		

*1: The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI²OS interrupt clear signal.

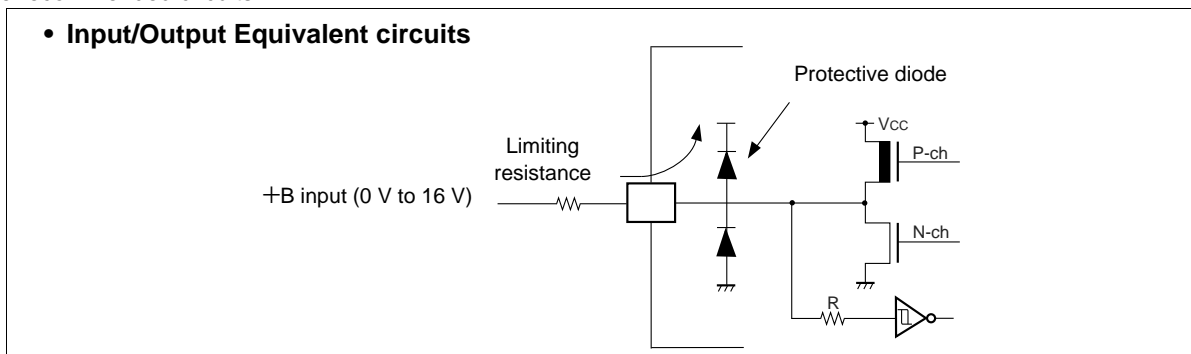
*2: The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI²OS interrupt clear signal. A stop request is available.

N/A: The interrupt request flag is not cleared by the EI²OS interrupt clear signal.

Notes:

- For a peripheral module with two interrupt for a single interrupt number, both interrupt request flags are cleared by the EI²OS interrupt clear signal.
- At the end of EI²OS, the EI²OS clear signal will be asserted for all the interrupt flags assigned to the same interrupt number. If one interrupt flag starts the EI²OS and in the meantime another interrupt flag is set by hardware event, the later event is lost because the flag is cleared by the EI²OS clear signal caused by the first event. So it is recommended not to use the EI²OS for this interrupt number.
- If EI²OS is enabled, EI²OS is initiated when one of the two interrupt signals in the same interrupt control register (ICR) is asserted. This means that different interrupt sources share the same EI²OS Descriptor which should be unique for each interrupt source. For this reason, when one interrupt source uses the EI²OS, the other interrupt should be disabled.

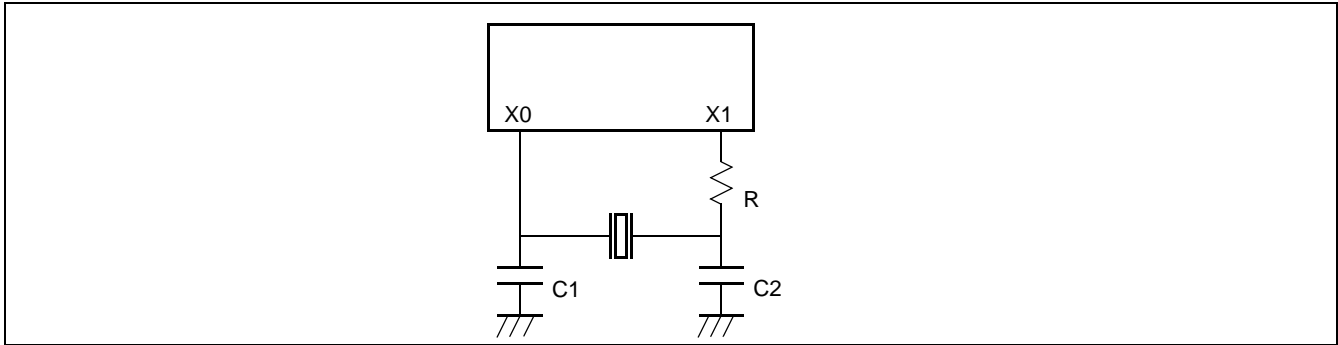
- The value of the limiting resistance should be set so that when the +B signal is applied the input current to the microcontroller pin does not exceed rated values, either instantaneously or for prolonged periods.
- Note that when the microcontroller drive current is low, such as in the power saving modes, the +B input potential may pass through the protective diode and increase the potential at the V_{CC} pin, and this may affect other devices.
- Note that if a +B signal is input when the microcontroller current is off (not fixed at 0 V) , the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
- Note that if the +B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on result.
- Care must be taken not to leave the +B input pin open.
- Note that analog system input/output pins other than the A/D input pins (LCD drive pins, comparator input pins, etc.) cannot accept +B signal input.
- Sample recommended circuits :

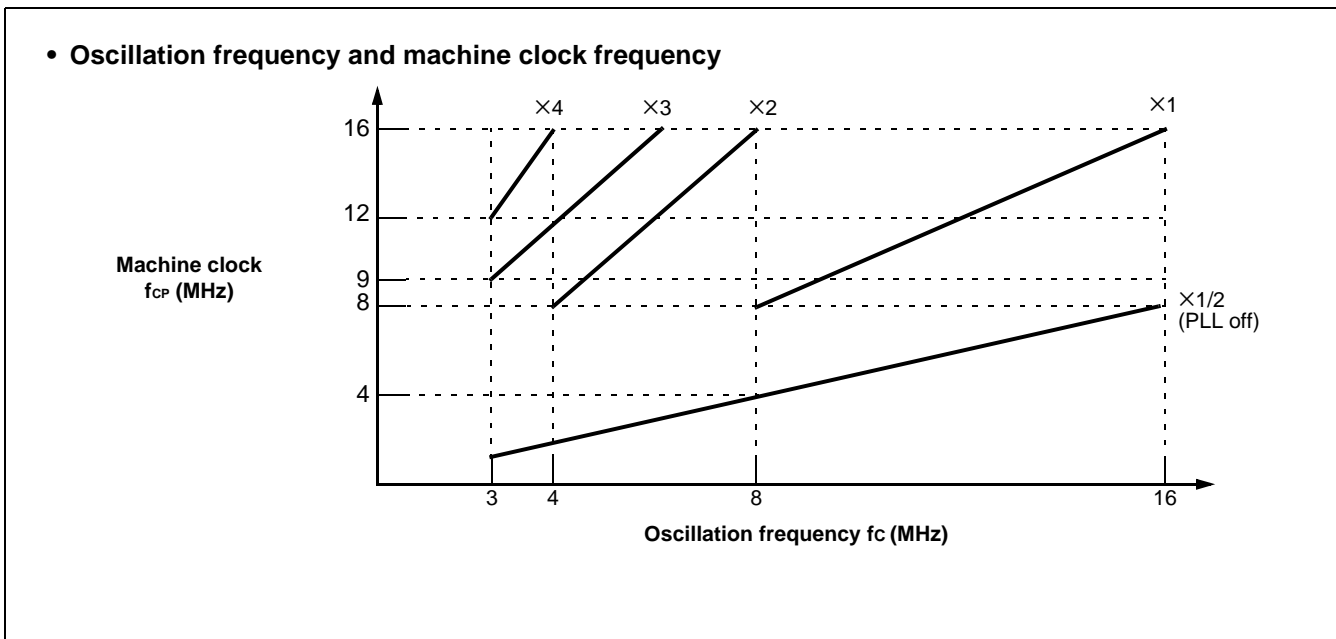
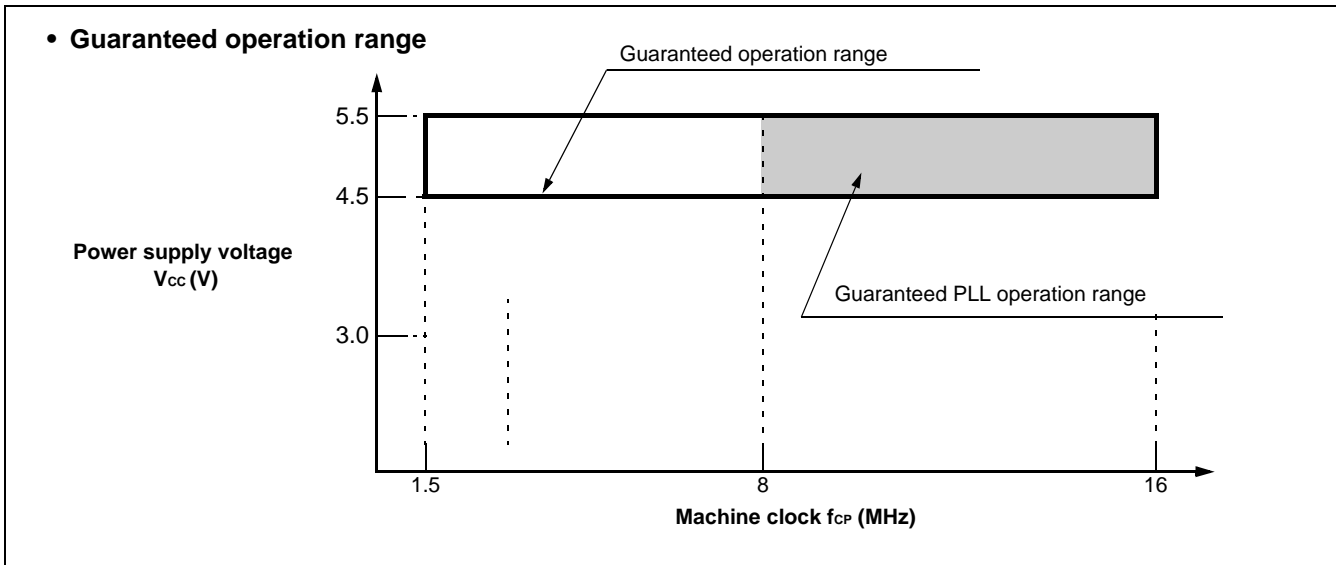


Note: : Average output current = operating current × operating efficiency

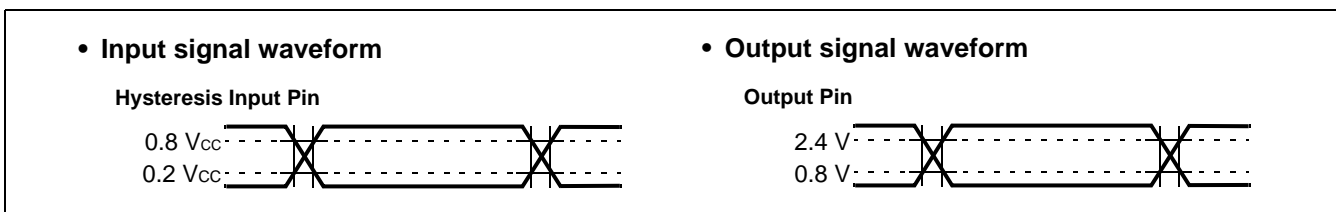
WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

■ Example of Oscillation circuit





AC characteristics are set to the measured reference voltage values below.



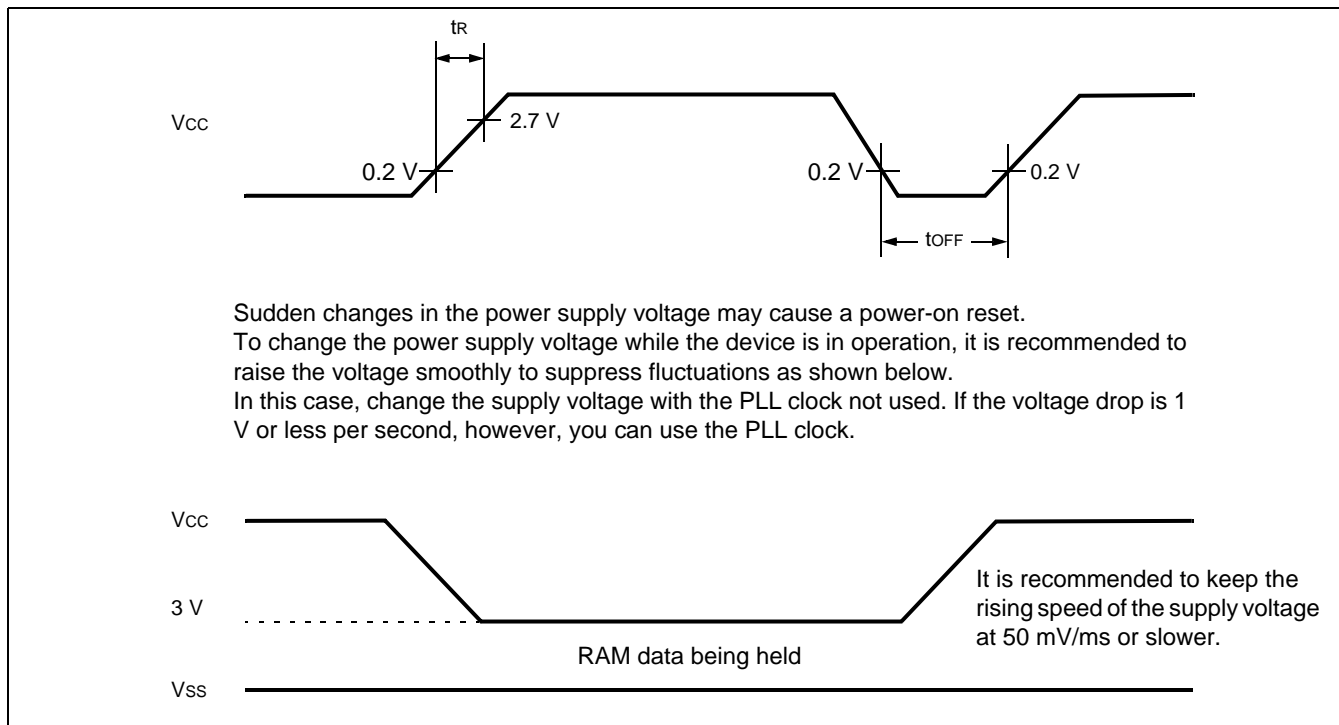
11.4.3 Power On Reset
 $(V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}, T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +85\text{ }^\circ\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Power on rise time	t_{R}	V_{CC}	—	0.05	30	ms	*
Power off time	t_{OFF}	V_{CC}		50	—	ms	Due to repetitive operation

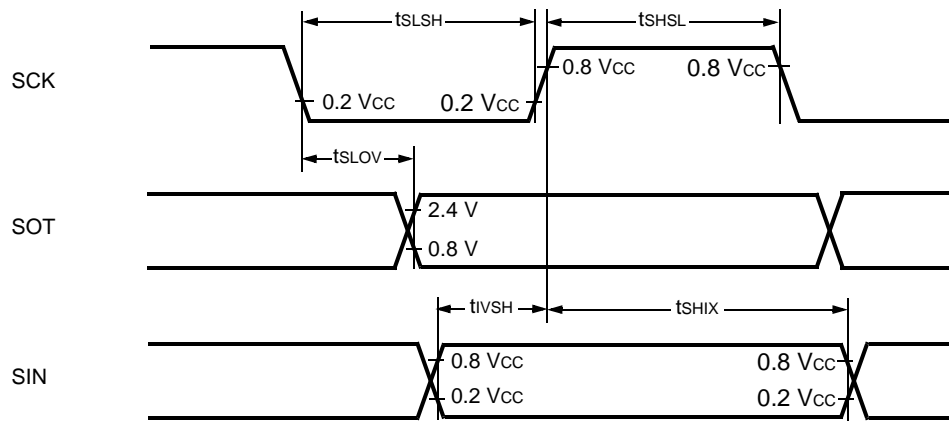
*: V_{CC} must be kept lower than 0.2 V before power-on.

Notes:

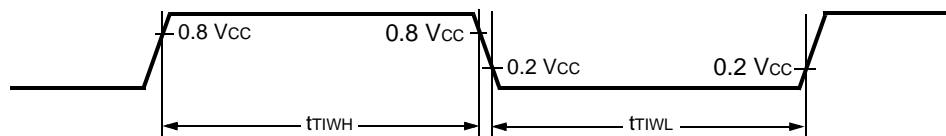
- The above values are used for creating a power-on reset.
- Some registers in the device are initialized only upon a power-on reset. To initialize these registers, turn on the power supply using the above values.


11.4.4 UART0/1, Serial I/O Timing
 $(V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}, T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +85\text{ }^\circ\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Serial clock cycle time	t_{SCYC}	SCK0 to SCK2	Internal clock operation output pins are $C_L = 80\text{ pF} + 1\text{ TTL}$.	8 t_{CP}	—	ns	
SCK ↓ ⇒ SOT delay time	t_{SLOV}	SCK0 to SCK2, SOT0 to SOT2		-80	80	ns	
Valid SIN ⇒ SCK ↑	t_{VSH}	SCK0 to SCK2, SIN0 to SIN2		100	—	ns	
SCK ↑ ⇒ Valid SIN hold time	t_{SHIX}	SCK0 to SCK2, SIN0 to SIN2		60	—	ns	

• External Shift Clock Mode

(5) Timer Input Timing
 $(V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 10\%, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^\circ C \text{ to } +85^\circ C)$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t _{TIWH}	TIN0, TIN1	—	4 t _{CP}	—	ns	
	t _{TIWL}	IN0 to IN3					

• Timer Input Timing

11.4.5 Trigger Input Timing
 $(V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 10\%, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^\circ C \text{ to } +85^\circ C)$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t _{TRGH}	INT0 to INT7, ADTG	—	5 t _{CP}	—	ns	Under normal operation
	t _{TRGL}			1	—		μs

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min	Typ	Max		
Reference voltage range	—	AVRH	AVRL + 3.0	—	AV _{CC}	V	
	—	AVRL	0	—	AVRH – 3.0	V	
Power supply current	I _A	AV _{CC}	—	5	—	mA	
	I _{AH}	AV _{CC}	—	—	5	μA	*
Reference voltage current	I _R	AVRH	—	400	600	μA	MB90V595G, MB90F598G
			—	140	600	μA	MB90598G
	I _{RH}	AVRH	—	—	5	μA	*
Offset between input channels	—	AN0 to AN7	—	—	4	LSB	

* : When not operating A/D converter, this is the current ($V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = AVRH = 5.0$ V) when the CPU is stopped.

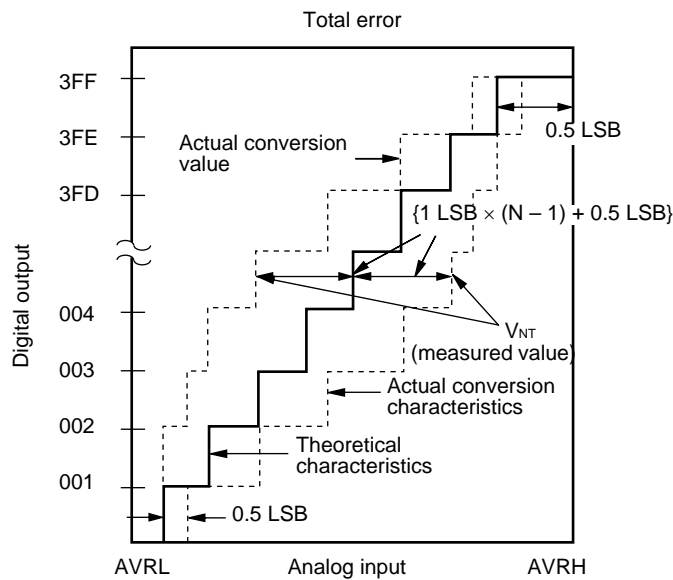
11.6 A/D Converter Glossary

Resolution: Analog changes that are identifiable with the A/D converter

Linearity error: The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point (“00 0000 0000” ↔ “00 0000 0001”) with the full-scale transition point (“11 1111 1110” ↔ “11 1111 1111”) from actual conversion characteristics

Differential linearity error: The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value

Total error: The total error is defined as a difference between the actual value and the theoretical value, which includes zero-transition error/full-scale transition error and linearity error.



$$1 \text{ LSB} = (\text{Theoretical value}) \frac{\text{AVRH} - \text{AVRL}}{1024} \text{ [V]}$$

$$\text{Total error for digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB} \times (N - 1) + 0.5 \text{ LSB}\}}{1 \text{ LSB}} \text{ [LSB]}$$

$$V_{OT} (\text{Theoretical value}) = \text{AVRL} + 0.5 \text{ LSB [V]}$$

V_{NT} : Voltage at a transition of digital output from (N - 1) to N

$$V_{FST} (\text{Theoretical value}) = \text{AVRH} - 1.5 \text{ LSB [V]}$$

(Continued)