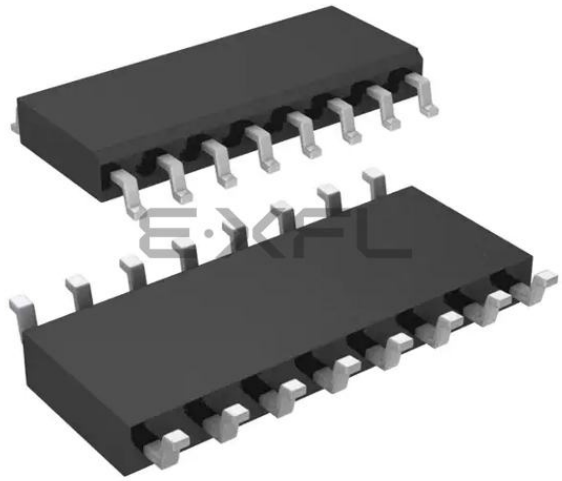

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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	M8C
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I²C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.4V ~ 5.25V
Data Converters	A/D 28x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	16-SOIC (0.154", 3.90mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	16-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c21234-24sxit

Contents

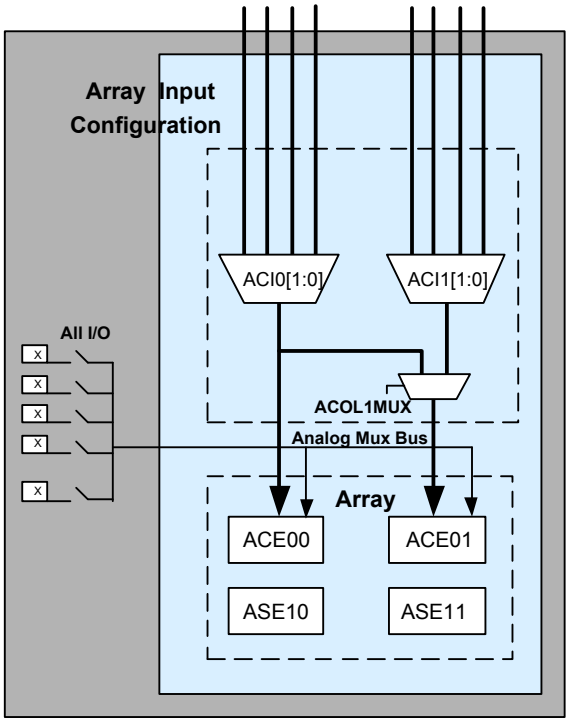
The Analog System

The analog system consists of four configurable blocks that allow for the creation of complex analog signal flows. Analog peripherals are very flexible and can be customized to support specific application requirements. Some of the common PSoC analog functions for this device (most available as user modules) are:

- ADCs (single or dual, with 8-bit or 10-bit resolution)
- Pin-to-pin comparator
- Single-ended comparators (up to two) with absolute (1.3 V) reference or 8-bit DAC reference
- 1.3-V reference (as a system resource)

In most PSoC devices, analog blocks are provided in columns of three, which includes one continuous time (CT) and two switched capacitor (SC) blocks. The CY8C21x34 devices provide limited functionality Type E analog blocks. Each column contains one CT Type E block and one SC Type E block. Refer to the *PSoC Technical Reference Manual* for detailed information on the CY8C21x34's Type E analog blocks.

Figure 3. Analog System Block Diagram



The Analog Multiplexer System

The analog mux bus can connect to every GPIO pin. Pins may be connected to the bus individually or in any combination. The bus also connects to the analog system for analysis with comparators and analog-to-digital converters. An additional 8:1 analog input multiplexer provides a second path to bring Port 0 pins to the analog array.

Switch-control logic enables selected pins to precharge continuously under hardware control. This enables capacitive measurement for applications such as touch sensing. Other multiplexer applications include:

- Track pad, finger sensing
- Chip-wide mux that allows analog input from any I/O pin
- Crosspoint connection between any I/O pin combinations

Additional System Resources

System resources, some of which are listed in the previous sections, provide additional capability useful to complete systems. Additional resources include a switch-mode pump, low-voltage detection, and power-on-reset (POR).

- Digital clock dividers provide three customizable clock frequencies for use in applications. The clocks may be routed to both the digital and analog systems. Additional clocks can be generated using digital PSoC blocks as clock dividers.
- The I^2C [5] module provides 100- and 400-kHz communication over two wires. Slave, master, and multi-master modes are all supported.
- LVD interrupts can signal the application of falling voltage levels, while the advanced POR circuit eliminates the need for a system supervisor.
- An internal 1.3-V reference provides an absolute reference for the analog system, including ADCs and DACs.
- An integrated switch-mode pump generates normal operating voltages from a single 1.2-V battery cell, providing a low cost boost converter.
- Versatile analog multiplexer system.

Note
5. Errata:The I^2C block exhibits occasional data and bus corruption errors when the I2C master initiates transactions while the device is transitioning in to or out of sleep mode.

PSoC Device Characteristics

Depending on your PSoC device characteristics, the digital and analog systems can have 16, 8, or 4 digital blocks and 12, 6, or 4 analog blocks. Table 1 lists the resources available for specific PSoC device groups. The PSoC device covered by this datasheet is highlighted in Table 1.

Table 1. PSoC Device Characteristics

PSoC Part Number	Digital I/O	Digital Rows	Digital Blocks	Analog Inputs	Analog Outputs	Analog Columns	Analog Blocks	SRAM Size	Flash Size
CY8C29x66	up to 64	4	16	up to 12	4	4	12	2 K	32 K
CY8C28xxx	up to 44	up to 3	up to 12	up to 44	up to 4	up to 6	up to 12 + 4[6]	1 K	16 K
CY8C27x43	up to 44	2	8	up to 12	4	4	12	256	16 K
CY8C24x94	up to 56	1	4	up to 48	2	2	6	1 K	16 K
CY8C24x23A	up to 24	1	4	up to 12	2	2	6	256	4 K
CY8C23x33	up to 26	1	4	up to 12	2	2	4	256	8 K
CY8C22x45	up to 38	2	8	up to 38	0	4	6[6]	1 K	16 K
CY8C21x45	up to 24	1	4	up to 24	0	4	6[6]	512	8 K
CY8C21x34	up to 28	1	4	up to 28	0	2	4[6]	512	8 K
CY8C21x23	up to 16	1	4	up to 8	0	2	4[6]	256	4 K
CY8C20x34	up to 28	0	0	up to 28	0	0	3[6,7]	512	8 K
CY8C20xx6	up to 36	0	0	up to 36	0	0	3[6,7]	up to 2 K	up to 32 K

Getting Started

For in-depth information, along with detailed programming details, see the *PSoC® Technical Reference Manual*.

For up-to-date ordering, packaging, and electrical specification information, see the latest PSoC device datasheets on the web.

Application Notes

Cypress application notes are an excellent introduction to the wide variety of possible PSoC designs.

Development Kits

PSoC Development Kits are available online from and through a growing number of regional and global distributors, which include Arrow, Avnet, Digi-Key, Farnell, Future Electronics, and Newark.

Training

Free PSoC technical training (on demand, webinars, and workshops), which is available online via www.cypress.com, covers a wide variety of topics and skill levels to assist you in your designs.

CYPros Consultants

Certified PSoC consultants offer everything from technical assistance to completed PSoC designs. To contact or become a PSoC consultant go to the CYPros Consultants web site.

Solutions Library

Visit our growing library of solution focused designs. Here you can find various application designs that include firmware and hardware design files that enable you to complete your designs quickly.

Technical Support

Technical support – including a searchable Knowledge Base articles and technical forums – is also available online. If you cannot find an answer to your question, call our Technical Support hotline at 1-800-541-4736.

Notes
6. Limited analog functionality.
7. Two analog blocks and one CapSense®.

Development Tools

PSoC Designer™ is the revolutionary integrated design environment (IDE) that you can use to customize PSoC to meet your specific application requirements. PSoC Designer software accelerates system design and time to market. Develop your applications using a library of precharacterized analog and digital peripherals (called user modules) in a drag-and-drop design environment. Then, customize your design by leveraging the dynamically generated application programming interface (API) libraries of code. Finally, debug and test your designs with the integrated debug environment, including in-circuit emulation and standard software debug features. PSoC Designer includes:

- Application editor graphical user interface (GUI) for device and user module configuration and dynamic reconfiguration
- Extensive user module catalog
- Integrated source-code editor (C and assembly)
- Free C compiler with no size restrictions or time limits
- Built-in debugger
- In-circuit emulation
- Built-in support for communication interfaces:
  - Hardware and software I^2C [8] slaves and masters
  - Full-speed USB 2.0
  - Up to four full-duplex universal asynchronous receiver/transmitters (UARTs), SPI master and slave, and wireless

PSoC Designer supports the entire library of PSoC 1 devices and runs on Windows XP, Windows Vista, and Windows 7.

PSoC Designer Software Subsystems

Design Entry

In the chip-level view, choose a base device to work with. Then select different onboard analog and digital components that use the PSoC blocks, which are called user modules. Examples of user modules are ADCs, DACs, amplifiers, and filters. Configure the user modules for your chosen application and connect them to each other and to the proper pins. Then generate your project. This prepopulates your project with APIs and libraries that you can use to program your application.

The tool also supports easy development of multiple configurations and dynamic reconfiguration. Dynamic reconfiguration makes it possible to change configurations at run time. In essence, this allows you to use more than 100 percent of PSoC's resources for an application.

Code Generation Tools

The code generation tools work seamlessly within the PSoC Designer interface and have been tested with a full range of debugging tools. You can develop your design in C, assembly, or a combination of the two.

Assemblers. The assemblers allow you to merge assembly code seamlessly with C code. Link libraries automatically use absolute addressing or are compiled in relative mode, and are linked with other software modules to get absolute addressing.

C Language Compilers. C language compilers are available that support the PSoC family of devices. The products allow you to create complete C programs for the PSoC family devices. The optimizing C compilers provide all of the features of C, tailored to the PSoC architecture. They come complete with embedded libraries providing port and bus operations, standard keypad and display support, and extended math functionality.

Debugger

PSoC Designer has a debug environment that provides hardware in-circuit emulation, allowing you to test the program in a physical system while providing an internal view of the PSoC device. Debugger commands allow you to read and program and read and write data memory, and read and write I/O registers. You can read and write CPU registers, set and clear breakpoints, and provide program run, halt, and step control. The debugger also allows you to create a trace buffer of registers and memory locations of interest.

Online Help System

The online help system displays online, context-sensitive help. Designed for procedural and quick reference, each functional subsystem has its own context-sensitive help. This system also provides tutorials and links to FAQs and an online support Forum to aid the designer.

In-Circuit Emulator

A low-cost, high-functionality in-circuit emulator (ICE) is available for development support. This hardware can program single devices.

The emulator consists of a base unit that connects to the PC using a USB port. The base unit is universal and operates with all PSoC devices. Emulation pods for each device family are available separately. The emulation pod takes the place of the PSoC device in the target board and performs full-speed (24 MHz) operation.

Note
8. Errata:The I^2C block exhibits occasional data and bus corruption errors when the I^2C master initiates transactions while the device is transitioning in to or out of sleep mode.

Designing with PSoC Designer

The development process for the PSoC device differs from that of a traditional fixed function microprocessor. The configurable analog and digital hardware blocks give the PSoC architecture a unique flexibility that pays dividends in managing specification change during development and by lowering inventory costs. These configurable resources, called PSoC Blocks, have the ability to implement a wide variety of user-selectable functions. The PSoC development process is summarized in four steps:

1. Select User Modules.
2. Configure User Modules.
3. Organize and Connect.
4. Generate, Verify, and Debug.

Select User Modules

PSoC Designer provides a library of prebuilt, pretested hardware peripheral components called “user modules.” User modules make selecting and implementing peripheral devices, both analog and digital, simple.

Configure User Modules

Each user module that you select establishes the basic register settings that implement the selected function. They also provide parameters and properties that allow you to tailor their precise configuration to your particular application. For example, a PWM User Module configures one or more digital PSoC blocks, one for each 8 bits of resolution. The user module parameters permit you to establish the pulse width and duty cycle. Configure the parameters and properties to correspond to your chosen application. Enter values directly or by selecting values from drop-down menus. All the user modules are documented in datasheets that may be viewed directly in PSoC Designer or on the Cypress website. These user module datasheets explain the internal operation of the user module and provide performance specifications. Each datasheet describes the use of each user module parameter, and other information you may need to successfully implement your design.

Organize and Connect

You build signal chains at the chip level by interconnecting user modules to each other and the I/O pins. You perform the selection, configuration, and routing so that you have complete control over all on-chip resources.

Generate, Verify, and Debug

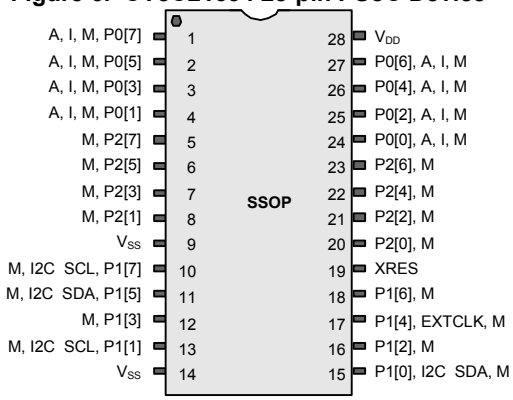
When you are ready to test the hardware configuration or move on to developing code for the project, you perform the “Generate Configuration Files” step. This causes PSoC Designer to generate source code that automatically configures the device to your specification and provides the software for the system. The generated code provides application programming interfaces (APIs) with high-level functions to control and respond to hardware events at run-time and interrupt service routines that you can adapt as needed.

A complete code development environment allows you to develop and customize your applications in either C, assembly language, or both.

The last step in the development process takes place inside PSoC Designer’s debugger (access by clicking the Connect icon). PSoC Designer downloads the HEX image to the ICE where it runs at full speed. PSoC Designer debugging capabilities rival those of systems costing many times more. In addition to traditional single-step, run-to-breakpoint, and watch-variable features, the debug interface provides a large trace buffer and allows you to define complex breakpoint events. These include monitoring address and data bus values, memory locations, and external signals.

28-pin Part Pinout

Figure 6. CY8C21534 28-pin PSoC Device



CY8C21534 28-pin SSOP Pin Definitions

Pin No.	Type		Name	Description
	Digital	Analog		
1	I/O	I, M	P0[7]	Analog column mux input
2	I/O	I, M	P0[5]	Analog column mux input and column output
3	I/O	I, M	P0[3]	Analog column mux input and column output, integrating input
4	I/O	I, M	P0[1]	Analog column mux input, integrating input
5	I/O	M	P2[7]	
6	I/O	M	P2[5]	
7	I/O	I, M	P2[3]	Direct switched capacitor block input
8	I/O	I, M	P2[1]	Direct switched capacitor block input
9	Power		V_{SS}	Ground connection [13]
10	I/O	M	P1[7]	I^2C SCL
11	I/O	M	P1[5]	I^2C SDA
12	I/O	M	P1[3]	
13	I/O	M	P1[1]	I^2C SCL, ISSP-SCLK[14]
14	Power		V_{SS}	Ground connection [13]
15	I/O	M	P1[0]	I^2C SDA, ISSP-SDATA[14]
16	I/O	M	P1[2]	
17	I/O	M	P1[4]	Optional external clock input (EXTCLK)
18	I/O	M	P1[6]	
19	Input		XRES	Active high external reset with internal pull-down
20	I/O	I, M	P2[0]	Direct switched capacitor block input
21	I/O	I, M	P2[2]	Direct switched capacitor block input
22	I/O	M	P2[4]	
23	I/O	M	P2[6]	
24	I/O	I, M	P0[0]	Analog column mux input
25	I/O	I, M	P0[2]	Analog column mux input
26	I/O	I, M	P0[4]	Analog column mux input
27	I/O	I, M	P0[6]	Analog column mux input
28	Power		V_{DD}	Supply voltage

LEGEND A: Analog, I: Input, O = Output, and M = Analog Mux Input.

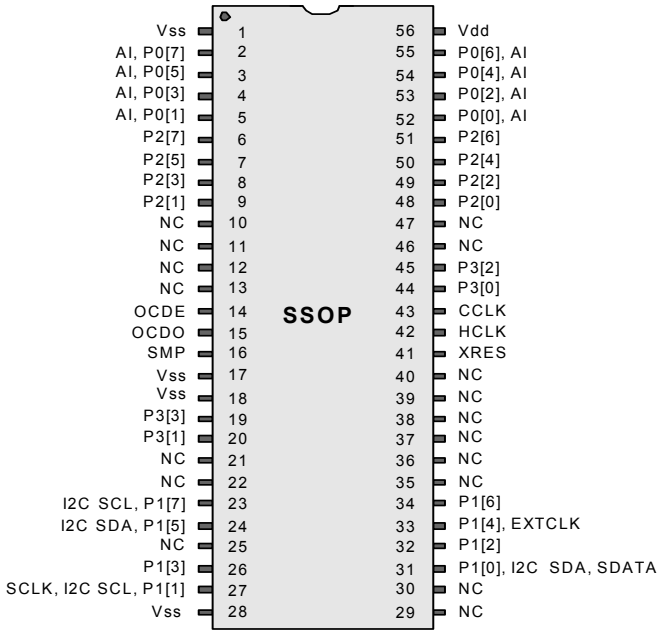
Notes
13. All V_{SS} pins should be brought out to one common GND plane.
14. These are the ISSP pins, which are not high Z at POR. See the *PSoC Technical Reference Manual* for details.

56-pin Part Pinout

The 56-pin SSOP part is for the CY8C21001 on-chip debug (OCD) PSoC device.

Note This part is only used for in-circuit debugging. It is NOT available for production.

Figure 10. CY8C21001 56-pin PSoC Device



CY8C21001 56-pin SSOP Pin Definitions

Pin No.	Type		Pin Name	Description
	Digital	Analog		
1	Power		V_{SS}	Ground connection [18]
2	I/O	I	P0[7]	Analog column mux input
3	I/O	I	P0[5]	Analog column mux input and column output
4	I/O	I	P0[3]	Analog column mux input and column output
5	I/O	I	P0[1]	Analog column mux input
6	I/O		P2[7]	
7	I/O		P2[5]	
8	I/O	I	P2[3]	Direct switched capacitor block input
9	I/O	I	P2[1]	Direct switched capacitor block input
10			NC	No connection. Pin must be left floating
11			NC	No connection. Pin must be left floating
12			NC	No connection. Pin must be left floating
13			NC	No connection. Pin must be left floating
14	OCD		OCDE	OCD even data I/O
15	OCD		OCDO	OCD odd data output
16	Power		SMP	SMP connection to required external components
17	Power		V_{SS}	Ground connection [18]
18	Power		V_{SS}	Ground connection [18]
19	I/O		P3[3]	

Table 3. Register Map 0 Table: User Space

Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access
PRT0DR	00	RW		40		ASE10CR0	80	RW		C0	
PRT0IE	01	RW		41			81			C1	
PRT0GS	02	RW		42			82			C2	
PRT0DM2	03	RW		43			83			C3	
PRT1DR	04	RW		44		ASE11CR0	84	RW		C4	
PRT1IE	05	RW		45			85			C5	
PRT1GS	06	RW		46			86			C6	
PRT1DM2	07	RW		47			87			C7	
PRT2DR	08	RW		48			88			C8	
PRT2IE	09	RW		49			89			C9	
PRT2GS	0A	RW		4A			8A			CA	
PRT2DM2	0B	RW		4B			8B			CB	
PRT3DR	0C	RW		4C			8C			CC	
PRT3IE	0D	RW		4D			8D			CD	
PRT3GS	0E	RW		4E			8E			CE	
PRT3DM2	0F	RW		4F			8F			CF	
	10			50			90		CUR_PP	D0	RW
	11			51			91		STK_PP	D1	RW
	12			52			92			D2	
	13			53			93		IDX_PP	D3	RW
	14			54			94		MVR_PP	D4	RW
	15			55			95		MVW_PP	D5	RW
	16			56			96		I2C_CFG	D6	RW
	17			57			97		I2C_SCR	D7	#
	18			58			98		I2C_DR	D8	RW
	19			59			99		I2C_MSCR	D9	#
	1A			5A			9A		INT_CLR0	DA	RW
	1B			5B			9B		INT_CLR1	DB	RW
	1C			5C			9C			DC	
	1D			5D			9D		INT_CLR3	DD	RW
	1E			5E			9E		INT_MSK3	DE	RW
	1F			5F			9F			DF	
DBB00DR0	20	#	AMX_IN	60	RW		A0		INT_MSK0	E0	RW
DBB00DR1	21	W	AMUXCFG	61	RW		A1		INT_MSK1	E1	RW
DBB00DR2	22	RW	PWM_CR	62	RW		A2		INT_VC	E2	RC
DBB00CR0	23	#		63			A3		RES_WDT	E3	W
DBB01DR0	24	#	CMP_CR0	64	#		A4			E4	
DBB01DR1	25	W		65			A5			E5	
DBB01DR2	26	RW	CMP_CR1	66	RW		A6		DEC_CR0	E6	RW
DBB01CR0	27	#		67			A7		DEC_CR1	E7	RW
DCB02DR0	28	#	ADC0_CR	68	#		A8			E8	
DCB02DR1	29	W	ADC1_CR	69	#		A9			E9	
DCB02DR2	2A	RW		6A			AA			EA	
DCB02CR0	2B	#		6B			AB			EB	
DCB03DR0	2C	#	TMP_DR0	6C	RW		AC			EC	
DCB03DR1	2D	W	TMP_DR1	6D	RW		AD			ED	
DCB03DR2	2E	RW	TMP_DR2	6E	RW		AE			EE	
DCB03CR0	2F	#	TMP_DR3	6F	RW		AF			EF	
	30			70		RDI0RI	B0	RW		F0	
	31			71		RDI0SYN	B1	RW		F1	
	32		ACE00CR1	72	RW	RDI0IS	B2	RW		F2	
	33		ACE00CR2	73	RW	RDI0LT0	B3	RW		F3	
	34			74		RDI0LT1	B4	RW		F4	
	35			75		RDI0RO0	B5	RW		F5	
	36		ACE01CR1	76	RW	RDI0RO1	B6	RW		F6	
	37		ACE01CR2	77	RW		B7		CPU_F	F7	RL
	38			78			B8			F8	
	39			79			B9			F9	
	3A			7A			BA			FA	
	3B			7B			BB			FB	
	3C			7C			BC			FC	
	3D			7D			BD		DAC_D	FD	RW
	3E			7E			BE		CPU_SCR1	FE	#
	3F			7F			BF		CPU_SCR0	FF	#

Blank fields are reserved and must not be accessed. # Access is bit specific.

DC General-Purpose I/O Specifications

The following tables list the guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75 V to 5.25 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, 3.0 V to 3.6 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, or 2.4 V to 3.0 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, respectively. Typical parameters are measured at 5 V, 3.3 V, and 2.7 V at 25 °C and are for design guidance only.

Table 6. 5-V and 3.3-V DC GPIO Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
R_{PU}	Pull-up resistor	4	5.6	8	kΩ	
R_{PD}	Pull-down resistor	4	5.6	8	kΩ	
V_{OH}	High output level	V_{DD} – 1.0	–	–	V	I_{OH} = 10 mA, V_{DD} = 4.75 to 5.25 V (8 total loads, 4 on even port pins (for example, P0[2], P1[4]), 4 on odd port pins (for example, P0[3], P1[5])
V_{OL}	Low output level	–	–	0.75	V	I_{OL} = 25 mA, V_{DD} = 4.75 to 5.25 V (8 total loads, 4 on even port pins (for example, P0[2], P1[4]), 4 on odd port pins (for example, P0[3], P1[5]))
I_{OH}	High level source current	10	–	–	mA	V_{OH} = V_{DD} – 1.0 V, see the limitations of the total current in the note for V_{OH}
I_{OL}	Low level sink current	25	–	–	mA	V_{OL} = 0.75 V, see the limitations of the total current in the note for V_{OL}
V_{IL}	Input low level	–	–	0.8	V	V_{DD} = 3.0 to 5.25
V_{IH}	Input high level	2.1	–		V	V_{DD} = 3.0 to 5.25
V_H	Input hysteresis	–	60	–	mV	
I_{IL}	Input leakage (absolute value)	–	1	–	nA	Gross tested to 1 µA
C_{IN}	Capacitive load on pins as input	–	3.5	10	pF	Package and pin dependent Temp = 25 °C
C_{OUT}	Capacitive load on pins as output	–	3.5	10	pF	Package and pin dependent Temp = 25 °C

Table 7. 2.7-V DC GPIO Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
R_{PU}	Pull-up resistor	4	5.6	8	kΩ	
R_{PD}	Pull-down resistor	4	5.6	8	kΩ	
V_{OH}	High output level	V_{DD} – 0.4	–	–	V	I_{OH} = 2.5 mA (6.25 Typ), V_{DD} = 2.4 to 3.0 V (16 mA maximum, 50 mA Typ combined I_{OH} budget)
V_{OL}	Low output level	–	–	0.75	V	I_{OL} = 10 mA, V_{DD} = 2.4 to 3.0 V (90 mA maximum combined I_{OL} budget)
I_{OH}	High level source current	2.5	–	–	mA	V_{OH} = V_{DD} – 0.4 V, see the limitations of the total current in the note for V_{OH}
I_{OL}	Low level sink current	10	–	–	mA	V_{OL} = 0.75 V, see the limitations of the total current in the note for V_{OL}
V_{IL}	Input low level	–	–	0.75	V	V_{DD} = 2.4 to 3.0
V_{IH}	Input high level	2.0	–	–	V	V_{DD} = 2.4 to 3.0
V_H	Input hysteresis	–	90	–	mV	
I_{IL}	Input leakage (absolute value)	–	1	–	nA	Gross tested to 1 µA
C_{IN}	Capacitive load on pins as input	–	3.5	10	pF	Package and pin dependent Temp = 25 °C
C_{OUT}	Capacitive load on pins as output	–	3.5	10	pF	Package and pin dependent Temp = 25 °C

Table 11. DC Switch Mode Pump (SMP) Specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
E_2	Efficiency	35	80	–	%	For I load = 1mA, V_{PUMP} = 2.55 V, V_{BAT} = 1.3 V, 10 µH inductor, 1 µF capacitor, and Schottky diode
F_{PUMP}	Switching frequency	–	1.3	–	MHz	
DC_{PUMP}	Switching duty cycle	–	50	–	%	

DC Analog Mux Bus Specifications

Table 12 lists the guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75 V to 5.25 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, 3.0 V to 3.6 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, or 2.4 V to 3.0 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, respectively. Typical parameters are measured at 5 V, 3.3 V, or 2.7 V at 25 °C and are for design guidance only.

Table 12. DC Analog Mux Bus Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
R_{SW}	Switch resistance to common analog bus	–	–	400 800	Ω	V_{DD} ≥ 2.7 V 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 2.7 V
R_{VDD}	Resistance of initialization switch to V_{DD}	–	–	800	Ω	

DC POR and LVD Specifications

Table 13 lists the guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75 V to 5.25 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, 3.0 V to 3.6 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, or 2.4 V to 3.0 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, respectively. Typical parameters are measured at 5 V, 3.3 V, or 2.7 V at 25 °C and are for design guidance only.

Table 13. DC POR and LVD Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
	V_{DD} value for PPOR trip					V_{DD} must be greater than or equal to 2.5 V during startup, the reset from the XRES pin, or reset from watchdog
V_{PPOR0}	PORLEV[1:0] = 00b	–	2.36	2.40	V	
V_{PPOR1}	PORLEV[1:0] = 01b	–	2.82	2.95	V	
V_{PPOR2}	PORLEV[1:0] = 10b	–	4.55	4.70	V	
	V_{DD} value for LVD trip					
V_{LVD0}	VM[2:0] = 000b	2.40	2.45	2.51[21]	V	
V_{LVD1}	VM[2:0] = 001b	2.85	2.92	2.99[22]	V	
V_{LVD2}	VM[2:0] = 010b	2.95	3.02	3.09	V	
V_{LVD3}	VM[2:0] = 011b	3.06	3.13	3.20	V	
V_{LVD4}	VM[2:0] = 100b	4.37	4.48	4.55	V	
V_{LVD5}	VM[2:0] = 101b	4.50	4.64	4.75	V	
V_{LVD6}	VM[2:0] = 110b	4.62	4.73	4.83	V	
V_{LVD7}	VM[2:0] = 111b	4.71	4.81	4.95	V	
	V_{DD} value for pump trip					
V_{PUMP0}	VM[2:0] = 000b	2.45	2.55	2.62[23]	V	
V_{PUMP1}	VM[2:0] = 001b	2.96	3.02	3.09	V	
V_{PUMP2}	VM[2:0] = 010b	3.03	3.10	3.16	V	
V_{PUMP3}	VM[2:0] = 011b	3.18	3.25	3.32[24]	V	
V_{PUMP4}	VM[2:0] = 100b	4.54	4.64	4.74	V	
V_{PUMP5}	VM[2:0] = 101b	4.62	4.73	4.83	V	
V_{PUMP6}	VM[2:0] = 110b	4.71	4.82	4.92	V	
V_{PUMP7}	VM[2:0] = 111b	4.89	5.00	5.12	V	

Notes
21. Always greater than 50 mV above V_{PPOR} (PORLEV = 00) for falling supply.
22. Always greater than 50 mV above V_{PPOR} (PORLEV = 01) for falling supply.
23. Always greater than 50 mV above V_{LVD0}.
24. Always greater than 50 mV above V_{LVD3}.

DC Programming Specifications

Table 14 lists the guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75 V to 5.25 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, 3.0 V to 3.6 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, or 2.4 V to 3.0 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, respectively. Typical parameters are measured at 5 V, 3.3 V, or 2.7 V at 25 °C and are for design guidance only.

Table 14. DC Programming Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
V_{DDP}	V_{DD} for programming and erase	4.5	5	5.5	V	This specification applies to the functional requirements of external programmer tools
V_{DDLV}	Low V_{DD} for verify	2.4	2.5	2.6	V	This specification applies to the functional requirements of external programmer tools
V_{DDHV}	High V_{DD} for verify	5.1	5.2	5.3	V	This specification applies to the functional requirements of external programmer tools
$V_{DDIWRITE}$	Supply voltage for flash write operation	2.7		5.25	V	This specification applies to this device when it is executing internal flash writes
I_{DDP}	Supply current during programming or verify	–	5	25	mA	
V_{ILP}	Input low voltage during programming or verify	–	–	0.8	V	
V_{IHP}	Input high voltage during programming or verify	2.2	–	–	V	
I_{ILP}	Input current when applying V_{ILP} to P1[0] or P1[1] during programming or verify	–	–	0.2	mA	Driving internal pull-down resistor
I_{IHP}	Input current when applying V_{IHP} to P1[0] or P1[1] during programming or verify	–	–	1.5	mA	Driving internal pull-down resistor
V_{OLV}	Output low voltage during programming or verify	–	–	V_{SS} + 0.75	V	
V_{OHV}	Output high voltage during programming or verify	V_{DD} – 1.0	–	V_{DD}	V	
$Flash_{ENPB}$	Flash endurance (per block)	50,000[25]	–	–	–	Erase/write cycles per block
$Flash_{ENT}$	Flash endurance (total)[26]	1,800,000	–	–	–	Erase/write cycles
$Flash_{DR}$	Flash data retention	10	–	–	Years	

DC I^2C Specifications

Table 15 lists the guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75 V to 5.25 V and –40 °C ≤T_A ≤85 °C, 3.0 V to 3.6 V and –40 °C ≤T_A ≤85 °C, or 2.4 V to 3.0 V and –40 °C ≤T_A ≤85 °C, respectively. Typical parameters are measured at 5 V, 3.3 V, or 2.7 V at 25 °C and are for design guidance only.

Table 15. DC I^2C Specifications[27]

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
V_{ILI2C}	Input low level	–	–	0.3 × V_{DD}	V	2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 3.6 V
		–	–	0.25 × V_{DD}	V	4.75 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.25 V
V_{IHI2C}	Input high level	0.7 × V_{DD}	–	–	V	2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.25 V

Notes

25. The 50,000 cycle flash endurance per block is only guaranteed if the flash is operating within one voltage range. Voltage ranges are 2.4 V to 3.0 V, 3.0 V to 3.6 V, and 4.75 V to 5.25 V.
26. A maximum of 36 × 50,000 block endurance cycles is allowed. This may be balanced between operations on 36 × 1 blocks of 50,000 maximum cycles each, 36×2 blocks of 25,000 maximum cycles each, or 36 × 4 blocks of 12,500 maximum cycles each (to limit the total number of cycles to 36 × 50,000 and ensure that no single block ever sees more than 50,000 cycles). For the full industrial range, you must employ a temperature sensor user module (FlashTemp) and feed the result to the temperature argument before writing. Refer to the Flash APIs application note AN2015 (Design Aids - Reading and Writing PSoC® Flash) for more information.
27. All GPIO meet the DC GPIO VIL and VIH specifications found in the DC GPIO Specifications sections. The I^2C GPIO pins also meet the above specs.

Table 24. 3.3-V AC External Clock Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
F_{OSCEXT}	Frequency with CPU clock divide by 1	0.093	–	12.3	MHz	Maximum CPU frequency is 12 MHz at 3.3 V. With the CPU clock divider set to 1, the external clock must adhere to the maximum frequency and duty cycle requirements
F_{OSCEXT}	Frequency with CPU clock divide by 2 or greater	0.186	–	24.6	MHz	If the frequency of the external clock is greater than 12 MHz, the CPU clock divider must be set to 2 or greater. In this case, the CPU clock divider ensures that the fifty percent duty cycle requirement is met
–	High period with CPU clock divide by 1	41.7	–	5300	ns	
–	Low period with CPU clock divide by 1	41.7	–	–	ns	
–	Power-up IMO to switch	150	–	–	µs	

Table 25. 2.7-V AC External Clock Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
F_{OSCEXT}	Frequency with CPU clock divide by 1	0.093	–	3.08	MHz	Maximum CPU frequency is 3 MHz at 2.7 V. With the CPU clock divider set to 1, the external clock must adhere to the maximum frequency and duty cycle requirements
F_{OSCEXT}	Frequency with CPU clock divide by 2 or greater	0.186	–	6.35	MHz	If the frequency of the external clock is greater than 3 MHz, the CPU clock divider must be set to 2 or greater. In this case, the CPU clock divider ensures that the fifty percent duty cycle requirement is met
–	High period with CPU clock divide by 1	160	–	5300	ns	
–	Low period with CPU clock divide by 1	160	–	–	ns	
–	Power-up IMO to switch	150	–	–	µs	

AC Programming Specifications

Table 26 lists the guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75 V to 5.25 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, or 3.0 V to 3.6 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, respectively. Typical parameters are measured at 5 V, 3.3 V, or 2.7 V at 25 °C and are for design guidance only.

Table 26. AC Programming Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
T_{RSCLK}	Rise time of SCLK	1	–	20	ns	
T_{FSCLK}	Fall time of SCLK	1	–	20	ns	
T_{SSCLK}	Data setup time to falling edge of SCLK	40	–	–	ns	
T_{HSCLK}	Data hold time from falling edge of SCLK	40	–	–	ns	
F_{SCLK}	Frequency of SCLK	0	–	8	MHz	
T_{ERASEB}	Flash erase time (block)	–	10	–	ms	
T_{WRITE}	Flash block write time	–	40	–	ms	
T_{DSCLK}	Data out delay from falling edge of SCLK	–	–	45	ns	3.6 < V_{DD}
T_{DSCLK3}	Data out delay from falling edge of SCLK	–	–	50	ns	3.0 ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 3.6
T_{DSCLK2}	Data out delay from falling edge of SCLK	–	–	70	ns	2.4 ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 3.0
$T_{ERASEALL}$	Flash erase time (Bulk)	–	20	–	ms	Erase all blocks and protection fields at once
$T_{PROGRAM\_HOT}$	Flash block erase + flash block write time	–	–	100[39]	ms	0 °C ≤ Tj ≤ 100 °C
$T_{PROGRAM\_COLD}$	Flash block erase + flash block write time	–	–	200[39]	ms	–40 °C ≤ Tj ≤ 0 °C

AC I^2C [40] Specifications

The following tables list the guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75 V to 5.25 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, 3.0 V to 3.6 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, or 2.4 V to 3.0 V and –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C, respectively. Typical parameters are measured at 5 V, 3.3 V, or 2.7 V at 25 °C and are for design guidance only.

Table 27. AC Characteristics of the I^2C SDA and SCL Pins for V_{DD} ≥ 3.0 V

Symbol	Description	Standard Mode		Fast Mode		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
F_{SCLI2C}	SCL clock frequency	0	100	0	400	kHz
$T_{HDSTAI2C}$	Hold time (repeated) start condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated	4.0	–	0.6	–	µs
T_{LOWI2C}	Low period of the SCL clock	4.7	–	1.3	–	µs
$T_{HIGHI2C}$	High period of the SCL clock	4.0	–	0.6	–	µs
$T_{SUSTAI2C}$	Setup time for a repeated start condition	4.7	–	0.6	–	µs
$T_{HDDATI2C}$	Data hold time	0	–	0	–	µs
$T_{SUDATI2C}$	Data setup time	250	–	100[41]	–	ns
$T_{SUSTOI2C}$	Setup time for stop condition	4.0	–	0.6	–	µs
T_{BUFI2C}	Bus free time between a stop and start condition	4.7	–	1.3	–	µs
T_{SPI2C}	Pulse width of spikes suppressed by the input filter.	–	–	0	50	ns

Notes

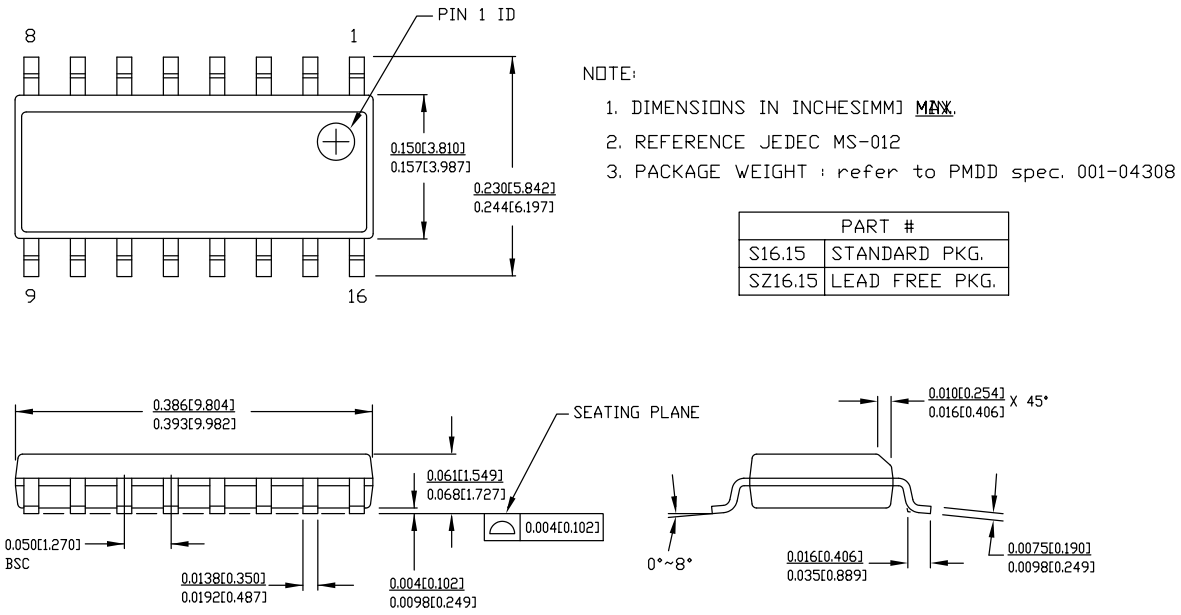
39. For the full industrial range, the user must employ a temperature sensor user module (FlashTemp) and feed the result to the temperature argument before writing. Refer to the Flash APIs application note AN2015 (Design Aids - Reading and Writing PSoC® Flash) for more information.
40. Errata: The I^2C block exhibits occasional data and bus corruption errors when the I^2C master initiates transactions while the device is transitioning in to or out of sleep mode.
41. A Fast-Mode I^2C-bus device may be used in a Standard-Mode I^2C-bus system, but it must meet the requirement $T_{SU;DAT}$ ≥ 250 ns. This is automatically the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If the device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line T_{rmax} + $T_{SU;DAT}$ = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the Standard-Mode I^2C-bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

Packaging Information

This section shows the packaging specifications for the CY8C21x34 PSoC device with the thermal impedances for each package.

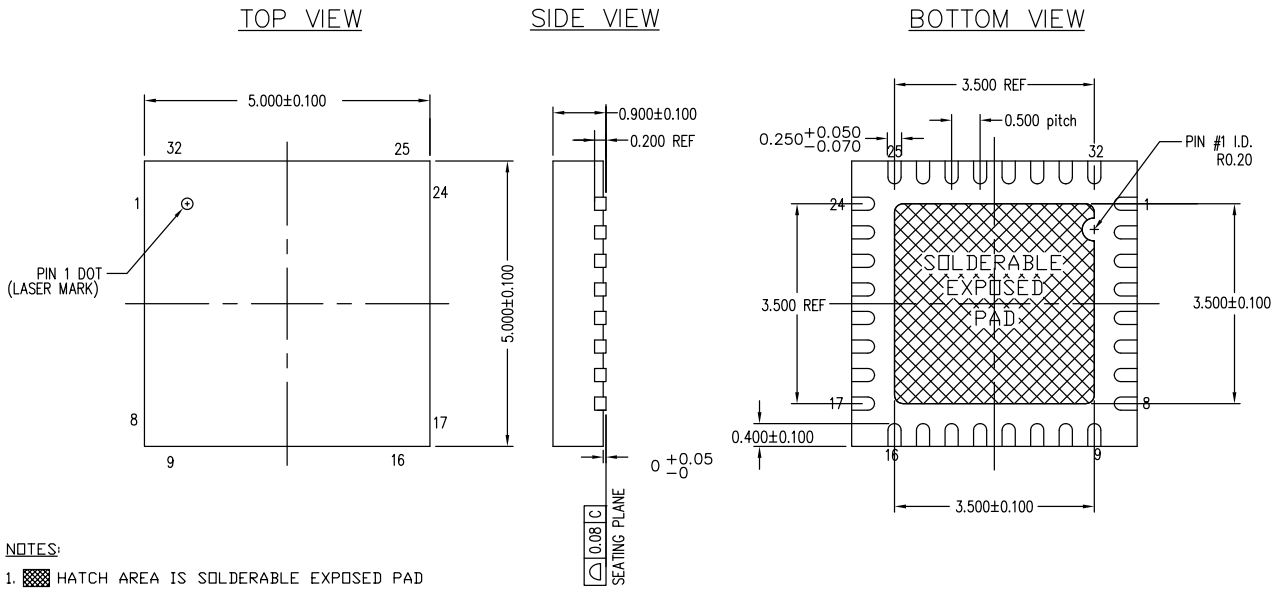
Important Note Emulation tools may require a larger area on the target PCB than the chip's footprint. For a detailed description of the emulation tools' dimensions, refer to the emulator pod drawings at http://www.cypress.com.

Figure 15. 16-pin SOIC (150 Mils) Package Outline, 51-85068



51-85068 *E

Figure 18. 32-pin QFN (5 × 5 × 1.0 mm) Package Outline, 001-30999



Important Note For information on the preferred dimensions for mounting QFN packages, see the *Application Note EROS - Design Guidelines for Cypress Quad Flat No Extended Lead (QFN) Packaged Devices* available at http://www.cypress.com.

Development Tool Selection

This section presents the development tools available for all current PSoC device families including the CY8C21x34 family.

Software

PSoC Designer™

At the core of the PSoC development software suite is PSoC Designer, used to generate PSoC firmware applications. PSoC Designer is available free of charge at http://www.cypress.com and includes a free C compiler.

PSoC Programmer

Flexible enough to be used on the bench in development, yet suitable for factory programming, PSoC Programmer works either as a standalone programming application or operates directly from PSoC Designer. PSoC Programmer software is compatible with both PSoC ICE-Cube In-Circuit Emulator and PSoC MiniProg. PSoC programmer is available free of charge at http://www.cypress.com.

Development Kits

All development kits can be purchased from the Cypress Online Store.

CY3215-DK Basic Development Kit

The CY3215-DK is for prototyping and development with PSoC Designer. This kit supports in-circuit emulation, and the software interface allows you to run, halt, and single step the processor, and view the content of specific memory locations. Advance emulation features also supported through PSoC Designer. The kit includes:

- PSoC Designer software CD
- ICE-Cube in-circuit emulator
- ICE Flex-Pod for CY8C29x66 family
- Cat-5 adapter
- Mini-Eval programming board
- 110 ~ 240 V power supply, Euro-Plug adapter
- iMAGEcraft C compiler
- ISSP cable
- USB 2.0 cable and Blue Cat-5 cable
- Two CY8C29466-24PXI 28-PDIP chip samples

Evaluation Tools

All evaluation tools can be purchased from the Cypress Online Store.

CY3210-MiniProg1

The CY3210-MiniProg1 kit allows you to program PSoC devices through the MiniProg1 programming unit. The MiniProg is a small, compact prototyping programmer that connects to the PC through a provided USB 2.0 cable. The kit includes:

- MiniProg programming unit
- MiniEval socket programming and evaluation board
- 28-pin CY8C29466-24PXI PDIP PSoC device sample
- 28-pin CY8C27443-24PXI PDIP PSoC device sample
- PSoC Designer software CD
- Getting Started guide
- USB 2.0 cable

CY3210-PSoCEval1

The CY3210-PSoCEval1 kit features an evaluation board and the MiniProg1 programming unit. The evaluation board includes an LCD module, potentiometer, LEDs, and plenty of bread-boarding space to meet all of your evaluation needs. The kit includes:

- Evaluation board with LCD module
- MiniProg programming unit
- Two 28-pin CY8C29466-24PXI PDIP PSoC device samples
- PSoC Designer software CD
- Getting Started guide
- USB 2.0 cable

CY3214-PSoCEvalUSB

The CY3214-PSoCEvalUSB evaluation kit features a development board for the CY8C24794-24LFXI PSoC device. The board includes both USB and capacitive sensing development and debugging support. This evaluation board also includes an LCD module, potentiometer, LEDs, an enunciator and plenty of breadboarding space to meet all of your evaluation needs. The kit includes:

- PSoCEvalUSB board
- LCD module
- MIniProg programming unit
- Mini USB cable
- PSoC Designer and example projects CD
- Getting Started guide
- Wire pack

Device Programmers

All device programmers can be purchased from the Cypress Online Store.

CY3216 Modular Programmer

The CY3216 Modular Programmer kit features a modular programmer and the MiniProg1 programming unit. The modular programmer includes three programming module cards and supports multiple Cypress products. The kit includes:

- Modular programmer base
- Three programming module cards
- MiniProg programming unit
- PSoC Designer software CD
- Getting Started guide
- USB 2.0 cable

CY3207ISSP In-System Serial Programmer (ISSP)

The CY3207ISSP is a production programmer. It includes protection circuitry and an industrial case that is more robust than the MiniProg in a production-programming environment.

Note CY3207ISSP needs special software and is not compatible with PSoC Programmer. The kit includes:

- CY3207 programmer unit
- PSoC ISSP software CD
- 110 ~ 240 V power supply, Euro-Plug adapter
- USB 2.0 cable

Accessories (Emulation and Programming)

Table 31. Emulation and Programming Accessories

Part Number	Pin Package	Flex-Pod Kit[45]	Foot Kit[46]	Adapter
CY8C21234-24SXI	16-pin SOIC	CY3250-21X34	CY3250-16SOIC-FK	Adapters can be found at http://www.emulation.com.
CY8C21334-24PVXI	20-pin SSOP	CY3250-21X34	CY3250-20SSOP-FK	
CY8C21534-24PVXI	28-pin SSOP	CY3250-21X34	CY3250-28SSOP-FK	

Notes
45. Flex-Pod kit includes a practice flex-pod and a practice PCB, in addition to two flex-pods.
46. Foot kit includes surface mount feet that can be soldered to the target PCB.

Errata

This section describes the errata for the PSoC® Programmable System-on-Chip CY8C21X34. Details include errata trigger conditions, scope of impact, available workarounds, and silicon revision applicability.

Contact your local Cypress Sales Representative if you have questions.

Part Numbers Affected

Part Number	Ordering Information
CY8C21X34	CY8C21234-24SXI
	CY8C21234-24SXIT
	CY8C21334-24PVXI
	CY8C21334-24PVXIT
	CY8C21534-24PVXI
	CY8C21534-24PVXIT
	CY8C21434-24LFXI
	CY8C21434-24LFXIT
	CY8C21434-24LKXI
	CY8C21434-24LKXIT
	CY8C21634-24LFXI
	CY8C21634-24LFXIT
	CY8C21434-24LTXI
	CY8C21434-24LTXIT
	CY8C21434-24LQXI
	CY8C21434-24LQXIT
	CY8C21634-24LTXI
	CY8C21634-24LTXIT
	CY8C21001-24PVXI

CY8C21X34 Qualification Status

Product Status: Production

Document History Page

Document Title: CY8C21634/CY8C21534/CY8C21434/CY8C21334/CY8C21234, PSoC® Programmable System-on-Chip™ Document Number: 38-12025				
Rev.	**ECN**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	227340	HMT	See ECN	New silicon and document (Revision **).
*A	235992	SFV	See ECN	Updated Overview and Electrical Spec. chapters, along with revisions to the 24-Pin pinout part. Revised the register mapping tables. Added a SSOP 28-Pin part.
*B	248572	SFV	See ECN	Changed title to include all part #s. Changed 28-Pin SSOP from CY8C21434 to CY8C21534. Changed pin 9 on the 28-Pin SSOP from SMP pin to Vss pin. Added SMP block to architecture diagram. Update Electrical Specifications. Added another 32-Pin MLF part: CY8C21634.
*C	277832	HMT	See ECN	Verify datasheet standards from SFV memo. Add Analog Input Mux to applicable pin outs. Update PSoC Characteristics table. Update diagrams and specs. Final.
*D	285293	HMT	See ECN	Update 2.7 V DC GPIO spec. Add Reflow Peak Temp. table.
*E	301739	HMT	See ECN	DC Chip-Level Specification changes. Update links to new CY.com Portal.
*F	329104	HMT	See ECN	Re-add pinout ISSP notation. Fix TMP register names. Clarify ADC feature. Update Electrical Specifications. Update Reflow Peak Temp. table. Add 32 MLF E-PAD dimensions. Add ThetaJC to Thermal Impedance table. Fix 20-Pin package order number. Add CY logo. Update CY copyright.
*G	352736	HMT	See ECN	Add new color and logo. Add URL to preferred dimensions for mounting MLF packages. Update Transmitter and Receiver AC Digital Block Electrical Specifications.
*H	390152	HMT	See ECN	Clarify MLF thermal pad connection info. Replace 16-Pin 300-MIL SOIC with correct 150-MIL.
*I	413404	HMT	See ECN	Update 32-Pin QFN E-Pad dimensions and rev. *A. Update CY branding and QFN convention.
*J	430185	HMT	See ECN	Add new 32-Pin 5x5 mm 0.60 thickness QFN package and diagram, CY8C21434-24LKXI. Update thermal resistance data. Add 56-Pin SSOP on-chip debug non-production part, CY8C21001-24PVXI. Update typical and recommended Storage Temperature per industrial specs. Update copyright and trademarks.
*K	677717	HMT	See ECN	Add CapSense SNR requirement reference. Add new Dev. Tool section. Add CY8C20x34 to PSoC Device Characteristics table. Add Low Power Comparator (LPC) AC/DC electrical spec. tables. Update rev. of 32-Lead (5x5 mm 0.60 MAX) QFN package diagram.
*L	2147847	UVS / PYRS	02/27/08	Added 32-Pin QFN Sawn pin diagram, package diagram, and ordering information.
*M	2273246	UVS / AESA	04/01/08	Added 32 pin thin sawn package diagram.
*N	2618124	OGNE / PYRS	12/09/08	Added Note in Ordering Information section. Changed title from PSoC Mixed-Signal Array to PSoC Programmable System-on-Chip
*O	2684145	SNV / AESA	04/06/2009	Updated 32-Pin Sawn QFN package dimension for CY8C21434-24LTXIT Updated Getting Started, Development Tools, and Designing with PSoC Designer Sections
*P	2693024	DPT / PYRS	04/16/2009	Updated 32-Pin Sawn QFN package diagram
*Q	2720594	BRW	06/22/09	Corrected ohm symbol and parenthesis in figure caption (Fig.25) Removed references to mixed-sginal array from the text. Updated Development Tools Selection section.

Document History Page (continued)

Document Title: CY8C21634/CY8C21534/CY8C21434/CY8C21334/CY8C21234, PSoC® Programmable System-on-Chip™ Document Number: 38-12025				
Rev.	**ECN**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
*R	2762499	JVY	09/11/2009	Updated DC GPIO, AC Chip-Level, and AC Programming Specifications as follows: Modified F_{IMO6} and T_{WRITE} specifications. Replaced T_{RAMP} (time) specification with SR_{POWER_UP} (slew rate) specification. Added note [11] to Flash Endurance specification. Added I_{OH}, I_{OL}, DC_{ILO}, F_{32K_U}, $T_{POWERUP}$, $T_{ERASEALL}$, $T_{PROGRAM\_HOT}$, and $T_{PROGRAM\_COLD}$ specifications.
*S	2900687	MAXK / NJF	03/30/2010	Updated The Analog Multiplexer System. Updated Cypress website links. Added $T_{BAKETEMP}$ and $T_{BAKETIME}$ parameters in Absolute Maximum Ratings. Removed DC Low Power Comparator section. Updated 5-V and 3.3-V AC Chip-Level Specifications. Removed AC Low Power Comparator and AC Analog Mux Bus sections. Updated note in Packaging Information and package diagrams. Added 56 SSOP values for Thermal Impedances, Solder Reflow Specifications. Removed Third Party Tools and Build a PSoC Emulator into your Board. Updated Ordering Code Definitions. Removed inactive parts from Ordering Information Removed obsolete package spec 001-06392. Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information.
*T	2937578	VMAD	05/26/2010	Updated content to match current style guide and data sheet template. No technical updates.
*U	3005573	NJF	09/02/10	Added PSoC Device Characteristics table. Added DC I^2C Specifications table. Added F_{32K_U} max limit. Added Tjit_IMO specification, removed existing jitter specifications. Updated Units of Measure, Acronyms, Glossary, and References sections. Updated solder reflow specifications. No specific changes were made to AC Digital Block Specifications table and I^2C Timing Diagram. They were updated for clearer understanding. Template and styles update.
*V	3068269	ARVM	10/21/2010	Removed pruned parts CY8C21434-24LKXI and CY8C21434-24LKXIT from Ordering Information.
*W	3281271	VMAD	08/23/2011	Under Table 20 on page 28 “Notes” section, the text “2.4 V < V_{CC} < 3.0 V” is changed to “2.4 V < V_{DD} < 3.0 V”. Updated Solder Reflow Specifications. Changed package diagram from 51-85188 *D to 001-30999 *C for QFN32 package.
*X	3383568	GIR	10/05/2011	The text “Pin must be left floating” is included under Description of NC pin in CY8C21001 56-pin SSOP Pin Definitions on page 14. Changed spec 001-30999 from 32-Pin (5 × 5 mm 0.93 Max) Sawn QFN to 32-Pin (5 × 5 mm 1.0 Max) Sawn QFN Removed pruned parts CY8C21434-24LCXI and CY8C21434-24LCXIT from the Ordering Information table.
*Y	3659297	YLIU	07/26/2012	Updated Packaging Information (Removed spec 001-44368).