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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

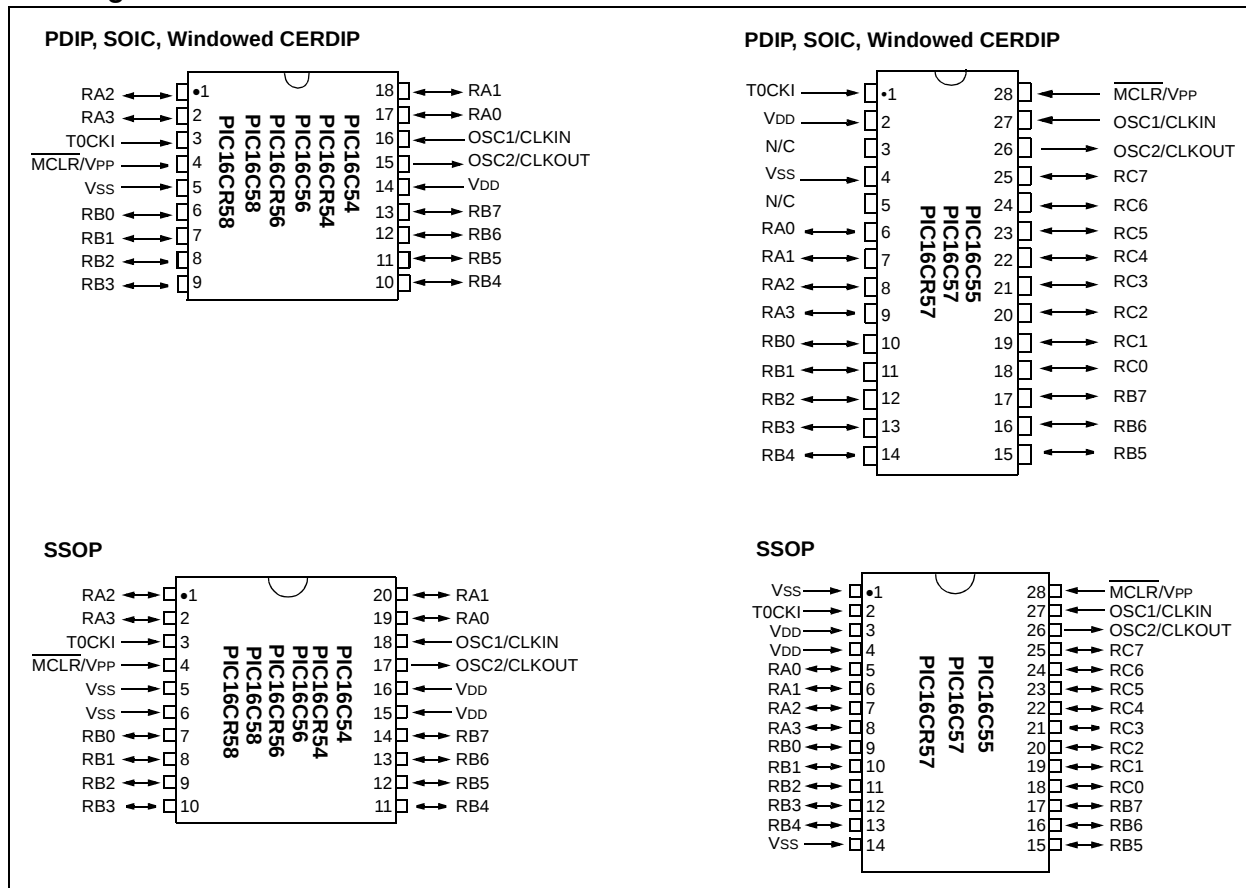
Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	10MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	1.5KB (1K x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	25 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16c56-10i-ss

PIC16C5X

Pin Diagrams



Device Differences

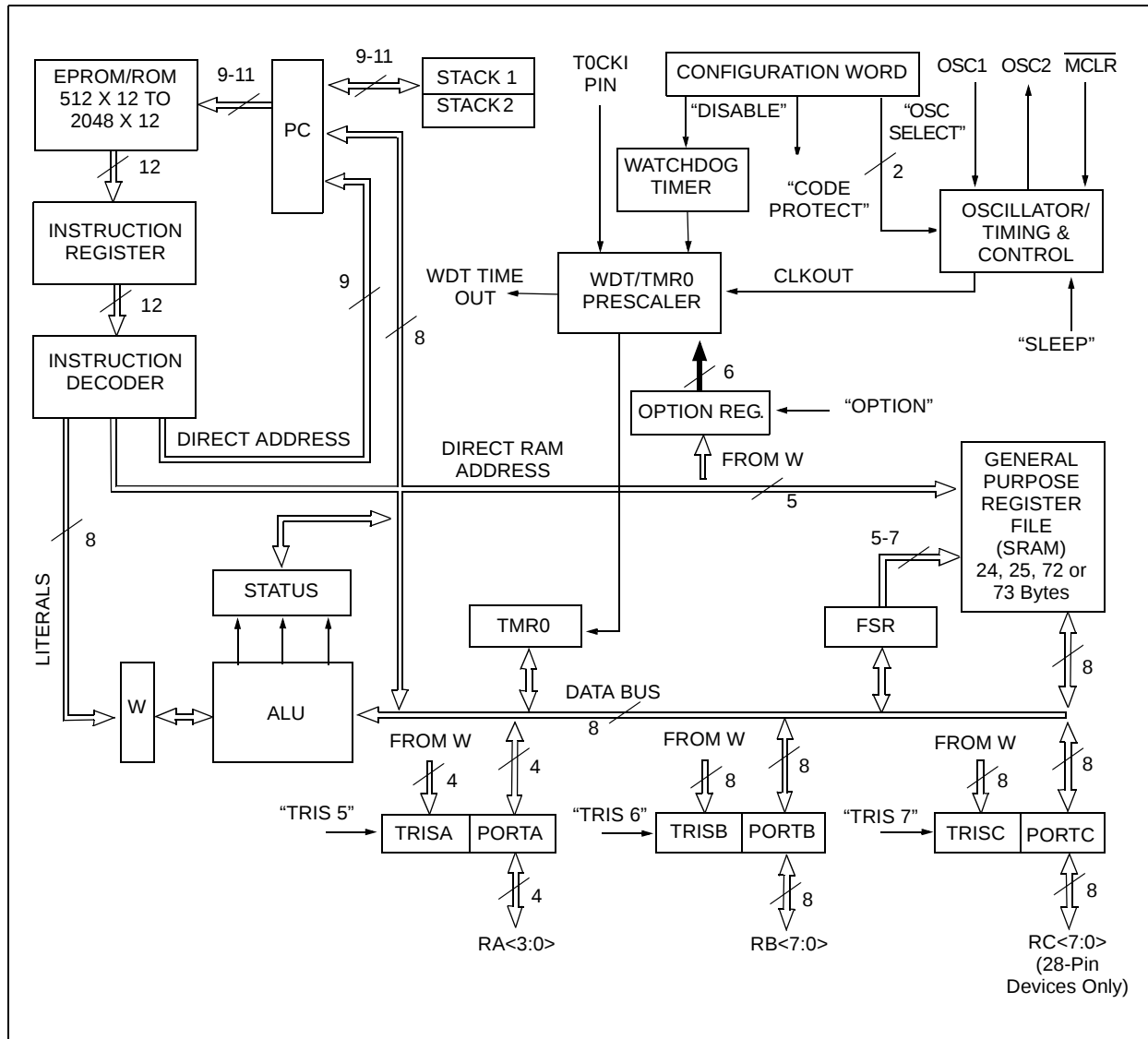
Device	Voltage Range	Oscillator Selection (Program)	Oscillator	Process Technology (Microns)	ROM Equivalent	MCLR Filter
PIC16C54	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.2	PIC16CR54A	No
PIC16C54A	2.0-6.25	User	See Note 1	0.9	—	No
PIC16C54C	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR54C	Yes
PIC16C55	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.7	—	No
PIC16C55A	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	—	Yes
PIC16C56	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.7	—	No
PIC16C56A	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR56A	Yes
PIC16C57	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.2	—	No
PIC16C57C	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR57C	Yes
PIC16C58B	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR58B	Yes
PIC16CR54A	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.2	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR54C	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR56A	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR57C	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR58B	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes

Note 1: If you change from this device to another device, please verify oscillator characteristics in your application.

Note: The table shown above shows the generic names of the PIC16C5X devices. For device varieties, please refer to Section 2.0.

PIC16C5X

FIGURE 3-1: PIC16C5X SERIES BLOCK DIAGRAM



6.0 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

PIC16C5X memory is organized into program memory and data memory. For devices with more than 512 bytes of program memory, a paging scheme is used. Program memory pages are accessed using one or two STATUS Register bits. For devices with a data memory register file of more than 32 registers, a banking scheme is used. Data memory banks are accessed using the File Selection Register (FSR).

6.1 Program Memory Organization

The PIC16C54, PIC16CR54 and PIC16C55 have a 9-bit Program Counter (PC) capable of addressing a 512 x 12 program memory space (Figure 6-1). The PIC16C56 and PIC16CR56 have a 10-bit Program Counter (PC) capable of addressing a 1K x 12 program memory space (Figure 6-2). The PIC16C57, PIC16C58 and PIC16CR58 have an 11-bit Program Counter (PC) capable of addressing a 2K x 12 program memory space (Figure 6-3). Accessing a location above the physically implemented address will cause a wraparound.

A NOP at the RESET vector location will cause a restart at location 000h. The RESET vector for the PIC16C54, PIC16CR54 and PIC16C55 is at 1FFh. The RESET vector for the PIC16C56 and PIC16CR56 is at 3FFh. The RESET vector for the PIC16C57, PIC16CR57, PIC16C58, and PIC16CR58 is at 7FFh. See Section 6.5 for additional information using CALL and GOTO instructions.

FIGURE 6-1: PIC16C54/CR54/C55 PROGRAM MEMORY MAP AND STACK

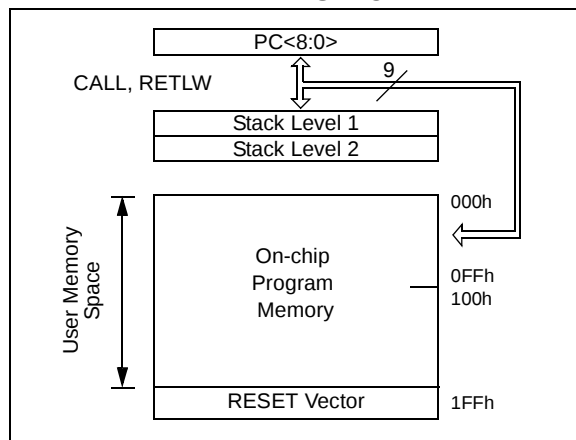


FIGURE 6-2: PIC16C56/CR56 PROGRAM MEMORY MAP AND STACK

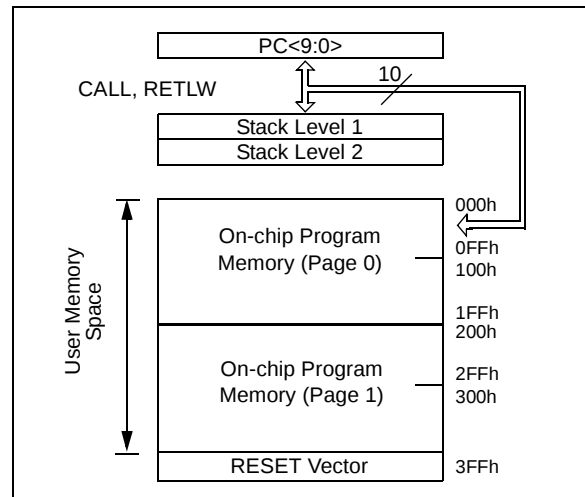
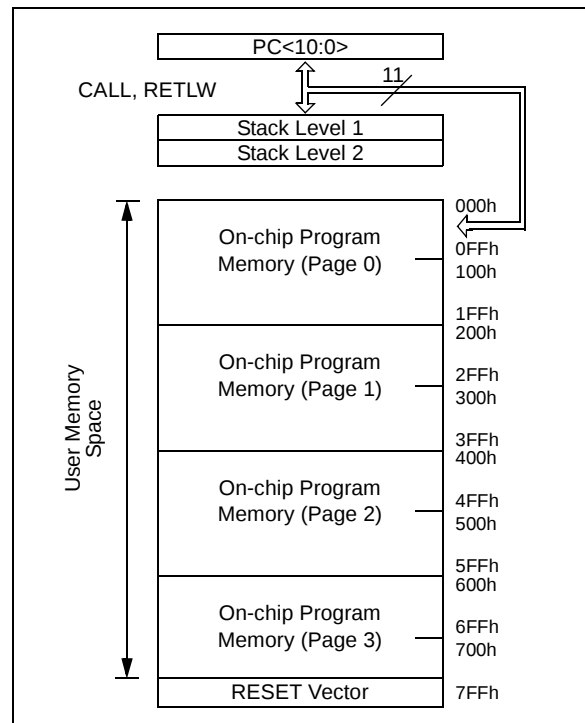


FIGURE 6-3: PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR58 PROGRAM MEMORY MAP AND STACK



PIC16C5X

6.2.2 SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS

The Special Function Registers are registers used by the CPU and peripheral functions to control the operation of the device (Table 6-1).

The Special Registers can be classified into two sets. The Special Function Registers associated with the “core” functions are described in this section. Those related to the operation of the peripheral features are described in the section for each peripheral feature.

TABLE 6-1: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTER SUMMARY

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on Power-on Reset	Details on Page
N/A	TRIS	I/O Control Registers (TRISA, TRISB, TRISC)								1111 1111	35
N/A	OPTION	Contains control bits to configure Timer0 and Timer0/WDT prescaler								--11 1111	30
00h	INDF	Uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register)								xxxx xxxx	32
01h	TMR0	Timer0 Module Register								xxxx xxxx	38
02h ⁽¹⁾	PCL	Low order 8 bits of PC								1111 1111	31
03h	STATUS	PA2	PA1	PA0	$\overline{TO}$	$\overline{PD}$	Z	DC	C	0001 1xxx	29
04h	FSR	Indirect data memory address pointer								1xxx xxxx ⁽³⁾	32
05h	PORTA	—	—	—	—	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	---- xxxx	35
06h	PORTB	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx xxxx	35
07h ⁽²⁾	PORTC	RC7	RC6	RC5	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	RC0	xxxx xxxx	35

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, — = unimplemented, read as '0' (if applicable). Shaded cells = unimplemented or unused

Note 1: The upper byte of the Program Counter is not directly accessible. See Section 6.5 for an explanation of how to access these bits.

2: File address 07h is a General Purpose Register on the PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56, PIC16C58 and PIC16CR58.

3: These values are valid for PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR58. For the PIC16C54/CR54/C55/C56/CR56, the value on RESET is 111x xxxx and for $\overline{MCLR}$ and WDT Reset, the value is 111u uuuu.

10.0 INSTRUCTION SET SUMMARY

Each PIC16C5X instruction is a 12-bit word divided into an OPCODE, which specifies the instruction type and one or more operands which further specify the operation of the instruction. The PIC16C5X instruction set summary in Table 10-2 groups the instructions into byte-oriented, bit-oriented, and literal and control operations. Table 10-1 shows the opcode field descriptions.

For **byte-oriented** instructions, 'f' represents a file register designator and 'd' represents a destination designator. The file register designator is used to specify which one of the 32 file registers in that bank is to be used by the instruction.

The destination designator specifies where the result of the operation is to be placed. If 'd' is '0', the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is '1', the result is placed in the file register specified in the instruction.

For **bit-oriented** instructions, 'b' represents a bit field designator which selects the number of the bit affected by the operation, while 'f' represents the number of the file in which the bit is located.

For **literal and control** operations, 'k' represents an 8 or 9-bit constant or literal value.

TABLE 10-1: OPCODE FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

Field	Description
f	Register file address (0x00 to 0x1F)
w	Working register (accumulator)
b	Bit address within an 8-bit file register
k	Literal field, constant data or label
x	Don't care location (= 0 or 1) The assembler will generate code with x = 0. It is the recommended form of use for compatibility with all Microchip software tools.
d	Destination select; d = 0 (store result in W) d = 1 (store result in file register 'f') Default is d = 1
label	Label name
TOS	Top of Stack
PC	Program Counter
WDT	Watchdog Timer Counter
T _O	Time-out bit
P _D	Power-down bit
dest	Destination, either the W register or the specified register file location
[]	Options
()	Contents
→	Assigned to
< >	Register bit field
∈	In the set of
<i>italics</i>	User defined term (font is courier)

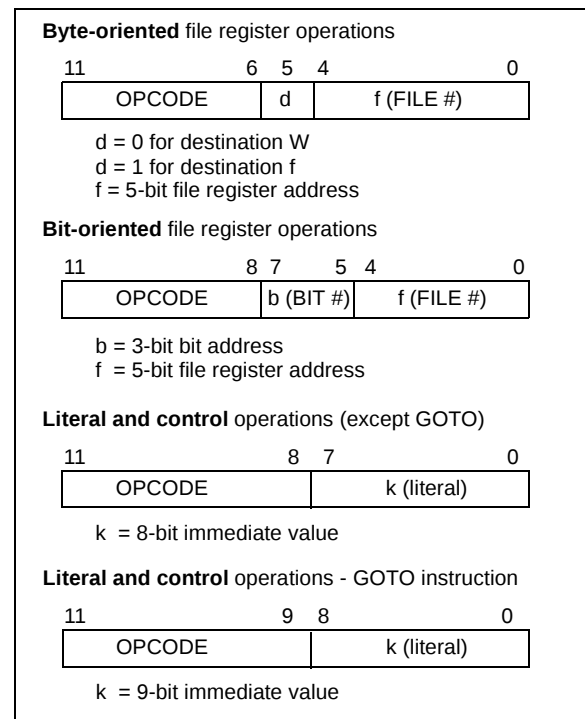
All instructions are executed within one single instruction cycle, unless a conditional test is true or the program counter is changed as a result of an instruction. In this case, the execution takes two instruction cycles. One instruction cycle consists of four oscillator periods. Thus, for an oscillator frequency of 4 MHz, the normal instruction execution time would be 1 μs. If a conditional test is true or the program counter is changed as a result of an instruction, the instruction execution time would be 2 μs.

Figure 10-1 shows the three general formats that the instructions can have. All examples in the figure use the following format to represent a hexadecimal number:

0xhhh

where 'h' signifies a hexadecimal digit.

FIGURE 10-1: GENERAL FORMAT FOR INSTRUCTIONS



ADDWF Add W and f

Syntax: [*label*] ADDWF f,d

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation: $(W) + (f) \rightarrow (\text{dest})$

Status Affected: C, DC, Z

Encoding:

0001	11df	ffff
------	------	------

Description: Add the contents of the W register and register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is '1' the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: ADDWF TEMP_REG, 0

Before Instruction

W = 0x17

TEMP_REG = 0xC2

After Instruction

W = 0xD9

TEMP_REG = 0xC2

ANDWF AND W with f

Syntax: [*label*] ANDWF f,d

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation: $(W) .\text{AND.} (f) \rightarrow (\text{dest})$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

0001	01df	ffff
------	------	------

Description: The contents of the W register are AND'ed with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is '1' the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: ANDWF TEMP_REG, 1

Before Instruction

W = 0x17

TEMP_REG = 0xC2

After Instruction

W = 0x17

TEMP_REG = 0x02

ANDLW AND literal with W

Syntax: [*label*] ANDLW k

Operands: $0 \leq k \leq 255$

Operation: $(W) .\text{AND.} (k) \rightarrow (W)$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

1110	kkkk	kkkk
------	------	------

Description: The contents of the W register are AND'ed with the eight-bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: ANDLW H'5F'

Before Instruction

W = 0xA3

After Instruction

W = 0x03

BCF Bit Clear f

Syntax: [*label*] BCF f,b

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $0 \leq b \leq 7$

Operation: $0 \rightarrow (f)$

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0100	bbbf	ffff
------	------	------

Description: Bit 'b' in register 'f' is cleared.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: BCF FLAG_REG, 7

Before Instruction

FLAG_REG = 0xC7

After Instruction

FLAG_REG = 0x47

11.0 DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

The PIC® microcontrollers are supported with a full range of hardware and software development tools:

- Integrated Development Environment
 - MPLAB® IDE Software
- Assemblers/Compilers/Linkers
 - MPASM™ Assembler
 - MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 C Compilers
 - MPLINK™ Object Linker/
MPLIB™ Object Librarian
- Simulators
 - MPLAB SIM Software Simulator
- Emulators
 - MPLAB ICE 2000 In-Circuit Emulator
 - ICEPIC™ In-Circuit Emulator
- In-Circuit Debugger
 - MPLAB ICD
- Device Programmers
 - PRO MATE® II Universal Device Programmer
 - PICSTART® Plus Entry-Level Development Programmer
- Low Cost Demonstration Boards
 - PICDEM™ 1 Demonstration Board
 - PICDEM 2 Demonstration Board
 - PICDEM 3 Demonstration Board
 - PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board
 - KEELQ® Demonstration Board

11.1 MPLAB Integrated Development Environment Software

The MPLAB IDE software brings an ease of software development previously unseen in the 8-bit microcontroller market. The MPLAB IDE is a Windows®-based application that contains:

- An interface to debugging tools
 - simulator
 - programmer (sold separately)
 - emulator (sold separately)
 - in-circuit debugger (sold separately)
- A full-featured editor
- A project manager
- Customizable toolbar and key mapping
- A status bar
- On-line help

The MPLAB IDE allows you to:

- Edit your source files (either assembly or 'C')
- One touch assemble (or compile) and download to PIC MCU emulator and simulator tools (automatically updates all project information)
- Debug using:
 - source files
 - absolute listing file
 - machine code

The ability to use MPLAB IDE with multiple debugging tools allows users to easily switch from the cost-effective simulator to a full-featured emulator with minimal retraining.

11.2 MPASM Assembler

The MPASM assembler is a full-featured universal macro assembler for all PIC MCUs.

The MPASM assembler has a command line interface and a Windows shell. It can be used as a stand-alone application on a Windows 3.x or greater system, or it can be used through MPLAB IDE. The MPASM assembler generates relocatable object files for the MPLINK object linker, Intel® standard HEX files, MAP files to detail memory usage and symbol reference, an absolute LST file that contains source lines and generated machine code, and a COD file for debugging.

The MPASM assembler features include:

- Integration into MPLAB IDE projects.
- User-defined macros to streamline assembly code.
- Conditional assembly for multi-purpose source files.
- Directives that allow complete control over the assembly process.

11.3 MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 C Compilers

The MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 Code Development Systems are complete ANSI 'C' compilers for Microchip's PIC17CXXX and PIC18CXXX family of microcontrollers, respectively. These compilers provide powerful integration capabilities and ease of use not found with other compilers.

For easier source level debugging, the compilers provide symbol information that is compatible with the MPLAB IDE memory display.

11.13 PICDEM 3 Low Cost PIC16CXXX Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a simple demonstration board that supports the PIC16C923 and PIC16C924 in the PLCC package. It will also support future 44-pin PLCC microcontrollers with an LCD Module. All the necessary hardware and software is included to run the basic demonstration programs. The user can program the sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board on a PRO MATE II device programmer, or a PICSTART Plus development programmer with an adapter socket, and easily test firmware. The MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator may also be used with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board to test firmware. A prototype area has been provided to the user for adding hardware and connecting it to the microcontroller socket(s). Some of the features include a RS-232 interface, push button switches, a potentiometer for simulated analog input, a thermistor and separate headers for connection to an external LCD module and a keypad. Also provided on the PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a LCD panel, with 4 commons and 12 segments, that is capable of displaying time, temperature and day of the week. The PICDEM 3 demonstration board provides an additional RS-232 interface and Windows software for showing the demultiplexed LCD signals on a PC. A simple serial interface allows the user to construct a hardware demultiplexer for the LCD signals.

11.14 PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is an evaluation board that demonstrates the capabilities of several Microchip microcontrollers, including PIC17C752, PIC17C756A, PIC17C762 and PIC17C766. All necessary hardware is included to run basic demo programs, which are supplied on a 3.5-inch disk. A programmed sample is included and the user may erase it and program it with the other sample programs using the PRO MATE II device programmer, or the PICSTART Plus development programmer, and easily debug and test the sample code. In addition, the PICDEM 17 demonstration board supports downloading of programs to and executing out of external FLASH memory on board. The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is also usable with the MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator, or the PICMASTER emulator and all of the sample programs can be run and modified using either emulator. Additionally, a generous prototype area is available for user hardware.

11.15 KEELOQ Evaluation and Programming Tools

KEELOQ evaluation and programming tools support Microchip's HCS Secure Data Products. The HCS evaluation kit includes a LCD display to show changing codes, a decoder to decode transmissions and a programming interface to program test transmitters.

12.6 Timing Parameter Symbolology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

- 1. TppS2ppS
- 2. TppS

T		T	
F	Frequency	T	Time

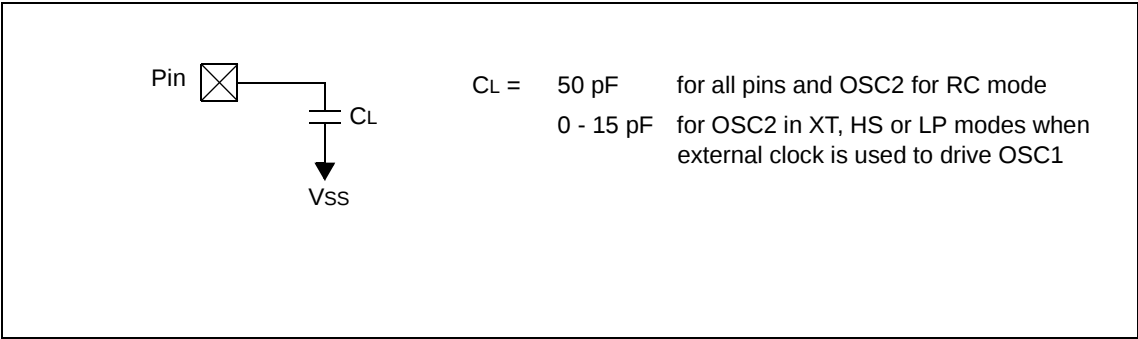
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp		mc	$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$
2	to	osc	oscillator
ck	CLKOUT	os	OSC1
cy	cycle time	t0	T0CKI
drt	device reset timer	wdt	watchdog timer
io	I/O port		

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

S		P	Period
F	Fall	R	Rise
H	High	V	Valid
I	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	Z	Hi-impedance
L	Low		

FIGURE 12-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54/55/56/57



PIC16C5X

13.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16CR54A-04E, 10E, 20E (Extended)

PIC16CR54A-04E, 10E, 20E (Extended)			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)				
			Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
D001	VDD	Supply Voltage RC, XT and LP modes HS mode	3.25 4.5	— —	6.0 5.5	V V	
D002	VDR	RAM Data Retention Voltage ⁽¹⁾	—	1.5*	—	V	Device in SLEEP mode
D003	VPOR	VDD Start Voltage to ensure Power-on Reset	—	VSS	—	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D004	SVDD	VDD Rise Rate to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*	—	—	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D010	IDD	Supply Current ⁽²⁾ RC ⁽³⁾ and XT modes HS mode HS mode	— — —	1.8 4.8 9.0	3.3 10 20	mA mA mA	FOSC = 4.0 MHz, VDD = 5.5V FOSC = 10 MHz, VDD = 5.5V FOSC = 16 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
D020	IPD	Power-down Current ⁽²⁾	— —	5.0 0.8	22 18	μA μA	VDD = 3.25V, WDT enabled VDD = 3.25V, WDT disabled

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VSS, T0CKI = VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.

3: Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: $I_R = V_{DD}/2R_{EXT}$ (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

13.5 Timing Parameter Symbolology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

- 1. TppS2ppS
- 2. TppS

T	T
F Frequency	T Time

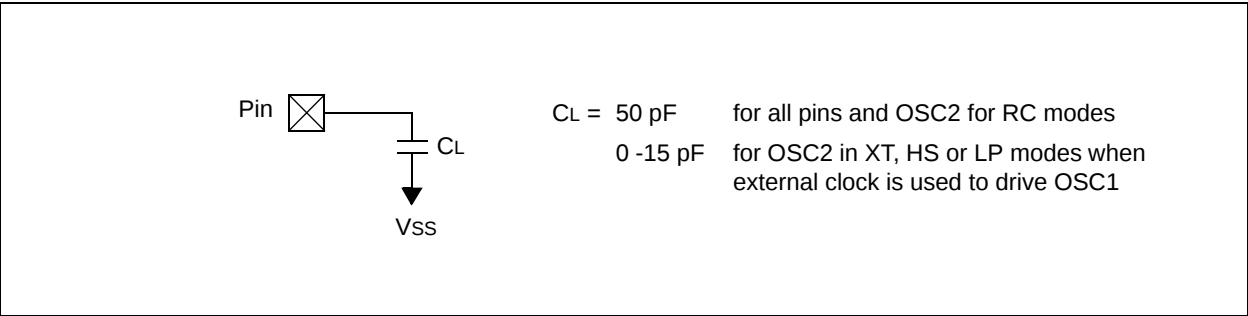
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp	mc MCLR
2 to	osc oscillator
ck CLKOUT	os OSC1
cy cycle time	t0 T0CKI
drt device reset timer	wdt watchdog timer
io I/O port	

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

S	P Period
F Fall	R Rise
H High	V Valid
I Invalid (Hi-impedance)	Z Hi-impedance
L Low	

FIGURE 13-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16CR54A



PIC16C5X

FIGURE 13-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING - PIC16CR54A

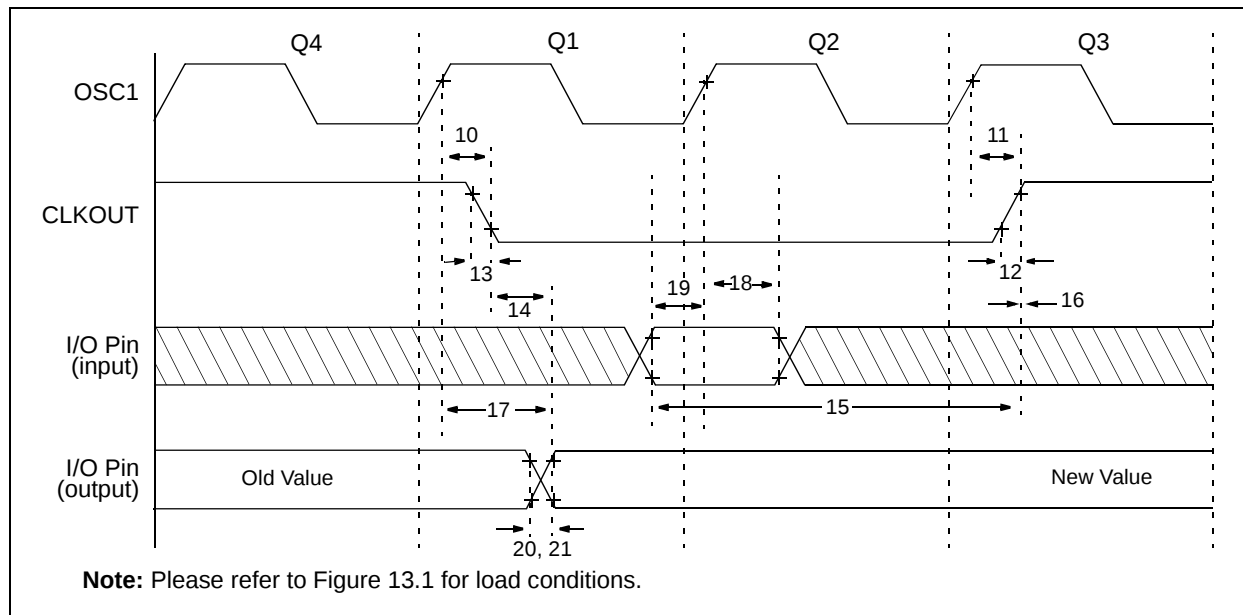


TABLE 13-2: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16CR54A

AC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)				
		Operating Temperature				
		0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial				
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial				
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units
10	TosH2ckL	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓ ⁽¹⁾	—	15	30**	ns
11	TosH2ckH	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	—	15	30**	ns
12	TckR	CLKOUT rise time ⁽¹⁾	—	5.0	15**	ns
13	TckF	CLKOUT fall time ⁽¹⁾	—	5.0	15**	ns
14	TckL2ioV	CLKOUT↓ to Port out valid ⁽¹⁾	—	—	40**	ns
15	TioV2ckH	Port in valid before CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	0.25 TCY+30*	—	—	ns
16	TckH2ioI	Port in hold after CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	0*	—	—	ns
17	TosH2ioV	OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid ⁽²⁾	—	—	100*	ns
18	TosH2ioI	OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time)	TBD	—	—	ns
19	TioV2osH	Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)	TBD	—	—	ns
20	TioR	Port output rise time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns
21	TioF	Port output fall time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

** These parameters are design targets and are not tested. No characterization data available at this time.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x Tosc.

Note 2: Please refer to Figure 13.1 for load conditions.

FIGURE 14-4: TYPICAL RC OSC FREQUENCY vs. VDD, CEXT = 300 PF

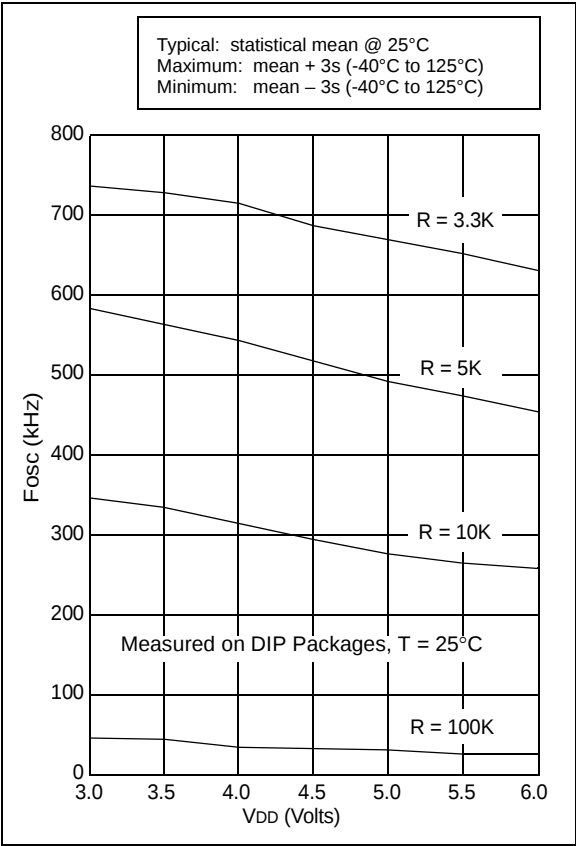


FIGURE 14-5: TYPICAL IPD vs. VDD, WATCHDOG DISABLED

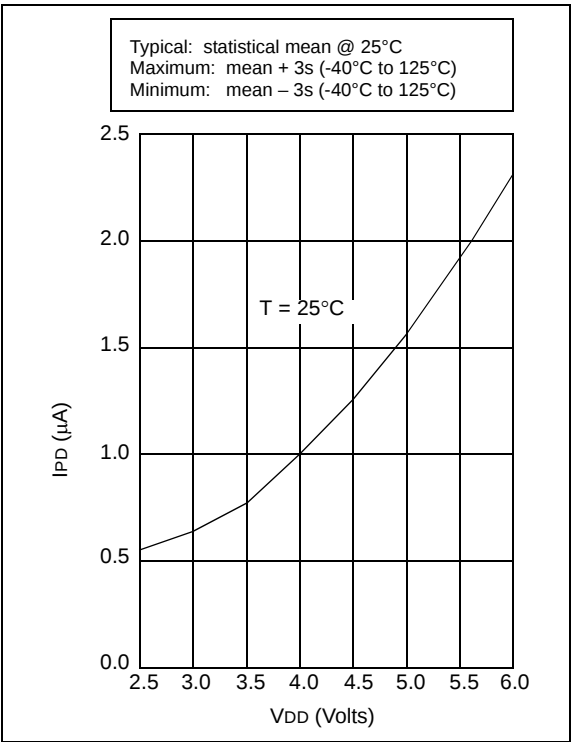


FIGURE 14-15: WDT TIMER TIME-OUT PERIOD vs. VDD⁽¹⁾

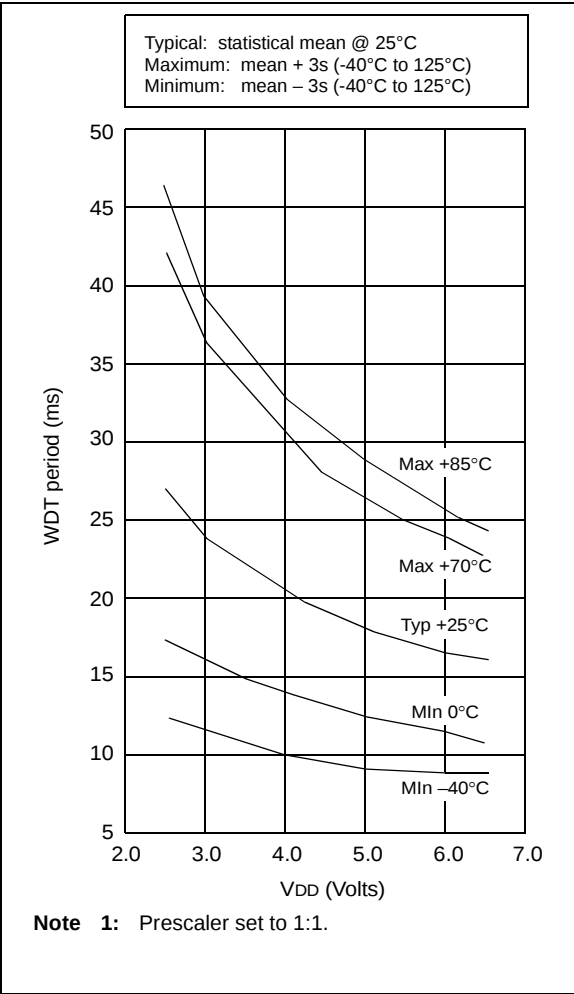
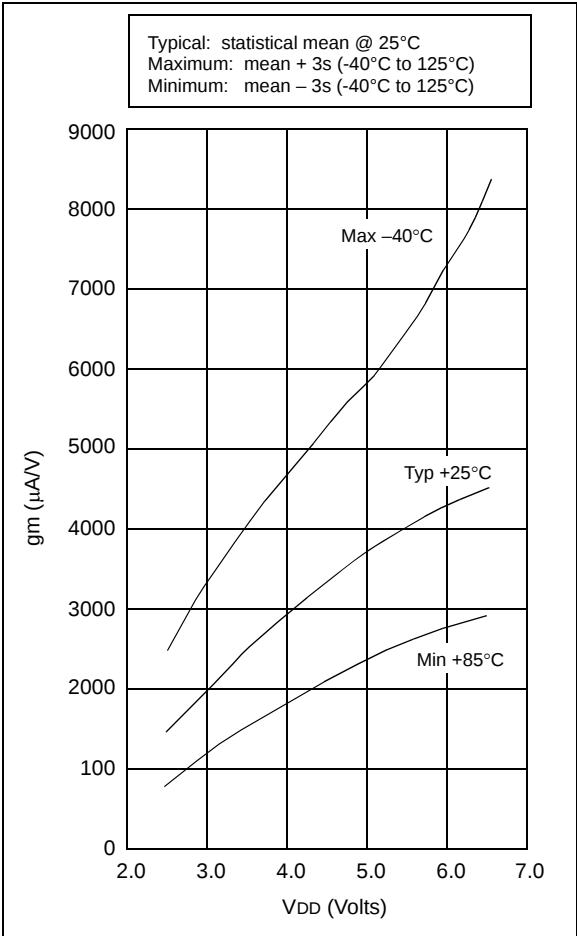


FIGURE 14-16: TRANSCONDUCTANCE (gm) OF HS OSCILLATOR vs. VDD



17.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - PIC16LC54A

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

Ambient temperature under bias	–55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature	–65°C to +150°C
Voltage on V _{DD} with respect to V _{SS}	0 to +7.5V
Voltage on MCLR with respect to V _{SS}	0 to +14V
Voltage on all other pins with respect to V _{SS}	–0.6V to (V _{DD} + 0.6V)
Total power dissipation ⁽¹⁾	800 mW
Max. current out of V _{SS} pin	150 mA
Max. current into V _{DD} pin	100 mA
Max. current into an input pin (T ₀ CKI only)	±500 µA
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0 or V _I > V _{DD})	±20 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0 or V _O > V _{DD})	±20 mA
Max. output current sunk by any I/O pin	25 mA
Max. output current sourced by any I/O pin	20 mA
Max. output current sourced by a single I/O (Port A, B or C)	50 mA
Max. output current sunk by a single I/O (Port A, B or C)	50 mA

Note 1: Power dissipation is calculated as follows: $P_{dis} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

PIC16C5X

FIGURE 17-1: PIC16C54C/55A/56A/57C/58B-04, 20 VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH, $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ (COMMERCIAL TEMPS)

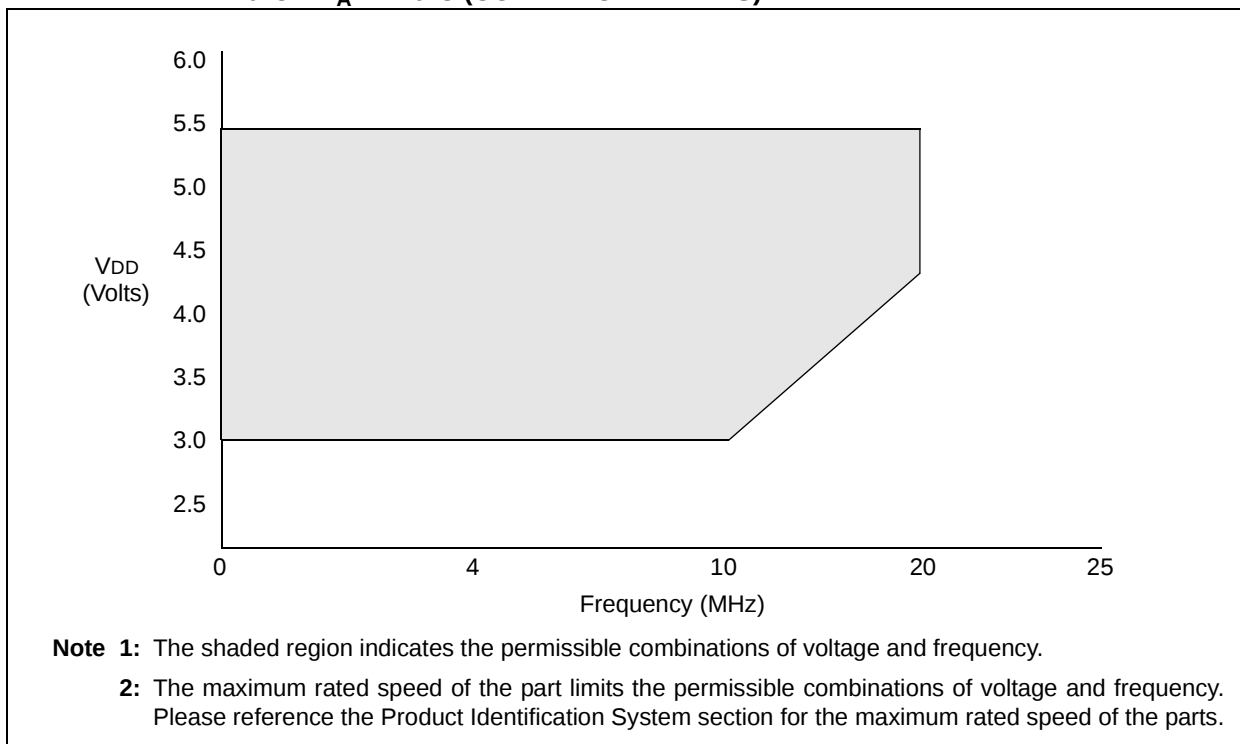


FIGURE 17-2: PIC16C54C/55A/56A/57C/58B-04, 20 VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$, $+70^{\circ}\text{C} < T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (OUTSIDE OF COMMERCIAL TEMPS)

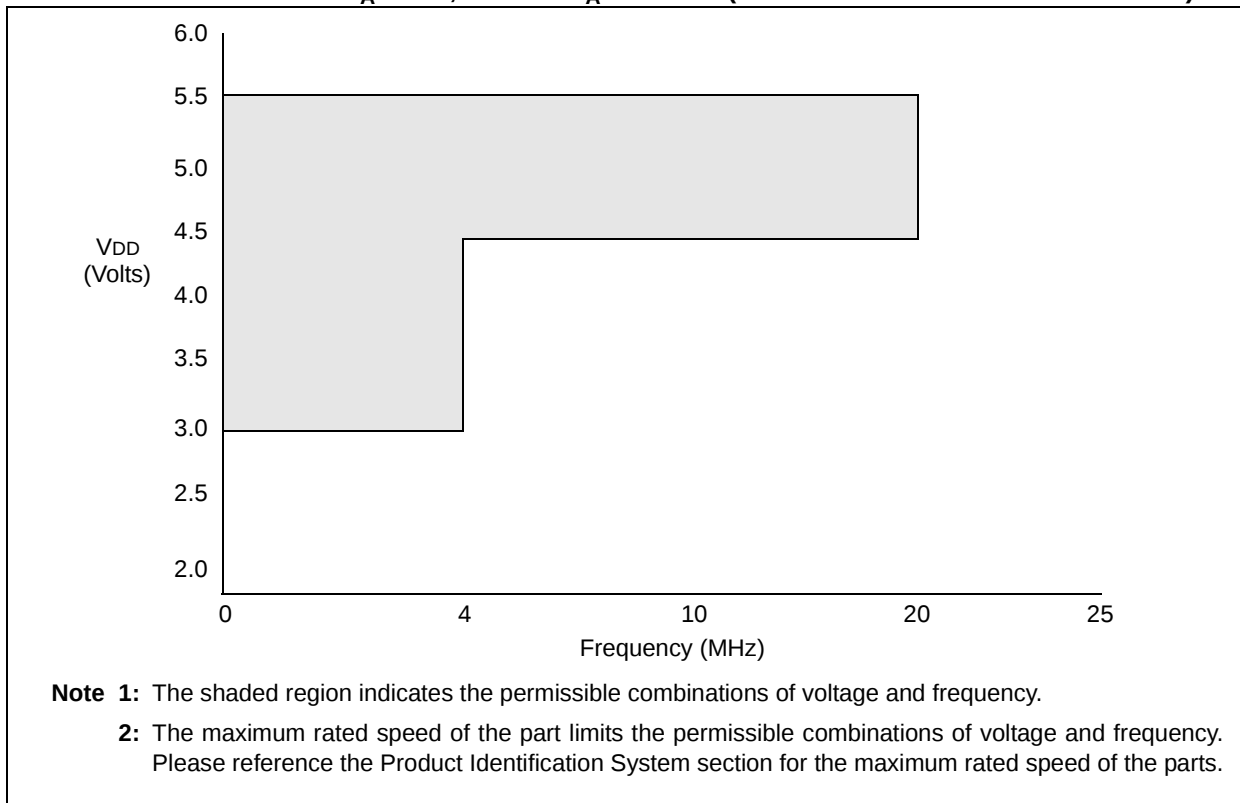


FIGURE 19-4: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING - PIC16C5X-40

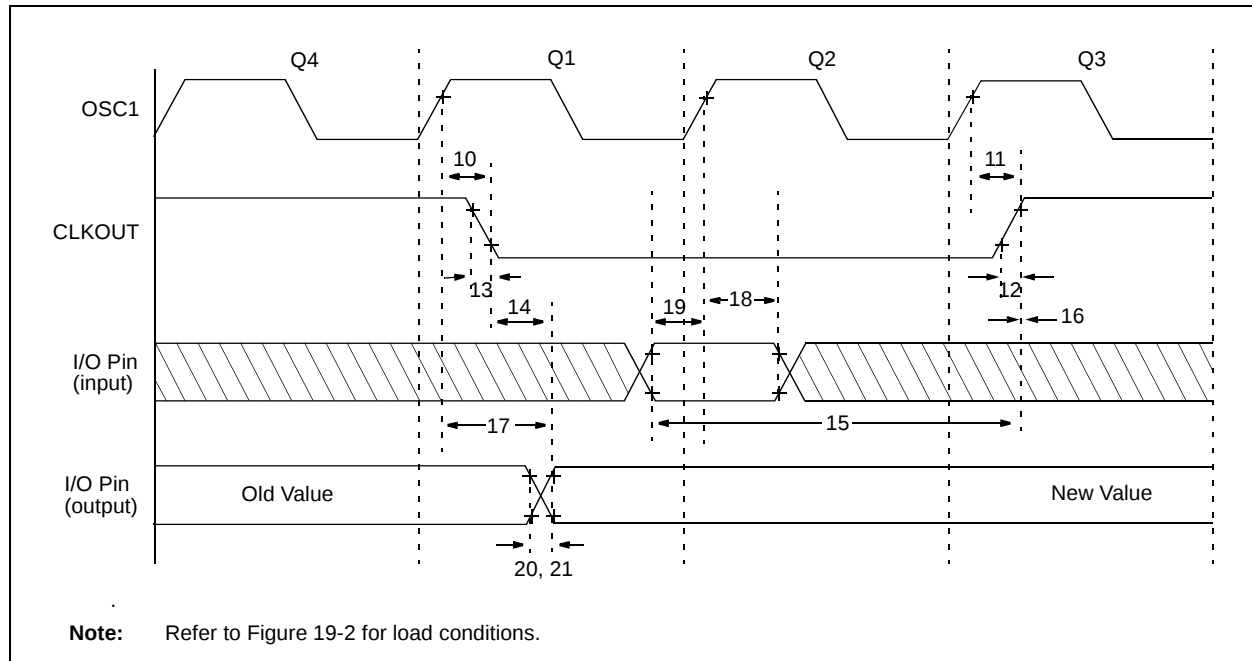


TABLE 19-2: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C5X-40

AC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)				
		Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units
10	TosH2ckL	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓ ^(1,2)	—	15	30**	ns
11	TosH2ckH	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑ ^(1,2)	—	15	30**	ns
12	TckR	CLKOUT rise time ^(1,2)	—	5.0	15**	ns
13	TckF	CLKOUT fall time ^(1,2)	—	5.0	15**	ns
14	TckL2ioV	CLKOUT↓ to Port out valid ^(1,2)	—	—	40**	ns
15	TioV2ckH	Port in valid before CLKOUT↑ ^(1,2)	0.25 TCY+30*	—	—	ns
16	TckH2ioI	Port in hold after CLKOUT↑ ^(1,2)	0*	—	—	ns
17	TosH2ioV	OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid ⁽²⁾	—	—	100	ns
18	TosH2ioI	OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time)	TBD	—	—	ns
19	TioV2osH	Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)	TBD	—	—	ns
20	TioR	Port output rise time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns
21	TioF	Port output fall time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

** These parameters are design targets and are not tested. No characterization data available at this time.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

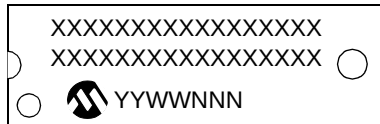
Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x Tosc.

2: Refer to Figure 19-2 for load conditions.

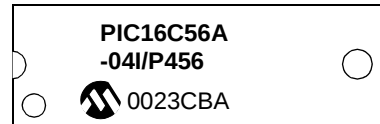
21.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

21.1 Package Marketing Information

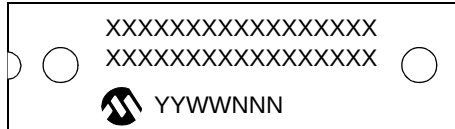
18-Lead PDIP



Example



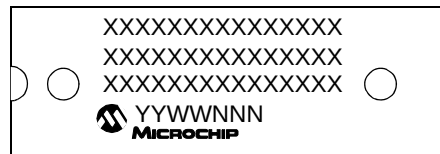
28-Lead Skinny PDIP (.300")



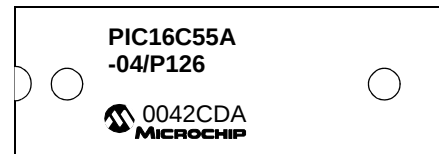
Example



28-Lead PDIP (.600")



Example



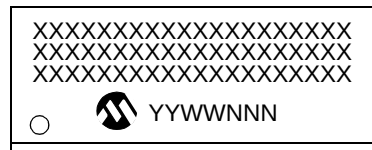
18-Lead SOIC



Example



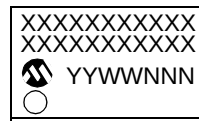
28-Lead SOIC



Example



20-Lead SSOP



Example



28-Lead SSOP



Example



PIC16C5X

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