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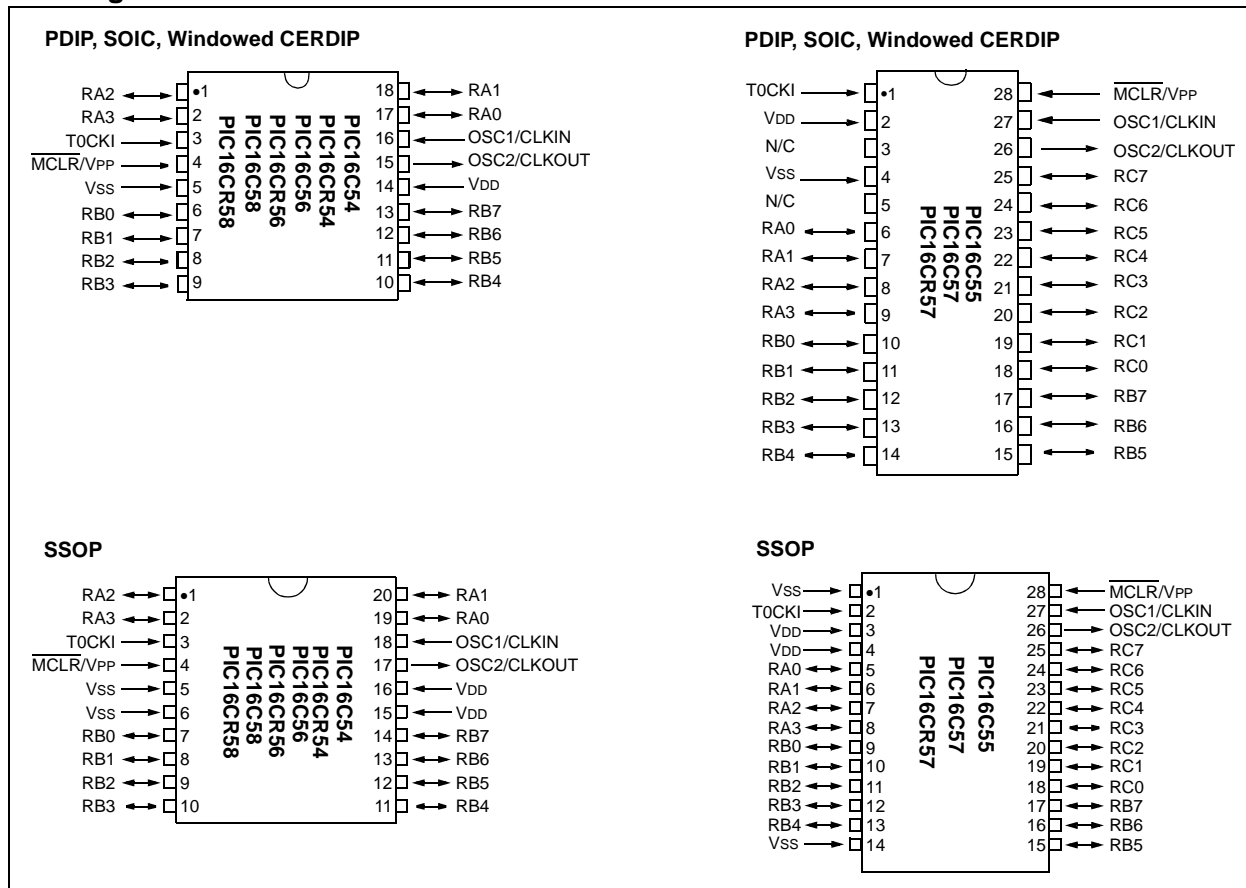
Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	4MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	20
Program Memory Size	3KB (2K x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	72 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16lc57c-04-ss

PIC16C5X

Pin Diagrams



Device Differences

Device	Voltage Range	Oscillator Selection (Program)	Oscillator	Process Technology (Microns)	ROM Equivalent	MCLR Filter
PIC16C54	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.2	PIC16CR54A	No
PIC16C54A	2.0-6.25	User	See Note 1	0.9	—	No
PIC16C54C	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR54C	Yes
PIC16C55	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.7	—	No
PIC16C55A	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	—	Yes
PIC16C56	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.7	—	No
PIC16C56A	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR56A	Yes
PIC16C57	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.2	—	No
PIC16C57C	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR57C	Yes
PIC16C58B	2.5-5.5	User	See Note 1	0.7	PIC16CR58B	Yes
PIC16CR54A	2.5-6.25	Factory	See Note 1	1.2	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR54C	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR56A	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR57C	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR58B	2.5-5.5	Factory	See Note 1	0.7	N/A	Yes

Note 1: If you change from this device to another device, please verify oscillator characteristics in your application.

Note: The table shown above shows the generic names of the PIC16C5X devices. For device varieties, please refer to Section 2.0.

5.0 RESET

PIC16C5X devices may be RESET in one of the following ways:

- Power-On Reset (POR)
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Reset (normal operation)
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Wake-up Reset (from SLEEP)
- WDT Reset (normal operation)
- WDT Wake-up Reset (from SLEEP)

Table 5-1 shows these RESET conditions for the PCL and STATUS registers.

Some registers are not affected in any RESET condition. Their status is unknown on POR and unchanged in any other RESET. Most other registers are reset to a "RESET state" on Power-On Reset (POR), $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ or WDT Reset. A $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ or WDT wake-up from SLEEP also results in a device RESET, and not a continuation of operation before SLEEP.

The $\overline{\text{TO}}$ and $\overline{\text{PD}}$ bits (STATUS <4:3>) are set or cleared depending on the different RESET conditions (Table 5-1). These bits may be used to determine the nature of the RESET.

Table 5-3 lists a full description of RESET states of all registers. Figure 5-1 shows a simplified block diagram of the On-chip Reset circuit.

TABLE 5-1: STATUS BITS AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE

Condition	$\overline{\text{TO}}$	$\overline{\text{PD}}$
Power-On Reset	1	1
$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Reset (normal operation)	u	u
$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Wake-up (from SLEEP)	1	0
WDT Reset (normal operation)	0	1
WDT Wake-up (from SLEEP)	0	0

Legend: u = unchanged, x = unknown, – = unimplemented read as '0'.

TABLE 5-2: SUMMARY OF REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH RESET

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on POR	Value on $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ and WDT Reset
03h	STATUS	PA2	PA1	PA0	$\overline{\text{TO}}$	$\overline{\text{PD}}$	Z	DC	C	0001 1xxx	000q quuu

Legend: u = unchanged, x = unknown, q = see Table 5-1 for possible values.

PIC16C5X

NOTES:

PIC16C5X

6.2 Data Memory Organization

Data memory is composed of registers, or bytes of RAM. Therefore, data memory for a device is specified by its register file. The register file is divided into two functional groups: Special Function Registers and General Purpose Registers.

The Special Function Registers include the TMR0 register, the Program Counter (PC), the Status Register, the I/O registers (ports) and the File Select Register (FSR). In addition, Special Purpose Registers are used to control the I/O port configuration and prescaler options.

The General Purpose Registers are used for data and control information under command of the instructions.

For the PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C56 and PIC16CR56, the register file is composed of 7 Special Function Registers and 25 General Purpose Registers (Figure 6-4).

For the PIC16C55, the register file is composed of 8 Special Function Registers and 24 General Purpose Registers.

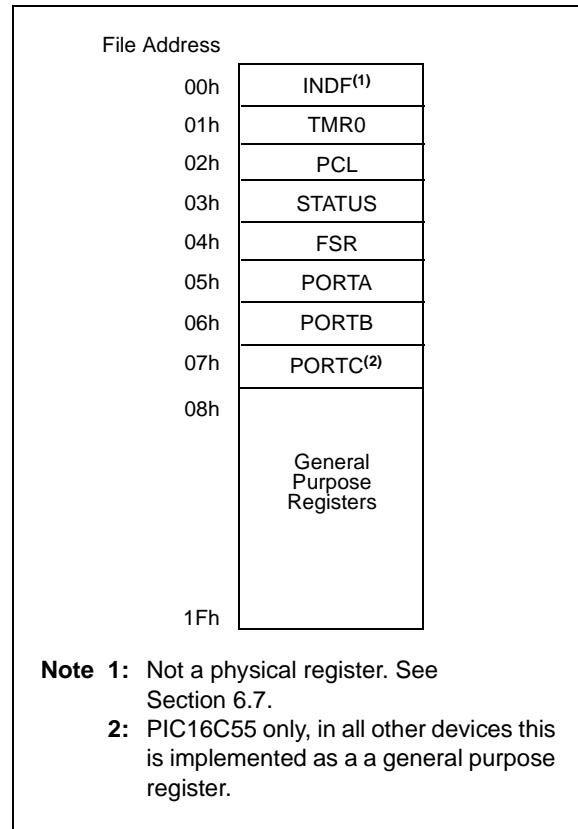
For the PIC16C57 and PIC16CR57, the register file is composed of 8 Special Function Registers, 24 General Purpose Registers and up to 48 additional General Purpose Registers that may be addressed using a banking scheme (Figure 6-5).

For the PIC16C58 and PIC16CR58, the register file is composed of 7 Special Function Registers, 25 General Purpose Registers and up to 48 additional General Purpose Registers that may be addressed using a banking scheme (Figure 6-6).

6.2.1 GENERAL PURPOSE REGISTER FILE

The register file is accessed either directly or indirectly through the File Select Register (FSR). The FSR Register is described in Section 6.7.

FIGURE 6-4: PIC16C54, PIC16CR54, PIC16C55, PIC16C56, PIC16CR56 REGISTER FILE MAP



PIC16C5X

9.1 Configuration Bits

Configuration bits can be programmed to select various device configurations. Two bits are for the selection of the oscillator type and one bit is the Watchdog Timer enable bit. Nine bits are code protection bits for the PIC16C54A, PIC16CR54A, PIC16C54C, PIC16CR54C, PIC16C55A, PIC16C56A, PIC16CR56A, PIC16C57C, PIC16CR57C,

PIC16C58B, and PIC16CR58B devices (Register 9-1). One bit is for code protection for the PIC16C54, PIC16C55, PIC16C56 and PIC16C57 devices (Register 9-2).

QTP or ROM devices have the oscillator configuration programmed at the factory and these parts are tested accordingly (see "Product Identification System" diagrams in the back of this data sheet).

REGISTER 9-1: CONFIGURATION WORD FOR PIC16C54A/CR54A/C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B

CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	WDTE	FOSC1	FOSC0
bit 11										bit 0	

bit 11-3: **CP**: Code Protection Bit

1 = Code protection off
0 = Code protection on

bit 2: **WDTE**: Watchdog timer enable bit

1 = WDT enabled
0 = WDT disabled

bit 1-0: **FOSC1:FOSC0**: Oscillator Selection Bit

00 = LP oscillator
01 = XT oscillator
10 = HS oscillator
11 = RC oscillator

Note 1: Refer to the PIC16C5X Programming Specification (Literature Number DS30190) to determine how to access the configuration word.

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

1 = bit is set

0 = bit is cleared

x = bit is unknown

PIC16C5X

TABLE 10-2: INSTRUCTION SET SUMMARY

Mnemonic, Operands		Description	Cycles	12-Bit Opcode			Status Affected	Notes
				MSb	LSb			
ADDWF	f, d	Add W and f	1	0001	11df	ffff	C, DC, Z	1, 2, 4
ANDWF	f, d	AND W with f	1	0001	01df	ffff	Z	2, 4
CLRF	f	Clear f	1	0000	011f	ffff	Z	4
CLRW	—	Clear W	1	0000	0100	0000	Z	
COMF	f, d	Complement f	1	0010	01df	ffff	Z	
DECF	f, d	Decrement f	1	0000	11df	ffff	Z	2, 4
DECFSZ	f, d	Decrement f, Skip if 0	1 (2)	0010	11df	ffff	None	2, 4
INCF	f, d	Increment f	1	0010	10df	ffff	Z	2, 4
INCFSZ	f, d	Increment f, Skip if 0	1 (2)	0011	11df	ffff	None	2, 4
IORWF	f, d	Inclusive OR W with f	1	0001	00df	ffff	Z	2, 4
MOVF	f, d	Move f	1	0010	00df	ffff	Z	2, 4
MOVWF	f	Move W to f	1	0000	001f	ffff	None	1, 4
NOP	—	No Operation	1	0000	0000	0000	None	
RLF	f, d	Rotate left f through Carry	1	0011	01df	ffff	C	2, 4
RRF	f, d	Rotate right f through Carry	1	0011	00df	ffff	C	2, 4
SUBWF	f, d	Subtract W from f	1	0000	10df	ffff	C, DC, Z	1, 2, 4
SWAPF	f, d	Swap f	1	0011	10df	ffff	None	2, 4
XORWF	f, d	Exclusive OR W with f	1	0001	10df	ffff	Z	2, 4
BIT-ORIENTED FILE REGISTER OPERATIONS								
BCF	f, b	Bit Clear f	1	0100	bbbf	ffff	None	2, 4
BSF	f, b	Bit Set f	1	0101	bbbf	ffff	None	2, 4
BTFSC	f, b	Bit Test f, Skip if Clear	1 (2)	0110	bbbf	ffff	None	
BTFSS	f, b	Bit Test f, Skip if Set	1 (2)	0111	bbbf	ffff	None	
LITERAL AND CONTROL OPERATIONS								
ANDLW	k	AND literal with W	1	1110	kkkk	kkkk	Z	1
CALL	k	Call subroutine	2	1001	kkkk	kkkk	None	
CLRWDT	k	Clear Watchdog Timer	1	0000	0000	0100	TO, PD	
GOTO	k	Unconditional branch	2	101k	kkkk	kkkk	None	
IORLW	k	Inclusive OR Literal with W	1	1101	kkkk	kkkk	Z	
MOVLW	k	Move Literal to W	1	1100	kkkk	kkkk	None	
OPTION	k	Load OPTION register	1	0000	0000	0010	None	
RETLW	k	Return, place Literal in W	2	1000	kkkk	kkkk	None	
SLEEP	—	Go into standby mode	1	0000	0000	0011	TO, PD	
TRIS	f	Load TRIS register	1	0000	0000	0fff	None	3
XORLW	k	Exclusive OR Literal to W	1	1111	kkkk	kkkk	Z	

Note 1: The 9th bit of the program counter will be forced to a '0' by any instruction that writes to the PC except for GOTO (see Section 6.5 for more on program counter).

- When an I/O register is modified as a function of itself (e.g. `MOVF PORTB, 1`), the value used will be that value present on the pins themselves. For example, if the data latch is '1' for a pin configured as input and is driven low by an external device, the data will be written back with a '0'.
- The instruction `TRIS f`, where $f = 5, 6$ or 7 causes the contents of the W register to be written to the tristate latches of PORTA, B or C respectively. A '1' forces the pin to a hi-impedance state and disables the output buffers.
- If this instruction is executed on the TMR0 register (and, where applicable, $d = 1$), the prescaler will be cleared (if assigned to TMR0).

TABLE 11-1: DEVELOPMENT TOOLS FROM MICROCHIP

	PIC12CXX	PIC14000	PIC16C5X	PIC16C6X	PIC16CXX	PIC16C7X	PIC16C7XX	PIC16C8X	PIC16F8XX	PIC16G9XX	PIC17C4X	PIC17C7XX	PIC18CXX2	PIC18FXX	24CXX/ 25CXX/ 93CXX	HC5XX	MCRFXX	MCP2510
Software Tools	MPLAB® Integrated Development Environment	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
	MPLAB® C17 C Compiler										✓	✓	✓					
	MPLAB® C18 C Compiler												✓	✓	✓	✓		
Emulators	MPASM™ Assembler/ MPLINK™ Object Linker	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	MPLAB® ICE In-Circuit Emulator	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
	ICEPIC™ In-Circuit Emulator	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓								
Debugger	MPLAB® ICD In-Circuit Debugger			✓		✓			✓					✓				
Programmers	PICSTART® Plus Entry Level Development Programmer	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	PRO MATE® II Universal Device Programmer	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Demo Boards and Eval Kits	PICDEM™ 1 Demonstration Board		✓			†		✓			✓							
	PICDEM™ 2 Demonstration Board				†	†							✓					
	PICDEM™ 3 Demonstration Board									✓								
	PICDEM™ 14A Demonstration Board		✓															
	PICDEM™ 17 Demonstration Board											✓						
	KEELOQ® Evaluation Kit															✓		
	KEELOQ® Transponder Kit															✓		
	microID™ Programmer's Kit																✓	
	125 kHz microID™ Developer's Kit																✓	
	125 kHz Anticollision Developer's Kit																✓	
	13.56 MHz Anticollision microID™ Developer's Kit																✓	
	MCP2510 CAN Developer's Kit																✓	✓

* Contact the Microchip Technology Inc. web site at www.microchip.com for information on how to use the MPLAB® ICD In-Circuit Debugger (DV164001) with PIC16C62, 63, 64, 65, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77.

** Contact Microchip Technology Inc. for availability date.

† Development tool is available on select devices.

12.6 Timing Parameter Symbolology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

- 1. TppS2ppS
- 2. TppS

T		T
F	Frequency	Time

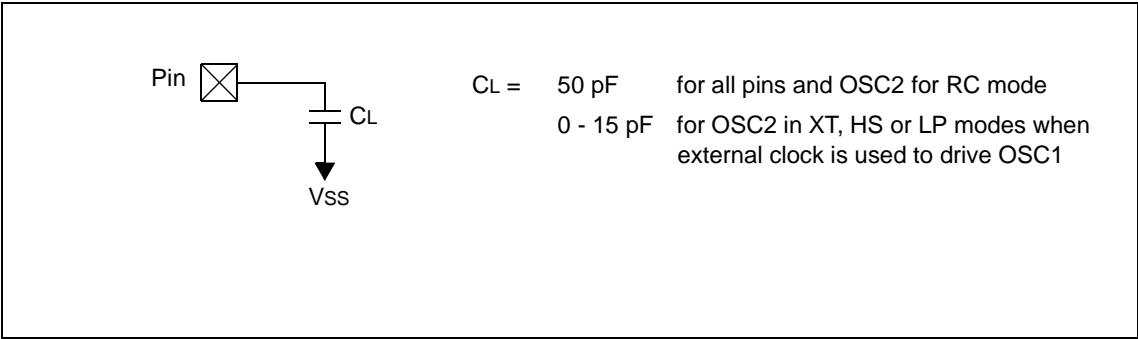
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp		mc	MCLR
2	to	osc	oscillator
ck	CLKOUT	os	OSC1
cy	cycle time	t0	T0CKI
drt	device reset timer	wdt	watchdog timer
io	I/O port		

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

S		P	Period
F	Fall	R	Rise
H	High	V	Valid
I	Invalid (Hi-impedance)	Z	Hi-impedance
L	Low		

FIGURE 12-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54/55/56/57



PIC16C5X

13.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16CR54A-04E, 10E, 20E (Extended)

PIC16CR54A-04E, 10E, 20E (Extended)			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
D001	VDD	Supply Voltage RC, XT and LP modes HS mode	3.25 4.5	— —	6.0 5.5	V V	
D002	VDR	RAM Data Retention Voltage ⁽¹⁾	—	1.5*	—	V	Device in SLEEP mode
D003	VPOR	VDD Start Voltage to ensure Power-on Reset	—	VSS	—	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D004	SVDD	VDD Rise Rate to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*	—	—	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D010	IDD	Supply Current ⁽²⁾ RC ⁽³⁾ and XT modes HS mode HS mode	— — —	1.8 4.8 9.0	3.3 10 20	mA mA mA	FOSC = 4.0 MHz, VDD = 5.5V FOSC = 10 MHz, VDD = 5.5V FOSC = 16 MHz, VDD = 5.5V
D020	IPD	Power-down Current ⁽²⁾	— —	5.0 0.8	22 18	μA μA	VDD = 3.25V, WDT enabled VDD = 3.25V, WDT disabled

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VSS, T0CKI = VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.

3: Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: $I_R = V_{DD}/2R_{EXT}$ (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

FIGURE 14-9: V_{TH} (INPUT THRESHOLD VOLTAGE) OF I/O PINS vs. V_{DD}

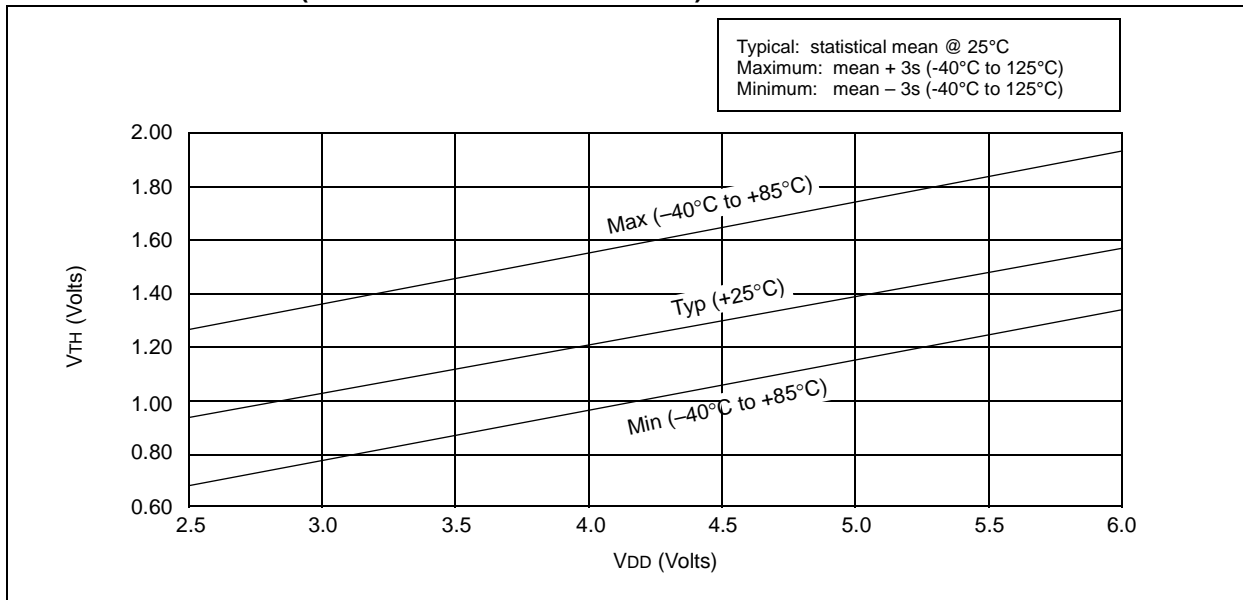
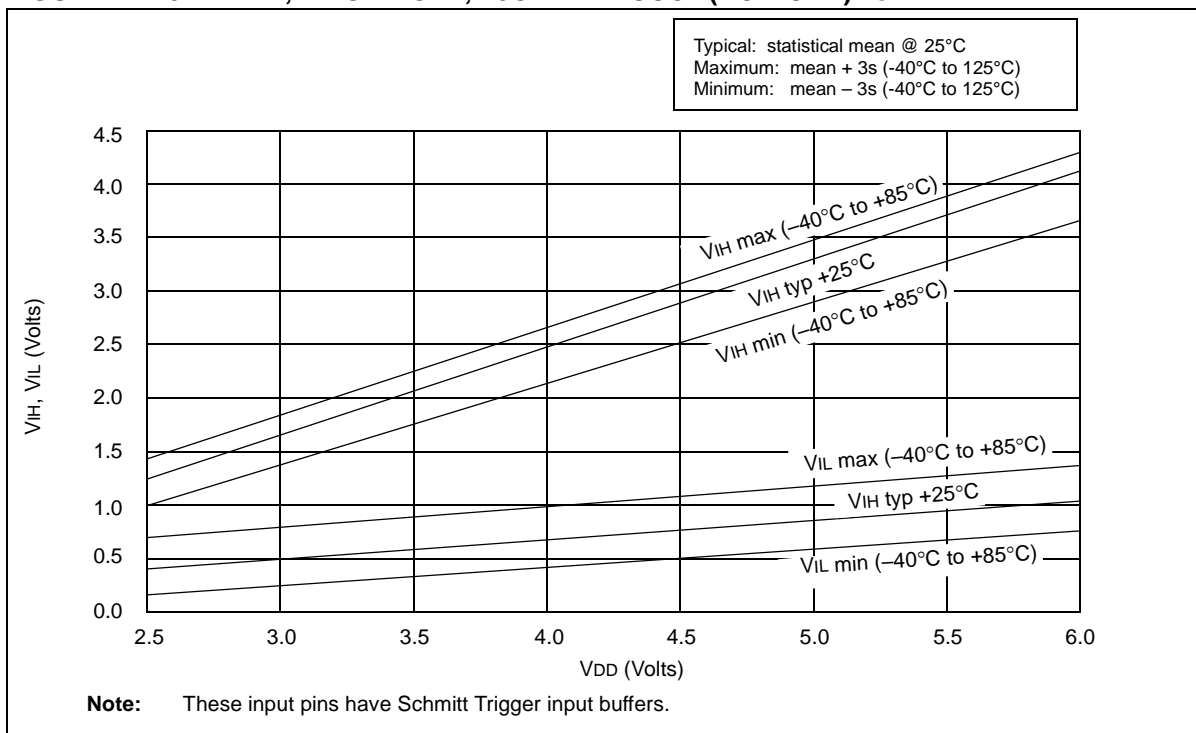


FIGURE 14-10: V_{IH} , V_{IL} OF MCLR, T0CKI AND OSC1 (RC MODE) vs. V_{DD}



PIC16C5X

**TABLE 14-2: INPUT CAPACITANCE FOR
PIC16C54/56**

Pin	Typical Capacitance (pF)	
	18L PDIP	18L SOIC
RA port	5.0	4.3
RB port	5.0	4.3
$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$	17.0	17.0
OSC1	4.0	3.5
OSC2/CLKOUT	4.3	3.5
T0CKI	3.2	2.8

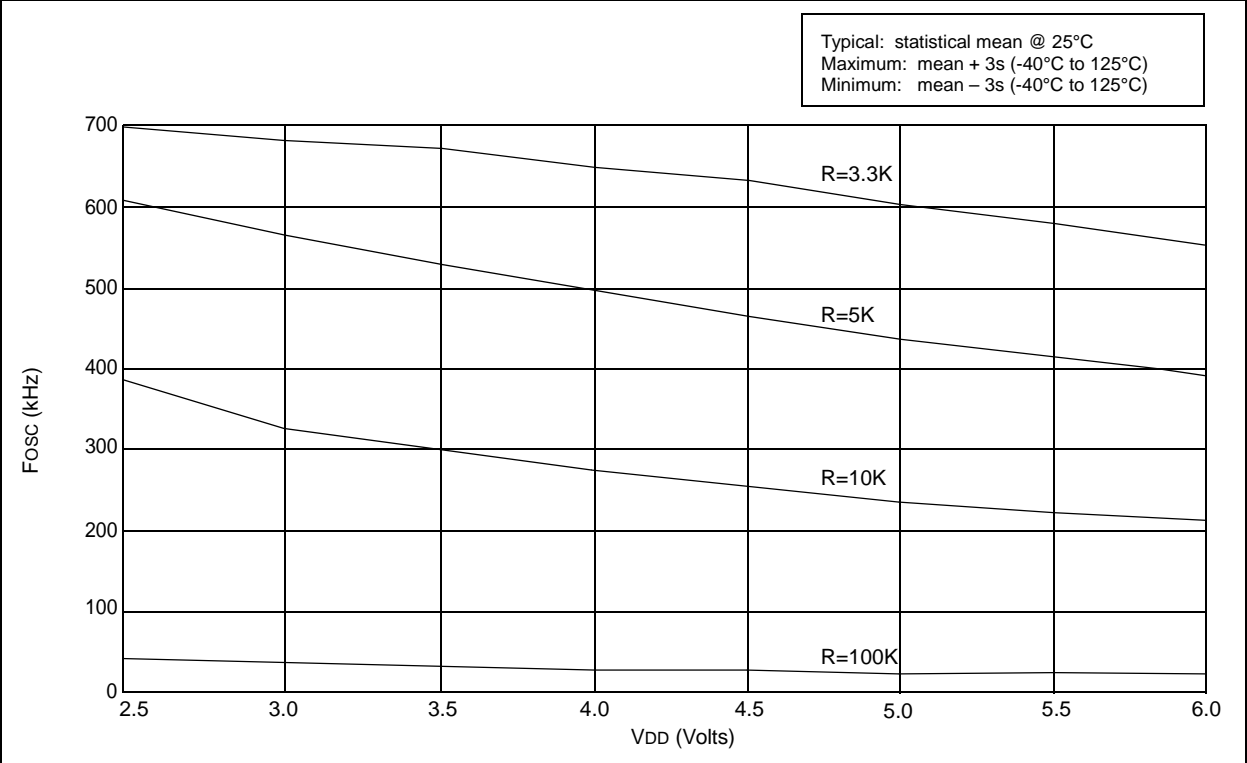
All capacitance values are typical at 25°C. A part-to-part variation of $\pm 25\%$ (three standard deviations) should be taken into account.

**TABLE 14-3: INPUT CAPACITANCE FOR
PIC16C55/57**

Pin	Typical Capacitance (pF)	
	28L PDIP (600 mil)	28L SOIC
RA port	5.2	4.8
RB port	5.6	4.7
RC port	5.0	4.1
$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$	17.0	17.0
OSC1	6.6	3.5
OSC2/CLKOUT	4.6	3.5
T0CKI	4.5	3.5

All capacitance values are typical at 25°C. A part-to-part variation of $\pm 25\%$ (three standard deviations) should be taken into account.

FIGURE 16-4: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY vs. VDD, CEXT = 300 pF, 25°C



PIC16C5X

FIGURE 16-5: TYPICAL I_{PD} vs. V_{DD}, WATCHDOG DISABLED (25°C)

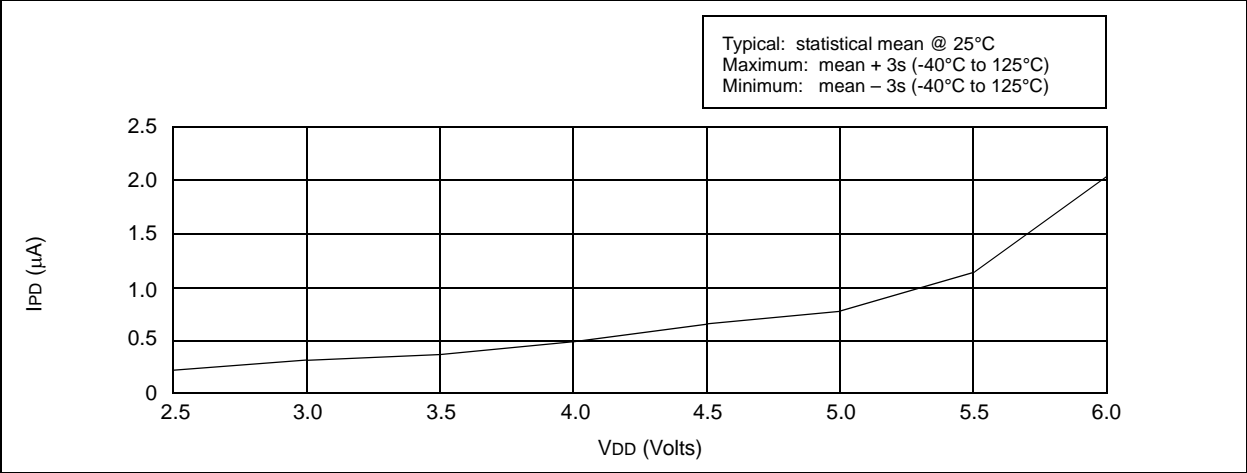


FIGURE 16-6: TYPICAL I_{PD} vs. V_{DD}, WATCHDOG ENABLED (25°C)

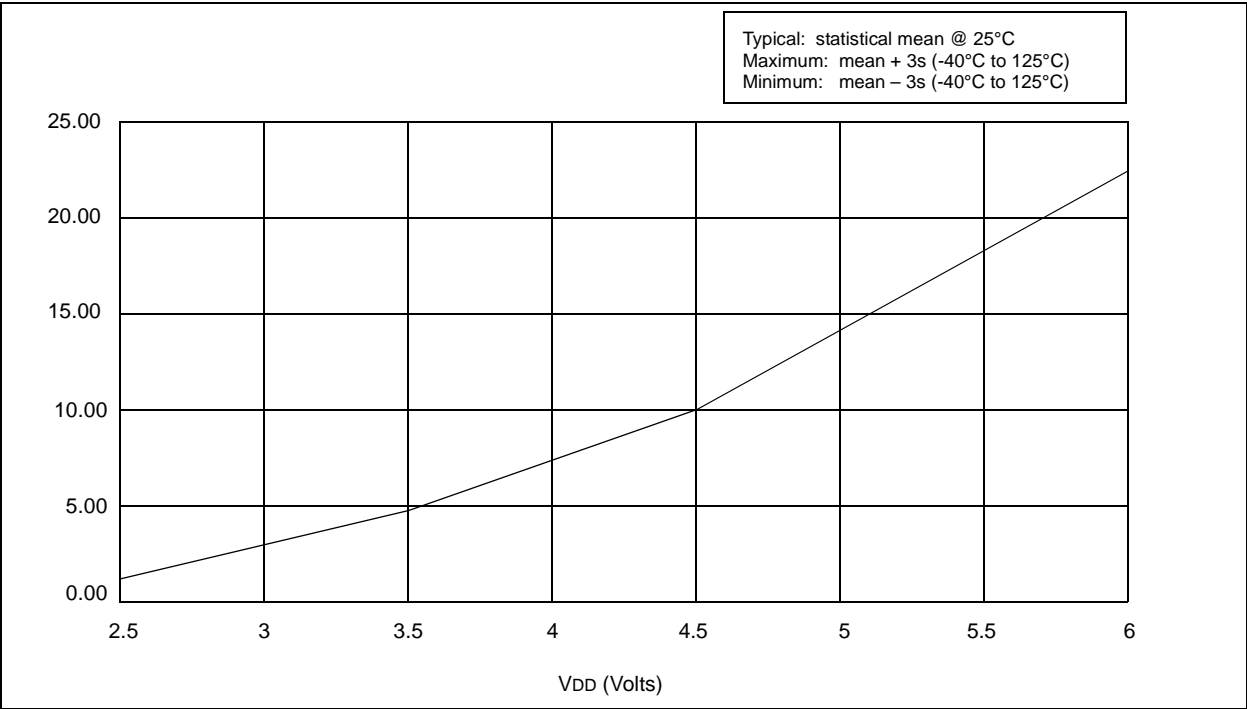


FIGURE 16-10: TYPICAL I_{DD} vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 20 pF, 25°C)

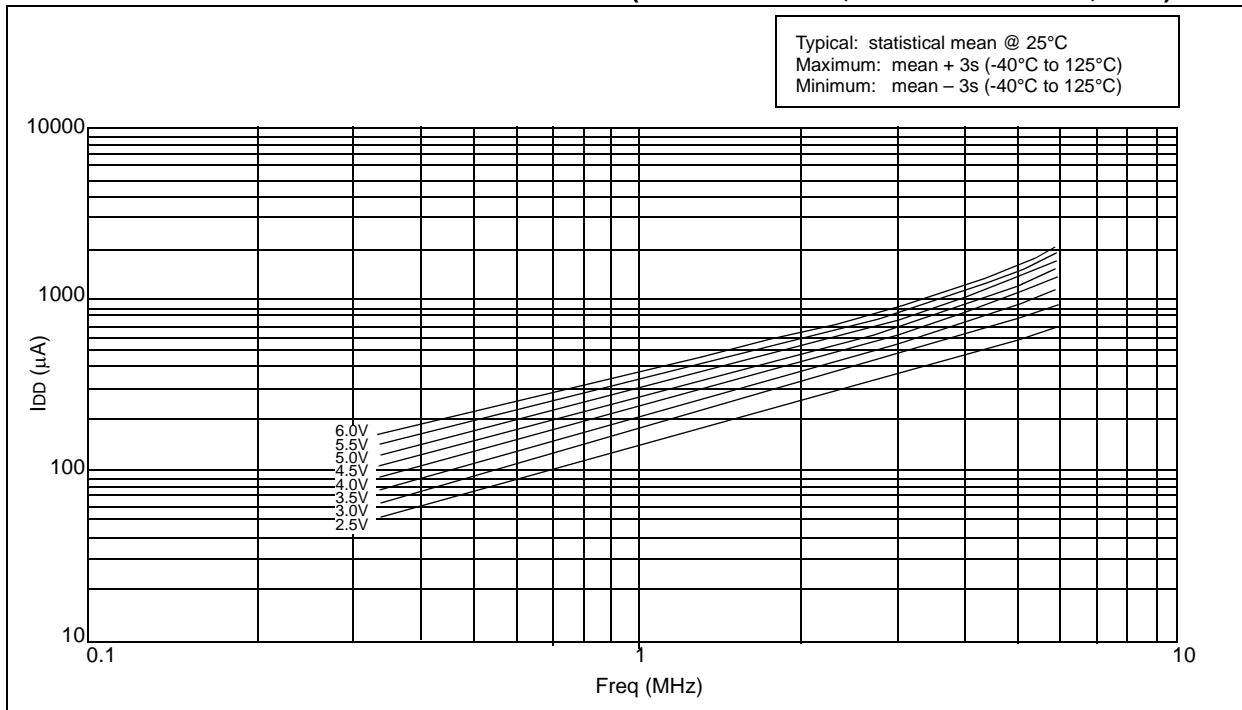
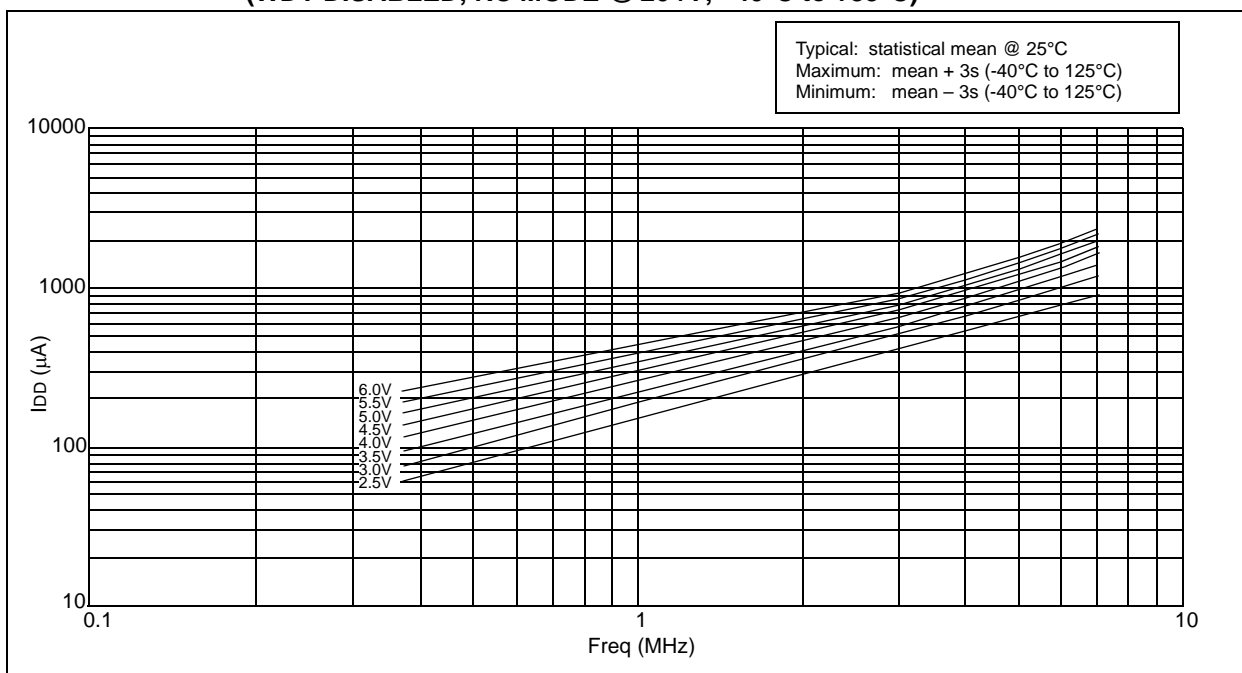


FIGURE 16-11: MAXIMUM I_{DD} vs. FREQUENCY (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE @ 20 pF, -40°C to +85°C)



19.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - PIC16LC54C 40MHz

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

Ambient temperature under bias	–55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature	–65°C to +150°C
Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS	0 to +7.5V
Voltage on MCLR with respect to VSS.....	0 to +14V
Voltage on all other pins with respect to VSS	–0.6V to (VDD + 0.6V)
Total power dissipation ⁽¹⁾	800 mW
Max. current out of VSS pin	150 mA
Max. current into VDD pin	100 mA
Max. current into an input pin (T0CKI only)	±500 µA
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0 or V _I > VDD).....	±20 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0 or V _O > VDD)	±20 mA
Max. output current sunk by any I/O pin	25 mA
Max. output current sourced by any I/O pin	20 mA
Max. output current sourced by a single I/O (Port A, B or C)	50 mA
Max. output current sunk by a single I/O (Port A, B or C).....	50 mA

Note 1: Power dissipation is calculated as follows: $P_{dis} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD}-V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

19.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-40 (Commercial)⁽¹⁾

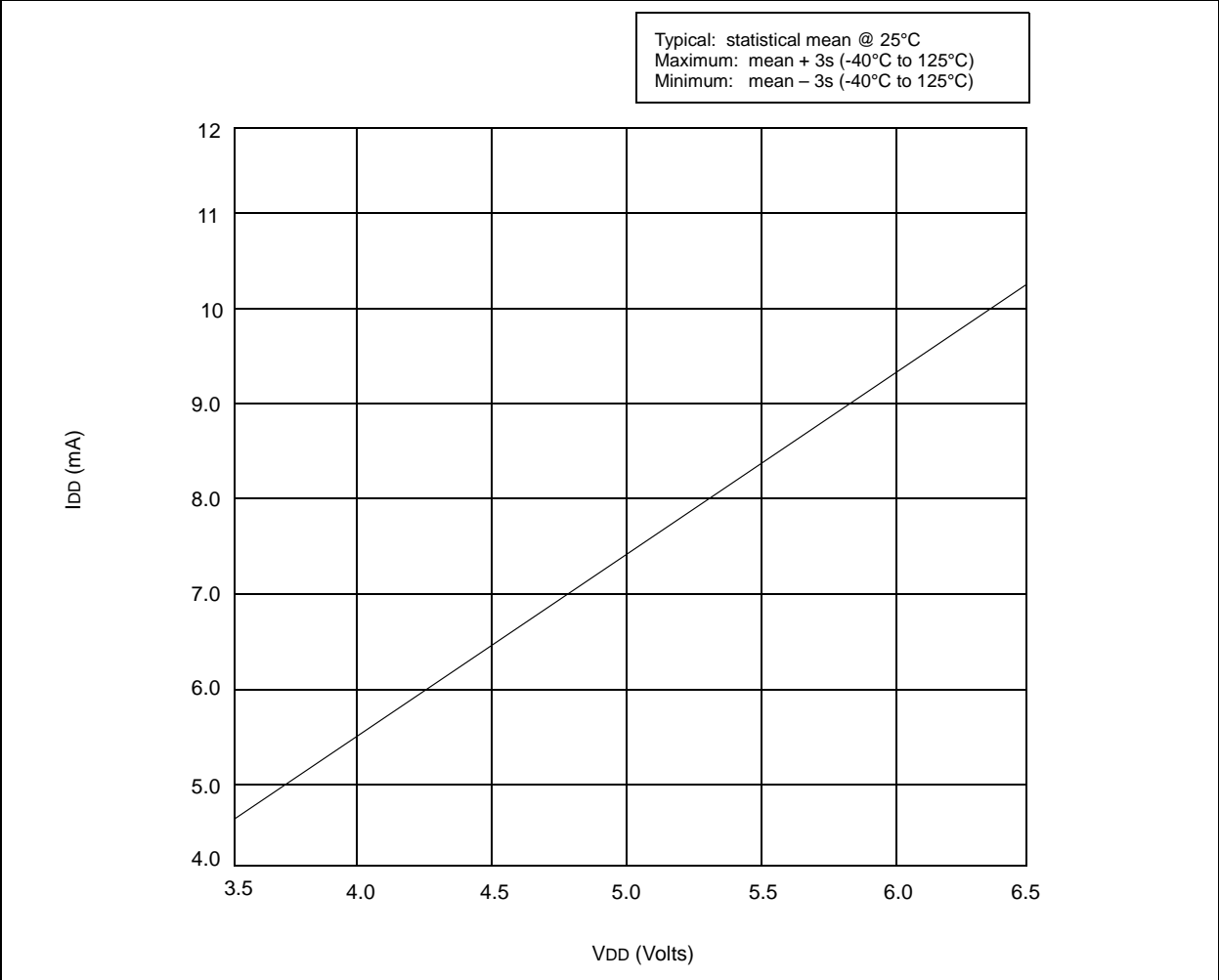
PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-40 (Commercial)			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)				
			Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
D001	VDD	Supply Voltage	4.5	—	5.5	V	HS mode from 20 - 40 MHz
D002	VDR	RAM Data Retention Voltage⁽²⁾	—	1.5*	—	V	Device in SLEEP mode
D003	VPOR	VDD Start Voltage to ensure Power-on Reset	—	VSS	—	V	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D004	SVDD	VDD Rise Rate to ensure Power-on Reset	0.05*	—	—	V/ms	See Section 5.1 for details on Power-on Reset
D010	IDD	Supply Current⁽³⁾	—	5.2 6.8	12.3 16	mA mA	FOSC = 40 MHz, VDD = 4.5V, HS mode FOSC = 40 MHz, VDD = 5.5V, HS mode
D020	IPD	Power-down Current⁽³⁾	—	1.8 9.8	7.0 27*	μA μA	VDD = 5.5V, WDT disabled, Commercial VDD = 5.5V, WDT enabled, Commercial

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

- Note 1:** Device operation between 20 MHz to 40 MHz requires the following: VDD between 4.5V to 5.5V, OSC1 pin externally driven, OSC2 pin not connected, HS oscillator mode and commercial temperatures. For operation between DC and 20 MHz, See Section 19.1.
- 2:** This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.
- 3:** The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.
- a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VSS, T0CKI = VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.
 - b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.

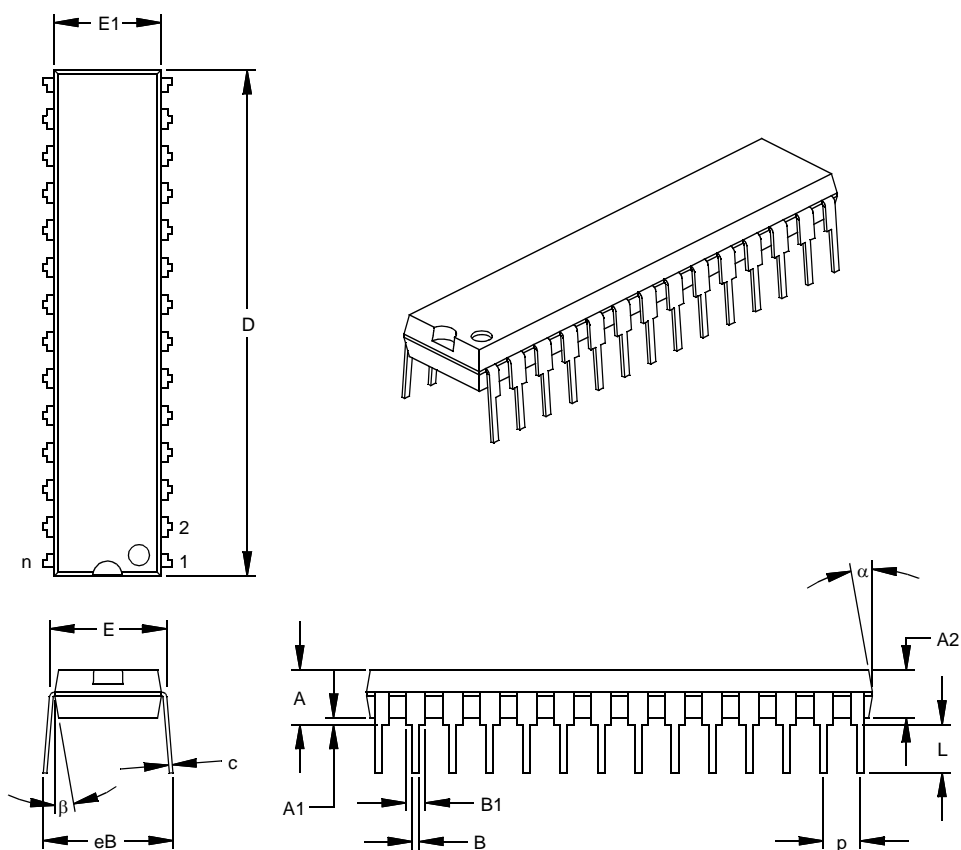
FIGURE 20-6: TYPICAL I_{DD} vs. V_{DD} (40 MHZ, WDT DISABLED, HS MODE, 70°C)



PIC16C5X

28-Lead Skinny Plastic Dual In-line (SP) – 300 mil (PDIP)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		28			28	
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.140	.150	.160	3.56	3.81	4.06
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.300	.310	.325	7.62	7.87	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.275	.285	.295	6.99	7.24	7.49
Overall Length	D	1.345	1.365	1.385	34.16	34.67	35.18
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.040	.053	.065	1.02	1.33	1.65
Lower Lead Width	B	.016	.019	.022	0.41	0.48	0.56
Overall Row Spacing	§ eB	.320	.350	.430	8.13	8.89	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

* Controlling Parameter

§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:

Dimension D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-095

Drawing No. C04-070

PIC16C5X

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	-	XX	X	/XX	XXX
Device		Frequency Range/OSC Type	Temperature Range	Package	Pattern
Device		PIC16C54 PIC16C54A PIC16CR54A PIC16C54C PIC16CR54C PIC16C55 PIC16C55A PIC16C56 PIC16C56A PIC16CR56A PIC16C57 PIC16C57C PIC16CR57C PIC16C58B PIC16CR58B	PIC16C54T ⁽²⁾ PIC16C54AT ⁽²⁾ PIC16CR54AT ⁽²⁾ PIC16C54CT ⁽²⁾ PIC16CR54CT ⁽²⁾ PIC16C55T ⁽²⁾ PIC16C55AT ⁽²⁾ PIC16C56T ⁽²⁾ PIC16C56AT ⁽²⁾ PIC16CR56AT ⁽²⁾ PIC16C57T ⁽²⁾ PIC16C57CT ⁽²⁾ PIC16CR57CT ⁽²⁾ PIC16C58BT ⁽²⁾ PIC16CR58BT ⁽²⁾		
Frequency Range/ Oscillator Type		RC Resistor Capacitor LP Low Power Crystal XT Standard Crystal/Resonator HS High Speed Crystal 02 200 KHz (LP) or 2 MHz (XT and RC) 04 200 KHz (LP) or 4 MHz (XT and RC) 10 10 MHz (HS only) 20 20 MHz (HS only) 40 40 MHz (HS only) b ⁽⁴⁾ No oscillator type for JW packages ⁽³⁾			
		*RC/LP/XT/HS are for 16C54/55/56/57 devices only -02 is available for 16LV54A only -04/10/20 options are available for all other devices -40 is available for 16C54C/55A/56A/57C/58B devices only			
Temperature Range		b ⁽⁴⁾ = 0°C to +70°C I = -40°C to +85°C E = -40°C to +125°C			
Package		S = Die in Waffle Pack JW = 28-pin 600 mil/18-pin 300 mil windowed CER-DIP ⁽³⁾ P = 28-pin 600 mil/18-pin 300 mil PDIP SO = 300 mil SOIC SS = 209 mil SSOP SP = 28-pin 300 mil Skinny PDIP			
		*See Section 21 for additional package information.			
Pattern		QTP, SQTP, ROM code (factory specified) or Special Requirements. Blank for OTP and Windowed devices.			

Examples:

- PIC16C55A - 04/P 301 = Commercial Temp., PDIP package, 4 MHz, standard VDD limits, QTP pattern #301
- PIC16LC54C - 04I/SO Industrial Temp., SOIC package, 200 kHz, extended VDD limits
- PIC16C57 - RC/SP = RC Oscillator, commercial temp, skinny PDIP package, 4 MHz, standard VDD limits
- PIC16C58BT -40/SS 123 = commercial temp, SSOP package in tape and reel, 4 MHz, extended VDD limits, ROM pattern #123

- Note**
- C = normal voltage range
LC = extended
 - T = in tape and reel - SOIC and SSOP packages only
 - JW Devices are UV erasable and can be programmed to any device configuration. JW Devices meet the electrical requirements of each oscillator type, including LC devices.
 - b = Blank

Sales and Support

Data Sheets

Products supported by a preliminary Data Sheet may have an errata sheet describing minor operational differences and recommended workarounds. To determine if an errata sheet exists for a particular device, please contact one of the following:

- Your local Microchip sales office
- The Microchip Worldwide Site (www.microchip.com)