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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	4MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	20
Program Memory Size	768B (512 x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	25 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16lc55at-04i-ss

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4.4 RC Oscillator

For timing insensitive applications, the RC device option offers additional cost savings. The RC oscillator frequency is a function of the supply voltage, the resistor (REXT) and capacitor (CEXT) values, and the operating temperature. In addition to this, the oscillator frequency will vary from unit to unit due to normal process parameter variation. Furthermore, the difference in lead frame capacitance between package types will also affect the oscillation frequency, especially for low CEXT values. The user also needs to take into account variation due to tolerance of external R and C components used.

Figure 4-5 shows how the R/C combination is connected to the PIC16C5X. For REXT values below 2.2 k Ω , the oscillator operation may become unstable, or stop completely. For very high REXT values (e.g., 1 M Ω) the oscillator becomes sensitive to noise, humidity and leakage. Thus, we recommend keeping REXT between 3 k Ω and 100 k Ω .

Although the oscillator will operate with no external capacitor (CEXT = 0 pF), we recommend using values above 20 pF for noise and stability reasons. With no or small external capacitance, the oscillation frequency can vary dramatically due to changes in external capacitances, such as PCB trace capacitance or package lead frame capacitance.

The Electrical Specifications sections show RC frequency variation from part to part due to normal process variation. The variation is larger for larger R (since leakage current variation will affect RC frequency more for large R) and for smaller C (since variation of input capacitance will affect RC frequency more).

Also, see the Electrical Specifications sections for variation of oscillator frequency due to VDD for given REXT/ CEXT values as well as frequency variation due to operating temperature for given R, C, and VDD values.

The oscillator frequency, divided by 4, is available on the OSC2/CLKOUT pin, and can be used for test purposes or to synchronize other logic.



Note: If you change from this device to another device, please verify oscillator characteristics in your application.

NOTES:

6.3 STATUS Register

This register contains the arithmetic status of the ALU, the RESET status and the page preselect bits for program memories larger than 512 words.

The STATUS Register can be the destination for any instruction, as with any other register. If the STATUS Register is the destination for an instruction that affects the Z, DC or C bits, then the write to these three bits is disabled. These bits are set or cleared according to the device logic. Furthermore, the TO and PD bits are not

writable. Therefore, the result of an instruction with the STATUS Register as destination may be different than intended.

For example, CLRF STATUS will clear the upper three bits and set the Z bit. This leaves the STATUS Register as $000u \ u1uu$ (where u = unchanged).

It is recommended, therefore, that only BCF, BSF and MOVWF instructions be used to alter the STATUS Register because these instructions do not affect the Z, DC or C bits from the STATUS Register. For other instructions which do affect STATUS Bits, see Section 10.0, Instruction Set Summary.

REGISTER 6-1: STATUS REGISTER (ADDRESS: 03h)

	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1	R-1	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x		
	PA2	PA1	PA0	TO	PD	Z	DC	С		
	bit 7							bit 0		
bit 7:	PA2: This bit	unused at th	is time.							
		A2 bit as a ge with future pr		e read/write	bit is not recor	mmended, sir	nce this may a	affect upward		
bit 6-5:				-	CR56)(PIC16			58)		
					16C57/CR57, 16C57/CR57,					
		(400h - 5FFh				FIC 10C30/C	N00			
	11 = Page 3	(600h - 7FFh								
	Each page is		deperal pur	ose read/wr	ite bits in devi	ices which do	not use them	for program		
					affect upward					
bit 4:	TO: Time-ou			,	•					
		ver-up, CLRWI ime-out occur		, or sleep i	nstruction					
bit 3:	PD: Power-d	lown bit								
	•	ver-up or by tl ution of the SI								
bit 2:	Z: Zero bit									
		lt of an arithm It of an arithm								
bit 1:	DC: Digit car	ry/borrow bit	(for ADDWF a	nd SUBWF in	structions)					
	ADDWF									
		rom the 4th lo								
	 0 = A carry from the 4th low order bit of the result did not occur SUBWF 									
					did not occur					
		from the 4th								
bit 0:	•	row bit (for AI			F instructions		_			
	ADDWF 1 = A carry o	ocurred		orrow did n	ot occur	RRF or RLI		, respectively		
	$\pm = \pi \operatorname{carry} 0$	locurrou	/ · ·							

Legena:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	1 = bit is set	0 = bit is cleared	x = bit is unknown

9.0 SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE CPU

What sets a microcontroller apart from other processors are special circuits that deal with the needs of realtime applications. The PIC16C5X family of microcontrollers have a host of such features intended to maximize system reliability, minimize cost through elimination of external components, provide power saving operating modes and offer code protection. These features are:

- Oscillator Selection (Section 4.0)
- RESET (Section 5.0)
- Power-On Reset (Section 5.1)
- Device Reset Timer (Section 5.2)
- Watchdog Timer (WDT) (Section 9.2)
- SLEEP (Section 9.3)
- Code protection (Section 9.4)
- ID locations (Section 9.5)

The PIC16C5X Family has a Watchdog Timer which can be shut off only through configuration bit WDTE. It runs off of its own RC oscillator for added reliability. There is an 18 ms delay provided by the Device Reset Timer (DRT), intended to keep the chip in RESET until the crystal oscillator is stable. With this timer on-chip, most applications need no external RESET circuitry.

The SLEEP mode is designed to offer a very low current Power-down mode. The user can wake up from SLEEP through external RESET or through a Watchdog Timer time-out. Several oscillator options are also made available to allow the part to fit the application. The RC oscillator option saves system cost while the LP crystal option saves power. A set of configuration bits are used to select various options.

12.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54/55/56/57-RCI, XTI, 10I, HSI, LPI (Industrial)

			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for industrial						
Param No.	Symbol (Characteristic/Device Min Vint Max Uni					Units	Conditions		
D001	Vdd	Supply Voltage PIC16C5X-RCI PIC16C5X-XTI PIC16C5X-10I PIC16C5X-HSI PIC16C5X-LPI	3.0 3.0 4.5 4.5 2.5		6.25 6.25 5.5 5.5 6.25	V V V V			
D002	Vdr	RAM Data Retention Voltage ⁽¹⁾		1.5*		V	Device in SLEEP mode		
D003	VPOR	VDD Start Voltage to ensure Power-on Reset	—	Vss	—	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset		
D004	SVDD	VDD Rise Rate to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*		—	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset		
D010	IDD	Supply Current ⁽²⁾ PIC16C5X-RCI ⁽³⁾ PIC16C5X-XTI PIC16C5X-10I PIC16C5X-HSI PIC16C5X-HSI PIC16C5X-LPI		1.8 1.8 4.8 4.8 9.0 15	3.3 3.3 10 10 20 40	mA mA mA mA μA	Fosc = 4 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 4 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 10 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 10 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 20 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 32 kHz, VDD = $3.0V$, WDT disabled		
D020	Ipd	Power-down Current ⁽²⁾	_	4.0 0.6	14 12	μΑ μΑ	VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled		

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

- † Data in "Typ" column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.
- Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.
 - 2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.
 - a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to Vss, T0CKI = VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.
 - b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.
 - **3:** Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: IR = VDD/2REXT (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

12.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54/55/56/57-RCE, XTE, 10E, HSE, LPE (Extended)

			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise speci Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +125^{\circ}C$ for extended					
Param No.	Symbol	Min	Тур†	Max	Units	Conditions		
D001	Vdd	Supply Voltage PIC16C5X-RCE PIC16C5X-XTE PIC16C5X-10E PIC16C5X-HSE PIC16C5X-LPE	3.25 3.25 4.5 4.5 2.5		6.0 6.0 5.5 5.5 6.0	V V V V		
D002	Vdr	RAM Data Retention Voltage ⁽¹⁾	—	1.5*	—	V	Device in SLEEP mode	
D003	VPOR	VDD Start Voltage to ensure Power-on Reset	—	Vss	—	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset	
D004	SVDD	VDD Rise Rate to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*		_	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset	
D010	IDD	Supply Current ⁽²⁾ PIC16C5X-RCE ⁽³⁾ PIC16C5X-XTE PIC16C5X-10E PIC16C5X-HSE PIC16C5X-HSE PIC16C5X-LPE		1.8 1.8 4.8 4.8 9.0 19	3.3 3.3 10 10 20 55	mA mA mA mA μA	Fosc = 4 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 4 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 10 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 10 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 16 MHz, VDD = $5.5V$ Fosc = 32 kHz, VDD = $3.25V$, WDT disabled	
D020	Ipd	Power-down Current ⁽²⁾	—	5.0 0.8	22 18	μΑ μΑ	VDD = 3.25V, WDT enabled VDD = 3.25V, WDT disabled	

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

- a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to Vss, T0CKI = VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.
- b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.
- **3:** Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: IR = VDD/2REXT (mA) with REXT in k Ω .

12.7 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

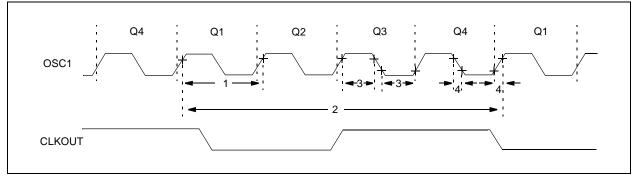


FIGURE 12-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING - PIC16C54/55/56/57

TABLE 12-1: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54/55/56/57

AC Characteristics		$\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)} \\ \mbox{Operating Temperature} & 0^\circ C \leq TA \leq +70^\circ C \mbox{ for commercial} \\ -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +85^\circ C \mbox{ for industrial} \\ -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +125^\circ C \mbox{ for extended} \end{array}$							
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур†	Max	Units	Conditions		
1A	Fosc	External CLKIN Frequency ⁽¹⁾	DC		4.0	MHz	XT OSC mode		
			DC	—	10	MHz	10 MHz mode		
			DC	_	20	MHz	HS osc mode (Comm/Ind)		
			DC	_	16	MHz	HS osc mode (Ext)		
			DC	—	40	kHz	LP osc mode		
		Oscillator Frequency ⁽¹⁾	DC	_	4.0	MHz	RC osc mode		
			0.1	_	4.0	MHz	XT OSC mode		
			4.0	_	10	MHz	10 MHz mode		
			4.0	—	20	MHz	HS OSC mode (Comm/Ind)		
			4.0	_	16	MHz	HS osc mode (Ext)		
			DC	—	40	kHz	LP osc mode		

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. When an external clock input is used, the "max" cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

2: Instruction cycle period (TCY) equals four times the input oscillator time base period.

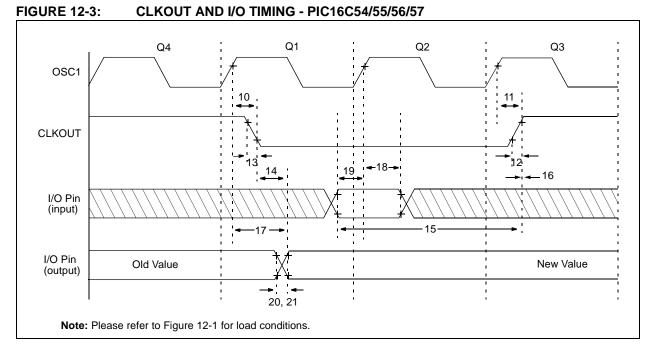


TABLE 12-2: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54/55/56/57

AC Char	acteristics	$\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)} \\ \mbox{Operating Temperature} & 0^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +70^{\circ}C \mbox{ for commercial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \mbox{ for industrial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +125^{\circ}C \mbox{ for extended} \end{array}$						
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур†	Max	Units		
10	TosH2ckL	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓ ⁽¹⁾	_	15	30**	ns		
11	TosH2ckH	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	_	15	30**	ns		
12	TckR	CLKOUT rise time ⁽¹⁾		5.0	15**	ns		
13	TckF	CLKOUT fall time ⁽¹⁾	—	5.0	15**	ns		
14	TckL2ioV	CLKOUT↓ to Port out valid ⁽¹⁾			40**	ns		
15	TioV2ckH	Port in valid before CLKOUT ⁽¹⁾	0.25 TCY+30*	_	_	ns		
16	TckH2iol	Port in hold after CLKOUT ⁽¹⁾	0*	_	_	ns		
17	TosH2ioV	OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid ⁽²⁾	_		100*	ns		
18	TosH2iol	OSC1 [↑] (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time)	TBD	—		ns		
19	TioV2osH	Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)	TBD	—	—	ns		
20	TioR	Port output rise time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns		
21	TioF	Port output fall time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns		

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

** These parameters are design targets and are not tested. No characterization data available at this time.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x Tosc.

2: Please refer to Figure 12-1 for load conditions.

FIGURE 12-5: TIMER0 CLOCK TIMINGS - PIC16C54/55/56/57

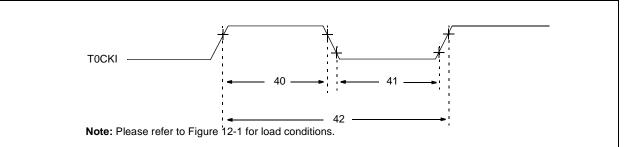


TABLE 12-4: TIMER0 CLOCK REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54/55/56/57

AC CharacteristicsStandard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $0^{\circ}C \le TA \le +70^{\circ}C$ for commercial $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for industrial $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +125^{\circ}C$ for extended									
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Characteristic Min Typ† Max Units Conditions						
40	Tt0H	T0CKI High Pulse Width - No Prescaler - With Prescaler	0.5 Tcy + 20* 10*		_	ns ns			
41	Tt0L	T0CKI Low Pulse Width - No Prescaler - With Prescaler	0.5 Tcy + 20* 10*		_	ns ns			
42	Tt0P	T0CKI Period	20 or <u>Tcy + 40</u> * N			ns	Whichever is greater. N = Prescale Value (1, 2, 4,, 256)		

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

13.6 Timing Diagrams and Specifications



FIGURE 13-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING - PIC16CR54A

TABLE 13-1: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16CR54A

AC Chara	cteristics	$ \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)} \\ \mbox{Operating Temperature} & 0^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +70^{\circ}C \ \mbox{for commercial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \ \mbox{for industrial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +125^{\circ}C \ \mbox{for extended} \\ \end{array} $							
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур†	Max	Units	Conditions		
	Fosc	External CLKIN Frequency ⁽¹⁾	DC	_	4.0	MHz	XT OSC mode		
			DC	—	4.0	MHz	HS osc mode (04)		
			DC	_	10	MHz	HS osc mode (10)		
			DC	—	20	MHz	HS osc mode (20)		
			DC	_	200	kHz	LP osc mode		
		Oscillator Frequency ⁽¹⁾	DC		4.0	MHz	RC OSC mode		
			0.1	_	4.0	MHz	XT osc mode		
			4.0	_	4.0	MHz	HS osc mode (04)		
			4.0	_	10	MHz	HS osc mode (10)		
			4.0	_	20	MHz	HS osc mode (20)		
			5.0	—	200	kHz	LP osc mode		

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. When an external clock input is used, the "max" cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

2: Instruction cycle period (TCY) equals four times the input oscillator time base period.

PIC16C5X









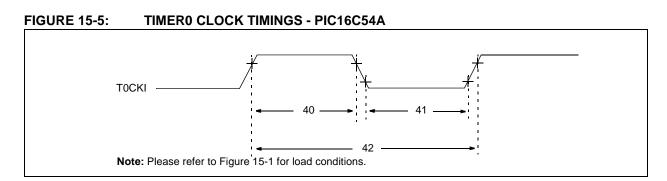


TABLE 15-4: TIMER0 CLOCK REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54A

	Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)										
	Operating Temperature $0^{\circ}C \le TA \le +70^{\circ}C$ for commercial										
1	AC Chara	octeristics	$-40^{\circ}C \le$	$TA \le +8$	85°C fo	or indus	trial				
			$-20^{\circ}C \le$	TA ≤ +8	85°C fc	or indus	trial - PIC16LV54A-02I				
			$-40^{\circ}C \le$	Ta ≤ +1	25°C	for exte	ended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Characteristic Min Typ† Max Units Conditions								
40	Tt0H	T0CKI High Pulse Width									
		- No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns					
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	_	ns					
41	Tt0L	T0CKI Low Pulse Width									
		- No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns					
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	_	ns					
42	Tt0P	T0CKI Period	20 or <u>TCY + 40</u> *	—	_	ns	Whichever is greater.				
			N				N = Prescale Value				
							(1, 2, 4,, 256)				

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

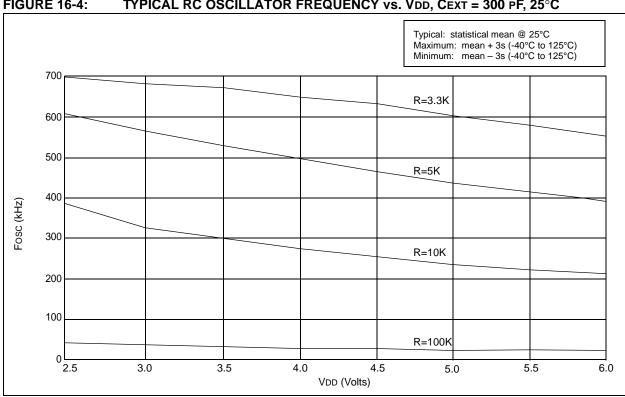


FIGURE 16-4: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY vs. VDD, CEXT = 300 PF, 25°C

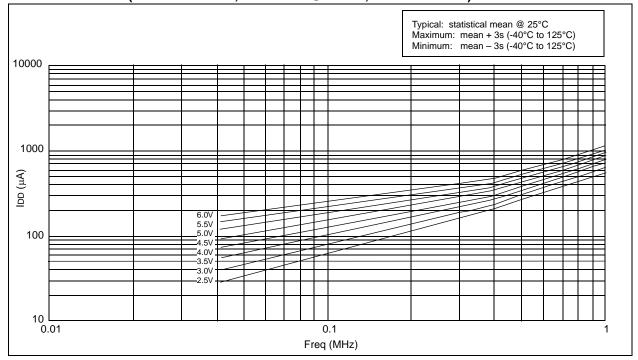
 Typical: statistical mean @ 25°C.

 Maximum: mean + 3s (-40°C to 125°C)

 Minimum: mean - 3s (-40°C to 125°C)
 </tr

FIGURE 16-14: TYPICAL IDD vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 300 PF, 25°C)

FIGURE 16-15: MAXIMUM IDD vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 300 PF, -40°C to +85°C)



17.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - PIC16LC54A

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

Ambient temperature under bias	–55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature	
Voltage on VDD with respect to Vss	0 to +7.5V
Voltage on MCLR with respect to Vss	0 to +14V
Voltage on all other pins with respect to Vss0.0	6V to (VDD + 0.6V)
Total power dissipation ⁽¹⁾	800 mW
Max. current out of Vss pin	150 mA
Max. current into Vod pin	
Max. current into an input pin (T0CKI only)	±500 μA
Input clamp current, liк (Vi < 0 or Vi > VDD)	±20 mA
Output clamp current, IOK (VO < 0 or VO > VDD)	±20 mA
Max. output current sunk by any I/O pin	25 mA
Max. output current sourced by any I/O pin	20 mA
Max. output current sourced by a single I/O (Port A, B or C)	50 mA
Max. output current sunk by a single I/O (Port A, B or C)	50 mA
Note 1: Power dissipation is calculated as follows: Pdis = VDD x {IDD - \sum IOH} + \sum {(VDD-VOH) x let $x \in X$ }	OH} + $∑$ (VOL x IOL)

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

17.4 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS

2. TppS								
Т								
F	Frequency	T Time						
Lowe	Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:							
рр								
2	to	mc MCLR						
ck	CLKOUT	osc oscillator						
су	cycle time	os OSC1						
drt	device reset timer	t0 T0CKI						
io	I/O port	wdt watchdog timer						
Uppe	Uppercase letters and their meanings:							
S								
F	Fall	P Period						
н	High	R Rise						
T	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid						
L	Low	Z Hi-impedance						

FIGURE 17-5: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS -PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B-04, 20



28-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) - 600 mil (PDIP)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	INCHES*			MILLIMETERS			
Dimer	ision Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	n		28			28		
Pitch	р		.100			2.54		
Top to Seating Plane	А	.160	.175	.190	4.06	4.45	4.83	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.140	.150	.160	3.56	3.81	4.06	
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38			
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.595	.600	.625	15.11	15.24	15.88	
Molded Package Width	E1	.505	.545	.560	12.83	13.84	14.22	
Overall Length	D	1.395	1.430	1.465	35.43	36.32	37.21	
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.120	.130	.135	3.05	3.30	3.43	
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38	
Upper Lead Width	B1	.030	.050	.070	0.76	1.27	1.78	
Lower Lead Width	В	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56	
Overall Row Spacing	§ eB	.620	.650	.680	15.75	16.51	17.27	
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15	

* Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

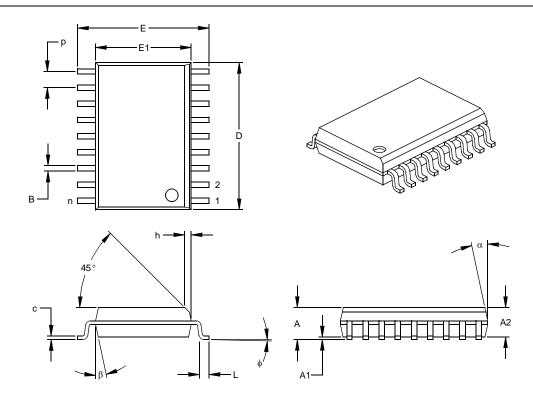
Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-011 Drawing No. C04-079

18-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 300 mil (SOIC)

For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located Note: at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimensi	on Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		18			18	
Pitch	р		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	А	.093	.099	.104	2.36	2.50	2.64
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.088	.091	.094	2.24	2.31	2.39
Standoff §	A1	.004	.008	.012	0.10	0.20	0.30
Overall Width	E	.394	.407	.420	10.01	10.34	10.67
Molded Package Width	E1	.291	.295	.299	7.39	7.49	7.59
Overall Length	D	.446	.454	.462	11.33	11.53	11.73
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.020	.029	0.25	0.50	0.74
Foot Length	L	.016	.033	.050	0.41	0.84	1.27
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	С	.009	.011	.012	0.23	0.27	0.30
Lead Width	В	.014	.017	.020	0.36	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

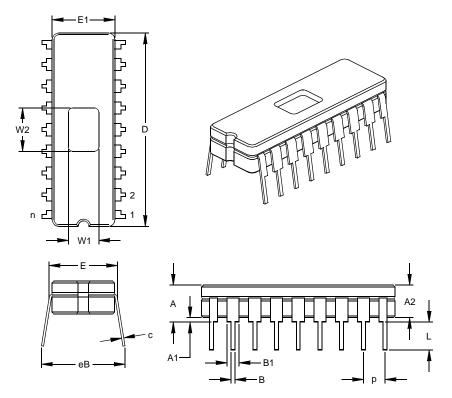
* Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side. JEDEC Equivalent: MS-013 Drawing No. C04-051

18-Lead Ceramic Dual In-line with Window (JW) - 300 mil (CERDIP)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimensior	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		18			18	
Pitch	р		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	А	.170	.183	.195	4.32	4.64	4.95
Ceramic Package Height	A2	.155	.160	.165	3.94	4.06	4.19
Standoff	A1	.015	.023	.030	0.38	0.57	0.76
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	Е	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26
Ceramic Pkg. Width	E1	.285	.290	.295	7.24	7.37	7.49
Overall Length	D	.880	.900	.920	22.35	22.86	23.37
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.138	.150	3.18	3.49	3.81
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.010	.012	0.20	0.25	0.30
Upper Lead Width	B1	.050	.055	.060	1.27	1.40	1.52
Lower Lead Width	В	.016	.019	.021	0.41	0.47	0.53
Overall Row Spacing §	eВ	.345	.385	.425	8.76	9.78	10.80
Window Width	W1	.130	.140	.150	3.30	3.56	3.81
Window Length	W2	.190	.200	.210	4.83	5.08	5.33

* Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic JEDEC Equivalent: MO-036

Drawing No. C04-010