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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	768B (512 x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	25 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	18-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	18-PDIP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16c54c-20-p

Table of Contents

1.0	General Description.....	5
2.0	PIC16C5X Device Varieties	7
3.0	Architectural Overview	9
4.0	Oscillator Configurations	15
5.0	Reset.....	19
6.0	Memory Organization.....	25
7.0	I/O Ports	35
8.0	Timer0 Module and TMR0 Register	37
9.0	Special Features of the CPU.....	43
10.0	Instruction Set Summary.....	49
11.0	Development Support.....	61
12.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54/55/56/57	67
13.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16CR54A	79
14.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54/55/56/57/CR54A.....	91
15.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54A.....	103
16.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54A.....	117
17.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B	131
18.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B	145
19.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B 40MHz	155
20.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B 40MHz	165
21.0	Packaging Information.....	171
	Appendix A: Compatibility	182
	On-Line Support.....	187
	Reader Response	188
	Product Identification System	189

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TABLE 3-1: PINOUT DESCRIPTION - PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56, PIC16C58, PIC16CR58

Pin Name	Pin Number			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	DIP	SOIC	SSOP			
RA0	17	17	19	I/O	TTL	Bi-directional I/O port
RA1	18	18	20	I/O	TTL	
RA2	1	1	1	I/O	TTL	
RA3	2	2	2	I/O	TTL	
RB0	6	6	7	I/O	TTL	Bi-directional I/O port
RB1	7	7	8	I/O	TTL	
RB2	8	8	9	I/O	TTL	
RB3	9	9	10	I/O	TTL	
RB4	10	10	11	I/O	TTL	
RB5	11	11	12	I/O	TTL	
RB6	12	12	13	I/O	TTL	
RB7	13	13	14	I/O	TTL	
T0CKI	3	3	3	I	ST	Clock input to Timer0. Must be tied to Vss or VDD, if not in use, to reduce current consumption.
$\overline{\text{MCLR}}/\text{VPP}$	4	4	4	I	ST	Master clear (RESET) input/programming voltage input. This pin is an active low RESET to the device. Voltage on the $\overline{\text{MCLR}}/\text{VPP}$ pin must not exceed VDD to avoid unintended entering of Programming mode.
OSC1/CLKIN	16	16	18	I	ST	Oscillator crystal input/external clock source input.
OSC2/CLKOUT	15	15	17	O	—	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in crystal Oscillator mode. In RC mode, OSC2 pin outputs CLKOUT, which has 1/4 the frequency of OSC1 and denotes the instruction cycle rate.
VDD	14	14	15,16	P	—	Positive supply for logic and I/O pins.
Vss	5	5	5,6	P	—	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.

Legend: I = input, O = output, I/O = input/output, P = power, — = Not Used, TTL = TTL input, ST = Schmitt Trigger input

PIC16C5X

NOTES:

9.0 SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE CPU

What sets a microcontroller apart from other processors are special circuits that deal with the needs of real-time applications. The PIC16C5X family of microcontrollers have a host of such features intended to maximize system reliability, minimize cost through elimination of external components, provide power saving operating modes and offer code protection. These features are:

- Oscillator Selection (Section 4.0)
- RESET (Section 5.0)
- Power-On Reset (Section 5.1)
- Device Reset Timer (Section 5.2)
- Watchdog Timer (WDT) (Section 9.2)
- SLEEP (Section 9.3)
- Code protection (Section 9.4)
- ID locations (Section 9.5)

The PIC16C5X Family has a Watchdog Timer which can be shut off only through configuration bit WDTE. It runs off of its own RC oscillator for added reliability. There is an 18 ms delay provided by the Device Reset Timer (DRT), intended to keep the chip in RESET until the crystal oscillator is stable. With this timer on-chip, most applications need no external RESET circuitry.

The SLEEP mode is designed to offer a very low current Power-down mode. The user can wake up from SLEEP through external RESET or through a Watchdog Timer time-out. Several oscillator options are also made available to allow the part to fit the application. The RC oscillator option saves system cost while the LP crystal option saves power. A set of configuration bits are used to select various options.

PIC16C5X

9.2 Watchdog Timer (WDT)

The Watchdog Timer (WDT) is a free running on-chip RC oscillator which does not require any external components. This RC oscillator is separate from the RC oscillator of the OSC1/CLKIN pin. That means that the WDT will run even if the clock on the OSC1/CLKIN and OSC2/CLKOUT pins have been stopped, for example, by execution of a SLEEP instruction. During normal operation or SLEEP, a WDT Reset or Wake-up Reset generates a device RESET.

The \overline{TO} bit (STATUS<4>) will be cleared upon a Watchdog Timer Reset (Section 6.3).

The WDT can be permanently disabled by programming the configuration bit WDTE as a '0' (Section 9.1). Refer to the PIC16C5X Programming Specifications (Literature Number DS30190) to determine how to access the configuration word.

9.2.1 WDT PERIOD

An 8-bit counter is available as a prescaler for the Timer0 module (Section 8.2), or as a postscaler for the Watchdog Timer (WDT), respectively. For simplicity, this counter is being referred to as "prescaler" throughout this data sheet. Note that the prescaler may be used by either the Timer0 module or the WDT, but not

both. Thus, a prescaler assignment for the Timer0 module means that there is no prescaler for the WDT, and vice-versa.

The PSA and PS<2:0> bits (OPTION<3:0>) determine prescaler assignment and prescale ratio (Section 6.4).

The WDT has a nominal time-out period of 18 ms (with no prescaler). If a longer time-out period is desired, a prescaler with a division ratio of up to 1:128 can be assigned to the WDT (under software control) by writing to the OPTION register. Thus, time-out a period of a nominal 2.3 seconds can be realized. These periods vary with temperature, VDD and part-to-part process variations (see Device Characterization).

Under worst case conditions (VDD = Min., Temperature = Max., WDT prescaler = 1:128), it may take several seconds before a WDT time-out occurs.

9.2.2 WDT PROGRAMMING CONSIDERATIONS

The CLRWDT instruction clears the WDT and the prescaler, if assigned to the WDT, and prevents it from timing out and generating a device RESET.

The SLEEP instruction RESETS the WDT and the prescaler, if assigned to the WDT. This gives the maximum SLEEP time before a WDT Wake-up Reset.

FIGURE 9-1: WATCHDOG TIMER BLOCK DIAGRAM



TABLE 9-1: SUMMARY OF REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH THE WATCHDOG TIMER

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on Power-On Reset	Value on MCLR and WDT Reset
N/A	OPTION	—	—	Tosc	Tose	PSA	PS2	PS1	PS0	--11 1111	--11 1111

Legend: u = unchanged, - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Shaded cells not used by Watchdog Timer.

MOVWF Move W to f

Syntax: [*label*] MOVWF f
 Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 Operation: (W) → (f)
 Status Affected: None
 Encoding:

0000	001f	ffff
------	------	------

 Description: Move data from the W register to register 'f'.
 Words: 1
 Cycles: 1
 Example: MOVWF TEMP_REG

Before Instruction
 TEMP_REG = 0xFF
 W = 0x4F
 After Instruction
 TEMP_REG = 0x4F
 W = 0x4F

NOP No Operation

Syntax: [*label*] NOP
 Operands: None
 Operation: No operation
 Status Affected: None
 Encoding:

0000	0000	0000
------	------	------

 Description: No operation.
 Words: 1
 Cycles: 1
 Example: NOP

OPTION Load OPTION Register

Syntax: [*label*] OPTION
 Operands: None
 Operation: (W) → OPTION
 Status Affected: None
 Encoding:

0000	0000	0010
------	------	------

 Description: The content of the W register is loaded into the OPTION register.
 Words: 1
 Cycles: 1
 Example OPTION

Before Instruction
 W = 0x07
 After Instruction
 OPTION = 0x07

RETLW Return with Literal in W

Syntax: [*label*] RETLW k
 Operands: $0 \leq k \leq 255$
 Operation: k → (W);
 TOS → PC
 Status Affected: None
 Encoding:

1000	kkkk	kkkk
------	------	------

 Description: The W register is loaded with the eight bit literal 'k'. The program counter is loaded from the top of the stack (the return address). This is a two-cycle instruction.
 Words: 1
 Cycles: 2
 Example: CALL TABLE ;W contains
 ;table offset
 ;value.
 • ;W now has table
 • ;value.
 •
 TABLE •
 ADDWF PC ;W = offset
 RETLW k1 ;Begin table
 RETLW k2 ;
 •
 •
 •
 RETLW kn ; End of table

Before Instruction
 W = 0x07
 After Instruction
 W = value of k8

11.8 MPLAB ICD In-Circuit Debugger

Microchip's In-Circuit Debugger, MPLAB ICD, is a powerful, low cost, run-time development tool. This tool is based on the FLASH PIC MCUs and can be used to develop for this and other PIC microcontrollers. The MPLAB ICD utilizes the in-circuit debugging capability built into the FLASH devices. This feature, along with Microchip's In-Circuit Serial Programming™ protocol, offers cost-effective in-circuit FLASH debugging from the graphical user interface of the MPLAB Integrated Development Environment. This enables a designer to develop and debug source code by watching variables, single-stepping and setting break points. Running at full speed enables testing hardware in real-time.

11.9 PRO MATE II Universal Device Programmer

The PRO MATE II universal device programmer is a full-featured programmer, capable of operating in Stand-alone mode, as well as PC-hosted mode. The PRO MATE II device programmer is CE compliant.

The PRO MATE II device programmer has programmable VDD and VPP supplies, which allow it to verify programmed memory at VDD min and VDD max for maximum reliability. It has an LCD display for instructions and error messages, keys to enter commands and a modular detachable socket assembly to support various package types. In Stand-alone mode, the PRO MATE II device programmer can read, verify, or program PIC devices. It can also set code protection in this mode.

11.10 PICSTART Plus Entry Level Development Programmer

The PICSTART Plus development programmer is an easy-to-use, low cost, prototype programmer. It connects to the PC via a COM (RS-232) port. MPLAB Integrated Development Environment software makes using the programmer simple and efficient.

The PICSTART Plus development programmer supports all PIC devices with up to 40 pins. Larger pin count devices, such as the PIC16C92X and PIC17C76X, may be supported with an adapter socket. The PICSTART Plus development programmer is CE compliant.

11.11 PICDEM 1 Low Cost PIC MCU Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 1 demonstration board is a simple board which demonstrates the capabilities of several of Microchip's microcontrollers. The microcontrollers supported are: PIC16C5X (PIC16C54 to PIC16C58A), PIC16C61, PIC16C62X, PIC16C71, PIC16C8X, PIC17C42, PIC17C43 and PIC17C44. All necessary hardware and software is included to run basic demo programs. The user can program the sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 1 demonstration board on a PRO MATE II device programmer, or a PICSTART Plus development programmer, and easily test firmware. The user can also connect the PICDEM 1 demonstration board to the MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator and download the firmware to the emulator for testing. A prototype area is available for the user to build some additional hardware and connect it to the microcontroller socket(s). Some of the features include an RS-232 interface, a potentiometer for simulated analog input, push button switches and eight LEDs connected to PORTB.

11.12 PICDEM 2 Low Cost PIC16CXX Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 2 demonstration board is a simple demonstration board that supports the PIC16C62, PIC16C64, PIC16C65, PIC16C73 and PIC16C74 microcontrollers. All the necessary hardware and software is included to run the basic demonstration programs. The user can program the sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 2 demonstration board on a PRO MATE II device programmer, or a PICSTART Plus development programmer, and easily test firmware. The MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator may also be used with the PICDEM 2 demonstration board to test firmware. A prototype area has been provided to the user for adding additional hardware and connecting it to the microcontroller socket(s). Some of the features include a RS-232 interface, push button switches, a potentiometer for simulated analog input, a serial EEPROM to demonstrate usage of the I²C™ bus and separate headers for connection to an LCD module and a keypad.

12.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54/55/56/57-RCI, XTI, 10I, HSI, LPI (Industrial)

PIC16C54/55/56/57-RCI, XTI, 10I, HSI, LPI (Industrial)			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic/Device	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
D001	VDD	Supply Voltage					
		PIC16C5X-RCI	3.0	—	6.25	V	
		PIC16C5X-XTI	3.0	—	6.25	V	
		PIC16C5X-10I	4.5	—	5.5	V	
		PIC16C5X-HSI	4.5	—	5.5	V	
PIC16C5X-LPI	2.5	—	6.25	V			
D002	VDR	RAM Data Retention Voltage⁽¹⁾	—	1.5*	—	V	Device in SLEEP mode
D003	VPOR	VDD Start Voltage to ensure Power-on Reset	—	VSS	—	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D004	SVDD	VDD Rise Rate to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*	—	—	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D010	IDD	Supply Current⁽²⁾					
		PIC16C5X-RCI ⁽³⁾	—	1.8	3.3	mA	FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
		PIC16C5X-XTI	—	1.8	3.3	mA	FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
		PIC16C5X-10I	—	4.8	10	mA	FOSC = 10 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
		PIC16C5X-HSI	—	4.8	10	mA	FOSC = 10 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
		PIC16C5X-HSI	—	9.0	20	mA	FOSC = 20 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
PIC16C5X-LPI	—	15	40	μA	FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled		
D020	IPD	Power-down Current⁽²⁾	—	4.0	14	μA	VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled
			—	0.6	12	μA	VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VSS, T0CKI = VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.

3: Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: $I_R = V_{DD}/2R_{EXT}$ (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

12.4 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54/55/56/57-RC, XT, 10, HS, LP (Commercial) PIC16C54/55/56/57-RCI, XTI, 10I, HSI, LPI (Industrial)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic/Device	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
D030	VIL	Input Low Voltage					
		I/O ports	VSS	—	0.2 VDD	V	Pin at hi-impedance PIC16C5X-RC only ⁽³⁾ PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
		MCLR (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	
OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.3 VDD	V			
D040	VIH	Input High Voltage					
		I/O ports	0.45 VDD	—	VDD	V	For all VDD ⁽⁴⁾ 4.0V < VDD ≤ 5.5V ⁽⁴⁾ VDD > 5.5V
		I/O ports	2.0	—	VDD	V	
		I/O ports	0.36 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		MCLR (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	PIC16C5X-RC only ⁽³⁾ PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	0.7 VDD	—	VDD	V			
D050	VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs	0.15 VDD*	—	—	V	
D060	IIL	Input Leakage Current^(1,2)					For VDD ≤ 5.5V: VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, pin at hi-impedance VPIN = VSS + 0.25V VPIN = VDD VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
		I/O ports	-1	0.5	+1	μA	
		MCLR	-5	—	—	μA	
		MCLR	—	0.5	+5	μA	
		T0CKI	-3	0.5	+3	μA	
OSC1	-3	0.5	+3	μA			
D080	VOL	Output Low Voltage					
		I/O ports	—	—	0.6	V	IOL = 8.7 mA, VDD = 4.5V IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, PIC16C5X-RC
OSC2/CLKOUT	—	—	0.6	V			
D090	VOH	Output High Voltage⁽²⁾					
		I/O ports	VDD - 0.7	—	—	V	IOH = -5.4 mA, VDD = 4.5V IOH = -1.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, PIC16C5X-RC
OSC2/CLKOUT	VDD - 0.7	—	—	V			

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltage.

2: Negative current is defined as coming out of the pin.

3: For PIC16C5X-RC devices, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C5X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

4: The user may use the better of the two specifications.

FIGURE 12-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER TIMING - PIC16C54/55/56/57

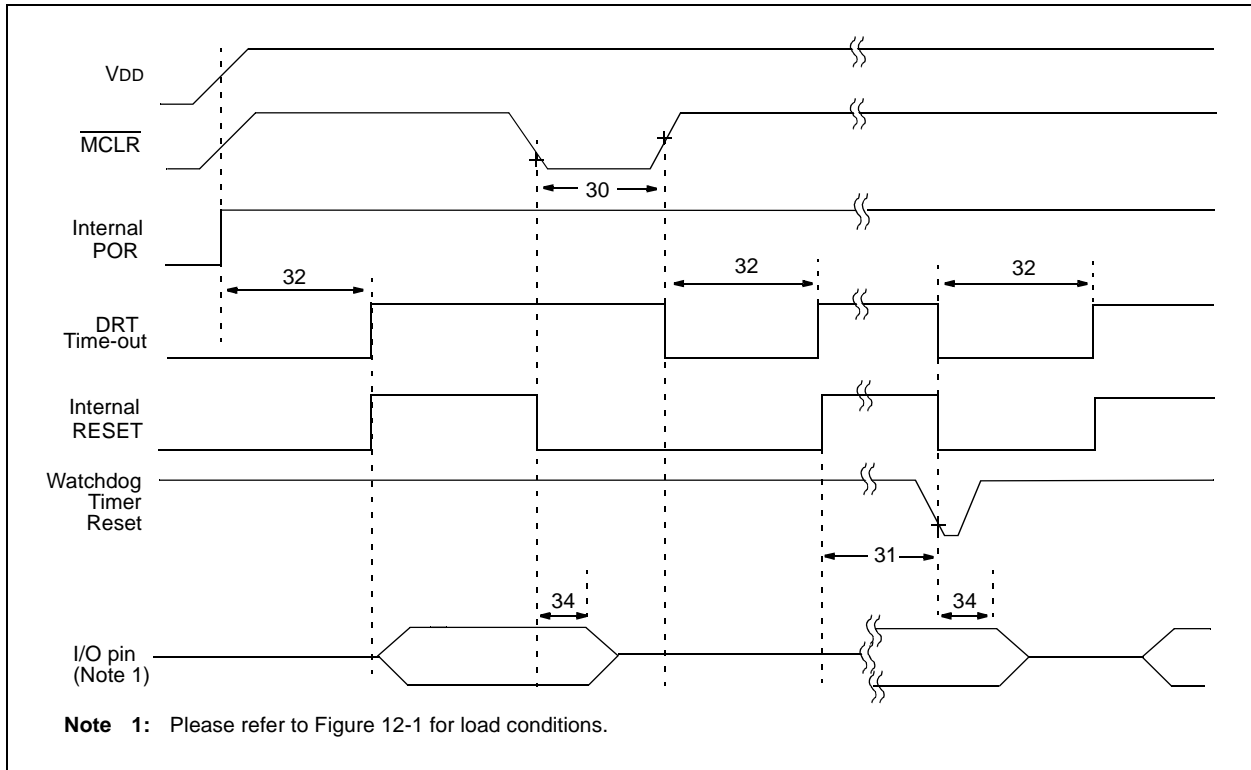


TABLE 12-3: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER - PIC16C54/55/56/57

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)							
AC Characteristics		Operating Temperature					
		0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial					
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial					
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
30	TmclL	MCLR Pulse Width (low)	100*	—	—	ns	VDD = 5.0V
31	Twdt	Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler)	9.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
32	TDRT	Device Reset Timer Period	9.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
34	TioZ	I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low	—	—	100*	ns	

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

13.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - PIC16CR54A

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

Ambient Temperature under bias	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on V _{DD} with respect to V _{SS}	0 to +7.5V
Voltage on $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ with respect to V _{SS} ⁽¹⁾	0 to +14V
Voltage on all other pins with respect to V _{SS}	-0.6V to (V _{DD} + 0.6V)
Total power dissipation ⁽²⁾	800 mW
Max. current out of V _{SS} pin	150 mA
Max. current into V _{DD} pin	50 mA
Max. current into an input pin (TOCKI only)	±500 µA
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0 or V _I > V _{DD})	±20 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0 or V _O > V _{DD})	±20 mA
Max. output current sunk by any I/O pin	25 mA
Max. output current sourced by any I/O pin	20 mA
Max. output current sourced by a single I/O port (PORTA or B)	40 mA
Max. output current sunk by a single I/O port (PORTA or B)	50 mA

Note 1: Voltage spikes below V_{SS} at the $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50 to 100 Ω should be used when applying a low level to the MCLR pin rather than pulling this pin directly to V_{SS}.

2: Power Dissipation is calculated as follows: $P_{DIS} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

PIC16C5X

FIGURE 16-12: TYPICAL I_{DD} vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 100 pF, 25°C)

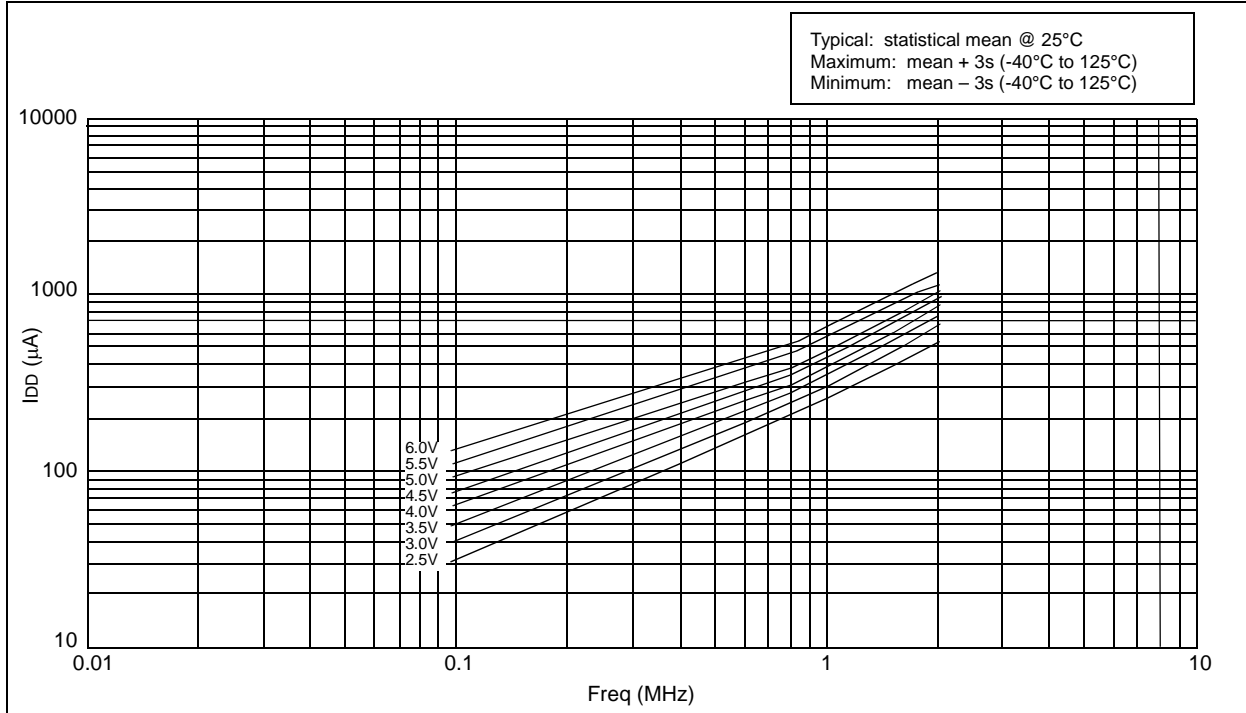


FIGURE 16-13: MAXIMUM I_{DD} vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 100 pF, -40°C to +85°C)

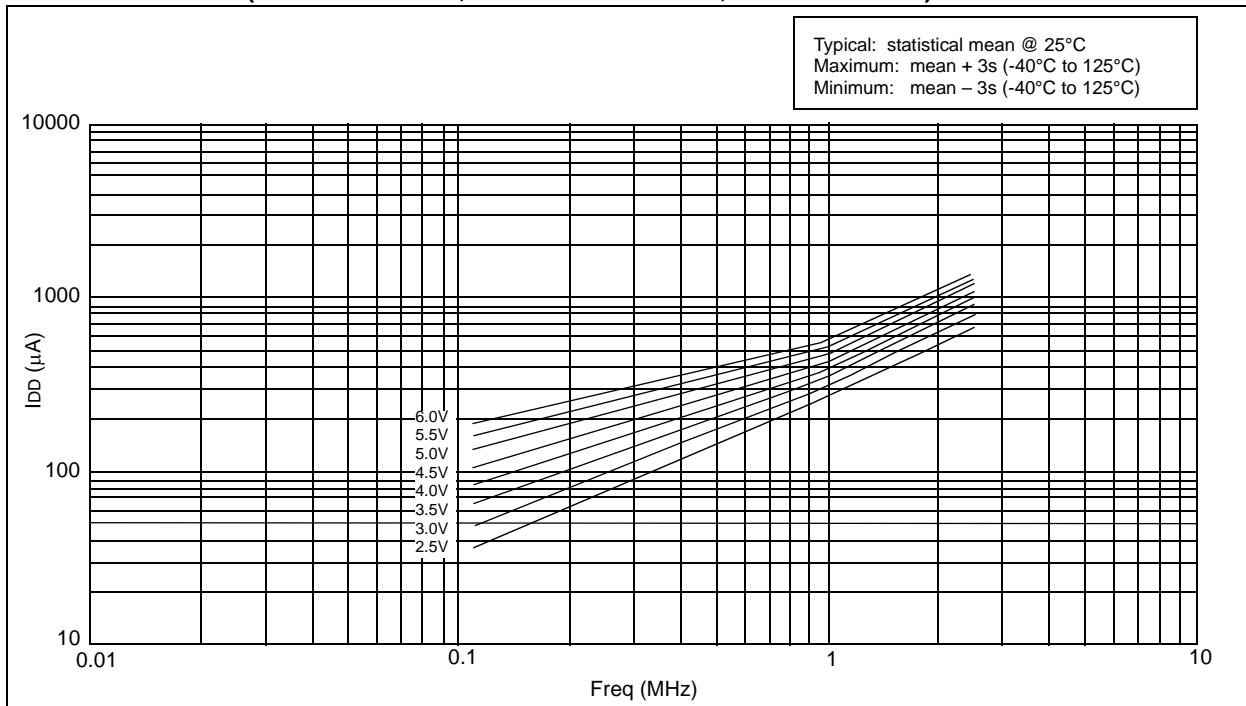


FIGURE 16-18: TRANSCONDUCTANCE (gm) OF LP OSCILLATOR vs. VDD

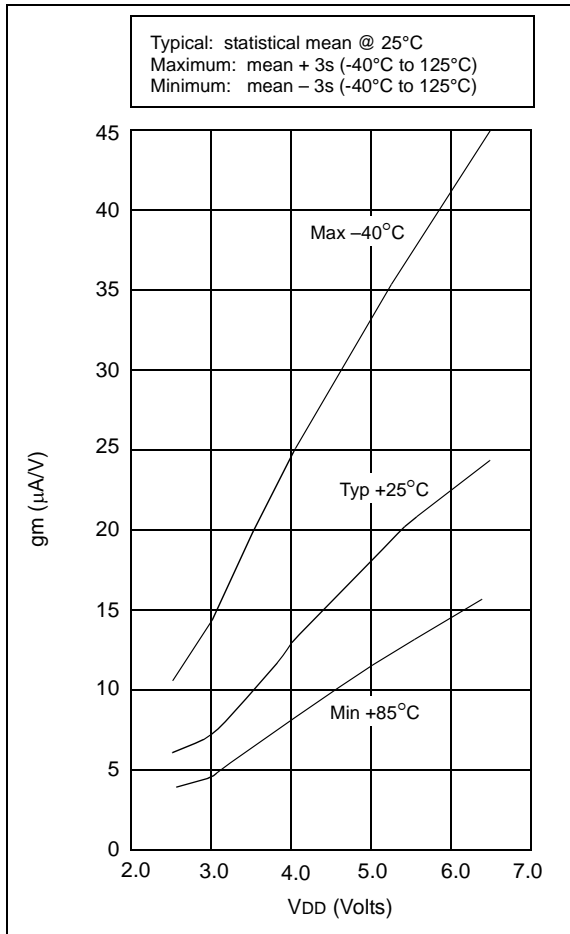
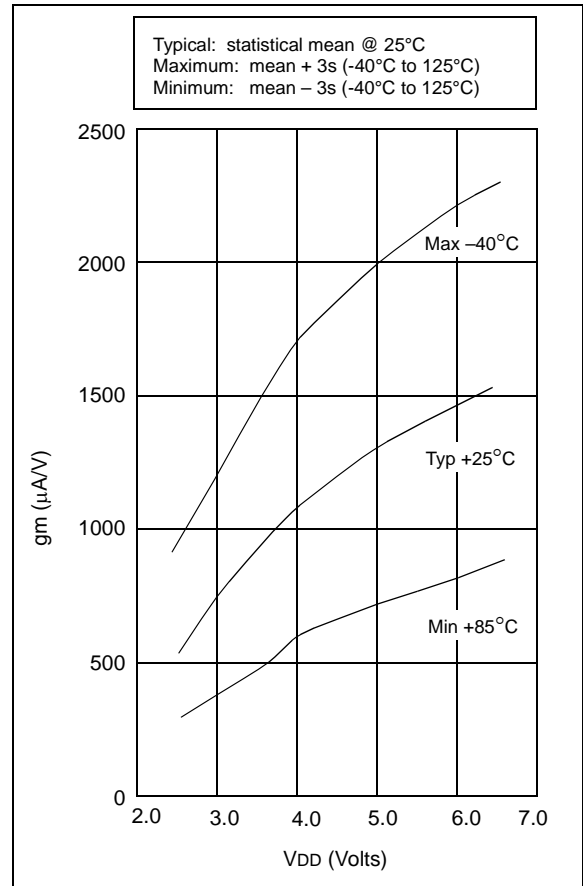


FIGURE 16-19: TRANSCONDUCTANCE (gm) OF XT OSCILLATOR vs. VDD



PIC16C5X

FIGURE 17-7: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X

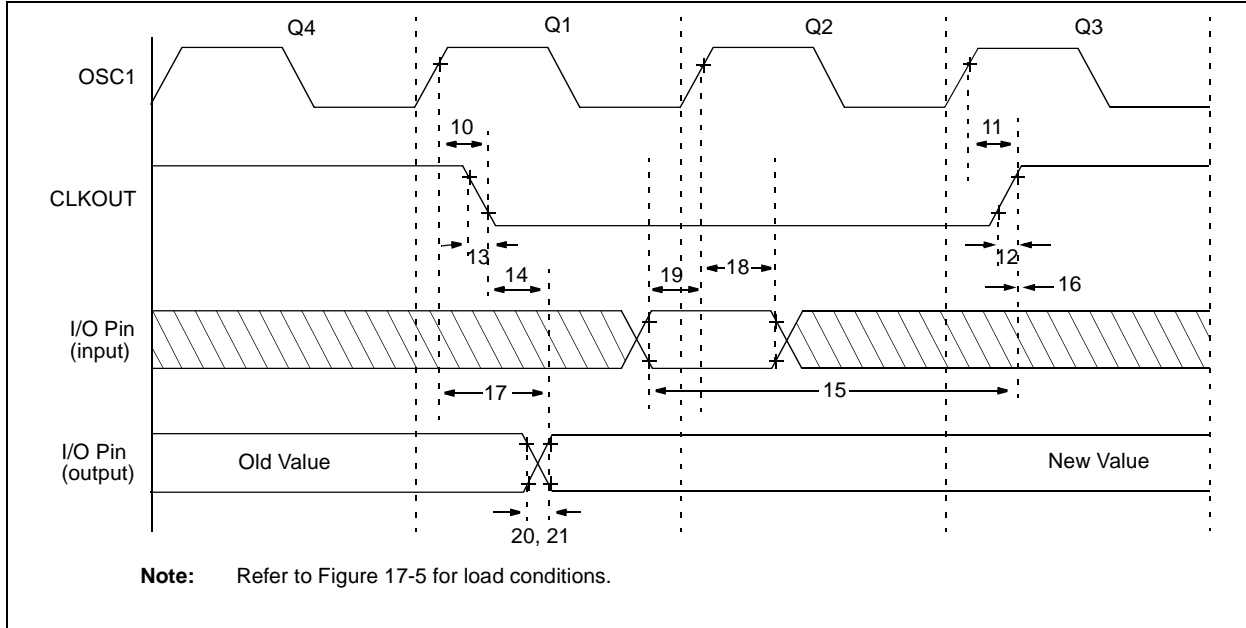


TABLE 17-2: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)						
AC Characteristics						
Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial						
-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial						
-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended						
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units
10	TosH2ckL	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓ ⁽¹⁾	—	15	30**	ns
11	TosH2ckH	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	—	15	30**	ns
12	TckR	CLKOUT rise time ⁽¹⁾	—	5.0	15**	ns
13	TckF	CLKOUT fall time ⁽¹⁾	—	5.0	15**	ns
14	TckL2ioV	CLKOUT↓ to Port out valid ⁽¹⁾	—	—	40**	ns
15	TioV2ckH	Port in valid before CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	0.25 TCY+30*	—	—	ns
16	TckH2ioI	Port in hold after CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	0*	—	—	ns
17	TosH2ioV	OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid ⁽²⁾	—	—	100*	ns
18	TosH2ioI	OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time)	TBD	—	—	ns
19	TioV2osH	Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)	TBD	—	—	ns
20	TioR	Port output rise time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns
21	TioF	Port output fall time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

** These parameters are design targets and are not tested. No characterization data available at this time.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x TosC.

2: Refer to Figure 17-5 for load conditions.

FIGURE 17-8: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER TIMING - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X

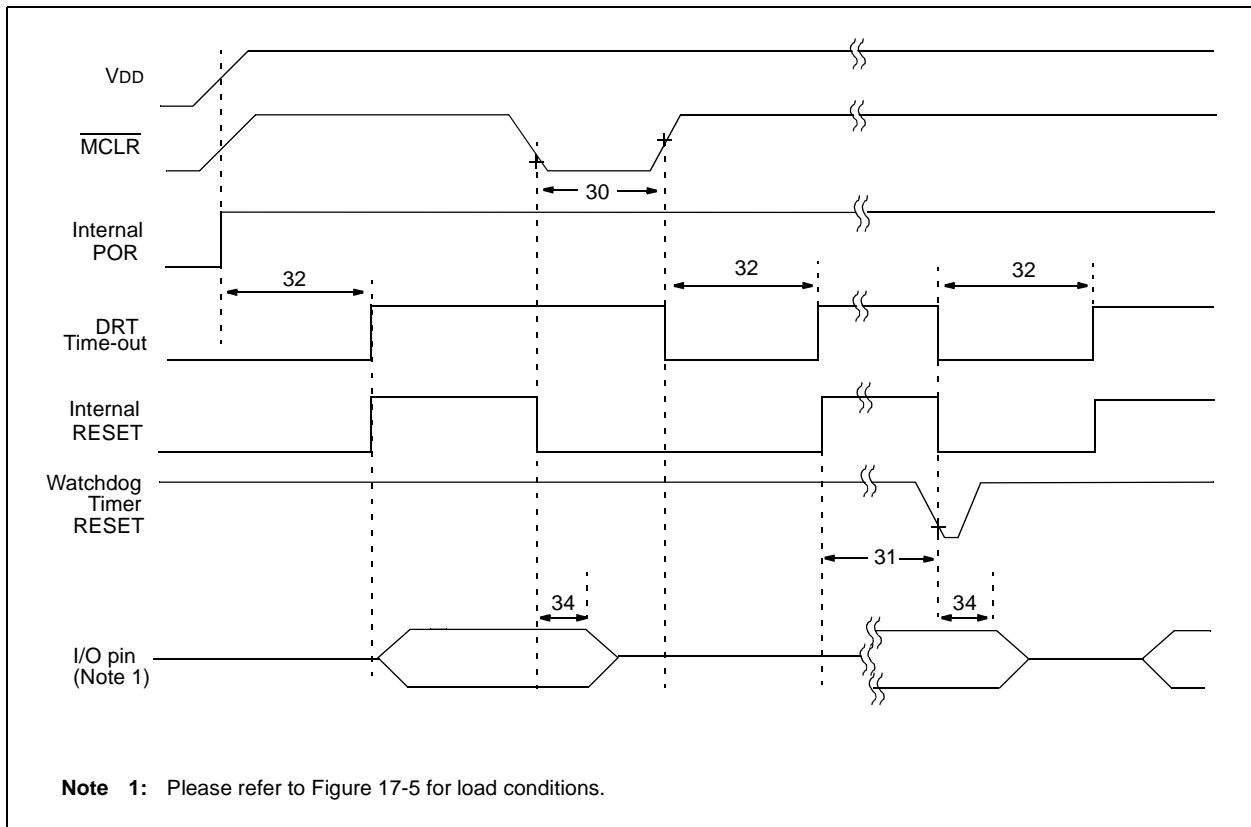


TABLE 17-3: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)							
AC Characteristics							
		Operating Temperature					
		0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial					
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial					
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
30	TmcL	MCLR Pulse Width (low)	1000*	—	—	ns	VDD = 5.0V
31	Twdt	Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler)	9.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
32	TDRT	Device Reset Timer Period	9.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
34	Tioz	I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low	100*	300*	1000*	ns	

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

FIGURE 18-16: PORTA, B AND C I_{OH} vs. V_{OH} , $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$



FIGURE 18-17: PORTA, B AND C I_{OL} vs. V_{OL} , $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$



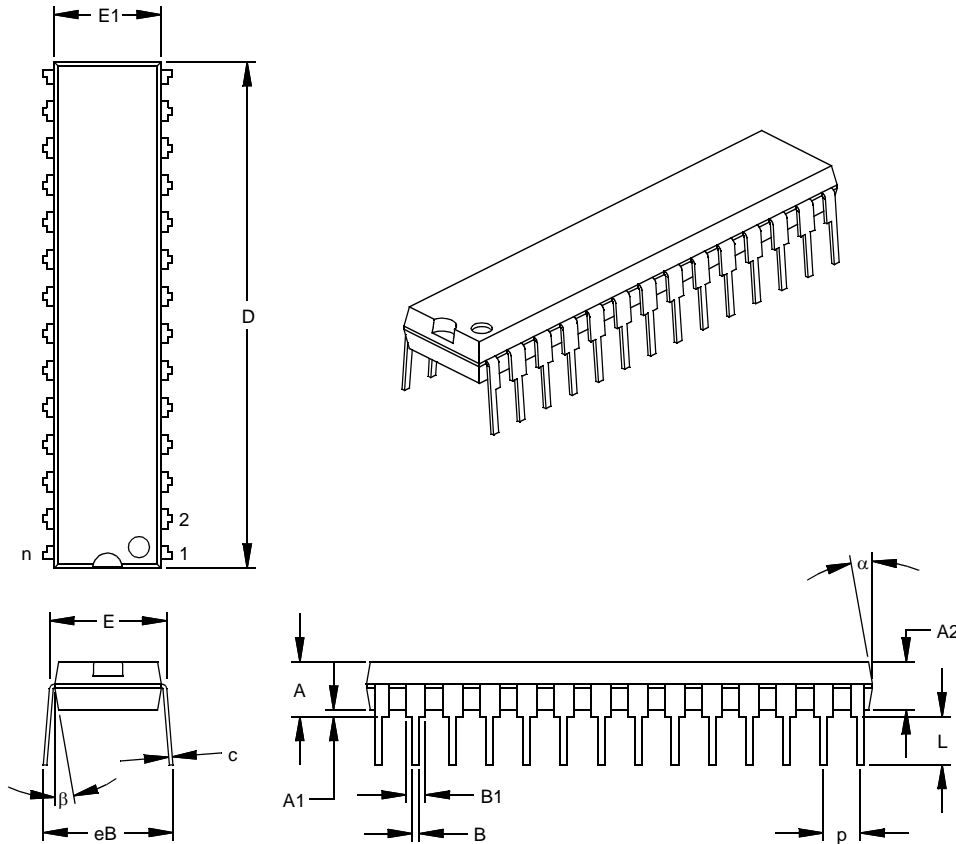
PIC16C5X

NOTES:

PIC16C5X

28-Lead Skinny Plastic Dual In-line (SP) – 300 mil (PDIP)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		28			28	
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.140	.150	.160	3.56	3.81	4.06
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.300	.310	.325	7.62	7.87	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.275	.285	.295	6.99	7.24	7.49
Overall Length	D	1.345	1.365	1.385	34.16	34.67	35.18
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.040	.053	.065	1.02	1.33	1.65
Lower Lead Width	B	.016	.019	.022	0.41	0.48	0.56
Overall Row Spacing	§ eB	.320	.350	.430	8.13	8.89	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

* Controlling Parameter

§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:

Dimension D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-095

Drawing No. C04-070

INDEX

A

Absolute Maximum Ratings	
PIC16C54/55/56/57	67
PIC16C54A	103
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B	131
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B-40	155
PIC16CR54A	79
ADDWF	51
ALU	9
ANDLW	51
ANDWF	51
Applications	5
Architectural Overview	9
Assembler	
MPASM Assembler	61

B

Block Diagram	
On-Chip Reset Circuit	20
PIC16C5X Series	10
Timer0	37
TMR0/WDT Prescaler	41
Watchdog Timer	46
Brown-Out Protection Circuit	23
BSF	52
BTFSC	52
BTFSS	52

C

CALL	31, 53
Carry (C) bit	9, 29
Clocking Scheme	13
CLRF	53
CLRW	53
CLRWDT	53
CMOS Technology	1
Code Protection	43, 47
COMF	54
Compatibility	182
Configuration Bits	44

D

Data Memory Organization	26
DC Characteristics	
PIC16C54/55/56/57	
Commercial	68, 71
Extended	70, 72
Industrial	69, 71
PIC16C54A	
Commercial	104, 109
Extended	106, 109
Industrial	104, 109
PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-40	
Commercial	157, 158
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B	
Commercial	134, 138
Extended	137, 138
Industrial	134, 138
PIC16CR54A	
Commercial	80, 83

Extended	82, 84
Industrial	80, 83
PIC16LV54A	
Commercial	108, 109
Industrial	108, 109
DECFSZ	54
DECFSZ	54
Development Support	61
Device Characterization	
PIC16C54/55/56/57/CR54A	91
PIC16C54A	117
PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-40	165
Device Reset Timer (DRT)	23
Device Varieties	7
Digit Carry (DC) bit	9, 29
DRT	23

E

Electrical Specifications	
PIC16C54/55/56/57	67
PIC16C54A	103
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B	131
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B-40	155
PIC16CR54A	79
Errata	3
External Power-On Reset Circuit	21

F

Family of Devices	
PIC16C5X	6
FSR Register	33
Value on reset	20

G

General Purpose Registers	
Value on reset	20
GOTO	31, 55

H

High-Performance RISC CPU	1
---------------------------	---

I

I/O Interfacing	35
I/O Ports	35
I/O Programming Considerations	36
ICEPIC In-Circuit Emulator	62
ID Locations	43, 47
INCF	55
INCFSZ	55
INDF Register	33
Value on reset	20
Indirect Data Addressing	33
Instruction Cycle	13
Instruction Flow/Pipelining	13
Instruction Set Summary	49
IORLW	56
IORWF	56

K

KeeLoq Evaluation and Programming Tools	64
---	----

L

Loading of PC	31
---------------	----

PIC16C5X

M

MCLR Reset	
Register values on	20
Memory Map	
PIC16C54/CR54/C55.....	25
PIC16C56/CR56	25
PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR58	25
Memory Organization.....	25
MOVF.....	56
MOVLW.....	56
MOVWF	57
MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 C Compilers.....	61
MPLAB ICD In-Circuit Debugger.....	63
MPLAB ICE High Performance Universal In-Circuit Emulator with MPLAB IDE.....	62
MPLAB Integrated Development Environment Software	61
MPLINK Object Linker/MPLIB Object Librarian	62

N

NOP	57
-----------	----

O

One-Time-Programmable (OTP) Devices.....	7
OPTION	57
OPTION Register	30
Value on reset	20
Oscillator Configurations	15
Oscillator Types	
HS	15
LP.....	15
RC.....	15
XT	15

P

PA0 bit.....	29
PA1 bit.....	29
Paging.....	31
PC	31
Value on reset	20
PD bit	19, 29
Peripheral Features.....	1
PICDEM 1 Low Cost PIC MCU Demonstration Board	63
PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board	64
PICDEM 2 Low Cost PIC16CXX Demonstration Board.....	63
PICDEM 3 Low Cost PIC16CXXX Demonstration Board ...	64
PICSTART Plus Entry Level Development Programmer	63
Pin Configurations.....	2
Pinout Description - PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56, PIC16C58, PIC16CR58	11
Pinout Description - PIC16C55, PIC16C57, PIC16CR57 ...	12
PORTA.....	35
Value on reset	20
PORTB.....	35
Value on reset	20
PORTC.....	35
Value on reset	20
Power-Down Mode.....	47
Power-On Reset (POR)	21
Register values on	20
Prescaler	40
PRO MATE II Universal Device Programmer	63
Program Counter.....	31
Program Memory Organization	25
Program Verification/Code Protection.....	47

Q

Q cycles	13
Quick-Turnaround-Production (QTP) Devices.....	7

R

RC Oscillator.....	17
Read Only Memory (ROM) Devices	7
Read-Modify-Write.....	36
Register File Map	
PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C55, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56	26
PIC16C57/CR57	27
PIC16C58/CR58.....	27
Registers	
Special Function	28
Value on reset.....	20
Reset	19
Reset on Brown-Out	23
RETLW	57
RLF	58
RRF	58

S

Serialized Quick-Turnaround-Production (SQTP) Devices... 7	
SLEEP	43, 47, 58
Software Simulator (MPLAB SIM)	62
Special Features of the CPU	43
Special Function Registers	28
Stack.....	32
STATUS Register	9, 29
Value on reset.....	20
SUBWF	59
SWAPF	59

T

Timer0	
Switching Prescaler Assignment	40
Timer0 (TMR0) Module.....	37
TMR0 register - Value on reset.....	20
TMR0 with External Clock	39
Timing Diagrams and Specifications	
PIC16C54/55/56/57	74
PIC16C54A.....	111
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B	140
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B-40	160
PIC16CR54A	86
Timing Parameter Symbolology and Load Conditions	
PIC16C54/55/56/57	73
PIC16C54A.....	110
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B	139
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B-40.....	159
PIC16CR54A	85
TO bit	19, 29
TRIS.....	59
TRIS Registers	35
Value on reset.....	20

U

UV Erasable Devices.....	7
--------------------------	---