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Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Product Status Core Processor Core Size Speed Connectivity Peripherals	Active PIC 8-Bit 20MHz
Core Processor Core Size Speed Connectivity	PIC 8-Bit
Core Size Speed Connectivity	8-Bit
Speed Connectivity	
Connectivity	20MHz
-	
Peripherals	•
	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	20
Program Memory Size	768B (512 x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	25 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	28-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	28-SPDIP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16c55a-20-sp

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	Device Characterization - PIC16C54A					
	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B					
	Device Characterization - PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B					
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An errata sheet, describing minor operational differences from the data sheet and recommended workarounds, may exist for current devices. As device/documentation issues become known to us, we will publish an errata sheet. The errata will specify the revision of silicon and revision of document to which it applies.

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TABLE 1-1: PIC16C5X FAMILY OF DEVICES

Features	PIC16C54	PIC16CR54	PIC16C55	PIC16C56	PIC16CR56
Maximum Operation Frequency	40 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
EPROM Program Memory (x12 words)	512	_	512	1K	_
ROM Program Memory (x12 words)	_	512	_	_	1K
RAM Data Memory (bytes)	25	25	24	25	25
Timer Module(s)	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0
I/O Pins	12	12	20	12	12
Number of Instructions	33	33	33	33	33
Packages	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	28-pin DIP, SOIC; 28-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP

All PIC® Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable Code Protect and high I/O current capability.

Features	PIC16C57	PIC16CR57	PIC16C58	PIC16CR58
Maximum Operation Frequency	40 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
EPROM Program Memory (x12 words)	2K	2K —		_
ROM Program Memory (x12 words)	_	2K	_	2K
RAM Data Memory (bytes)	72	72	73	73
Timer Module(s)	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0	TMR0
I/O Pins	20	20	12	12
Number of Instructions	33	33	33	33
Packages	28-pin DIP, SOIC; 28-pin SSOP	28-pin DIP, SOIC; 28-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP	18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP

All  $PIC^{\otimes}$  Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable Code Protect and high I/O current capability.

#### 4.3 External Crystal Oscillator Circuit

Either a prepackaged oscillator or a simple oscillator circuit with TTL gates can be used as an external crystal oscillator circuit. Prepackaged oscillators provide a wide operating range and better stability. A well-designed crystal oscillator will provide good performance with TTL gates. Two types of crystal oscillator circuits can be used: one with parallel resonance, or one with series resonance.

Figure 4-3 shows an implementation example of a parallel resonant oscillator circuit. The circuit is designed to use the fundamental frequency of the crystal. The 74AS04 inverter performs the 180-degree phase shift that a parallel oscillator requires. The 4.7 k $\Omega$  resistor provides the negative feedback for stability. The 10 k $\Omega$  potentiometers bias the 74AS04 in the linear region. This circuit could be used for external oscillator designs.

FIGURE 4-3: EXAMPLE OF EXTERNAL PARALLEL RESONANT

CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR
CIRCUIT (USING XT, HS
OR LP OSCILLATOR
MODE)

+5V To Other Devices

10K 4.7K 74AS04 PIC16C5X

74AS04 Open OSC2

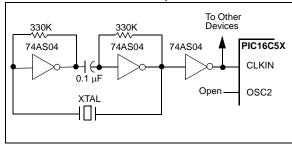
XTAL

20 pF = 20 pF

Figure 4-4 shows a series resonant oscillator circuit. This circuit is also designed to use the fundamental frequency of the crystal. The inverter performs a 180-degree phase shift in a series resonant oscillator circuit. The 330  $k\Omega$  resistors provide the negative feedback to bias the inverters in their linear region.

FIGURE 4-4:

EXAMPLE OF EXTERNAL SERIES RESONANT CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT (USING XT, HS OR LP OSCILLATOR MODE)



#### 6.2.2 SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS

The Special Function Registers are registers used by the CPU and peripheral functions to control the operation of the device (Table 6-1).

The Special Registers can be classified into two sets. The Special Function Registers associated with the "core" functions are described in this section. Those related to the operation of the peripheral features are described in the section for each peripheral feature.

TABLE 6-1: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTER SUMMARY

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on Power-on Reset	Details on Page
N/A	TRIS	I/O Cont	rol Regis	ters (TRIS	SA, TRIS	B, TRISC	;)			1111 1111	35
N/A	OPTION	Contains	s control b	oits to con	figure Ti	mer0 and	Timer0/V	VDT pres	caler	11 1111	30
00h	INDF	Uses co	ntents of	FSR to ac	ddress da	ata memo	ry (not a	physical r	egister)	XXXX XXXX	32
01h	TMR0	Timer0 N	Timer0 Module Register						XXXX XXXX	38	
02h <sup>(1)</sup>	PCL	Low ord	er 8 bits c	of PC						1111 1111	31
03h	STATUS	PA2	PA1	PA0	TO	PD	Z	DC	С	0001 1xxx	29
04h	FSR	Indirect	Indirect data memory address pointer					I.	1xxx xxxx <sup>(3)</sup>	32	
05h	PORTA	_	_	_	_	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	XXXX	35
06h	PORTB	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	XXXX XXXX	35
07h <sup>(2)</sup>	PORTC	RC7	RC6	RC5	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	RC0	xxxx xxxx	35

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, -= unimplemented, read as '0' (if applicable). Shaded cells = unimplemented or unused

**Note** 1: The upper byte of the Program Counter is not directly accessible. See Section 6.5 for an explanation of how to access these bits.

<sup>2:</sup> File address 07h is a General Purpose Register on the PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56, PIC16C58 and PIC16CR58.

<sup>3:</sup> These values are valid for PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR58. For the PIC16C54/CR54/C55/C56/CR56, the value on RESET is 111x xxxx and for MCLR and WDT Reset, the value is 111u uuuu.

TABLE 10-2: INSTRUCTION SET SUMMARY

Mnemonic,		Description	Cycles	12-l	Bit Opc	ode	Status	Notes
Opera	nds	Description		MSb		LSb	Affected	Notes
ADDWF	f,d	Add W and f	1	0001	11df	ffff	C,DC,Z	1,2,4
ANDWF	f,d	AND W with f	1	0001	01df	ffff	Z	2,4
CLRF	f	Clear f	1	0000	011f	ffff	Z	4
CLRW	_	Clear W	1	0000	0100	0000	Z	
COMF	f, d	Complement f	1	0010	01df	ffff	Z	
DECF	f, d	Decrement f	1	0000	11df	ffff	Z	2,4
DECFSZ	f, d	Decrement f, Skip if 0	1(2)	0010	11df	ffff	None	2,4
INCF	f, d	Increment f	1	0010	10df	ffff	Z	2,4
INCFSZ	f, d	Increment f, Skip if 0	1 <sup>(2)</sup>	0011	11df	ffff	None	2,4
IORWF	f, d	Inclusive OR W with f	1	0001	00df	ffff	Z	2,4
MOVF	f, d	Move f	1	0010	00df	ffff	Z	2,4
MOVWF	f	Move W to f	1	0000	001f	ffff	None	1,4
NOP	_	No Operation	1	0000	0000	0000	None	
RLF	f, d	Rotate left f through Carry	1	0011	01df	ffff	С	2,4
RRF	f, d	Rotate right f through Carry	1	0011	00df	ffff	С	2,4
SUBWF	f, d	Subtract W from f	1	0000	10df	ffff	C,DC,Z	1,2,4
SWAPF	f, d	Swap f	1	0011	10df	ffff	None	2,4
XORWF	f, d	Exclusive OR W with f	1	0001	10df	ffff	Z	2,4
BIT-ORIEN	TED FIL	E REGISTER OPERATIONS						
BCF	f, b	Bit Clear f	1	0100	bbbf	ffff	None	2,4
BSF	f, b	Bit Set f	1	0101	bbbf	ffff	None	2,4
BTFSC	f, b	Bit Test f, Skip if Clear	1 (2)	0110	bbbf	ffff	None	
BTFSS	f, b	Bit Test f, Skip if Set	1 (2)	0111	bbbf	ffff	None	
LITERAL A	ND CON	ITROL OPERATIONS		•				
ANDLW	k	AND literal with W	1	1110	kkkk	kkkk	Z	
CALL	k	Call subroutine	2	1001	kkkk	kkkk	None	1
CLRWDT	k	Clear Watchdog Timer	1	0000	0000	0100	TO, PD	
GOTO	k	Unconditional branch	2	101k	kkkk	kkkk	None	
IORLW	k	Inclusive OR Literal with W	1	1101	kkkk	kkkk	Z	
MOVLW	k	Move Literal to W	1	1100	kkkk	kkkk	None	
OPTION	k	Load OPTION register	1	0000	0000	0010	None	
RETLW	k	Return, place Literal in W	2	1000	kkkk	kkkk	None	
SLEEP	_	Go into standby mode	1	0000	0000	0011	$\overline{TO}, \overline{PD}$	
TRIS	f	Load TRIS register	1	0000	0000	Offf	None	3
XORLW	k	Exclusive OR Literal to W	1	1111	kkkk	kkkk	Z	

- **Note 1:** The 9th bit of the program counter will be forced to a '0' by any instruction that writes to the PC except for GOTO (see Section 6.5 for more on program counter).
  - 2: When an I/O register is modified as a function of itself (e.g. MOVF PORTB, 1), the value used will be that value present on the pins themselves. For example, if the data latch is '1' for a pin configured as input and is driven low by an external device, the data will be written back with a '0'.
  - 3: The instruction TRIS f, where f = 5, 6 or 7 causes the contents of the W register to be written to the tristate latches of PORTA, B or C respectively. A '1' forces the pin to a hi-impedance state and disables the output buffers.
  - **4:** If this instruction is executed on the TMR0 register (and, where applicable, d = 1), the prescaler will be cleared (if assigned to TMR0).

## 11.13 PICDEM 3 Low Cost PIC16CXXX Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a simple demonstration board that supports the PIC16C923 and PIC16C924 in the PLCC package. It will also support future 44-pin PLCC microcontrollers with an LCD Module. All the necessary hardware and software is included to run the basic demonstration programs. The user can program the sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board on a PRO MATE II device programmer, or a PICSTART Plus development programmer with an adapter socket, and easily test firmware. The MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator may also be used with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board to test firmware. A prototype area has been provided to the user for adding hardware and connecting it to the microcontroller socket(s). Some of the features include a RS-232 interface, push button switches, a potentiometer for simulated analog input, a thermistor and separate headers for connection to an external LCD module and a keypad. Also provided on the PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a LCD panel, with 4 commons and 12 segments, that is capable of displaying time, temperature and day of the week. The PICDEM 3 demonstration board provides an additional RS-232 interface and Windows software for showing the demultiplexed LCD signals on a PC. A simple serial interface allows the user to construct a hardware demultiplexer for the LCD signals.

#### 11.14 PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is an evaluation board that demonstrates the capabilities of several Microchip microcontrollers, including PIC17C752, PIC17C756A, PIC17C762 and PIC17C766. All necessary hardware is included to run basic demo programs, which are supplied on a 3.5-inch disk. A programmed sample is included and the user may erase it and program it with the other sample programs using the PRO MATE II device programmer, or the PICSTART Plus development programmer, and easily debug and test the sample code. In addition, the PICDEM 17 demonstration board supports downloading of programs to and executing out of external FLASH memory on board. The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is also usable with the MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator, or the PICMASTER emulator and all of the sample programs can be run and modified using either emulator. Additionally, a generous prototype area is available for user hardware.

# 11.15 KEELOQ Evaluation and Programming Tools

KEELOQ evaluation and programming tools support Microchip's HCS Secure Data Products. The HCS evaluation kit includes a LCD display to show changing codes, a decoder to decode transmissions and a programming interface to program test transmitters.

NOTES:

### 13.5 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

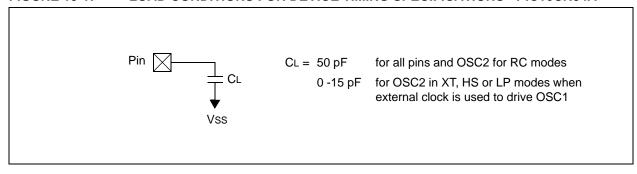
- 1. TppS2ppS
- 2. TppS

Frequency	T Time			
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:				
to	mc MCLR			
CLKOUT	osc oscillator			
cycle time	os OSC1			
device reset timer	t0 T0CKI			
I/O port	wdt watchdog timer			
	to CLKOUT cycle time device reset timer			

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

opportation that it is in the arminge.					
S					
F	Fall	Р	Period		
Н	High	R	Rise		
ı	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V	Valid		
L	Low	Z	Hi-impedance		

### FIGURE 13-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16CR54A



#### 14.0 DEVICE CHARACTERIZATION - PIC16C54A

The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

"Typical" represents the mean of the distribution at 25°C. "Maximum" or "minimum" represents (mean +  $3\sigma$ ) or (mean –  $3\sigma$ ) respectively, where  $\sigma$  is a standard deviation, over the whole temperature range.

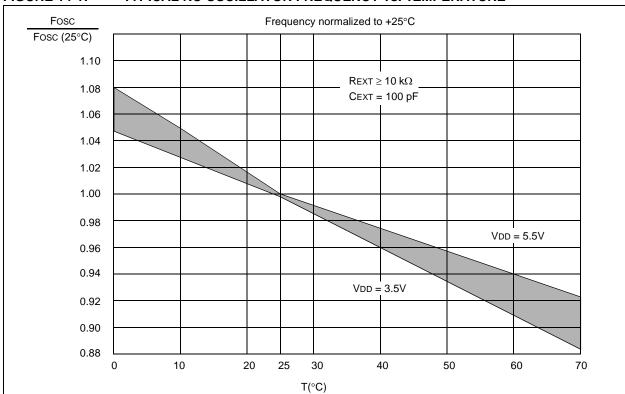


FIGURE 14-1: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY vs. TEMPERATURE

TABLE 14-1: RC OSCILLATOR FREQUENCIES

Сехт	REXT	Average Fosc @ 5 V, 25°C		
20 pF	3.3K	5 MHz	± 27%	
	5K	3.8 MHz	± 21%	
	10K	2.2 MHz	± 21%	
	100K	262 kHz	± 31%	
100 pF	3.3K	1.6 MHz	± 13%	
	5K	1.2 MHz	± 13%	
	10K	684 kHz	± 18%	
	100K	71 kHz	± 25%	
300 pF	3.3K	660 kHz	± 10%	
	5.0K	484 kHz	± 14%	
	10K	267 kHz	± 15%	
	100K	29 kHz	± 19%	

The frequencies are measured on DIP packages.

The percentage variation indicated here is part-to-part variation due to normal process distribution. The variation indicated is  $\pm 3$  standard deviations from the average value for VDD = 5V.

FIGURE 14-2: TYPICAL RC OSC FREQUENCY vs. VDD, CEXT = 20 PF

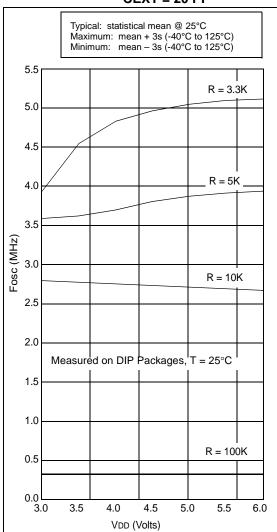


FIGURE 14-3: TYPICAL RC OSC FREQUENCY vs. VDD, CEXT = 100 PF

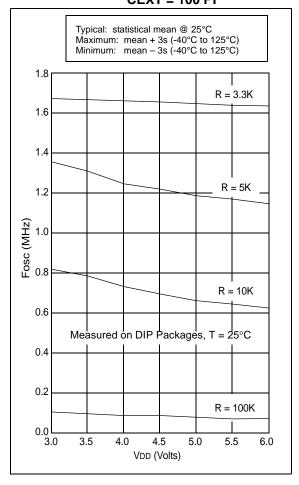


FIGURE 14-9: VTH (INPUT THRESHOLD VOLTAGE) OF I/O PINS vs. VDD

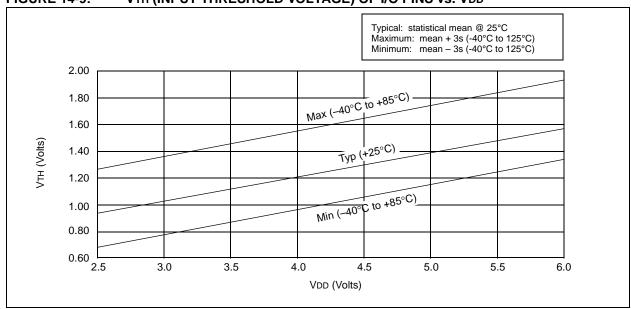


FIGURE 14-10: VIH, VIL OF MCLR, TOCKI AND OSC1 (RC MODE) vs. VDD

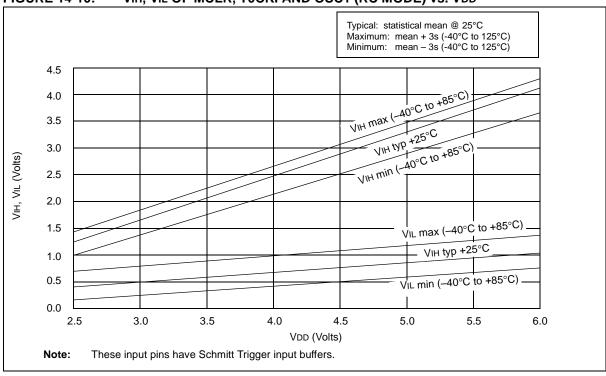


FIGURE 14-17: TRANSCONDUCTANCE (gm) OF LP OSCILLATOR vs. VDD

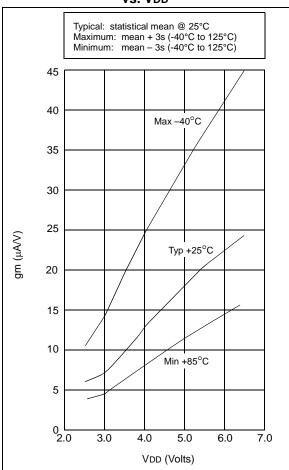
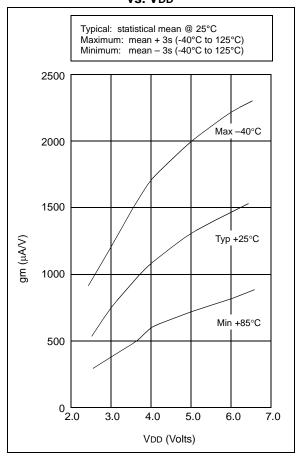


FIGURE 14-18: TRANSCONDUCTANCE (gm) OF XT OSCILLATOR vs. VDD



#### **Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions** 15.5

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS

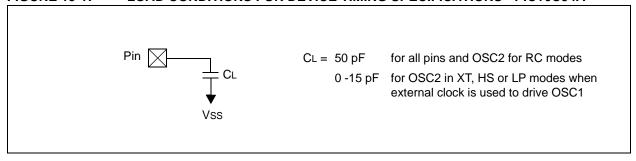
Low

2. TppS

Т		
F	Frequency	T Time
Lowe	ercase letters (pp) and their meanings:	
pp		
2	to	mc MCLR
ck	CLKOUT	osc oscillator
су	cycle time	os OSC1
drt	device reset timer	t0 T0CKI
io	I/O port	wdt watchdog timer
Uppe	ercase letters and their meanings:	
S		
F	Fall	P Period
Н	High	R Rise
I	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid

Hi-impedance

#### **FIGURE 15-1:** LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54A



NOTES:

FIGURE 16-20: PORTA, B AND C IOH vs. Voh, VDD = 3V

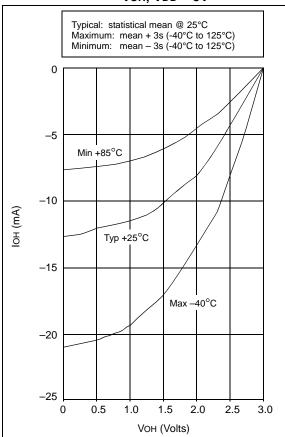
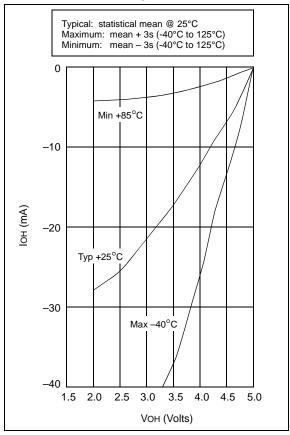


FIGURE 16-21: PORTA, B AND C IOH vs. VOH, VDD = 5V



## 17.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-04E, 20E (Extended) PIC16CR54C/CR56A/CR57C/CR58B-04E, 20E (Extended)

PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-04E, 20E PIC16CR54C/CR56A/CR57C/CR58B-04E, 20E (Extended)			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур†	Max	Units	Conditions
D001	VDD	Supply Voltage	3.0 4.5	_	5.5 5.5		RC, XT, LP, and HS mode from 0 - 10 MHz from 10 - 20 MHz
D002	Vdr	RAM Data Retention Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	_	1.5*	_	V	Device in SLEEP mode
D003	VPOR	VDD start voltage to ensure Power-on Reset	_	Vss	_	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D004	SVDD	VDD rise rate to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*	_	_	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D010	IDD	Supply Current <sup>(2)</sup> XT and RC <sup>(3)</sup> modes HS mode	_	1.8 9.0	3.3 20	mA mA	Fosc = 4.0 MHz, VDD = 5.5V Fosc = 20 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
D020	IPD	Power-down Current <sup>(2)</sup>	_ _ _ _	0.3 10 12 4.8 18 26	17 50* 60* 31* 68* 90*	μΑ μΑ μΑ μΑ μΑ	VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled VDD = 4.5V, WDT disabled VDD = 5.5V, WDT disabled VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled VDD = 4.5V, WDT enabled VDD = 5.5V, WDT enabled

<sup>\*</sup> These parameters are characterized but not tested.

- Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.
  - 2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.
    - a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode <u>are: OSC1</u> = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to Vss, T0CKI = VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/ disabled as specified.
    - b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.
  - 3: Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: IR = VDD/2REXT (mA) with REXT in  $k\Omega$ .

<sup>†</sup> Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C, unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only, and are not tested.

FIGURE 18-14: WDT TIMER TIME-OUT PERIOD vs. VDD<sup>(1)</sup>

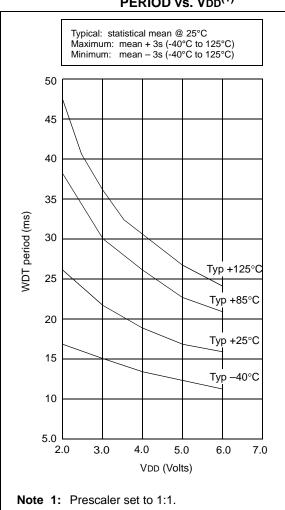
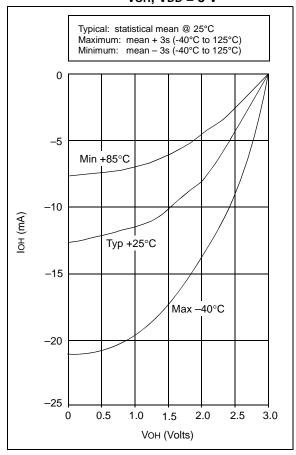


FIGURE 18-15: PORTA, B AND C IOH vs. Voh, VDD = 3 V



M	Q
MCLR Reset	Q cycles13
Register values on20	Quick-Turnaround-Production (QTP) Devices
Memory Map	
PIC16C54/CR54/C5525	R
PIC16C56/CR5625	RC Oscillator17
PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR5825	Read Only Memory (ROM) Devices7
Memory Organization25	Read-Modify-Write36
MOVF56	Register File Map
MOVLW56	PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C55, PIC16C56,
MOVWF57	PIC16CR56
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