



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	4MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	1.5KB (1K x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	25 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16lc56at-04i-ss

3.0 ARCHITECTURAL OVERVIEW

The high performance of the PIC16C5X family can be attributed to a number of architectural features commonly found in RISC microprocessors. To begin with, the PIC16C5X uses a Harvard architecture in which program and data are accessed on separate buses. This improves bandwidth over traditional von Neumann architecture where program and data are fetched on the same bus. Separating program and data memory further allows instructions to be sized differently than the 8-bit wide data word. Instruction opcodes are 12 bits wide making it possible to have all single word instructions. A 12-bit wide program memory access bus fetches a 12-bit instruction in a single cycle. A two-stage pipeline overlaps fetch and execution of instructions. Consequently, all instructions (33) execute in a single cycle except for program branches.

The PIC16C54/CR54 and PIC16C55 address 512 x 12 of program memory, the PIC16C56/CR56 address 1K x 12 of program memory, and the PIC16C57/CR57 and PIC16C58/CR58 address 2K x 12 of program memory. All program memory is internal.

The PIC16C5X can directly or indirectly address its register files and data memory. All special function registers including the program counter are mapped in the data memory. The PIC16C5X has a highly orthogonal (symmetrical) instruction set that makes it possible to carry out any operation on any register using any addressing mode. This symmetrical nature and lack of 'special optimal situations' make programming with the PIC16C5X simple yet efficient. In addition, the learning curve is reduced significantly.

The PIC16C5X device contains an 8-bit ALU and working register. The ALU is a general purpose arithmetic unit. It performs arithmetic and Boolean functions between data in the working register and any register file.

The ALU is 8 bits wide and capable of addition, subtraction, shift and logical operations. Unless otherwise mentioned, arithmetic operations are two's complement in nature. In two-operand instructions, typically one operand is the W (working) register. The other operand is either a file register or an immediate constant. In single operand instructions, the operand is either the W register or a file register.

The W register is an 8-bit working register used for ALU operations. It is not an addressable register.

Depending on the instruction executed, the ALU may affect the values of the Carry (C), Digit Carry (DC), and Zero (Z) bits in the STATUS register. The C and DC bits operate as a borrow and digit borrow out bit, respectively, in subtraction. See the SUBWF and ADDWF instructions for examples.

A simplified block diagram is shown in Figure 3-1, with the corresponding device pins described in Table 3-1 (for PIC16C54/56/58) and Table 3-2 (for PIC16C55/57).

PIC16C5X

TABLE 3-2: PINOUT DESCRIPTION - PIC16C55, PIC16C57, PIC16CR57

Pin Name	Pin Number			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	DIP	SOIC	SSOP			
RA0	6	6	5	I/O	TTL	Bi-directional I/O port
RA1	7	7	6	I/O	TTL	
RA2	8	8	7	I/O	TTL	
RA3	9	9	8	I/O	TTL	
RB0	10	10	9	I/O	TTL	Bi-directional I/O port
RB1	11	11	10	I/O	TTL	
RB2	12	12	11	I/O	TTL	
RB3	13	13	12	I/O	TTL	
RB4	14	14	13	I/O	TTL	
RB5	15	15	15	I/O	TTL	
RB6	16	16	16	I/O	TTL	
RB7	17	17	17	I/O	TTL	
RC0	18	18	18	I/O	TTL	Bi-directional I/O port
RC1	19	19	19	I/O	TTL	
RC2	20	20	20	I/O	TTL	
RC3	21	21	21	I/O	TTL	
RC4	22	22	22	I/O	TTL	
RC5	23	23	23	I/O	TTL	
RC6	24	24	24	I/O	TTL	
RC7	25	25	25	I/O	TTL	
T0CKI	1	1	2	I	ST	Clock input to Timer0. Must be tied to Vss or VDD, if not in use, to reduce current consumption.
$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$	28	28	28	I	ST	Master clear (RESET) input. This pin is an active low RESET to the device.
OSC1/CLKIN	27	27	27	I	ST	Oscillator crystal input/external clock source input.
OSC2/CLKOUT	26	26	26	O	—	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in crystal Oscillator mode. In RC mode, OSC2 pin outputs CLKOUT which has 1/4 the frequency of OSC1, and denotes the instruction cycle rate.
VDD	2	2	3,4	P	—	Positive supply for logic and I/O pins.
Vss	4	4	1,14	P	—	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.
N/C	3,5	3,5	—	—	—	Unused, do not connect.

Legend: I = input, O = output, I/O = input/output, P = power, — = Not Used, TTL = TTL input, ST = Schmitt Trigger input

PIC16C5X

NOTES:

PIC16C5X

TABLE 5-3: RESET CONDITIONS FOR ALL REGISTERS

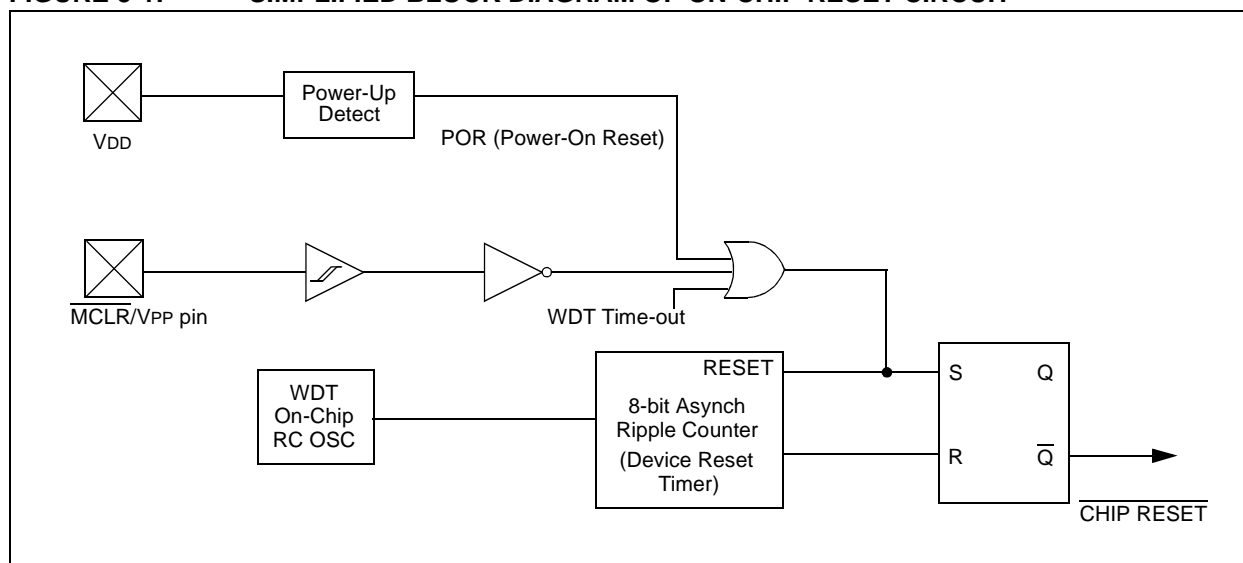
Register	Address	Power-On Reset	MCLR or WDT Reset
W	N/A	xxxx xxxx	uuuu uuuu
TRIS	N/A	1111 1111	1111 1111
OPTION	N/A	--11 1111	--11 1111
INDF	00h	xxxx xxxx	uuuu uuuu
TMR0	01h	xxxx xxxx	uuuu uuuu
PCL	02h	1111 1111	1111 1111
STATUS	03h	0001 1xxx	000q quuu
FSR ⁽¹⁾	04h	1xxx xxxx	1uuu uuuu
PORTA	05h	---- xxxx	---- uuuu
PORTB	06h	xxxx xxxx	uuuu uuuu
PORTC ⁽²⁾	07h	xxxx xxxx	uuuu uuuu
General Purpose Register Files	07-7Fh	xxxx xxxx	uuuu uuuu

Legend: x = unknown u = unchanged - = unimplemented, read as '0'
q = see tables in Table 5-1 for possible values.

Note 1: These values are valid for PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR58. For the PIC16C54/CR54/C55/C56/CR56, the value on RESET is 111x xxxx and for MCLR and WDT Reset, the value is 111u uuuu.

2: General purpose register file on PIC16C54/CR54/C56/CR56/C58/CR58.

FIGURE 5-1: SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ON-CHIP RESET CIRCUIT



PIC16C5X

NOTES:

ADDWF Add W and f

Syntax: [*label*] ADDWF f,d

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation: $(W) + (f) \rightarrow (\text{dest})$

Status Affected: C, DC, Z

Encoding:

0001	11df	ffff
------	------	------

Description: Add the contents of the W register and register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is '1' the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: ADDWF TEMP_REG, 0

Before Instruction

W = 0x17

TEMP_REG = 0xC2

After Instruction

W = 0xD9

TEMP_REG = 0xC2

ANDWF AND W with f

Syntax: [*label*] ANDWF f,d

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation: $(W) .\text{AND.} (f) \rightarrow (\text{dest})$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

0001	01df	ffff
------	------	------

Description: The contents of the W register are AND'ed with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is '1' the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: ANDWF TEMP_REG, 1

Before Instruction

W = 0x17

TEMP_REG = 0xC2

After Instruction

W = 0x17

TEMP_REG = 0x02

ANDLW AND literal with W

Syntax: [*label*] ANDLW k

Operands: $0 \leq k \leq 255$

Operation: $(W) .\text{AND.} (k) \rightarrow (W)$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

1110	kkkk	kkkk
------	------	------

Description: The contents of the W register are AND'ed with the eight-bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: ANDLW H'5F'

Before Instruction

W = 0xA3

After Instruction

W = 0x03

BCF Bit Clear f

Syntax: [*label*] BCF f,b

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $0 \leq b \leq 7$

Operation: $0 \rightarrow (f)$

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0100	bbbf	ffff
------	------	------

Description: Bit 'b' in register 'f' is cleared.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: BCF FLAG_REG, 7

Before Instruction

FLAG_REG = 0xC7

After Instruction

FLAG_REG = 0x47

PIC16C5X

RLF Rotate Left f through Carry

Syntax: [label] RLF f,d

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $d \in [0,1]$

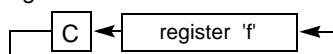
Operation: See description below

Status Affected: C

Encoding:

0011	01df	ffff
------	------	------

Description: The contents of register 'f' are rotated one bit to the left through the Carry Flag (STATUS<0>). If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.



Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: RLF REG1,0

Before Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

C = 0

After Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

W = 1100 1100

C = 1

RRF Rotate Right f through Carry

Syntax: [label] RRF f,d

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $d \in [0,1]$

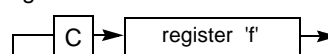
Operation: See description below

Status Affected: C

Encoding:

0011	00df	ffff
------	------	------

Description: The contents of register 'f' are rotated one bit to the right through the Carry Flag (STATUS<0>). If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed back in register 'f'.



Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: RRF REG1,0

Before Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

C = 0

After Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

W = 0111 0011

C = 0

SLEEP Enter SLEEP Mode

Syntax: [label] SLEEP

Operands: None

Operation: 00h → WDT;
 0 → WDT prescaler; if assigned
 1 → \overline{TO} ;
 0 → \overline{PD}

Status Affected: \overline{TO} , \overline{PD}

Encoding:

0000	0000	0011
------	------	------

Description: Time-out status bit (\overline{TO}) is set. The power-down status bit (\overline{PD}) is cleared. The WDT and its prescaler are cleared.
 The processor is put into SLEEP mode with the oscillator stopped. See section on SLEEP for more details.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: SLEEP

PIC16C5X

XORLW Exclusive OR literal with W

Syntax: `[label] XORLW k`

Operands: $0 \leq k \leq 255$

Operation: $(W) .XOR. k \rightarrow (W)$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

1111	kkkk	kkkk
------	------	------

Description: The contents of the W register are XOR'ed with the eight bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example: `XORLW 0xAF`

Before Instruction

W = 0xB5

After Instruction

W = 0x1A

XORWF Exclusive OR W with f

Syntax: `[label] XORWF f,d`

Operands: $0 \leq f \leq 31$
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation: $(W) .XOR. (f) \rightarrow (dest)$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

0001	10df	ffff
------	------	------

Description: Exclusive OR the contents of the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example `XORWF REG,1`

Before Instruction

REG = 0xAF

W = 0xB5

After Instruction

REG = 0x1A

W = 0xB5

11.13 PICDEM 3 Low Cost PIC16CXXX Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a simple demonstration board that supports the PIC16C923 and PIC16C924 in the PLCC package. It will also support future 44-pin PLCC microcontrollers with an LCD Module. All the necessary hardware and software is included to run the basic demonstration programs. The user can program the sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board on a PRO MATE II device programmer, or a PICSTART Plus development programmer with an adapter socket, and easily test firmware. The MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator may also be used with the PICDEM 3 demonstration board to test firmware. A prototype area has been provided to the user for adding hardware and connecting it to the microcontroller socket(s). Some of the features include a RS-232 interface, push button switches, a potentiometer for simulated analog input, a thermistor and separate headers for connection to an external LCD module and a keypad. Also provided on the PICDEM 3 demonstration board is a LCD panel, with 4 commons and 12 segments, that is capable of displaying time, temperature and day of the week. The PICDEM 3 demonstration board provides an additional RS-232 interface and Windows software for showing the demultiplexed LCD signals on a PC. A simple serial interface allows the user to construct a hardware demultiplexer for the LCD signals.

11.14 PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is an evaluation board that demonstrates the capabilities of several Microchip microcontrollers, including PIC17C752, PIC17C756A, PIC17C762 and PIC17C766. All necessary hardware is included to run basic demo programs, which are supplied on a 3.5-inch disk. A programmed sample is included and the user may erase it and program it with the other sample programs using the PRO MATE II device programmer, or the PICSTART Plus development programmer, and easily debug and test the sample code. In addition, the PICDEM 17 demonstration board supports downloading of programs to and executing out of external FLASH memory on board. The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is also usable with the MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator, or the PICMASTER emulator and all of the sample programs can be run and modified using either emulator. Additionally, a generous prototype area is available for user hardware.

11.15 KEELoQ Evaluation and Programming Tools

KEELOQ evaluation and programming tools support Microchip's HCS Secure Data Products. The HCS evaluation kit includes a LCD display to show changing codes, a decoder to decode transmissions and a programming interface to program test transmitters.

FIGURE 13-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER TIMING - PIC16CR54A

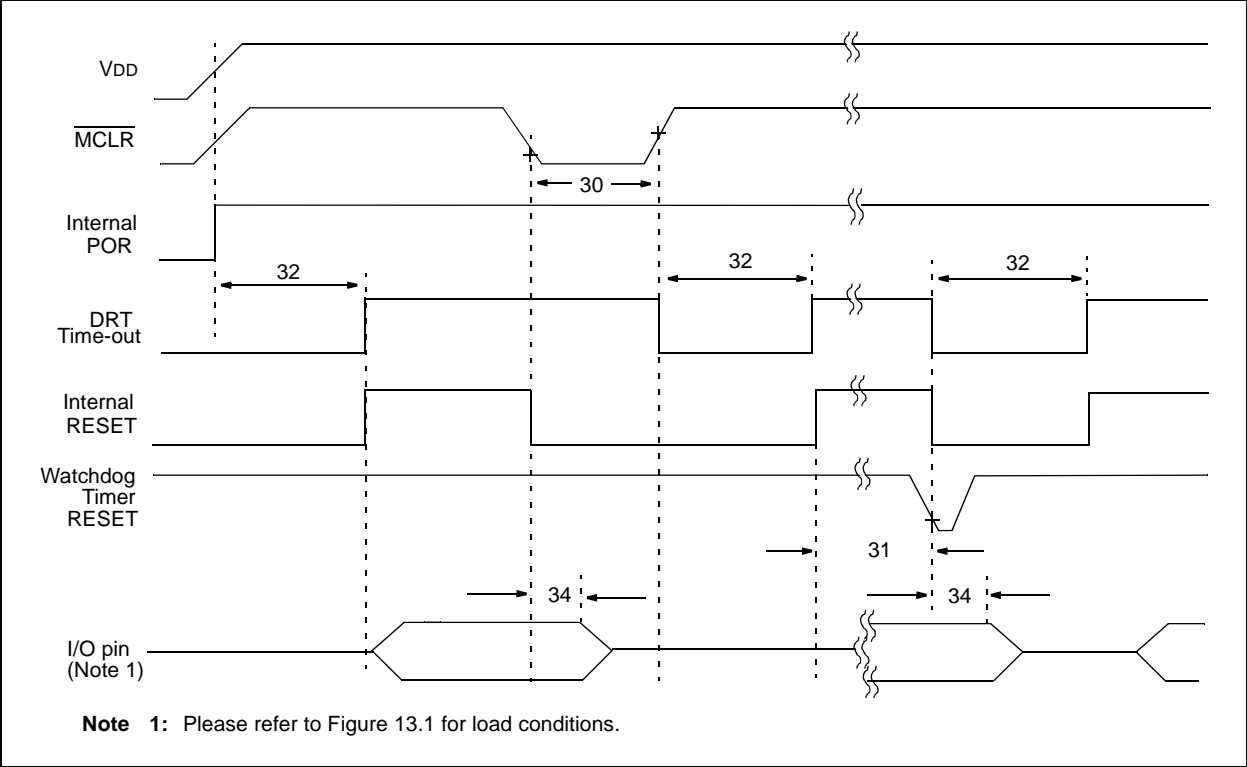


TABLE 13-3: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER - PIC16CR54A

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)							
AC Characteristics		Operating Temperature					
		0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial					
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial					
		-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
30	TmCL	MCLR Pulse Width (low)	1.0*	—	—	μs	VDD = 5.0V
31	Twdt	Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler)	7.0*	18*	40*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
32	TDRT	Device Reset Timer Period	7.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
34	TioZ	I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low	—	—	1.0*	μs	

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

15.5 Timing Parameter Symbolology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

- 1. TppS2ppS
- 2. TppS

T			
F	Frequency	T	Time

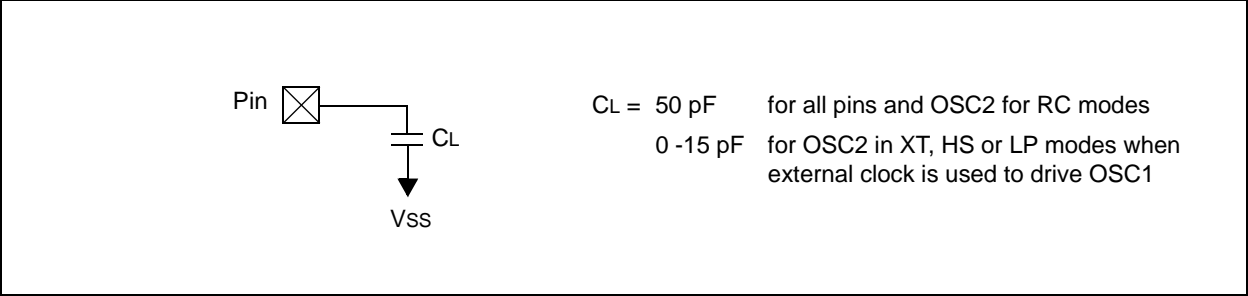
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp			
2	to	mc	MCLR
ck	CLKOUT	osc	oscillator
cy	cycle time	os	OSC1
drt	device reset timer	t0	T0CKI
io	I/O port	wdt	watchdog timer

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

S			
F	Fall	P	Period
H	High	R	Rise
I	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V	Valid
L	Low	Z	Hi-impedance

FIGURE 15-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54A



15.6 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

FIGURE 15-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING - PIC16C54A

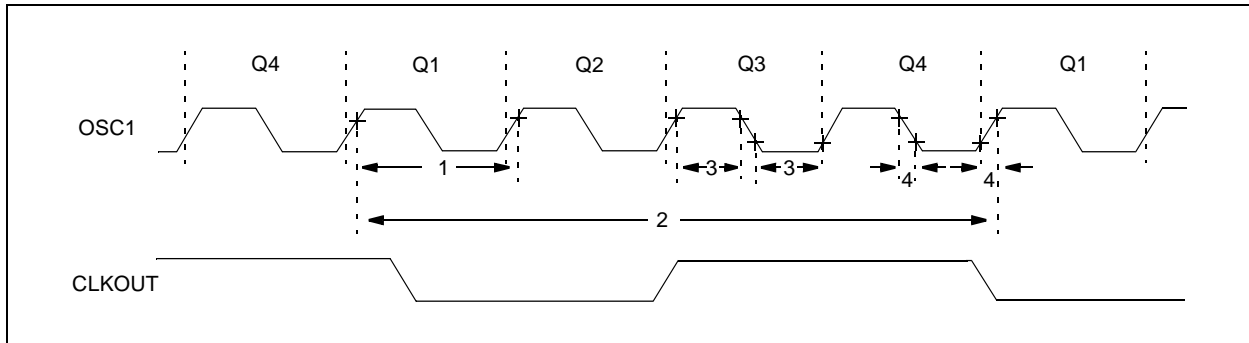


TABLE 15-1: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54A

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)							
AC Characteristics							
Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial -20°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial - PIC16LV54A-02I -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended							
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
	FOSC	External CLKIN Frequency ⁽¹⁾	DC	—	4.0	MHz	XT osc mode
			DC	—	2.0	MHz	XT osc mode (PIC16LV54A)
			DC	—	4.0	MHz	HS osc mode (04)
			DC	—	10	MHz	HS osc mode (10)
			DC	—	20	MHz	HS osc mode (20)
			DC	—	200	kHz	LP osc mode
		Oscillator Frequency ⁽¹⁾	DC	—	4.0	MHz	RC osc mode
			DC	—	2.0	MHz	RC osc mode (PIC16LV54A)
			0.1	—	4.0	MHz	XT osc mode
			0.1	—	2.0	MHz	XT osc mode (PIC16LV54A)
			4.0	—	4.0	MHz	HS osc mode (04)
			4.0	—	10	MHz	HS osc mode (10)
			4.0	—	20	MHz	HS osc mode (20)
			5.0	—	200	kHz	LP osc mode

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption.

When an external clock input is used, the "max" cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

2: Instruction cycle period (TCY) equals four times the input oscillator time base period.

FIGURE 15-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING - PIC16C54A

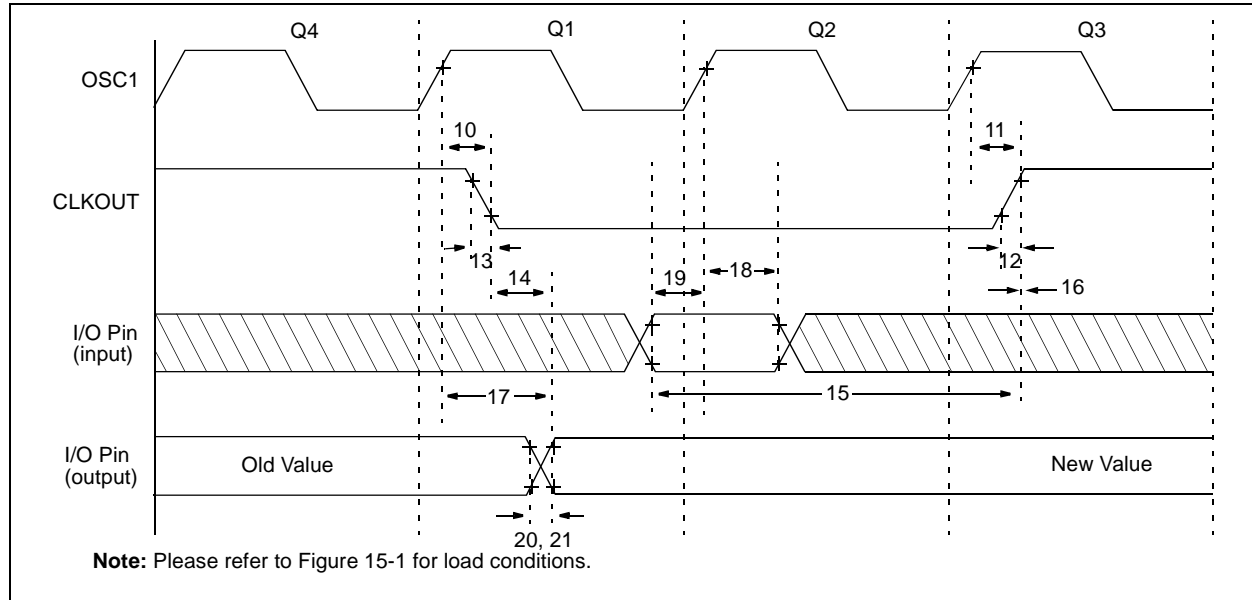


TABLE 15-2: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54A

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial - PIC16LV54A-02I $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for extended						
AC Characteristics						
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units
10	TosH2ckL	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓ ⁽¹⁾	—	15	30**	ns
11	TosH2ckH	OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	—	15	30**	ns
12	TckR	CLKOUT rise time ⁽¹⁾	—	5.0	15**	ns
13	TckF	CLKOUT fall time ⁽¹⁾	—	5.0	15**	ns
14	TckL2ioV	CLKOUT↓ to Port out valid ⁽¹⁾	—	—	40**	ns
15	TioV2ckH	Port in valid before CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	$0.25 \text{ TCY} + 30^*$	—	—	ns
16	TckH2ioI	Port in hold after CLKOUT↑ ⁽¹⁾	0^*	—	—	ns
17	TosH2ioV	OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid ⁽²⁾	—	—	100*	ns
18	TosH2ioI	OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time)	TBD	—	—	ns
19	TioV2osH	Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)	TBD	—	—	ns
20	TioR	Port output rise time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns
21	TioF	Port output fall time ⁽²⁾	—	10	25**	ns

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

** These parameters are design targets and are not tested. No characterization data available at this time.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is $4 \times T_{\text{osc}}$.

2: Please refer to Figure 15-1 for load conditions.

PIC16C5X

FIGURE 16-9: V_{IH} , V_{IL} OF \overline{MCLR} , $T0CKI$ AND $OSC1$ (IN RC MODE) vs. V_{DD}

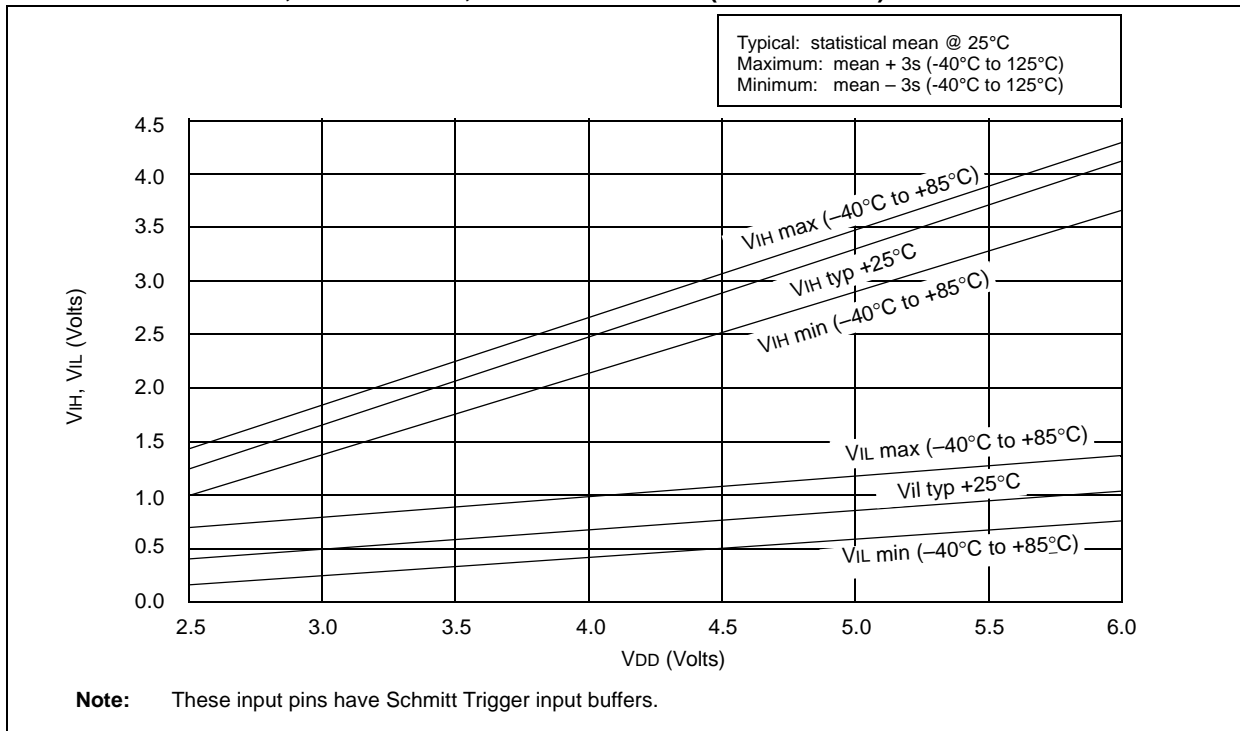


FIGURE 17-3: PIC16LC54C/55A/56A/57C/58B VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH, $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$

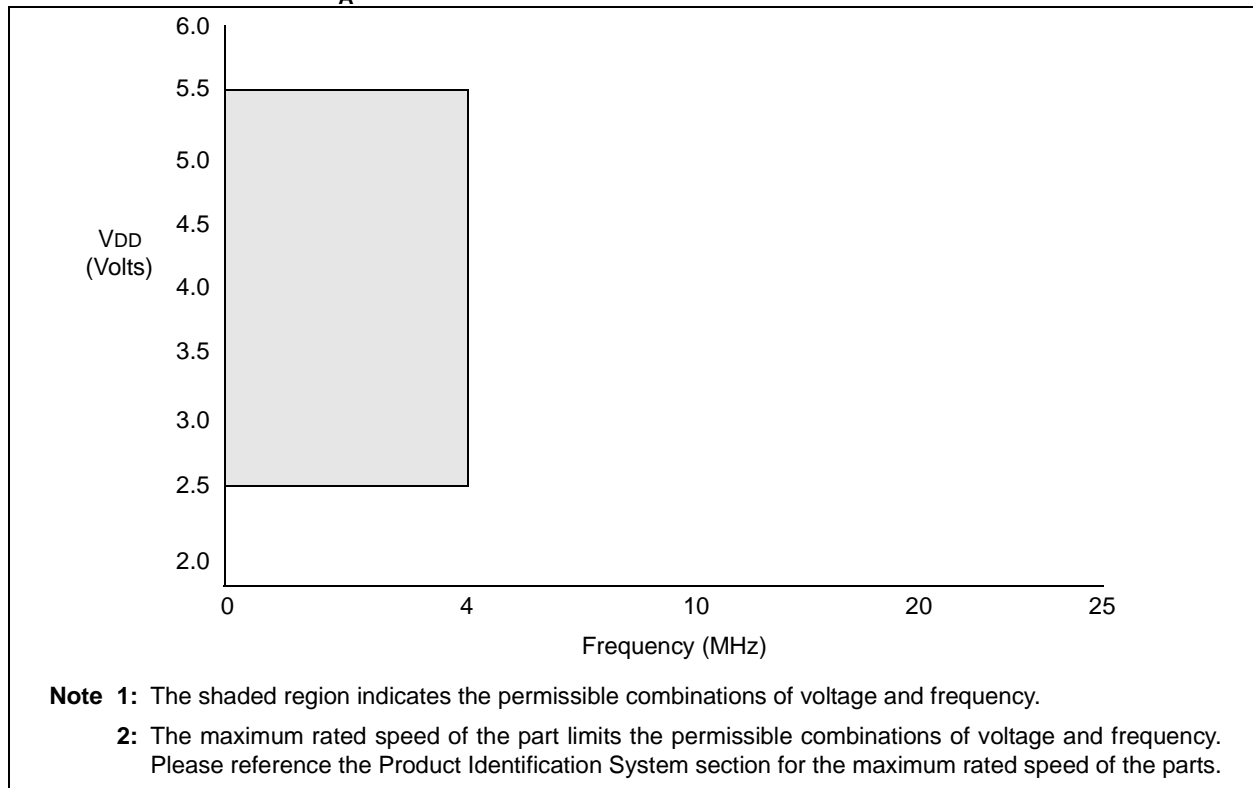
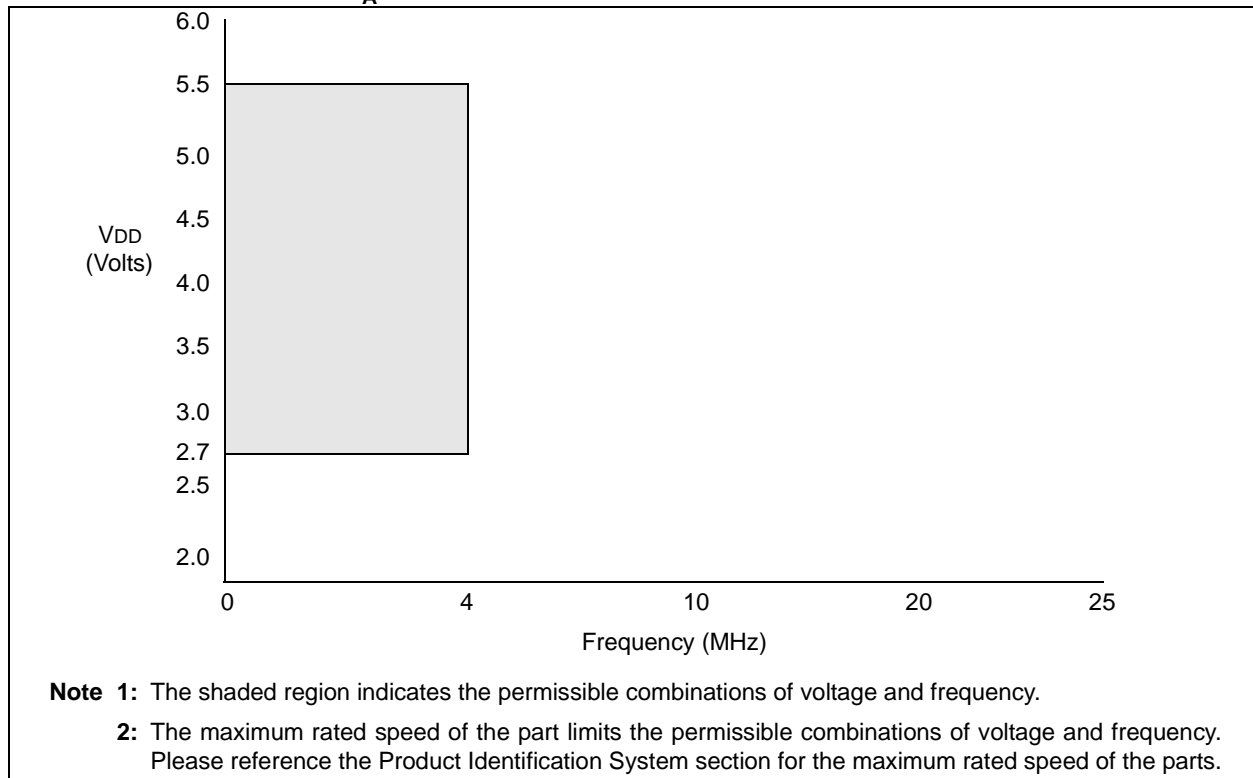


FIGURE 17-4: PIC16LC54C/55A/56A/57C/58B VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 0^{\circ}\text{C}$



PIC16C5X

**FIGURE 18-18: PORTA, B AND C IoL vs.
VOL, VDD = 5 V**

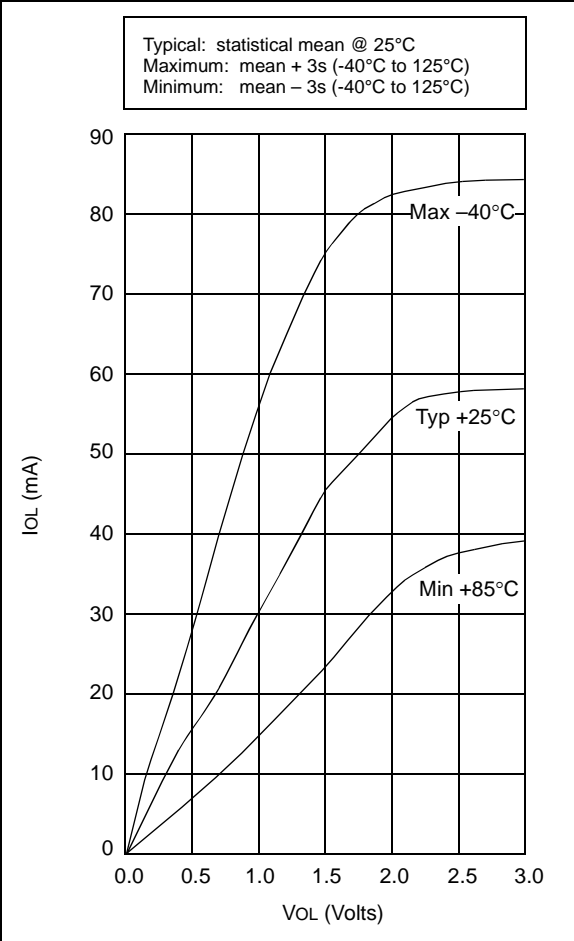


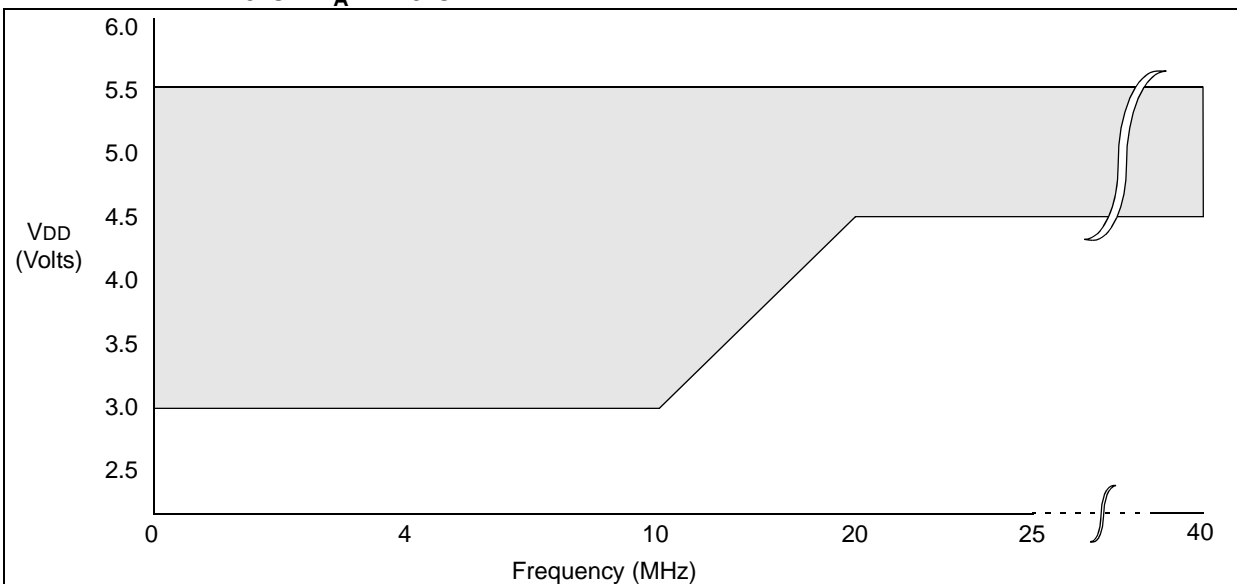
TABLE 18-2: INPUT CAPACITANCE

Pin	Typical Capacitance (pF)	
	18L PDIP	18L SOIC
RA port	5.0	4.3
RB port	5.0	4.3
MCLR	17.0	17.0
OSC1	4.0	3.5
OSC2/CLKOUT	4.3	3.5
T0CKI	3.2	2.8

All capacitance values are typical at 25°C. A part-to-part variation of ±25% (three standard deviations) should be taken into account.

PIC16C5X

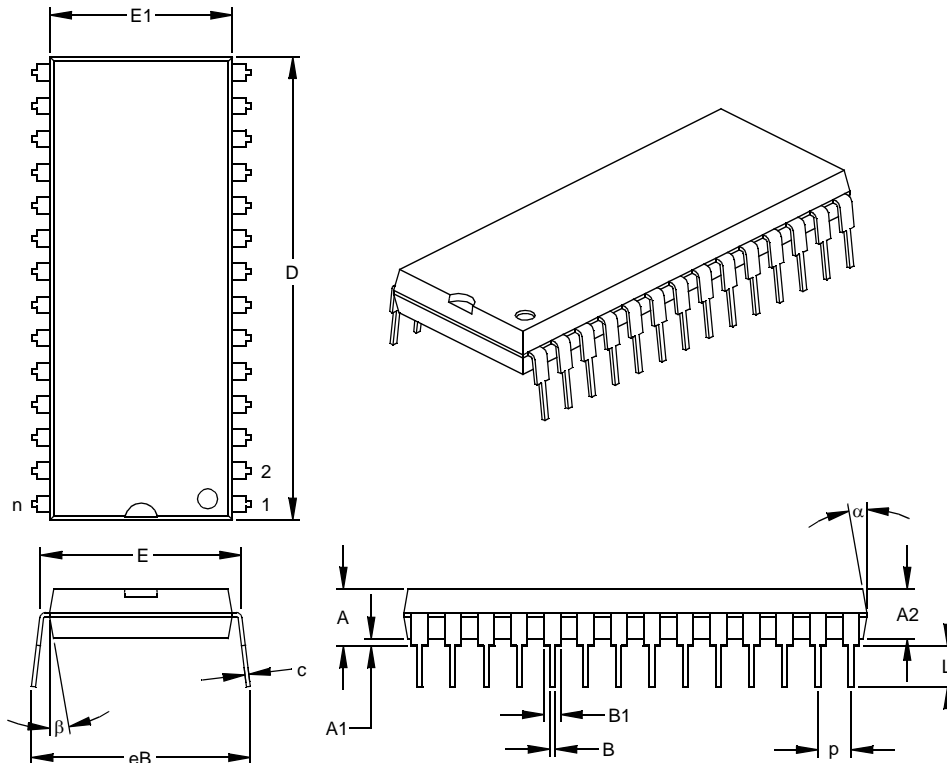
FIGURE 19-1: PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-40 VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH, $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$



- Note 1:** The shaded region indicates the permissible combinations of voltage and frequency.
- Note 2:** The maximum rated speed of the part limits the permissible combinations of voltage and frequency. Please reference the Product Identification System section for the maximum rated speed of the parts.
- Note 3:** Operation between 20 to 40 MHz requires the following:
- VDD between 4.5V. and 5.5V
 - OSC1 externally driven
 - OSC2 not connected
 - HS mode
 - Commercial temperatures
- Devices qualified for 40 MHz operation have -40 designation (ex: PIC16C54C-40/P).
- Note 4:** For operation between DC and 20 MHz, see Section 17.1.

28-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) – 600 mil (PDIP)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		28			28	
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.160	.175	.190	4.06	4.45	4.83
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.140	.150	.160	3.56	3.81	4.06
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.595	.600	.625	15.11	15.24	15.88
Molded Package Width	E1	.505	.545	.560	12.83	13.84	14.22
Overall Length	D	1.395	1.430	1.465	35.43	36.32	37.21
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.120	.130	.135	3.05	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.030	.050	.070	0.76	1.27	1.78
Lower Lead Width	B	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56
Overall Row Spacing	§ eB	.620	.650	.680	15.75	16.51	17.27
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

* Controlling Parameter

§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:

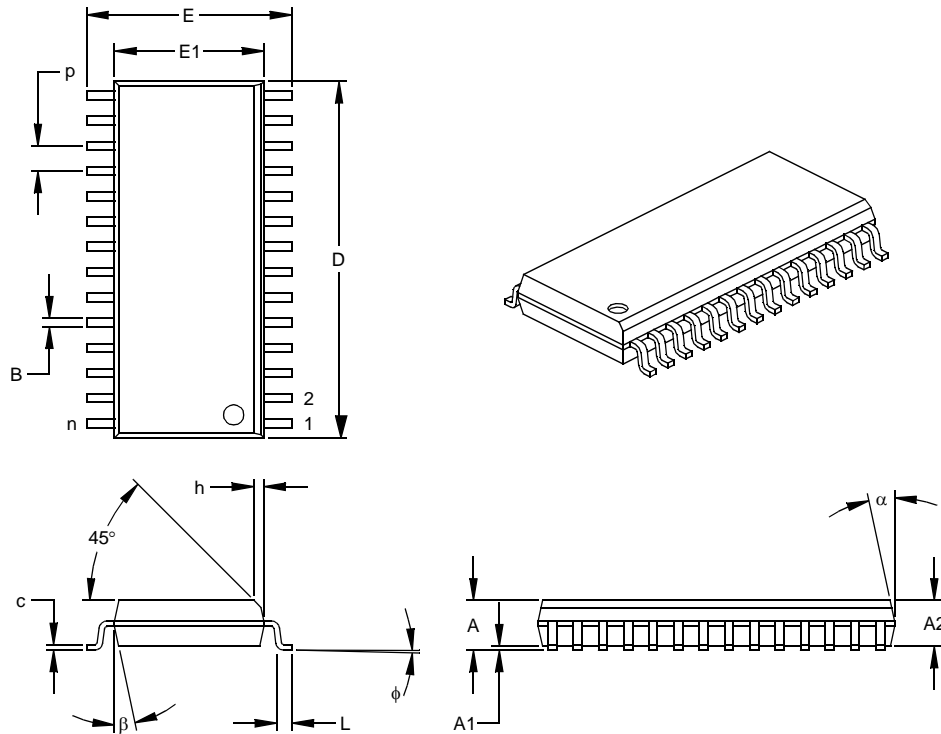
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-011

Drawing No. C04-079

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) – Wide, 300 mil (SOIC)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packageing>



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		28			28	
Pitch	p		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	A	.093	.099	.104	2.36	2.50	2.64
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.088	.091	.094	2.24	2.31	2.39
Standoff §	A1	.004	.008	.012	0.10	0.20	0.30
Overall Width	E	.394	.407	.420	10.01	10.34	10.67
Molded Package Width	E1	.288	.295	.299	7.32	7.49	7.59
Overall Length	D	.695	.704	.712	17.65	17.87	18.08
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.020	.029	0.25	0.50	0.74
Foot Length	L	.016	.033	.050	0.41	0.84	1.27
Foot Angle Top	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.009	.011	.013	0.23	0.28	0.33
Lead Width	B	.014	.017	.020	0.36	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

* Controlling Parameter

§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MS-013

Drawing No. C04-052

PIC16C5X

M

MCLR Reset	
Register values on	20
Memory Map	
PIC16C54/CR54/C55	25
PIC16C56/CR56	25
PIC16C57/CR57/C58/CR58	25
Memory Organization	25
MOVF	56
MOVLW	56
MOVWF	57
MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 C Compilers	61
MPLAB ICD In-Circuit Debugger	63
MPLAB ICE High Performance Universal In-Circuit Emulator with MPLAB IDE	62
MPLAB Integrated Development Environment Software	61
MPLINK Object Linker/MPLIB Object Librarian	62

N

NOP	57
-----------	----

O

One-Time-Programmable (OTP) Devices	7
OPTION	57
OPTION Register	30
Value on reset	20
Oscillator Configurations	15
Oscillator Types	
HS	15
LP	15
RC	15
XT	15

P

PA0 bit	29
PA1 bit	29
Paging	31
PC	31
Value on reset	20
PD bit	19, 29
Peripheral Features	1
PICDEM 1 Low Cost PIC MCU Demonstration Board	63
PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board	64
PICDEM 2 Low Cost PIC16CXX Demonstration Board	63
PICDEM 3 Low Cost PIC16CXXX Demonstration Board	64
PICSTART Plus Entry Level Development Programmer	63
Pin Configurations	2
Pinout Description - PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56, PIC16C58, PIC16CR58	11
Pinout Description - PIC16C55, PIC16C57, PIC16CR57 ...	12
PORTA	35
Value on reset	20
PORTB	35
Value on reset	20
PORTC	35
Value on reset	20
Power-Down Mode	47
Power-On Reset (POR)	21
Register values on	20
Prescaler	40
PRO MATE II Universal Device Programmer	63
Program Counter	31
Program Memory Organization	25
Program Verification/Code Protection	47

Q

Q cycles	13
Quick-Turnaround-Production (QTP) Devices	7

R

RC Oscillator	17
Read Only Memory (ROM) Devices	7
Read-Modify-Write	36
Register File Map	
PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C55, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56	26
PIC16C57/CR57	27
PIC16C58/CR58	27
Registers	
Special Function	28
Value on reset	20
Reset	19
Reset on Brown-Out	23
RETLW	57
RLF	58
RRF	58

S

Serialized Quick-Turnaround-Production (SQTP) Devices...	7
SLEEP	43, 47, 58
Software Simulator (MPLAB SIM)	62
Special Features of the CPU	43
Special Function Registers	28
Stack	32
STATUS Register	9, 29
Value on reset	20
SUBWF	59
SWAPF	59

T

Timer0	
Switching Prescaler Assignment	40
Timer0 (TMR0) Module	37
TMR0 register - Value on reset	20
TMR0 with External Clock	39
Timing Diagrams and Specifications	
PIC16C54/55/56/57	74
PIC16C54A	111
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B	140
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B-40	160
PIC16CR54A	86
Timing Parameter Symbolology and Load Conditions	
PIC16C54/55/56/57	73
PIC16C54A	110
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B	139
PIC16C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/ C58B/CR58B-40	159
PIC16CR54A	85
TO bit	19, 29
TRIS	59
TRIS Registers	35
Value on reset	20

U

UV Erasable Devices	7
---------------------------	---