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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

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Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	11
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	768 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x8/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-LSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-LSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f11768gsp-50

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

RL78/I1D 1. OUTLINE

Pin count	Package	Ordering Part Number
20 pins	20-pin plastic LSSOP (4.4 \times 6.5 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	R5F11768GSP#30, R5F1176AGSP#30, R5F11768GSP#50, R5F1176AGSP#50
24 pins	24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	R5F11778GNA#U0, R5F1177AGNA#U0, R5F11778GNA#W0, R5F1177AGNA#W0
30 pins	30-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)	R5F117A8GSP#30, R5F117AAGSP#30, R5F117ACGSP#30, R5F117A8GSP#50, R5F117AAGSP#50, R5F117ACGSP#50
32 pins	32-pin plastic HVQFN (5 × 5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	R5F117BAGNA#20, R5F117BCGNA#20, R5F117BAGNA#40, R5F117BCGNA#40
	32-pin plastic LQFP (7 × 7 mm, 0.8 mm pitch)	R5F117BAGFP#30, R5F117BCGFP#30, R5F117BAGFP#50, R5F117BCGFP#50
48 pins	48-pin plastic LFQFP (7 × 7 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	R5F117GAGFB#30, R5F117GCGFB#30, R5F117GAGFB#50, R5F117GCGFB#50

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

RL78/I1D 1. OUTLINE

1.6 Outline of Functions

Remark This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register 0 (PIOR0) are set to 00H.

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		20-pin	24-pin	30-pin	32-pin	48-pin					
	Item	R5F1176x (x = 8, A)	R5F1177x (x = 8, A)	R5F117Ax (x = 8, A, C)	R5F117Bx (x = A, C)	R5F117Gx (x = A, C)					
Code flash me	mory (KB)	8 to 16 KB	8 to 16 KB	8 to 32 KB	16 to 32 KB	16 to 32 KB					
Data flash mer	mory (KB)	2 KB	2 KB	2 KB	2 KB	2 KB					
RAM		0.7 to 2.0 KB	0.7 to 2.0 KB	0.7 to 3.0 KB Note	2.0 to 3.0 KB Note	2.0 to 3.0 KB Note					
Address space)	1 MB									
Main system clock	High-speed system clock (fмx)	HS (High-speed ma HS (High-speed ma LS (Low-speed ma LV (Low-voltage ma	ain) mode:1 to 20 MF ain) mode:1 to 16 MF in) mode:1 to 8 MHz	main system clock i dz (VDD = 2.7 to 3.6 V dz (VDD = 2.4 to 3.6 V), (VDD = 1.8 to 3.6 V), z (VDD = 1.6 to 3.6 V), D = 1.8 to 3.6 V)	/), /),						
	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fін) Max: 24 MHz	HS (High-speed ma	ain) mode: 1 to 16 M	IHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 3.6 IHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 3.6	V),						
	Middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fim) Max: 4 MHz	LV (Low-voltage ma	,	tz (VDD = 1.8 to 3.6 \ tz (VDD = 1.6 to 3.6 \ 'DD = 1.8 to 3.6 V)	* .						
Subsystem clock	Subsystem clock oscillator (fsx, fsxr)	_	_	XT1 (crystal) oscilla 32.768 kHz (TYP.):							
	Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fiL)	15 kHz (TYP.): V _{DD}	15 kHz (TYP.): V _{DD} = 1.6 to 3.6 V								
General-purpo	General-purpose register		8 bits × 32 registers (8 bits × 8 registers × 4 banks)								
Minimum instru	Minimum instruction execution time		peed on-chip oscillat	or clock: fin = 24 MH	lz operation)						
		0.05 μs (High-spee	d system clock: fмх =	= 20 MHz operation)							
		- 30.5 μs (Subsystem clock oscillator clock: fsx = 32.768 kHz operation)									
Instruction set		Data transfer (8/16 bits) Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits, 16 bits × 16 bits), Division (16 bits ÷ 16 bits, 32 bits ÷ 32 bits) Multiplication and Accumulation (16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits) Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc.									
I/O port	Total	14	18	24	26	42					
	CMOS I/O	11	15	19	21	33					
	CMOS input	3	3	5	5	5					
	N-ch open-drain I/O (6 V tolerance)	_	_	_	_	4					
Timer	16-bit timer	4 channels	<u>I</u>	I	I	I					
	Watchdog timer	1 channel									
	Real-time clock	1 channel									
	12-bit interval timer	1 channel									
8/16-bit interval timer	8/16-bit interval timer	4 channels (8 bit) /	2 channels (16 bit)								
	Timer output	2	4	3	4	4					
	RTC output	-	_	1 channel • 1 Hz (subsystem clock fsx = 32.768 kHz)	generator and RTC/	other clock:					

Note

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The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory. The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F117xC (x = A, B, G): Start address FF300H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.



(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V) (TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

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Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, low Note 1	IOL1	Per pin for P00 to P04, P30 to P33, P40, P50 to P57, P130	Ta = -40 to +85°C			20.0 Note 2	mA
			Ta = +85 to +105°C			8.5 Note 2	mA
		Per pin for P60 to P63				15.0 Note 2	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P40, P130	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			15.0	mA
		-	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			9.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V			4.5	mA
		(14) 1 (= 00) N-t- 0)	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{Vdd} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			35.0	mA
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			20.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V			10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%$ Note 3)				50.0	mA
	IOL2	Per pin for P10 to P17, P20 to P25				0.4 Note 2	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%$ Note 3)	1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V			5.6	mA

- Note 1. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from an output pin to the Vss pin.
- Note 2. Do not exceed the total current value.
- **Note 3.** Specification under conditions where the duty factor $\leq 70\%$.

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

• Total output current of pins = (IoL × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)

<Example> Where n = 80% and IoL = 10.0 mA

Total output current of pins = $(10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx 8.7$ mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor.

A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V) (TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

(3/5)

Items	Symbol	Condition	าร	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	VIH1	P00 to P04, P30 to P33, P40, P50 to P57, P130	Normal input buffer	0.8 VDD		VDD	V
	VIH2	P30, P32, P33, P51, P52, P54 to P57	TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V	2.0		VDD	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ VDD < 3.3 V	1.5		VDD	V
	VIH3	P10 to P17, P20 to P25	-	0.7 AVDD		AVDD	V
	VIH4	P60 to P63	P60 to P63				V
	VIH5	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, E	0.8 VDD		VDD	V	
Input voltage, low	VIL1	P00 to P04, P30 to P33, P40, Normal input buffer P50 to P57, P130		0		0.2 VDD	V
	VIL2	P30, P32, P33, P51, P52, P54 to P57	TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ VDD < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	VIL3	P10 to P17, P20 to P25	0		0.3 AVDD	V	
	VIL4	P60 to P63		0		0.3 VDD	V
	VIL5	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, E	XCLKS, RESET	0		0.2 VDD	V

Caution The maximum value of VIH of pins P30 and P51 to P56 is VDD, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

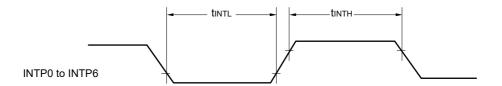
Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



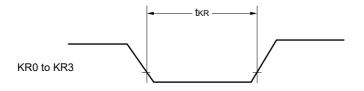
- Note 1. Total current flowing into VDD, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD or Vss. The MAX values include the peripheral operating current. However, these values do not include the current flowing into the A/D converter, operational amplifier, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O ports, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors, and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2. When the HALT instruction is executed in the flash memory.
- **Note 3.** When the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock, middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock, low-speed on-chip oscillator clock, and sub clock are stopped.
- **Note 4.** When the high-speed system clock, middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock, low-speed on-chip oscillator clock, and sub clock are stopped.
- Note 5. When the high-speed system clock, middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock, low-speed on-chip oscillator clock, and high-speed on-chip oscillator clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and ultra-low-power consumption oscillation is set (AMPHS1, AMPHS0) = (1, 0). The values include the current flowing into the real-time clock. However, the values do not include the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- **Note 6.** When the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock, middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock, high-speed system clock, and sub clock are stopped.
- **Note 7.** When the high-speed system clock, high-speed on-chip oscillator clock, low-speed on-chip oscillator clock, and sub clock are stopped.
- Remark 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- Remark 2. fih: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (24 MHz max.)

 Remark 3. fim: Middle-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (4 MHz max.)
- Remark 4. fil: Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
- Remark 5. fsx: Sub clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 6. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency or low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency)
- Remark 7. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

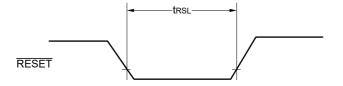
Interrupt Request Input Timing



Key Interrupt Input Timing



RESET Input Timing



(5) During communication at same potential (simplified I²C mode)

(TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

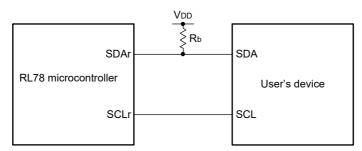
Parameter	Cumbal	Conditions	HS (high-speed	l main) Mode	Linit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	- Unit
SCLr clock frequency	fscL	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vdd} \leq 3.6 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 50 \text{ pF, } R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$		400 Note 1	kHz
		$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$		100 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	tLow	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{Vdd} \leq 3.6~\textrm{V},$ $\textrm{Cb} = 50~\textrm{pF},~\textrm{Rb} = 2.7~\textrm{k}\Omega$	1200		ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	4600		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	thigh	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{Vdd} \leq 3.6~\textrm{V},$ $\textrm{Cb} = 50~\textrm{pF},~\textrm{Rb} = 2.7~\textrm{k}\Omega$	1200		ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	4600		ns
Data setup time (reception)	tsu: dat	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{Vdd} \leq 3.6~\textrm{V},$ $\textrm{Cb} = 50~\textrm{pF},~\textrm{Rb} = 2.7~\textrm{k}\Omega$	1/fMCK + 220 Note 2		ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	1/fMCK + 580 Note 2	1/f _{MCK} + 580 Note 2	
Data hold time (transmission)	thd: dat	$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{Vdd} \leq 3.6~\textrm{V},$ $\textrm{Cb} = 50~\textrm{pF},~\textrm{Rb} = 2.7~\textrm{k}\Omega$	0	770	ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	0	1420	ns

Note 1. The value must also be equal to or less than fmck/4.

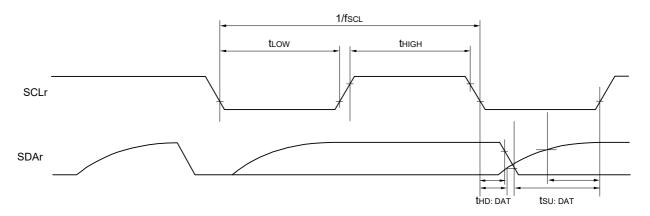
Caution Select the normal input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance) mode for the SDAr pin and the normal output mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register h (POMh).

Note 2. Set the fмcκ value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)



Remark 1. Rb[Ω]: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, Cb[F]: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance

Remark 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01), g: PIM number (g = 5), h: POM number (h = 5)

Remark 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0),

n: Channel number (n = 0, 1), mn = 00, 01)

(7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

Parameter	Sym bol	Conditions		HS (high		LS (low main)	•	`	v-power mode	LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	tkcy1	tkcY1 ≥ fcLk/2	$\begin{split} 2.7 & \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 & \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ C_{\text{b}} &= 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega \end{split}$	300		1500		1500		1500		ns
SCKp high-level width	tкн1	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 3$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{b} \le 2.$ $C_{b} = 20 \text{ pF, Rb}$	7 V,	tксү1/2 - 120		tксу1/2 - 120		tксү1/2 - 120		tксү1/2 - 120		ns
SCKp low-level width	tKL1	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{VdD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 20 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$		tксү1/2 - 10		tксү1/2 - 50		tксү1/2 - 50		tксү1/2 - 50		ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	tsıĸ1	$\begin{split} 2.7 \ V & \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V & \le V_b \le 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b & = 20 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$		121		479		479		479		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 1	tksi1	2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{b} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$ $C_{b} = 20 \text{ pF}, R_{b} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 1	tkso1	2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{Vdd} \le 3.6 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{Vb} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 20 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$		130		130		130		130	ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↓) Note 2	tsıĸ1	$2.3~V \le V_b \le 2$	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{b} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 20 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			110		110		110		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↓) Note 2	tksii	2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{b} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$ $C_{b} = 20 \text{ pF}, R_{b} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOp output Note 2	tkso1	$2.3~V \le V_b \le 2$	2.7 V \leq VDD \leq 3.6 V, 2.3 V \leq Vb \leq 2.7 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 2.7 k Ω		10		10		10		10	ns

Note 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

Note 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

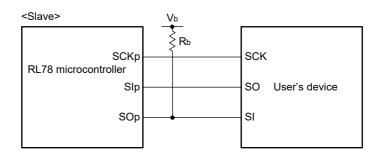
Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

Remark 1. Rb[i]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, Cb[F]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, Vb[V]: Communication line voltage

Remark 2. p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0), g: PIM and POM number (g = 5)

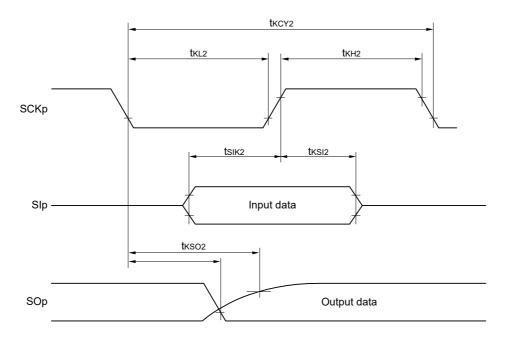
Remark 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,
n: Channel number (mn = 00))

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)

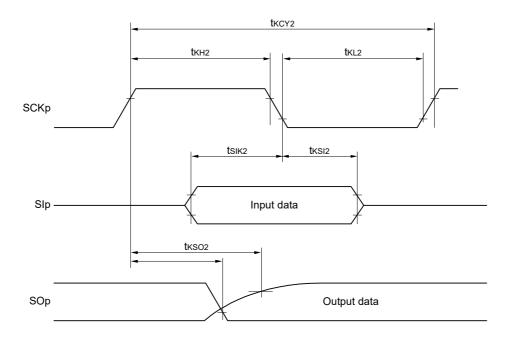


- Remark 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
- Remark 2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 5)
- Remark 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
 (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,
 n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01))

CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remark p: CSI number (p = 00, 01), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 5)

(9) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

(TA = +85 to 105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

Parameter	Cumbal	Con	nditions	HS (high-spe	ed main) Mode	Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Cor	iditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time Note 1	tkcy2	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V},$	20 MHz < fмcк ≤ 24 MHz	32/fмск		ns
		$2.3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	16 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	28/fмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмcк ≤ 16 MHz	24/fмск		ns
			4 MHz < fмcк ≤ 8 MHz	16/fмск		ns
			fмcк ≤ 4 MHz	12/fмск		ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3~V,$ $1.6~V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.0~V~\text{Note 2}$	20 MHz < fмcк ≤ 24 MHz	72/fмск		ns
			16 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	64/ƒмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмcк ≤ 16 MHz	52/fмск		ns
			4 MHz < fмcк ≤ 8 MHz	32/fмск		ns
			fмcк ≤ 4 MHz	20/fмск		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	tkH2, tkL2	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$	tkcy2/2 - 36		ns	
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V	/ ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V Note 2	tксү2/2 - 100		ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 3	tsık2	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{Vdd} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$	/ ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V	1/fмск + 40		ns
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 \	1/fмск + 60		ns	
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 4	tks12			1/fмск + 62		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 5	tkso2	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{Vdd} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$ Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 k Ω		2/fmck + 428	ns	
		2.4 V \leq V _{DD} $<$ 3.3 V, 1.6 V C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 k Ω		2/fмск + 1146	ns	

(Notes and Caution are listed on the next page. Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

- Note 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps
- Note 2. Use it with $VDD \ge Vb$.
- Note 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Note 4. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Note 5. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and SCKp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)



(3) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), conversion target: ANI16 to ANI18, internal reference voltage, temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq VDD \leq 3.6 V, 1.6 V \leq AVREFP \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = 0 V, AVss = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	Res		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	8		12	bit
			$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	8		10 Note 1	
			$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		8 Note 2		
Overall error Note 3	AINL	12-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±7.0	LSB
		10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V			±5.5	
		8-bit resolution	$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±3.0	
Conversion time	tconv	ADTYP = 0, 12-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V	4.125			μs
		ADTYP = 0, 10-bit resolution Note 1	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V	9.5			
		ADTYP = 0, 8-bit resolution Note 2	1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V	57.5			
		ADTYP = 1,	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	3.3125			
		8-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V	7.875			
			$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	54.25			
Zero-scale error Note 3	Ezs	12-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±5.0	LSB
		10-bit resolution	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±5.0	
		8-bit resolution	$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±2.5	
Full-scale error Note 3	Ers	12-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±5.0	LSB
		10-bit resolution	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±5.0	
		8-bit resolution	$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±2.5	
Integral linearity error	ILE	12-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±3.0	LSB
Note 3		10-bit resolution	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±2.0	
		8-bit resolution	$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±1.5	
Differential linearity error	DLE	12-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±2.0	LSB
Note 3		10-bit resolution	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±2.0	
		8-bit resolution	$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AVREFP} \le \text{AVDD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±1.5	
Analog input voltage	VAIN			0		AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage (1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V)			V _{BGR} Note 4		
		Temperature sensor ou	itput voltage (1.8 $V \le VDD \le 3.6 V$)	٧	TMP25 No	te 4	

Note 1. Cannot be used for lower 2 bits of ADCR register

Caution Always use AVDD pin with the same potential as the VDD pin.

Note 2. Cannot be used for lower 4 bits of ADCR register

Note 3. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

Note 4. Refer to 2.6.2 Temperature sensor, internal reference voltage output characteristics.

(9) When reference voltage (+) = AV_{DD} (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AVss (ADREFM = 0), conversion target: ANI16 to ANI18, internal reference voltage, temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = 0 V, AVss = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVDD, Reference voltage (-) = AVss = 0)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond	ditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	Res		2.4 V ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V	8		12	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	12-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V			±8.5	LSB
Conversion time	tconv	ADTYP = 0, 12-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AVdd} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	4.125			μs
Zero-scale error Note 1	Ezs	12-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V			±8.0	LSB
Full-scale error Note 1	Ers	12-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V			±8.0	LSB
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	12-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V			±3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error	DLE	12-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ AVDD ≤ 3.6 V			±2.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	Vain			0		AVDD	V
		Internal reference voltage	V _{BGR} Note 2				
		Temperature sensor outp (2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 3.6 V)	ut voltage	V	V _{TMP25} Note 2		

Note 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

Note 2. Refer to 2.6.2 Temperature sensor, internal reference voltage output characteristics.

Caution Always use AVDD pin with the same potential as the VDD pin.

2.6.6 LVD circuit characteristics

(1) LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode

(TA = -40 to +85°C, VPDR \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

F	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	Supply voltage level	VLVD2	Power supply rise time	3.07	3.13	3.19	V
			Power supply fall time	3.00	3.06	3.12	V
		VLVD3	Power supply rise time	2.96	3.02	3.08	V
			Power supply fall time	2.90	2.96	3.02	V
		VLVD4	Power supply rise time	2.86	2.92	2.97	V
			Power supply fall time	2.80	2.86	2.91	V
		VLVD5	Power supply rise time	2.76	2.81	2.87	V
			Power supply fall time	2.70	2.75	2.81	V
		VLVD6	Power supply rise time	2.66	2.71	2.76	V
			Power supply fall time	2.60	2.65	2.70	V
		VLVD7	Power supply rise time	2.56	2.61	2.66	V
			Power supply fall time	2.50	2.55	2.60	V
		VLVD8	Power supply rise time	2.45	2.50	2.55	V
			Power supply fall time	2.40	2.45	2.50	V
		VLVD9	Power supply rise time	2.05	2.09	2.13	V
			Power supply fall time	2.00	2.04	2.08	V
		VLVD10	Power supply rise time	1.94	1.98	2.02	V
			Power supply fall time	1.90	1.94	1.98	V
		VLVD11	Power supply rise time	1.84	1.88	1.91	V
			Power supply fall time	1.80	1.84	1.87	V
		VLVD12	Power supply rise time	1.74	1.77	1.81	V
			Power supply fall time	1.70	1.73	1.77	V
		VLVD13	Power supply rise time	1.64	1.67	1.70	V
			Power supply fall time	1.60	1.63	1.66	V
Minimum pulse widt	h	tıw		300			μs
Detection delay time)					300	μs

(TA = +85 to +105°C, VPDR \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

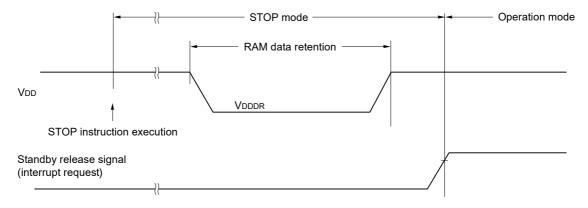
F	arameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	Supply voltage level	VLVD2	Power supply rise time	3.01	3.13	3.25	V
			Power supply fall time	2.94	3.06	3.18	٧
		VLVD3	Power supply rise time	2.90	3.02	3.14	V
			Power supply fall time	2.85	2.96	3.07	V
		VLVD4	Power supply rise time	2.81	2.92	3.03	V
			Power supply fall time	2.75	2.86	2.97	V
		VLVD5	Power supply rise time	2.71	2.81	2.92	V
			Power supply fall time	2.64	2.75	2.86	V
		VLVD6	Power supply rise time	2.61	2.71	2.81	V
			Power supply fall time	2.55	2.65	2.75	V
		VLVD7	Power supply rise time	2.51	2.61	2.71	V
			Power supply fall time	2.45	2.55	2.65	V
Minimum pulse width tuw		tıw		300			μs
Detection delay time						300	μs

2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V) (TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	VDDDR	TA = -40 to +85°C	1.46 Note		3.6	V
		TA = +85 to +105°C	1.44 Note		3.6	V

Note The value depends on the POR detection voltage. When the voltage drops, the data is retained before a POR reset is effected, but data is not retained when a POR reset is effected.



2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V) (TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
System clock frequency	fclk		1		24	MHz
Number of code flash rewrites Notes 1, 2, 3	Cerwr	Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C Note 4	1,000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites Notes 1, 2, 3		Retained for 1 year TA = 25°C Note 4		1,000,000		
		Retained for 5 years TA = 85°C Note 4	100,000			
		Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C Note 4	10,000			

- Note 1. 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.
- Note 2. When using flash memory programmer and Renesas Electronics self-programming library
- **Note 3.** These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics Corporation.
- <R> Note 4. This temperature is the average value at which data are retained.

<R>

2.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V) (TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

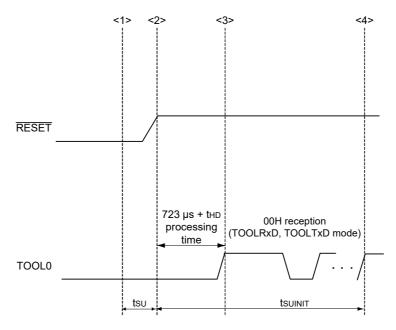
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps

2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V) (TA = +85 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq AVDD = VDD \leq 3.6 V, Vss = AVss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
How long from when an external reset ends until the initial communication settings are specified Note 1	tsuinit	POR and LVD reset must end before the external reset ends.			100	ms
How long from when the TOOL0 pin is placed at the low level until an external reset ends Note 1	tsu	POR and LVD reset must end before the external reset ends.	10			μs
How long the TOOL0 pin must be kept at the low level after an external reset ends (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory) Notes 1, 2	thD	POR and LVD reset must end before the external reset ends.	1			ms

- Note 1. Deassertion of the POR and LVD reset signals must precede deassertion of the pin reset signal.
- Note 2. This excludes the flash firmware processing time (723 μs).



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset ends (POR and LVD reset must end before the external reset ends).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

Remark tsuinit. The segment shows that it is necessary to finish specifying the initial communication settings within 100 ms from when the external resets end.

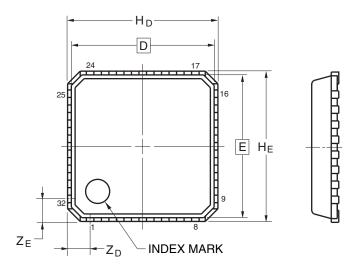
tsu: How long from when the TOOL0 pin is placed at the low level until a pin reset ends thD: How long to keep the TOOL0 pin at the low level from when the external resets end

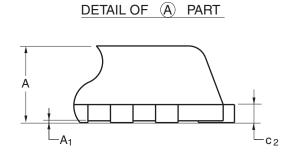
(excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

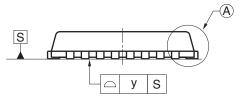
3.4 32-pin products

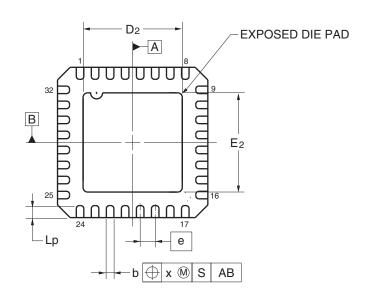
R5F117BCGNA, R5F117BAGNA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HVQFN32-5x5-0.50	PVQN0032KE-A	P32K9-50B-BAH	0.058









Referance	Dimension in Millimeters			
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	
D		4.75		
E		4.75		
Α			0.90	
A ₁	0.00			
b	0.20	0.25	0.30	
е		0.50		
Lp	0.30	0.40	0.50	
х			0.10	
у			0.05	
H _D	4.95	5.00	5.05	
HE	4.95	5.00	5.05	
Z _D		0.75		
Z _E		0.75		
c ₂	0.19	0.20	0.21	
D ₂		3.30		
E ₂		3.30		

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