



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	3KB (2K x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	73 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16c58b-20i-ss

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table of Contents

4.0		-
1.0	General Description	
2.0	PIC16C5X Device Varieties	
3.0	Architectural Overview	
4.0	Oscillator Configurations	. 15
5.0	Reset	. 19
6.0	Memory Organization	. 25
7.0	I/O Ports	. 35
8.0	Timer0 Module and TMR0 Register	. 37
9.0	Special Features of the CPU	. 43
10.0	Instruction Set Summary	. 49
11.0	Development Support	. 61
12.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54/55/56/57	. 67
13.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16CR54A	
14.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54/55/56/57/CR54A	. 91
15.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54A	103
16.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54A	117
17.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B	131
18.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/CR56A/CR57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B	145
19.0	Electrical Characteristics - PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B 40MHz	155
20.0	Device Characterization - PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B 40MHz	165
21.0	Packaging Information	171
Appe	ndix A: Compatibility	182
On-L	ne Support	187
Read	er Response	188
Produ	uct Identification System	189

TO OUR VALUED CUSTOMERS

It is our intention to provide our valued customers with the best documentation possible to ensure successful use of your Microchip products. To this end, we will continue to improve our publications to better suit your needs. Our publications will be refined and enhanced as new volumes and updates are introduced.

If you have any questions or comments regarding this publication, please contact the Marketing Communications Department via E-mail at **docerrors@mail.microchip.com** or fax the **Reader Response Form** in the back of this data sheet to (480) 792-4150. We welcome your feedback.

Most Current Data Sheet

To obtain the most up-to-date version of this data sheet, please register at our Worldwide Web site at:

http://www.microchip.com

You can determine the version of a data sheet by examining its literature number found on the bottom outside corner of any page. The last character of the literature number is the version number, (e.g., DS30000A is version A of document DS30000).

Errata

An errata sheet, describing minor operational differences from the data sheet and recommended workarounds, may exist for current devices. As device/documentation issues become known to us, we will publish an errata sheet. The errata will specify the revision of silicon and revision of document to which it applies.

To determine if an errata sheet exists for a particular device, please check with one of the following:

- Microchip's Worldwide Web site; http://www.microchip.com
- Your local Microchip sales office (see last page)
- The Microchip Corporate Literature Center; U.S. FAX: (480) 792-7277

When contacting a sales office or the literature center, please specify which device, revision of silicon and data sheet (include literature number) you are using.

Customer Notification System

Register on our web site at www.microchip.com/cn to receive the most current information on all of our products.

PIC16C5X

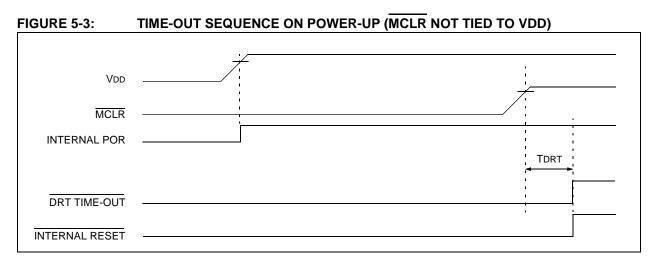


FIGURE 5-4: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP (MCLR TIED TO VDD): FAST VDD RISE TIME

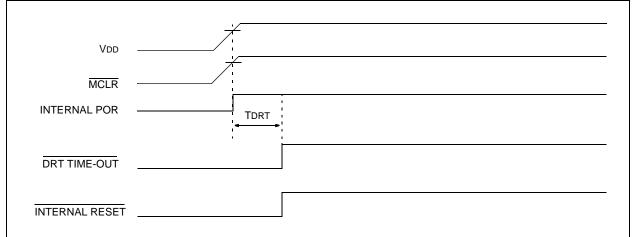
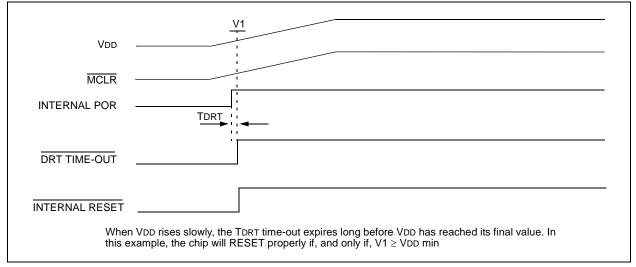


FIGURE 5-5: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP (MCLR TIED TO VDD): SLOW VDD RISE TIME



6.3 STATUS Register

This register contains the arithmetic status of the ALU, the RESET status and the page preselect bits for program memories larger than 512 words.

The STATUS Register can be the destination for any instruction, as with any other register. If the STATUS Register is the destination for an instruction that affects the Z, DC or C bits, then the write to these three bits is disabled. These bits are set or cleared according to the device logic. Furthermore, the TO and PD bits are not

writable. Therefore, the result of an instruction with the STATUS Register as destination may be different than intended.

For example, CLRF STATUS will clear the upper three bits and set the Z bit. This leaves the STATUS Register as $000u \ u1uu$ (where u = unchanged).

It is recommended, therefore, that only BCF, BSF and MOVWF instructions be used to alter the STATUS Register because these instructions do not affect the Z, DC or C bits from the STATUS Register. For other instructions which do affect STATUS Bits, see Section 10.0, Instruction Set Summary.

REGISTER 6-1: STATUS REGISTER (ADDRESS: 03h)

	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1	R-1	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	PA2	PA1	PA0	TO	PD	Z	DC	С
	bit 7							bit 0
bit 7:	PA2: This bit	unused at th	is time.					
		A2 bit as a ge with future pr		e read/write	bit is not recor	mmended, sir	nce this may a	affect upward
bit 6-5:				-	CR56)(PIC16			58)
					16C57/CR57, 16C57/CR57,			
		(400h - 5FFh				FIC 10C30/C	N00	
	11 = Page 3	(600h - 7FFh						
	Each page is		deperal pur	ose read/wr	ite bits in devi	ices which do	not use them	for program
					affect upward			
bit 4:	TO: Time-ou			,	•			
		ver-up, CLRWI ime-out occur		, or sleep i	nstruction			
bit 3:	PD: Power-d	lown bit						
	•	ver-up or by tl ution of the SI						
bit 2:	Z: Zero bit							
		lt of an arithm It of an arithm						
bit 1:	DC: Digit car	ry/borrow bit	(for ADDWF a	nd SUBWF in	structions)			
	ADDWF							
		rom the 4th la rom the 4th la						
	SUBWF							
					did not occur			
		from the 4th						
bit 0:	-	row bit (for AI			F instructions		_	
	ADDWF 1 = A carry o	ocurred		orrow did n	ot occur	RRF or RLI		, respectively
	$\pm = \pi \operatorname{carry} 0$	locurrou	/ · ·					

Legena:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	1 = bit is set	0 = bit is cleared	x = bit is unknown

6.4 **OPTION Register**

The OPTION Register is a 6-bit wide, write-only register which contains various control bits to configure the Timer0/WDT prescaler and Timer0.

By executing the OPTION instruction, the contents of the W Register will be transferred to the OPTION Register. A RESET sets the OPTION<5:0> bits.

REGISTER 6-2: OPTION REGISTER

U-0	U-0	W-1	W-1	W-1	W-1	W-1	W-1
_	_	TOCS	TOSE	PSA	PS2	PS1	PS0
bit 7							bit 0

- bit 7-6: Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 5: **TOCS**: Timer0 clock source select bit
 - 1 = Transition on T0CKI pin
 - 0 = Internal instruction cycle clock (CLKOUT)
- bit 4: **TOSE**: Timer0 source edge select bit
 - 1 = Increment on high-to-low transition on T0CKI pin
 - 0 = Increment on low-to-high transition on T0CKI pin
- bit 3: **PSA**: Prescaler assignment bit
 - 1 = Prescaler assigned to the WDT
 - 0 = Prescaler assigned to Timer0

bit 2-0: **PS<2:0>:** Prescaler rate select bits

Bit Value	Timer0 Rate	WDT Rate
000	1:2	1:1
001	1:4	1:2
010	1:8	1:4
011	1:16	1:8
100	1:32	1:16
101	1:64	1:32
110	1 : 128	1:64
111	1:256	1:128

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented b	it, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	1 = bit is set	0 = bit is cleared	x = bit is unknown

9.1 Configuration Bits

Configuration bits can be programmed to select various device configurations. Two bits are for the selection of the oscillator type and one bit is the Watchdog Timer enable bit. Nine bits are code protection bits for the PIC16C54A, PIC16CR54A, PIC16C55A, PIC16C56A, PIC16CR56A, PIC16CR57C, PIC16CR57C, PIC16CR57C,

PIC16C58B, and PIC16CR58B devices (Register 9-1). One bit is for code protection for the PIC16C54, PIC16C55, PIC16C56 and PIC16C57 devices (Register 9-2).

QTP or ROM devices have the oscillator configuration programmed at the factory and these parts are tested accordingly (see "Product Identification System" diagrams in the back of this data sheet).

REGISTER 9-1: CONFIGURATION WORD FOR PIC16C54A/CR54A/C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/ CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B

CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	WDTE	FOSC1	FOSC0
bit 11											bit 0

bit 11-3: CP: Code Protection Bit

- 1 = Code protection off
 - 0 =Code protection on
- bit 2: WDTE: Watchdog timer enable bit
 - 1 = WDT enabled
 - 0 = WDT disabled

bit 1-0: FOSC1:FOSC0: Oscillator Selection Bit

- 00 = LP oscillator
- 01 = XT oscillator
- 10 = HS oscillator
- 11 = RC oscillator

Note 1: Refer to the PIC16C5X Programming Specification (Literature Number DS30190) to determine how to access the configuration word.

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	1 = bit is set	0 = bit is cleared	x = bit is unknown

11.13 PICDEM 3 Low Cost PIC16CXXX Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a simple demonstration board that supports the PIC16C923 and PIC16C924 in the PLCC package. It will also support future 44-pin PLCC microcontrollers with an LCD Module. All the necessary hardware and software is included to run the basic demonstration programs. The user can program the sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board on a PRO MATE II device programmer, or a PICSTART Plus development programmer with an adapter socket, and easily test firmware. The MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator may also be used with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board to test firmware. A prototype area has been provided to the user for adding hardware and connecting it to the microcontroller socket(s). Some of the features include a RS-232 interface, push button switches, a potentiometer for simulated analog input, a thermistor and separate headers for connection to an external LCD module and a keypad. Also provided on the PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a LCD panel, with 4 commons and 12 segments, that is capable of displaying time, temperature and day of the week. The PICDEM 3 demonstration board provides an additional RS-232 interface and Windows software for showing the demultiplexed LCD signals on a PC. A simple serial interface allows the user to construct a hardware demultiplexer for the LCD signals.

11.14 PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is an evaluation board that demonstrates the capabilities of several Microchip microcontrollers, including PIC17C752, PIC17C756A, PIC17C762 and PIC17C766. All necessary hardware is included to run basic demo programs, which are supplied on a 3.5-inch disk. A programmed sample is included and the user may erase it and program it with the other sample programs using the PRO MATE II device programmer, or the PICSTART Plus development programmer, and easily debug and test the sample code. In addition, the PICDEM 17 demonstration board supports downloading of programs to and executing out of external FLASH memory on board. The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is also usable with the MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator, or the PICMASTER emulator and all of the sample programs can be run and modified using either emulator. Additionally, a generous prototype area is available for user hardware.

11.15 KEELOQ Evaluation and Programming Tools

KEELOQ evaluation and programming tools support Microchip's HCS Secure Data Products. The HCS evaluation kit includes a LCD display to show changing codes, a decoder to decode transmissions and a programming interface to program test transmitters.

TABLE 11-1: DEVELOPMENT TOOLS FROM MICROCHIP

	- - - -	6 33 520 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 54	мсь мс <i>в</i>
MPLAB [®] C17 C complex I	> > > >	>	
MPLAB [®] C18 C compiler I		· · ·	
MPASN™ Assembler/ MPLNW™ Object Linker ×		× ×	
MPLAB® (CE In-Circuit Emulator	> > > >	> > > >	~
ICEPIC ^M In-Circuit Emulator ✓ <t< th=""><th>× × ×</th><th></th><th></th></t<>	× × ×		
MPLAB® ICD In-Circuit ·· </th <th>></th> <th></th> <th></th>	>		
PICSTART® Plus Entry Level <th< th=""><th></th><th>></th><th></th></th<>		>	
PRO MATE® II · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	> > >	> >	
PICDEMTW 1 Demonstration <	> > >	> > > >	· ·
PICDEMTW 2 Demonstration	>		
PICDEMTW 3 Demonstration PICDEMTW 3 Demonstration PICDEMTW 3 Demonstration PICDEMTW 14A Demonstration PICDE	×+	>	
PICDEM TM 14A Demonstration Board PICDEM TM 17 Demonstration Board KEELoa [®] Evaluation Kit KEELoa [®] Transponder Kit microlD TM Programmer's Kit 125 KHz microlD TM	*		
		>	
			
			>
			>
Developer's Kit			>
125 kHz Anticollision microlD TM Developer's Kit			>
13.56 MHz Anticollision microlD TM Developer's Kit			>
MCP2510 CAN Developer's Kit			×

© 1997-2013 Microchip Technology Inc.

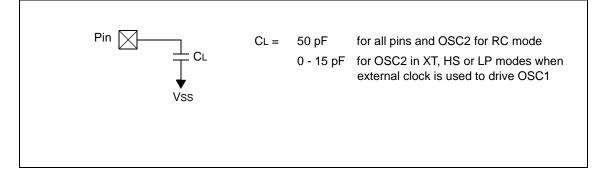
12.6 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS

2. Tp	nS	
	PO	
Т		
F	Frequency	T Time
Lowe	ercase letters (pp) and their meanings:	
рр		
2	to	mc MCLR
ck	CLKOUT	osc oscillator
су	cycle time	os OSC1
drt	device reset timer	t0 T0CKI
io	I/O port	wdt watchdog timer
Uppe	ercase letters and their meanings:	
S		
F	Fall	P Period
Н	High	R Rise
I	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid
L	Low	Z Hi-impedance

FIGURE 12-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54/55/56/57



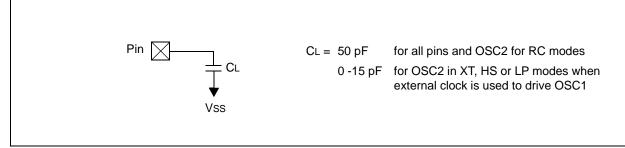
15.5 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS

S	
Frequency	T Time
case letters (pp) and their meanings:	
to	mc MCLR
CLKOUT	osc oscillator
cycle time	os OSC1
device reset timer	t0 T0CKI
I/O port	wdt watchdog timer
case letters and their meanings:	
Fall	P Period
High	R Rise
Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid
Low	Z Hi-impedance
	case letters (pp) and their meanings: CLKOUT cycle time device reset timer I/O port case letters and their meanings: Fall High Invalid (Hi-impedance)

FIGURE 15-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54A



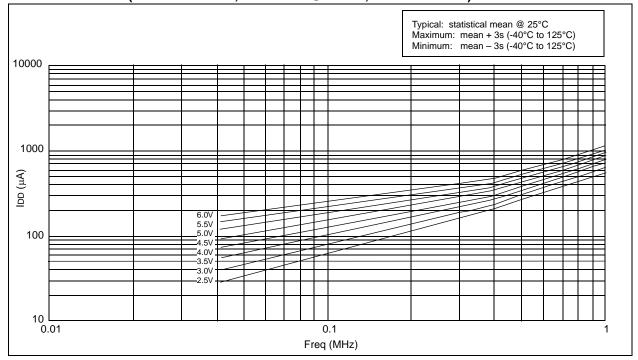
 Typical: statistical mean @ 25°C.

 Maximum: mean + 3s (-40°C to 125°C)

 Minimum: mean - 3s (-40°C to 125°C)
 </tr

FIGURE 16-14: TYPICAL IDD vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 300 PF, 25°C)

FIGURE 16-15: MAXIMUM IDD vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 300 PF, -40°C to +85°C)



17.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-04, 20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LC54C/LC55A/LC56A/LC57C/LC58B-04 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16CR54C/CR56A/CR57C/CR58B-04, 20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LCR54C/LCR56A/LCR57C/LCR58B-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

DC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Con Operating Temperature		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{nditions (unless otherwise specified)} \\ 0^\circ C \leq TA \leq +70^\circ C \mbox{ for commercial} \\ -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +85^\circ C \mbox{ for industrial} \\ -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +125^\circ C \mbox{ for extended} \end{array}$			
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур†	Max	Units	Conditions
D030	VIL	Input Low Voltage I/O Ports I/O Ports MCLR (Schmitt Trigger) TOCKI (Schmitt Trigger) OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger) OSC1	Vss Vss Vss Vss Vss Vss Vss	 	0.8 V 0.15 VDD 0.15 VDD 0.15 VDD 0.15 VDD 0.3 VDD	V V V V V	4.5V <v<sub>DD ≤ 5.5V Otherwise RC mode only⁽³⁾ XT, HS and LP modes</v<sub>
D040	Viн	Input High Voltage I/O ports I/O ports MCLR (Schmitt Trigger) TOCKI (Schmitt Trigger) OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger) OSC1	2.0 0.25 Vdd+0.8 0.85 Vdd 0.85 Vdd 0.85 Vdd 0.85 Vdd 0.7 Vdd	 	Vdd Vdd Vdd Vdd Vdd Vdd Vdd	V V V V V	4.5V < VDD ≤ 5.5V Otherwise RC mode only ⁽³⁾ XT, HS and LP modes
D050	VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs	0.15 Vdd*	—	_	V	
D060	Ιι∟	Input Leakage Current ^(1,2) I/O ports MCLR MCLR T0CKI OSC1	-1.0 -5.0 -3.0 -3.0	0.5 — 0.5 0.5 0.5	+1.0 +5.0 +3.0 +3.0 —	μΑ μΑ μΑ μΑ μΑ	For VDD \leq 5.5V: VSS \leq VPIN \leq VDD, pin at hi-impedance VPIN = VSS +0.25V VPIN = VDD VSS \leq VPIN \leq VDD VSS \leq VPIN \leq VDD, XT, HS and LP modes
D080	Vol	Output Low Voltage I/O ports OSC2/CLKOUT		_	0.6 0.6	V V	IOL = 8.7 mA, VDD = 4.5V IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, RC mode only
D090	Vон	Output High Voltage ⁽²⁾ I/O ports OSC2/CLKOUT	Vdd - 0.7 Vdd - 0.7	_	_	V V	IOH = -5.4 mA, VDD = 4.5V IOH = -1.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, RC mode only

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

- Note 1: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltage.
 - **2:** Negative current is defined as coming out of the pin.
 - 3: For the RC mode, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C5X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

17.4 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS

2. Tp	2. TppS					
Т						
F	Frequency	T Time				
Lowe	Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:					
рр						
2	to	mc MCLR				
ck	CLKOUT	osc oscillator				
су	cycle time	os OSC1				
drt	device reset timer	t0 T0CKI				
io	I/O port	wdt watchdog timer				
Uppe	Uppercase letters and their meanings:					
S						
F	Fall	P Period				
н	High	R Rise				
T	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid				
L	Low	Z Hi-impedance				

FIGURE 17-5: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS -PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B-04, 20



19.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-40 (Commercial)⁽¹⁾

DC CHARACTERISTICS			$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур†	Max	Units	Conditions
D030	VIL	Input Low Voltage I/O Ports MCLR (Schmitt Trigger) T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger) OSC1	Vss Vss Vss Vss		0.8 0.15 VDD 0.15 VDD 0.2 VDD	> > > > > >	4.5V <vdd <math="">\leq 5.5V HS, 20 MHz \leq Fosc \leq 40 MHz</vdd>
D040	Viн	Input High Voltage I/O ports MCLR (Schmitt Trigger) T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger) OSC1	2.0 0.85 Vdd 0.85 Vdd 0.85 Vdd 0.8 Vdd		Vdd Vdd Vdd Vdd	V V V V	$4.5V < VDD \le 5.5V$ HS, 20 MHz \le Fosc \le 40 MHz
D050	VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs	0.15 Vdd*	—	_	V	
D060	lı∟	Input Leakage Current ^(2,3) I/O ports MCLR MCLR T0CKI OSC1	-1.0 -5.0 -3.0 -3.0	0.5 — 0.5 0.5 0.5	+1.0 +5.0 +3.0 +3.0 —	μΑ μΑ μΑ μΑ	For VDD \leq 5.5V: VSS \leq VPIN \leq VDD, pin at hi-impedance VPIN = VSS +0.25V VPIN = VDD VSS \leq VPIN \leq VDD VSS \leq VPIN \leq VDD, HS
D080	Vol	Output Low Voltage I/O ports		_	0.6	V	Iol = 8.7 mA, Vdd = 4.5V
D090	Vон	Output High Voltage⁽³⁾ I/O ports	Vdd - 0.7	_	_	V	Іон = -5.4 mA, Vdd = 4.5V

These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: Device operation between 20 MHz to 40 MHz requires the following: VDD between 4.5V to 5.5V, OSC1 pin externally driven, OSC2 pin not connected and HS oscillator mode and commercial temperatures. For operation between DC and 20 MHz, See Section 17.3.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltage.

3: Negative current is defined as coming out of the pin.

20.0 DEVICE CHARACTERIZATION - PIC16LC54C 40MHz

The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

"Typical" represents the mean of the distribution at 25°C. "Maximum" or "minimum" represents (mean + 3σ) or (mean - 3σ) respectively, where σ is a standard deviation, over the whole temperature range.





© 1997-2013 Microchip Technology Inc.

APPENDIX A: COMPATIBILITY

To convert code written for PIC16CXX to PIC16C5X, the user should take the following steps:

- 1. Check any CALL, GOTO or instructions that modify the PC to determine if any program memory page select operations (PA2, PA1, PA0 bits) need to be made.
- 2. Revisit any computed jump operations (write to PC or add to PC, etc.) to make sure page bits are set properly under the new scheme.
- 3. Eliminate any special function register page switching. Redefine data variables to reallocate them.
- 4. Verify all writes to STATUS, OPTION, and FSR registers since these have changed.
- 5. Change RESET vector to proper value for processor used.
- 6. Remove any use of the ADDLW, RETURN and SUBLW instructions.
- 7. Rewrite any code segments that use interrupts.

APPENDIX B: REVISION HISTORY

Revision KE (January 2013)

Added a note to each package outline drawing.

w

W Register	
Value on reset	20
Wake-up from SLEEP	19, 47
Watchdog Timer (WDT)	43, 46
Period	
Programming Considerations	
Register values on reset	
WWW, On-Line Support	
X	
XORLW	60
XORWF	
Z	
Zero (Z) bit	9, 29