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Details	
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Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	4MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	768B (512 x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	25 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 6.25V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16c54-rc-ss

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TABLE 1-1: PIC16C5X FAMILY OF DEVICES

Features	PIC16C54	PIC16CR54	PIC16C55	PIC16C56	PIC16CR56
Maximum Operation Frequency	40 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
EPROM Program Memory (x12 words)	512	—	512	1K	—
ROM Program Memory (x12 words)	—	512	—	—	1K
RAM Data Memory (bytes)	25	25	24	25	25
Timer Module(s)	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0
I/O Pins	12	12	20	12	12
Number of Instructions	33	33	33	33	33
Packages	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	28-pin DIP, SOIC; 28-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP
All PIC® Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable Code Protect and high I/O current capability.					

Features	PIC16C57	PIC16CR57	PIC16C58	PIC16CR58
Maximum Operation Frequency	40 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
EPROM Program Memory (x12 words)	2K	—	2K	—
ROM Program Memory (x12 words)	—	2K	—	2K
RAM Data Memory (bytes)	72	72	73	73
Timer Module(s)	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0
I/O Pins	20	20	12	12
Number of Instructions	33	33	33	33
Packages	28-pin DIP, SOIC; 28-pin SSOP	28-pin DIP, SOIC; 28-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP
All PIC® Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable Code Protect and high I/O current capability.				

FIGURE 3-1: PIC16C5X SERIES BLOCK DIAGRAM

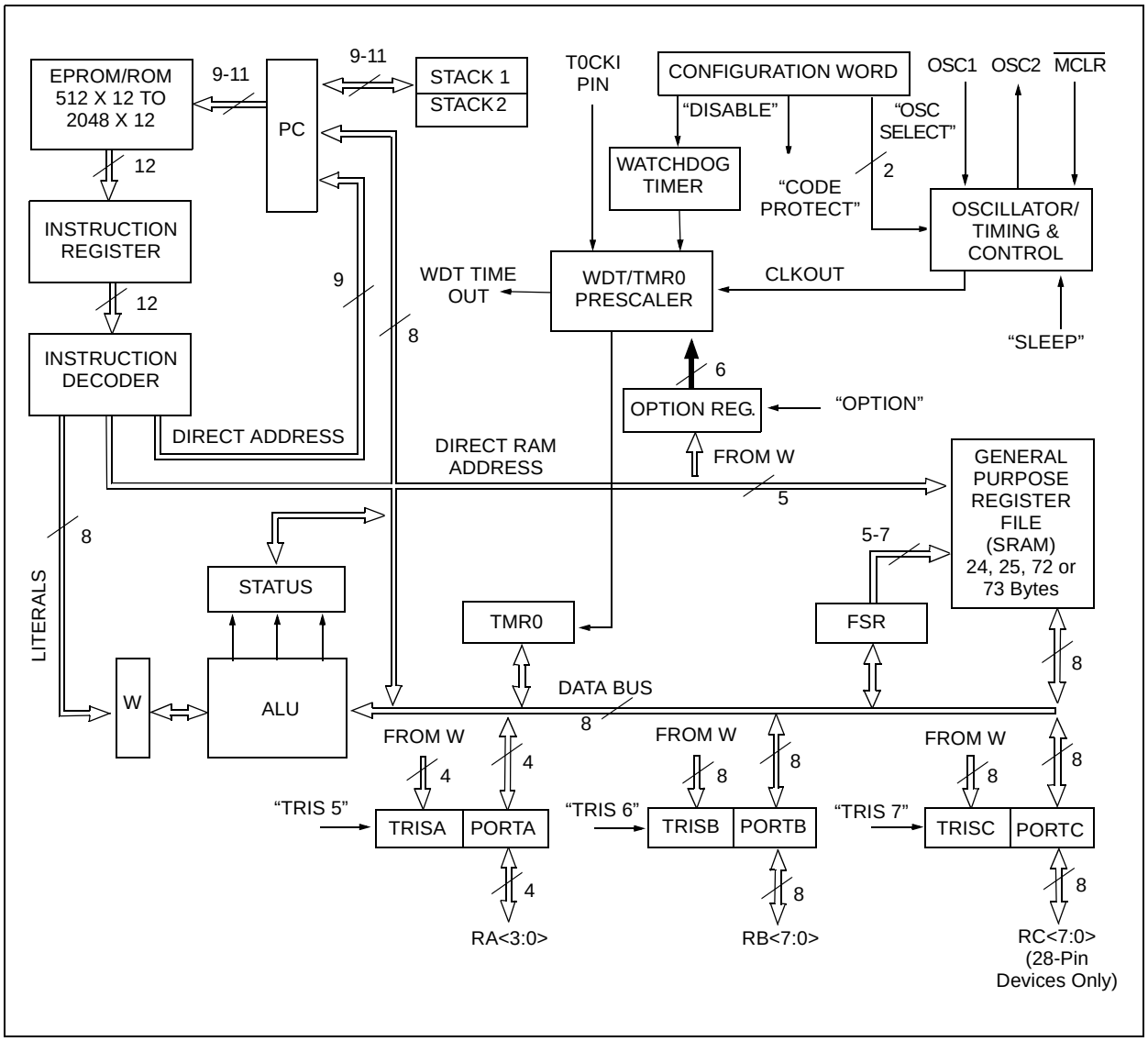
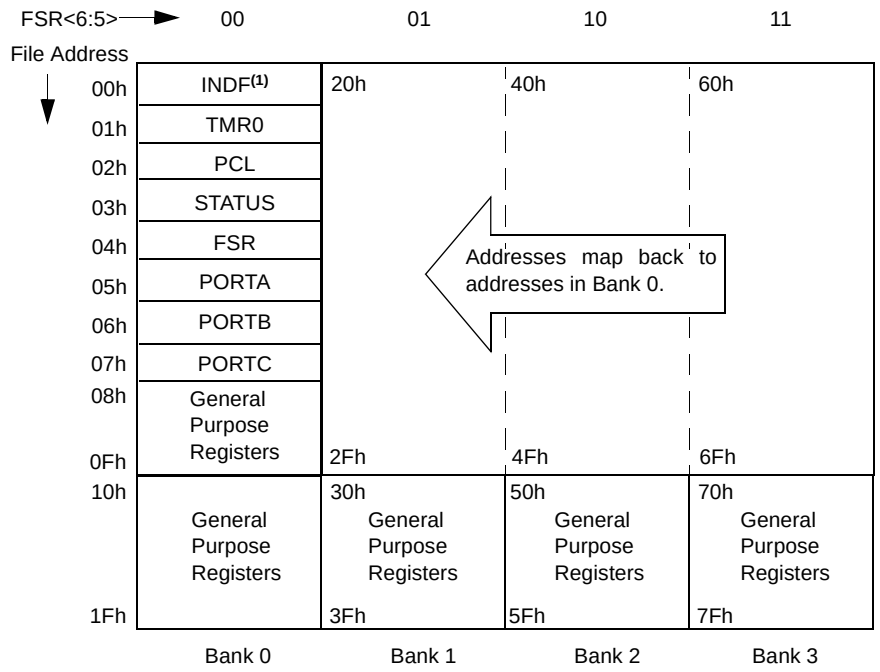
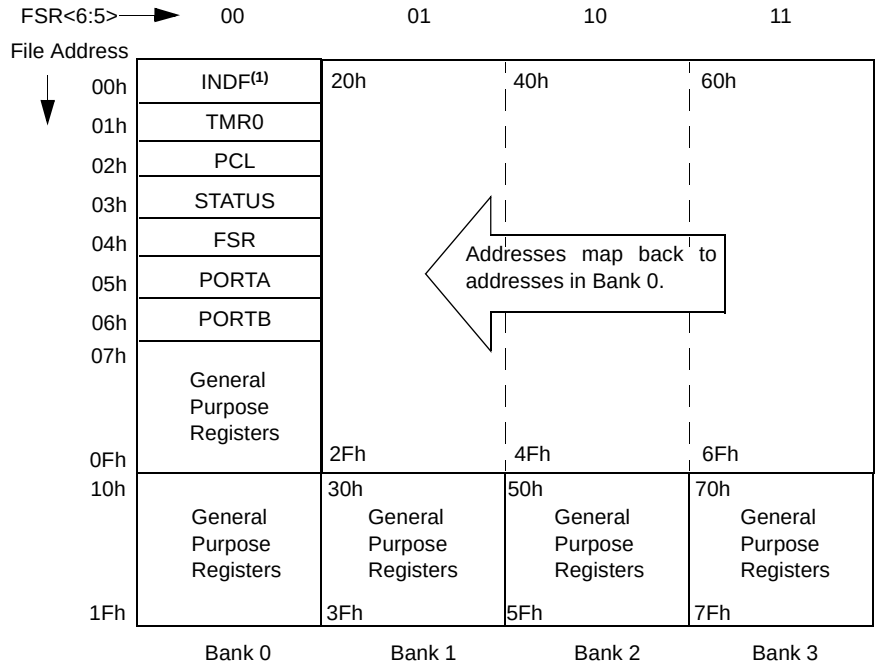


FIGURE 6-5: PIC16C57/CR57 REGISTER FILE MAP



Note 1: Not a physical register. See Section 6.7.

FIGURE 6-6: PIC16C58/CR58 REGISTER FILE MAP



Note 1: Not a physical register. See Section 6.7.

6.2.2 SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS

The Special Function Registers are registers used by the CPU and peripheral functions to control the operation of the device (Table 6-1).

The Special Registers can be classified into two sets. The Special Function Registers associated with the “core” functions are described in this section. Those related to the operation of the peripheral features are described in the section for each peripheral feature.

TABLE 6-1: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTER SUMMARY

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on Power-on Reset	Details on Page
N/A	TRIS	I/O Control Registers (TRISA, TRISB, TRISC)								1111 1111	35
N/A	OPTION	Contains control bits to configure Timer0 and Timer0/WDT prescaler								--11 1111	30
00h	INDF	Uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register)								xxxx xxxx	32
01h	TMR0	Timer0 Module Register								xxxx xxxx	38
02h(1)	PCL	Low order 8 bits of PC								1111 1111	31
03h	STATUS	PA2	PA1	PA0	$\overline{TO}$	$\overline{PD}$	Z	DC	C	0001 1xxx	29
04h	FSR	Indirect data memory address pointer								1xxx xxxx(3)	32
05h	PORTA	—	—	—	—	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	---- xxxx	35
06h	PORTB	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx xxxx	35
07h(2)	PORTC	RC7	RC6	RC5	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	RC0	xxxx xxxx	35

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, – = unimplemented, read as '0' (if applicable). Shaded cells = unimplemented or unused

Note 1: The upper byte of the Program Counter is not directly accessible. See Section 6.5 for an explanation of how to access these bits.

2: File address 07h is a General Purpose Register on the PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56, PIC16C58 and PIC16CR58.

3: These values are valid for PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR58. For the PIC16C54/CR54/C55/C56/CR56, the value on RESET is 111x xxxx and for $\overline{MCLR}$ and WDT Reset, the value is 111u uuuu.

NOTES:

SUBWF **Subtract W from f**

Syntax: [*label*] SUBWF f,d

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$d \in [0,1]$

Operation: (f) – (W) → (dest)

Status Affected: C, DC, Z

Encoding:

0000	10df	ffff

Description: Subtract (2's complement method) the W register from register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example 1: `SUBWF REG1, 1`

Before Instruction
REG1 = 3
W = 2
C = ?
After Instruction
REG1 = 1
W = 2
C = 1 ; result is positive

Example 2:
Before Instruction
REG1 = 2
W = 2
C = ?
After Instruction
REG1 = 0
W = 2
C = 1 ; result is zero

Example 3:
Before Instruction
REG1 = 1
W = 2
C = ?
After Instruction
REG1 = 0xFF
W = 2
C = 0 ; result is negative

SWAPF **Swap Nibbles in f**

Syntax: [*label*] SWAPF f,d

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$d \in [0,1]$

Operation: (f<3:0>) → (dest<7:4>);
(f<7:4>) → (dest<3:0>)

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0011	10df	ffff

Description: The upper and lower nibbles of register 'f' are exchanged. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example `SWAPF REG1, 0`

Before Instruction
REG1 = 0xA5
After Instruction
REG1 = 0xA5
W = 0x5A

TRIS **Load TRIS Register**

Syntax: [*label*] TRIS f

Operands: f = 5, 6 or 7

Operation: (W) → TRIS register f

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0000	0000	0fff

Description: TRIS register 'f' (f = 5, 6, or 7) is loaded with the contents of the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example `TRIS PORTB`

Before Instruction
W = 0xA5
After Instruction
TRISB = 0xA5

XORLW **Exclusive OR literal with W**

Syntax: [*label*] XORLW k

Operands: $0 \le k \le 255$

Operation: (W) .XOR. k → (W)

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

1111	kkkk	kkkk

Description: The contents of the W register are XOR'ed with the eight bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example:
```
XORLW  0xAF
```
Before Instruction
W = 0xB5
After Instruction
W = 0x1A

XORWF **Exclusive OR W with f**

Syntax: [*label*] XORWF f,d

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$d \in [0,1]$

Operation: (W) .XOR. (f) → (dest)

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

0001	10df	ffff

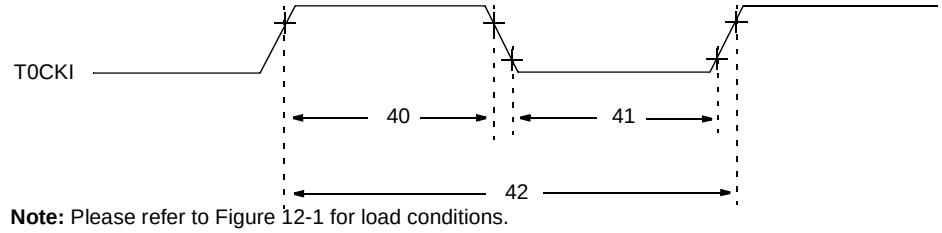
Description: Exclusive OR the contents of the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example
```
XORWF  REG,1
```
Before Instruction
REG = 0xAF
W = 0xB5
After Instruction
REG = 0x1A
W = 0xB5

FIGURE 12-5: TIMER0 CLOCK TIMINGS - PIC16C54/55/56/57



Note: Please refer to Figure 12-1 for load conditions.

TABLE 12-4: TIMER0 CLOCK REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54/55/56/57

AC Characteristics		**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
40	Tt0H	T0CKI High Pulse Width - No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns	
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	—	ns	
41	Tt0L	T0CKI Low Pulse Width - No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns	
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	—	ns	
42	Tt0P	T0CKI Period	20 or $\frac{T_{CY} + 40}{N}$*	—	—	ns	Whichever is greater. N = Prescale Value (1, 2, 4,..., 256)

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

13.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - PIC16CR54A

Absolute Maximum Ratings(†)

Ambient Temperature under bias ..... –55°C to +125°C

Storage Temperature ..... –65°C to +150°C

Voltage on V_{DD} with respect to V_{SS} ..... 0 to +7.5V

Voltage on $\overline{MCLR}$ with respect to V_{SS}(1) ..... 0 to +14V

Voltage on all other pins with respect to V_{SS} ..... –0.6V to (V_{DD} + 0.6V)

Total power dissipation(2) ..... 800 mW

Max. current out of V_{SS} pin ..... 150 mA

Max. current into V_{DD} pin ..... 50 mA

Max. current into an input pin (T0CKI only) ..... ±500 μA

Input clamp current, I_{IK} (V_I < 0 or V_I > V_{DD}) ..... ±20 mA

Output clamp current, I_{OK} (V_0 < 0 or V_0 > V_{DD}) ..... ±20 mA

Max. output current sunk by any I/O pin ..... 25 mA

Max. output current sourced by any I/O pin ..... 20 mA

Max. output current sourced by a single I/O port (PORTA or B) ..... 40 mA

Max. output current sunk by a single I/O port (PORTA or B) ..... 50 mA

Note 1: Voltage spikes below Vss at the $\overline{MCLR}$ pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50 to 100 Ω should be used when applying a low level to the $\overline{MCLR}$ pin rather than pulling this pin directly to Vss.

2: Power Dissipation is calculated as follows: $P_{DIS} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD}-V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum(V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

13.5 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS

T	
F Frequency	T Time

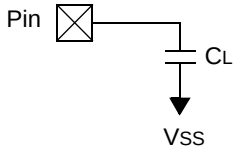
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp	
2 to	mc $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$
ck CLKOUT	osc oscillator
cy cycle time	os OSC1
drt device reset timer	t0 T0CKI
io I/O port	wdt watchdog timer

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

S	
F Fall	P Period
H High	R Rise
I Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid
L Low	Z Hi-impedance

FIGURE 13-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16CR54A



C_L = 50 pF for all pins and OSC2 for RC modes

0 -15 pF for OSC2 in XT, HS or LP modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1

15.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16LV54A-02 (Commercial) PIC16LV54A-02I (Industrial)

PIC16LV54A-02 PIC16LV54A-02I (Commercial, Industrial)			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –20°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
D001	VDD	**Supply Voltage** RC and XT modes	2.0	—	3.8	V	
D002	VDR	**RAM Data Retention Voltage(1)**	—	1.5*	—	V	Device in SLEEP mode
D003	VPOR	**VDD Start Voltage** to ensure Power-on Reset	—	Vss	—	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D004	SVDD	**VDD Rise Rate** to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*	—	—	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D010	IDD	**Supply Current(2)** RC(3) and XT modes LP mode, Commercial LP mode, Industrial	 — — —	 0.5 11 14	 — 27 35	 mA µA µA	 FOSC = 2.0 MHz, VDD = 3.0V FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 2.5V WDT disabled FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 2.5V WDT disabled
D020	IPD	**Power-down Current(2,4)** Commercial Commercial Industrial Industrial	 — — — —	 2.5 0.25 3.5 0.3	 12 4.0 14 5.0	 µA µA µA µA	 VDD = 2.5V, WDT enabled VDD = 2.5V, WDT disabled VDD = 2.5V, WDT enabled VDD = 2.5V, WDT disabled

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VSS, T0CKI = VDD, $\overline{MCLR}$ = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.

3: Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: IR = VDD/2REXT (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

4: The oscillator start-up time can be as much as 8 seconds for XT and LP oscillator selection on wake-up from SLEEP mode or during initial power-up.

15.5 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS

T	
F Frequency	T Time

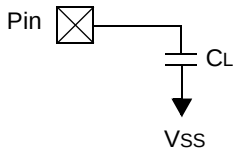
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp	
2 to	mc $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$
ck CLKOUT	osc oscillator
cy cycle time	os OSC1
drt device reset timer	t0 T0CKI
io I/O port	wdt watchdog timer

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

S	
F Fall	P Period
H High	R Rise
I Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid
L Low	Z Hi-impedance

FIGURE 15-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54A



C_L = 50 pF for all pins and OSC2 for RC modes

0 -15 pF for OSC2 in XT, HS or LP modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1

15.6 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

FIGURE 15-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING - PIC16C54A

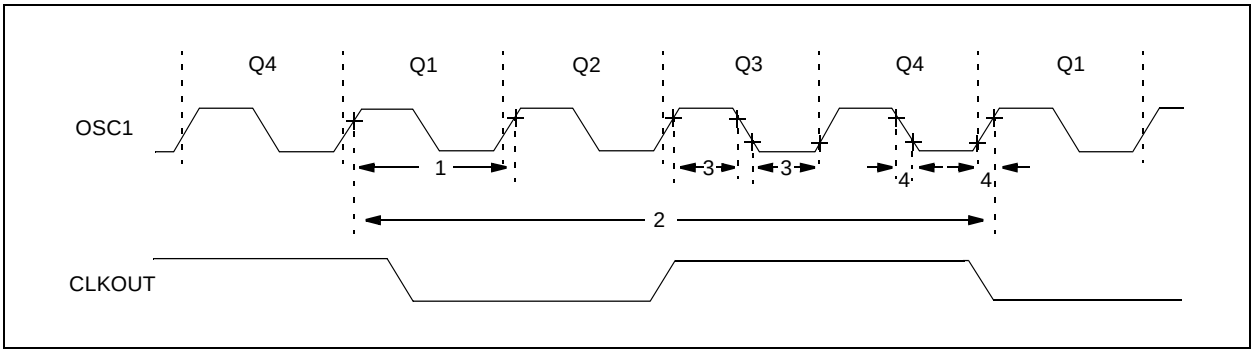


TABLE 15-1: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54A

AC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –20°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial - PIC16LV54A-02I –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
	FOSC	External CLKIN Frequency(1)	DC	—	4.0	MHz	XT osc mode
			DC	—	2.0	MHz	XT osc mode (PIC16LV54A)
			DC	—	4.0	MHz	HS osc mode (04)
			DC	—	10	MHz	HS osc mode (10)
			DC	—	20	MHz	HS osc mode (20)
			DC	—	200	kHz	LP osc mode
		Oscillator Frequency(1)	DC	—	4.0	MHz	RC osc mode
			DC	—	2.0	MHz	RC osc mode (PIC16LV54A)
			0.1	—	4.0	MHz	XT osc mode
			0.1	—	2.0	MHz	XT osc mode (PIC16LV54A)
			4.0	—	4.0	MHz	HS osc mode (04)
			4.0	—	10	MHz	HS osc mode (10)
			4.0	—	20	MHz	HS osc mode (20)
			5.0	—	200	kHz	LP osc mode

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption.
When an external clock input is used, the "max" cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

2: Instruction cycle period (TCY) equals four times the input oscillator time base period.

FIGURE 16-20: PORTA, B AND C I_{OH} vs. V_{OH}, V_{DD} = 3V

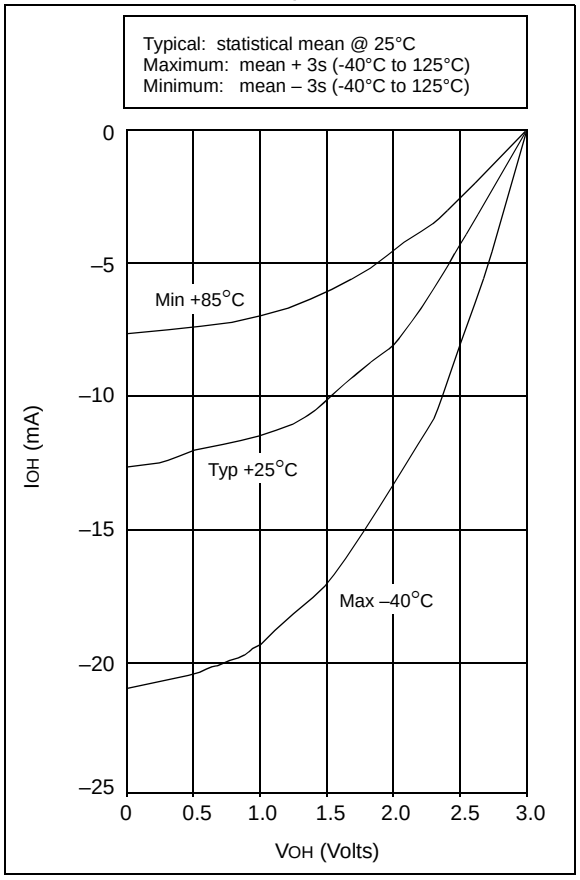
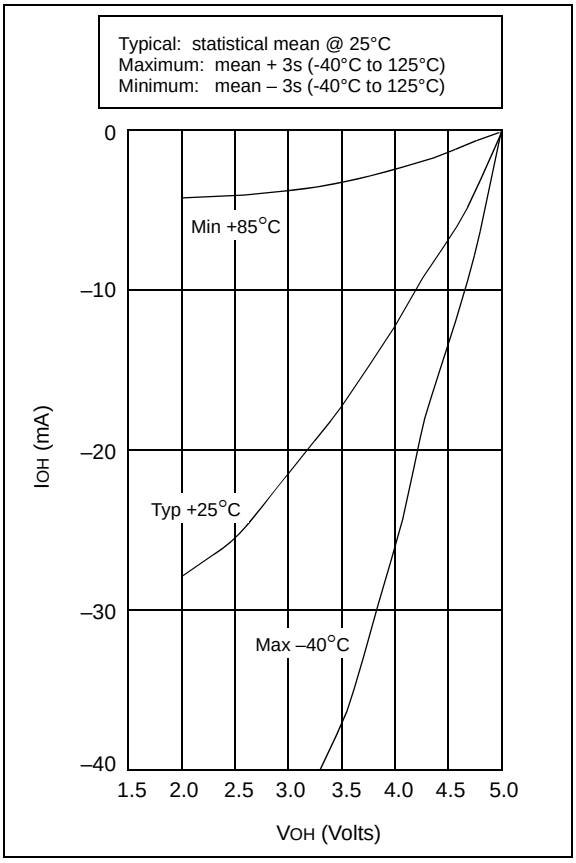


FIGURE 16-21: PORTA, B AND C I_{OH} vs. V_{OH}, V_{DD} = 5V



17.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-04, 20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LC54C/LC55A/LC56A/LC57C/LC58B-04 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16CR54C/CR56A/CR57C/CR58B-04, 20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LCR54C/LCR56A/LCR57C/LCR58B-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
D030	VIL	**Input Low Voltage**					
		I/O Ports	VSS	—	0.8 V	V	4.5V <VDD ≤ 5.5V
		I/O Ports	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	Otherwise
		$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	RC mode only(3)
		OSC1	VSS	—	0.3 VDD	V	XT, HS and LP modes
D040	VIH	**Input High Voltage**					
		I/O ports	2.0	—	VDD	V	4.5V < VDD ≤ 5.5V
		I/O ports	0.25 VDD+0.8	—	VDD	V	Otherwise
		$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	RC mode only(3)
		OSC1	0.7 VDD	—	VDD	V	XT, HS and LP modes
D050	VHYS	**Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs**	0.15 VDD*	—	—	V	
D060	IIL	**Input Leakage Current(1,2)**					**For VDD ≤ 5.5V:**
		I/O ports	-1.0	0.5	+1.0	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, pin at hi-impedance
		$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$	-5.0	—	+5.0	µA	VPIN = VSS +0.25V
		$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$		0.5	+3.0	µA	VPIN = VDD
		T0CKI	-3.0	0.5	+3.0	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD
		OSC1	-3.0	0.5	—	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT, HS and LP modes
D080	VOL	**Output Low Voltage**					
		I/O ports	—	—	0.6	V	IOL = 8.7 mA, VDD = 4.5V
		OSC2/CLKOUT	—	—	0.6	V	IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, RC mode only
D090	VOH	**Output High Voltage(2)**					
		I/O ports	VDD - 0.7	—	—	V	IOH = -5.4 mA, VDD = 4.5V
		OSC2/CLKOUT	VDD - 0.7	—	—	V	IOH = -1.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, RC mode only

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

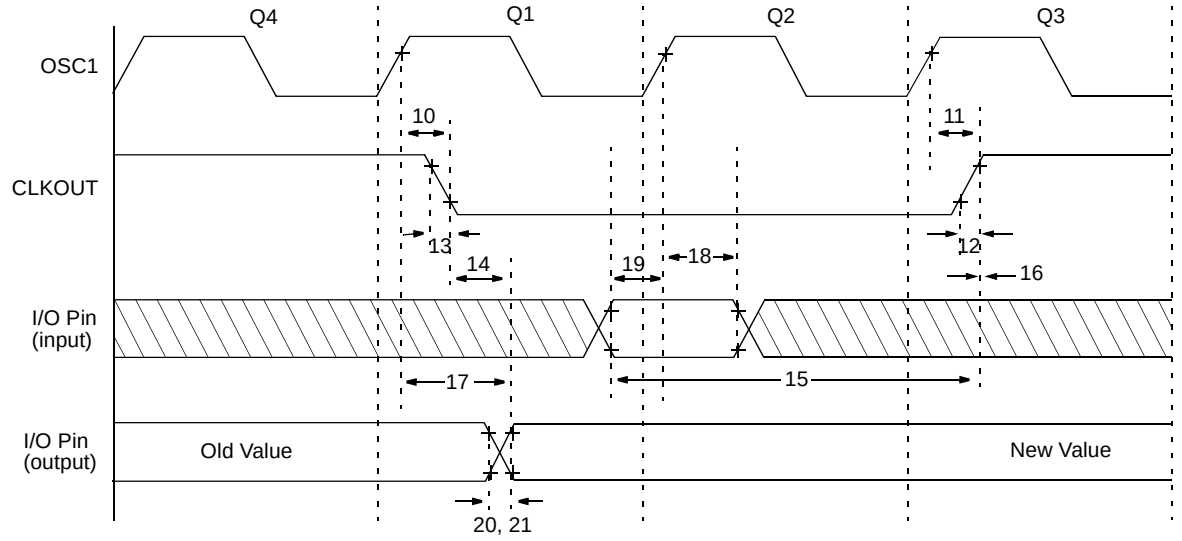
† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: The leakage current on the $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltage.

2: Negative current is defined as coming out of the pin.

3: For the RC mode, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C5X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

FIGURE 17-7: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X



Note: Refer to Figure 17-5 for load conditions.

TABLE 17-2: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X

AC Characteristics	**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**
10	TosH2ckL	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓ **(1)**	—	15	30**	ns
11	TosH2ckH	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑ **(1)**	—	15	30**	ns
12	TckR	CLKOUT rise time **(1)**	—	5.0	15**	ns
13	TckF	CLKOUT fall time **(1)**	—	5.0	15**	ns
14	TckL2ioV	CLKOUT↓ to Port out valid **(1)**	—	—	40**	ns
15	TioV2ckH	Port in valid before CLKOUT↑ **(1)**	0.25 TCY+30*	—	—	ns
16	TckH2ioI	Port in hold after CLKOUT↑ **(1)**	0*	—	—	ns
17	TosH2ioV	OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid **(2)**	—	—	100*	ns
18	TosH2ioI	OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time)	TBD	—	—	ns
19	TioV2osH	Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)	TBD	—	—	ns
20	TioR	Port output rise time **(2)**	—	10	25**	ns
21	TioF	Port output fall time **(2)**	—	10	25**	ns

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

** These parameters are design targets and are not tested. No characterization data available at this time.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x TOSC.

2: Refer to Figure 17-5 for load conditions.

FIGURE 18-12: TYPICAL IDD vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 100 pF, 25°C)

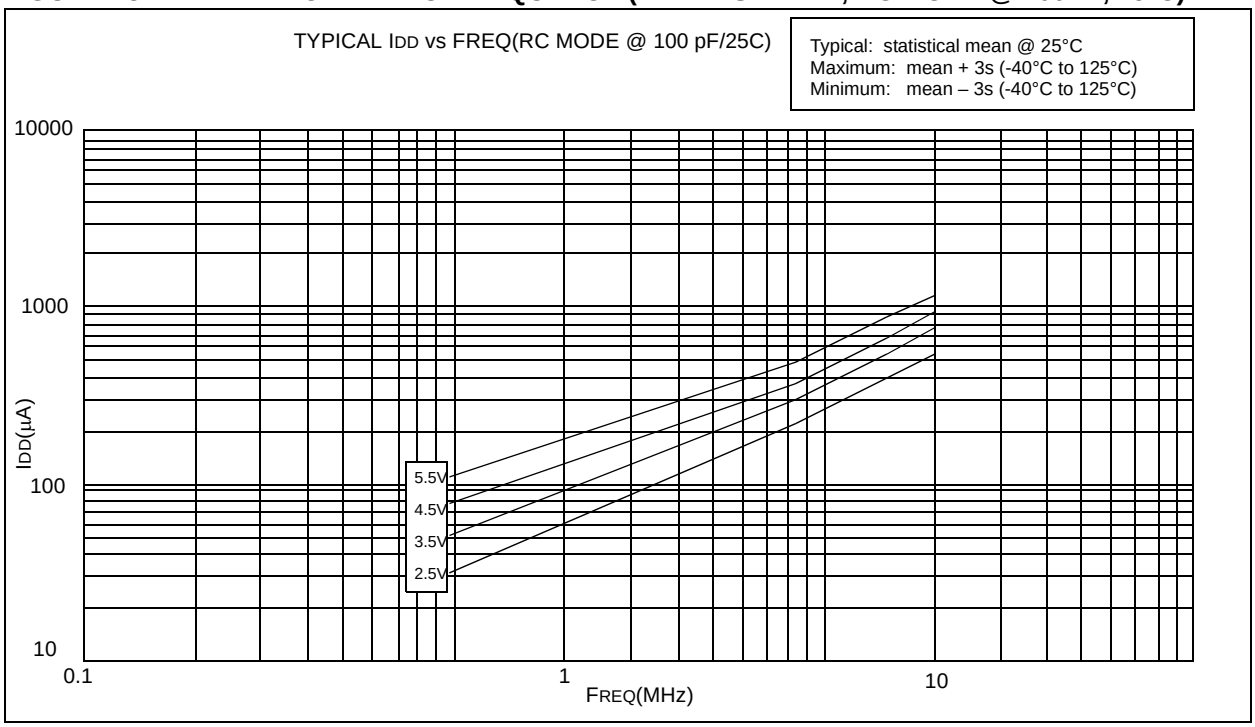
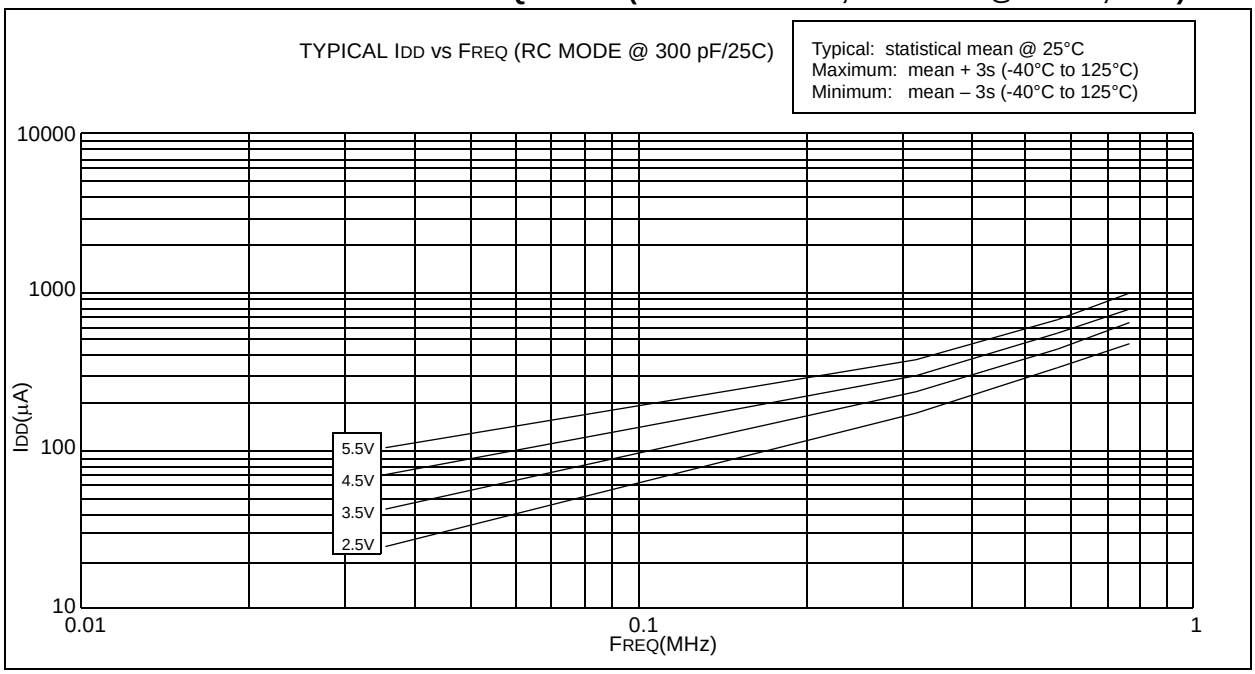


FIGURE 18-13: TYPICAL IDD vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 300 pF, 25°C)

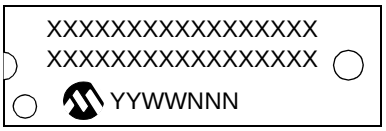


NOTES:

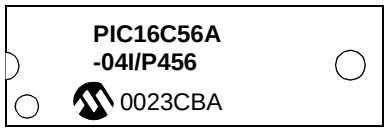
21.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

21.1 Package Marketing Information

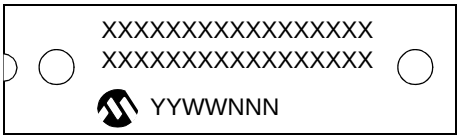
18-Lead PDIP



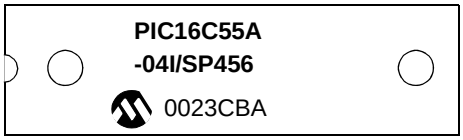
Example



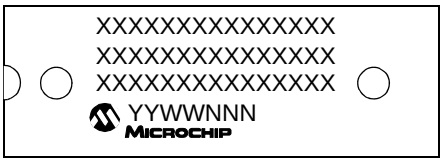
28-Lead Skinny PDIP (.300")



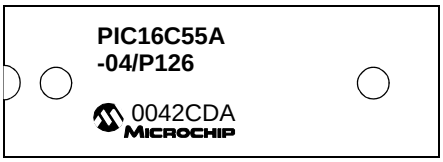
Example



28-Lead PDIP (.600")



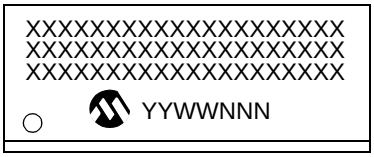
Example



18-Lead SOIC

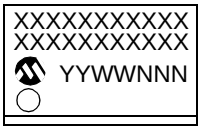
Example

28-Lead SOIC



Example

20-Lead SSOP



Example

28-Lead SSOP

Example