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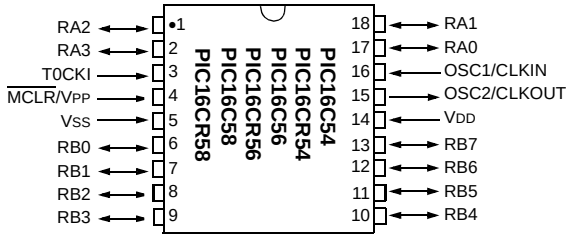
Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

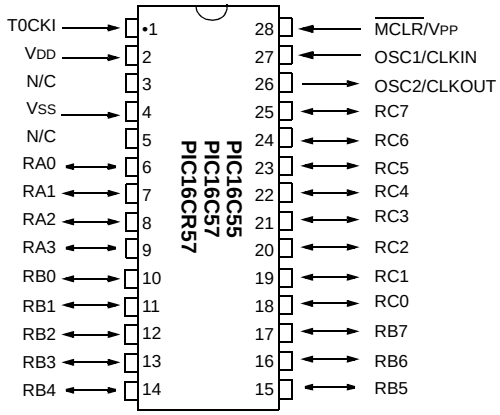
Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	4MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	3KB (2K x 12)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	73 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16lc58b-04-ss

Pin Diagrams

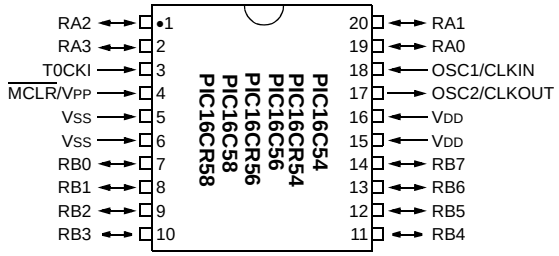
PDIP, SOIC, Windowed CERDIP



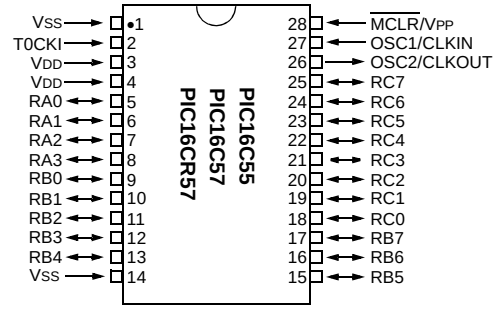
PDIP, SOIC, Windowed CERDIP



SSOP



SSOP



Device Differences

Device	Voltage Range	Oscillator Selection (Program)	Oscillator	Process Technology (Microns)	ROM Equivalent	$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Filter
PIC16C54	2.5-6.25	Factory	See **Note 1**	1.2	PIC16CR54A	No
PIC16C54A	2.0-6.25	User	See **Note 1**	0.9	—	No
PIC16C54C	2.5-5.5	User	See **Note 1**	0.7	PIC16CR54C	Yes
PIC16C55	2.5-6.25	Factory	See **Note 1**	1.7	—	No
PIC16C55A	2.5-5.5	User	See **Note 1**	0.7	—	Yes
PIC16C56	2.5-6.25	Factory	See **Note 1**	1.7	—	No
PIC16C56A	2.5-5.5	User	See **Note 1**	0.7	PIC16CR56A	Yes
PIC16C57	2.5-6.25	Factory	See **Note 1**	1.2	—	No
PIC16C57C	2.5-5.5	User	See **Note 1**	0.7	PIC16CR57C	Yes
PIC16C58B	2.5-5.5	User	See **Note 1**	0.7	PIC16CR58B	Yes
PIC16CR54A	2.5-6.25	Factory	See **Note 1**	1.2	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR54C	2.5-5.5	Factory	See **Note 1**	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR56A	2.5-5.5	Factory	See **Note 1**	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR57C	2.5-5.5	Factory	See **Note 1**	0.7	N/A	Yes
PIC16CR58B	2.5-5.5	Factory	See **Note 1**	0.7	N/A	Yes

Note 1: If you change from this device to another device, please verify oscillator characteristics in your application.

Note: The table shown above shows the generic names of the PIC16C5X devices. For device varieties, please refer to Section 2.0.

NOTES:

FIGURE 5-3: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ($\overline{MCLR}$ NOT TIED TO VDD)

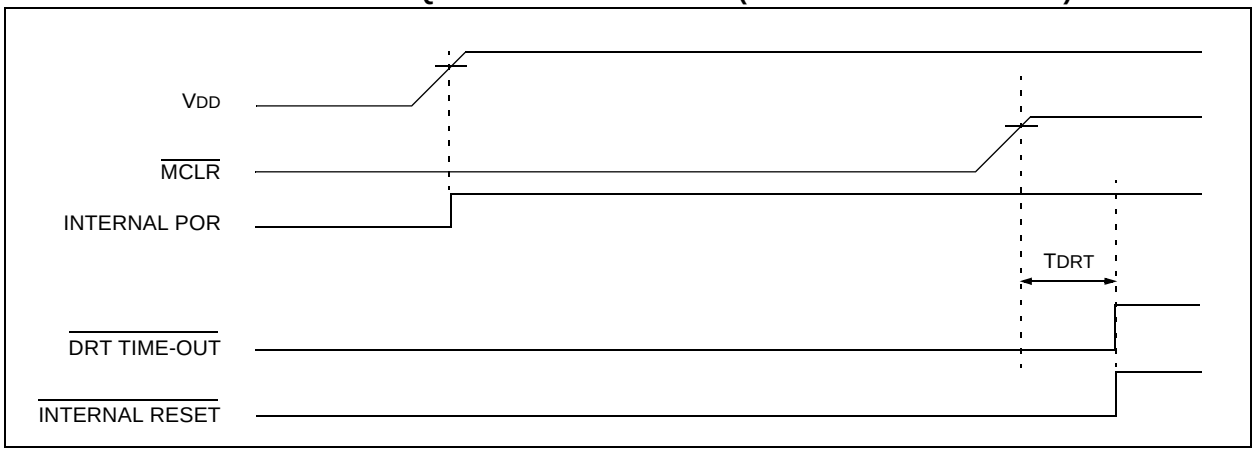


FIGURE 5-4: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ($\overline{MCLR}$ TIED TO VDD): FAST VDD RISE TIME

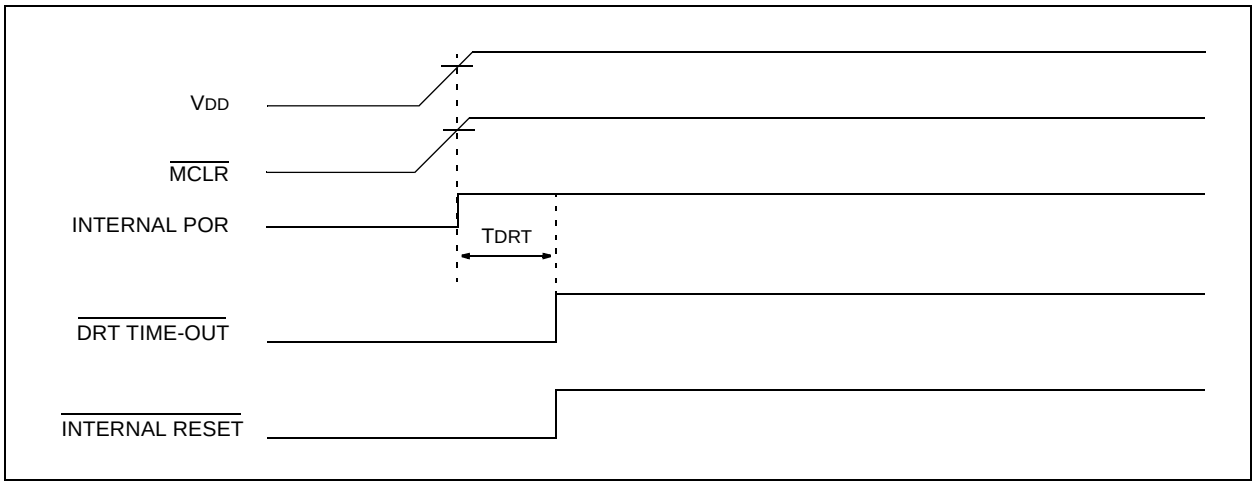
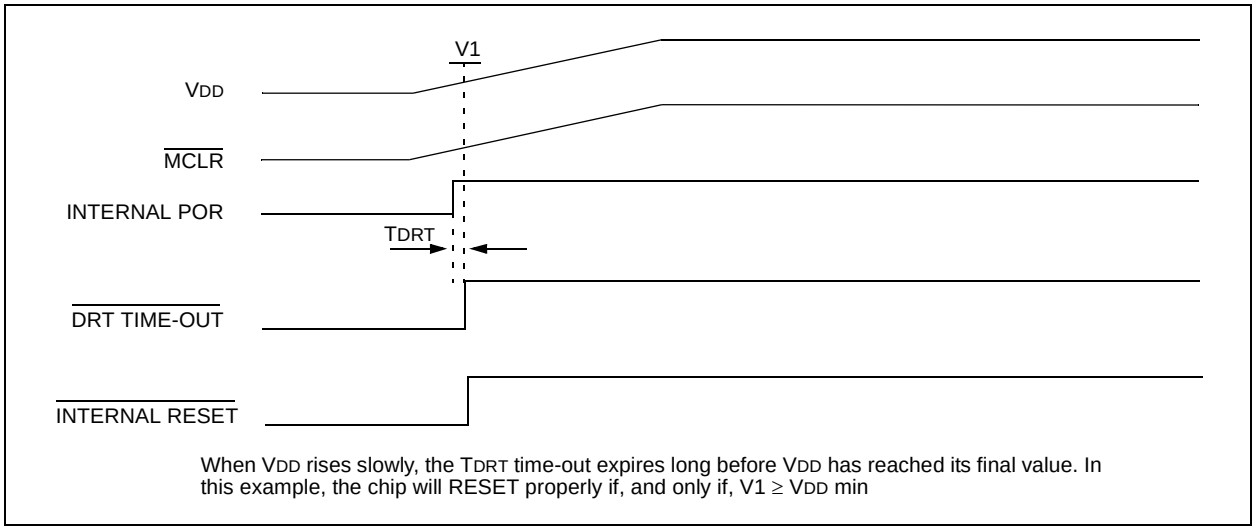


FIGURE 5-5: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ($\overline{MCLR}$ TIED TO VDD): SLOW VDD RISE TIME



When VDD rises slowly, the TDRT time-out expires long before VDD has reached its final value. In this example, the chip will RESET properly if, and only if, V1 ≥ VDD min

NOTES:

9.1 Configuration Bits

Configuration bits can be programmed to select various device configurations. Two bits are for the selection of the oscillator type and one bit is the Watchdog Timer enable bit. Nine bits are code protection bits for the PIC16C54A, PIC16CR54A, PIC16C54C, PIC16CR54C, PIC16C55A, PIC16C56A, PIC16CR56A, PIC16C57C, PIC16CR57C, PIC16C58B, and PIC16CR58B devices (Register 9-1). One bit is for code protection for the PIC16C54, PIC16C55, PIC16C56 and PIC16C57 devices (Register 9-2).

QTP or ROM devices have the oscillator configuration programmed at the factory and these parts are tested accordingly (see "Product Identification System" diagrams in the back of this data sheet).

REGISTER 9-1: CONFIGURATION WORD FOR PIC16C54A/CR54A/C54C/CR54C/C55A/C56A/ CR56A/C57C/CR57C/C58B/CR58B

CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	CP	WDTE	FOSC1	FOSC0
bit 11											bit 0

bit 11-3: **CP**: Code Protection Bit
1 = Code protection off
0 = Code protection on

bit 2: **WDTE**: Watchdog timer enable bit
1 = WDT enabled
0 = WDT disabled

bit 1-0: **FOSC1:FOSC0**: Oscillator Selection Bit
00 = LP oscillator
01 = XT oscillator
10 = HS oscillator
11 = RC oscillator

Note 1: Refer to the PIC16C5X Programming Specification (Literature Number DS30190) to determine how to access the configuration word.

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	1 = bit is set	0 = bit is cleared	x = bit is unknown

BSF **Bit Set f**

Syntax: [*label*] BSF f,b

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$0 \le b \le 7$

Operation: $1 \rightarrow (f<b>)$

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0101	bbbf	ffff

Description: Bit 'b' in register 'f' is set.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example:
```
BSF     FLAG_REG,    7
```
Before Instruction
FLAG_REG = 0x0A
After Instruction
FLAG_REG = 0x8A

BTFSC **Bit Test f, Skip if Clear**

Syntax: [*label*] BTFSC f,b

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$0 \le b \le 7$

Operation: skip if (f<b>) = 0

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0110	bbbf	ffff

Description: If bit 'b' in register 'f' is 0 then the next instruction is skipped.
If bit 'b' is 0 then the next instruction fetched during the current instruction execution is discarded, and a `NOP` is executed instead, making this a 2-cycle instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1(2)

Example:
```
HERE    BTFSC   FLAG,1
FALSE   GOTO    PROCESS_CODE
TRUE    •
        •
        •
```
Before Instruction
PC = address `(HERE)`
After Instruction
if FLAG<1> = 0,
PC = address `(TRUE)`;
if FLAG<1> = 1,
PC = address `(FALSE)`

BTFSS **Bit Test f, Skip if Set**

Syntax: [*label*] BTFSS f,b

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$0 \le b < 7$

Operation: skip if (f<b>) = 1

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0111	bbbf	ffff

Description: If bit 'b' in register 'f' is '1' then the next instruction is skipped.
If bit 'b' is '1', then the next instruction fetched during the current instruction execution, is discarded and a `NOP` is executed instead, making this a 2-cycle instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1(2)

Example:
```
HERE    BTFSS   FLAG,1
FALSE   GOTO    PROCESS_CODE
TRUE    •
        •
        •
```
Before Instruction
PC = address `(HERE)`
After Instruction
If FLAG<1> = 0,
PC = address `(FALSE)`;
if FLAG<1> = 1,
PC = address `(TRUE)`

IORLW **Inclusive OR literal with W**

Syntax: [*label*] IORLW k

Operands: $0 \le k \le 255$

Operation: (W) .OR. (k) → (W)

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

1101	kkkk	kkkk

Description: The contents of the W register are OR'ed with the eight bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example:
```
IORLW  0x35
```
Before Instruction
W = 0x9A
After Instruction
W = 0xBF
Z = 0

IORWF **Inclusive OR W with f**

Syntax: [*label*] IORWF f,d

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$d \in [0,1]$

Operation: (W).OR. (f) → (dest)

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

0001	00df	ffff

Description: Inclusive OR the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example:
```
IORWF          RESULT, 0
```
Before Instruction
RESULT = 0x13
W = 0x91
After Instruction
RESULT = 0x13
W = 0x93
Z = 0

MOVF **Move f**

Syntax: [*label*] MOVF f,d

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$d \in [0,1]$

Operation: (f) → (dest)

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

0010	00df	ffff

Description: The contents of register 'f' is moved to destination 'd'. If 'd' is 0, destination is the W register. If 'd' is 1, the destination is file register 'f'. 'd' is 1 is useful to test a file register since status flag Z is affected.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example:
```
MOVF   FSR,   0
```
After Instruction
W = value in FSR register

MOVLW **Move Literal to W**

Syntax: [*label*] MOVLW k

Operands: $0 \le k \le 255$

Operation: k → (W)

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

1100	kkkk	kkkk

Description: The eight bit literal 'k' is loaded into the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example:
```
MOVLW  0x5A
```
After Instruction
W = 0x5A

SUBWF **Subtract W from f**

Syntax: [*label*] SUBWF f,d

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$d \in [0,1]$

Operation: (f) – (W) → (dest)

Status Affected: C, DC, Z

Encoding:

0000	10df	ffff

Description: Subtract (2's complement method) the W register from register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example 1: `SUBWF REG1, 1`

Before Instruction
REG1 = 3
W = 2
C = ?
After Instruction
REG1 = 1
W = 2
C = 1 ; result is positive

Example 2:
Before Instruction
REG1 = 2
W = 2
C = ?
After Instruction
REG1 = 0
W = 2
C = 1 ; result is zero

Example 3:
Before Instruction
REG1 = 1
W = 2
C = ?
After Instruction
REG1 = 0xFF
W = 2
C = 0 ; result is negative

SWAPF **Swap Nibbles in f**

Syntax: [*label*] SWAPF f,d

Operands: $0 \le f \le 31$
$d \in [0,1]$

Operation: (f<3:0>) → (dest<7:4>);
(f<7:4>) → (dest<3:0>)

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0011	10df	ffff

Description: The upper and lower nibbles of register 'f' are exchanged. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example `SWAPF REG1, 0`

Before Instruction
REG1 = 0xA5
After Instruction
REG1 = 0xA5
W = 0x5A

TRIS **Load TRIS Register**

Syntax: [*label*] TRIS f

Operands: f = 5, 6 or 7

Operation: (W) → TRIS register f

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

0000	0000	0fff

Description: TRIS register 'f' (f = 5, 6, or 7) is loaded with the contents of the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example `TRIS PORTB`

Before Instruction
W = 0xA5
After Instruction
TRISB = 0xA5

12.4 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54/55/56/57-RC, XT, 10, HS, LP (Commercial) PIC16C54/55/56/57-RCI, XTI, 10I, HSI, LPI (Industrial)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic/Device**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
D030	VIL	**Input Low Voltage**					
		I/O ports	VSS	—	0.2 VDD	V	Pin at hi-impedance
		MCLR (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.15 VDD	V	PIC16C5X-RC only(3)
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	VSS	—	0.3 VDD	V	PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
D040	VIH	**Input High Voltage**					
		I/O ports	0.45 VDD	—	VDD	V	For all VDD(4)
		I/O ports	2.0	—	VDD	V	4.0V < VDD ≤ 5.5V(4)
		I/O ports	0.36 VDD	—	VDD	V	VDD > 5.5V
		MCLR (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	PIC16C5X-RC only(3)
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	0.7 VDD	—	VDD	V	PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
D050	VHYS	**Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs**	0.15 VDD*	—	—	V	
D060	IIL	**Input Leakage Current(1,2)**					**For VDD ≤ 5.5V:**
		I/O ports	–1	0.5	+1	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, pin at hi-impedance
		MCLR	–5	—	—	µA	VPIN = VSS + 0.25V
		MCLR	—	0.5	+5	µA	VPIN = VDD
		T0CKI	–3	0.5	+3	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD
		OSC1	–3	0.5	+3	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
D080	VOL	**Output Low Voltage**					
		I/O ports	—	—	0.6	V	IOL = 8.7 mA, VDD = 4.5V
		OSC2/CLKOUT	—	—	0.6	V	IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, PIC16C5X-RC
D090	VOH	**Output High Voltage(2)**					
		I/O ports	VDD – 0.7	—	—	V	IOH = –5.4 mA, VDD = 4.5V
		OSC2/CLKOUT	VDD – 0.7	—	—	V	IOH = –1.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, PIC16C5X-RC

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltage.

2: Negative current is defined as coming out of the pin.

3: For PIC16C5X-RC devices, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C5X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

4: The user may use the better of the two specifications.

12.5 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54/55/56/57-RCE, XTE, 10E, HSE, LPE (Extended)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
D030	VIL	**Input Low Voltage**					
		I/O ports	Vss	—	0.15 VDD	V	Pin at hi-impedance
		MCLR (Schmitt Trigger)	Vss	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	Vss	—	0.15 VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	Vss	—	0.15 VDD	V	PIC16C5X-RC only(3)
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	Vss	—	0.3 VDD	V	PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
D040	VIH	**Input High Voltage**					
		I/O ports	0.45 VDD	—	VDD	V	For all VDD(4)
		I/O ports	2.0	—	VDD	V	4.0V < VDD ≤ 5.5V(4)
		I/O ports	0.36 VDD	—	VDD	V	VDD > 5.5 V
		MCLR (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		T0CKI (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	0.85 VDD	—	VDD	V	PIC16C5X-RC only(3)
		OSC1 (Schmitt Trigger)	0.7 VDD	—	VDD	V	PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
D050	VHYS	**Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs**	0.15 VDD*	—	—	V	
D060	IIL	**Input Leakage Current (1,2)**					**For VDD ≤ 5.5 V:**
		I/O ports	–1	0.5	+1	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, pin at hi-impedance
		MCLR	–5	—	—	µA	VPIN = VSS + 0.25V
		MCLR	—	0.5	+5	µA	VPIN = VDD
		T0CKI	–3	0.5	+3	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD
		OSC1	–3	0.5	+3	µA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, PIC16C5X-XT, 10, HS, LP
D080	VOL	**Output Low Voltage**					
		I/O ports	—	—	0.6	V	IOL = 8.7 mA, VDD = 4.5V
		OSC2/CLKOUT	—	—	0.6	V	IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, PIC16C5X-RC
D090	VOH	**Output High Voltage(2)**					
		I/O ports	VDD – 0.7	—	—	V	IOH = –5.4 mA, VDD = 4.5V
		OSC2/CLKOUT	VDD – 0.7	—	—	V	IOH = –1.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, PIC16C5X-RC

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: The leakage current on the $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltage.

2: Negative current is defined as coming out of the pin.

3: For PIC16C5X-RC devices, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C5X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

4: The user may use the better of the two specifications.

12.7 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

FIGURE 12-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING - PIC16C54/55/56/57

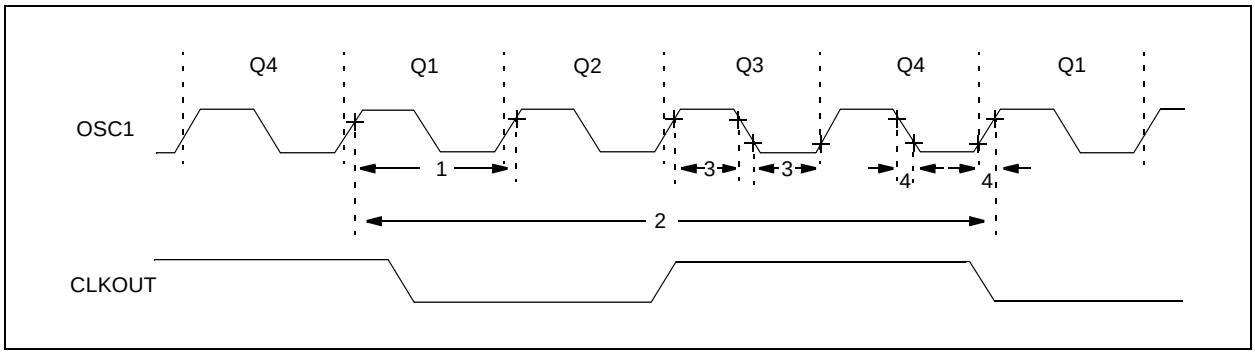


TABLE 12-1: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54/55/56/57

AC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
1A	FOSC	External CLKIN Frequency(1)	DC	—	4.0	MHz	XT OSC mode
			DC	—	10	MHz	10 MHz mode
			DC	—	20	MHz	HS OSC mode (Comm/Ind)
			DC	—	16	MHz	HS OSC mode (Ext)
			DC	—	40	kHz	LP OSC mode
		Oscillator Frequency(1)	DC	—	4.0	MHz	RC OSC mode
			0.1	—	4.0	MHz	XT OSC mode
			4.0	—	10	MHz	10 MHz mode
			4.0	—	20	MHz	HS OSC mode (Comm/Ind)
			4.0	—	16	MHz	HS OSC mode (Ext)
			DC	—	40	kHz	LP OSC mode

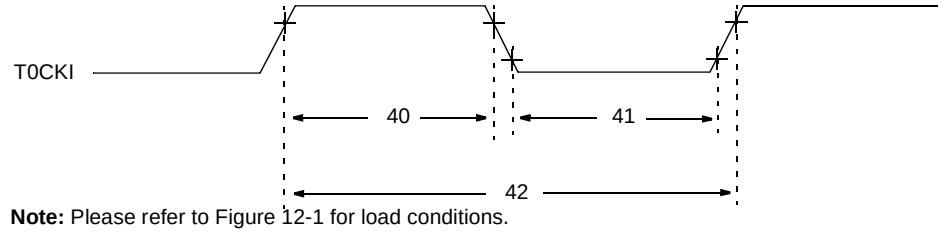
* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption.
When an external clock input is used, the "max" cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

2: Instruction cycle period (TCY) equals four times the input oscillator time base period.

FIGURE 12-5: TIMER0 CLOCK TIMINGS - PIC16C54/55/56/57



Note: Please refer to Figure 12-1 for load conditions.

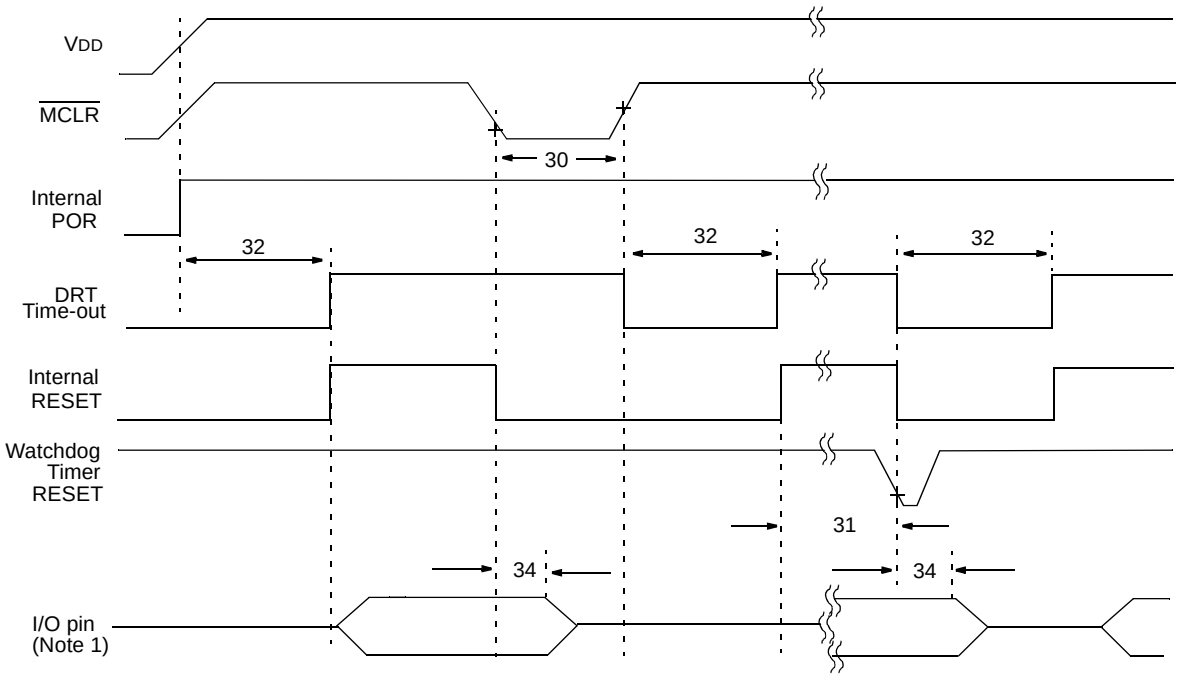
TABLE 12-4: TIMER0 CLOCK REQUIREMENTS - PIC16C54/55/56/57

AC Characteristics		**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended					
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
40	Tt0H	T0CKI High Pulse Width - No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns	
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	—	ns	
41	Tt0L	T0CKI Low Pulse Width - No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns	
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	—	ns	
42	Tt0P	T0CKI Period	20 or $\frac{T_{CY} + 40}{N}$*	—	—	ns	Whichever is greater. N = Prescale Value (1, 2, 4,..., 256)

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

FIGURE 13-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER TIMING - PIC16CR54A



Note 1: Please refer to Figure 13.1 for load conditions.

TABLE 13-3: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER - PIC16CR54A

AC Characteristics	**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended						
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
30	TmcL	$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Pulse Width (low)	1.0*	—	—	μs	VDD = 5.0V
31	Twdt	Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler)	7.0*	18*	40*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
32	TDRT	Device Reset Timer Period	7.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
34	Tioz	I/O Hi-impedance from $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Low	—	—	1.0*	μs	

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

15.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16C54A-04E, 10E, 20E (Extended) PIC16LC54A-04E (Extended)

PIC16LC54A-04E (Extended)			**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended				
PIC16C54A-04E, 10E, 20E (Extended)			**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
	IPD	**Power-down Current(2)**					
D020		PIC16LC54A	—	2.5	15	µA	VDD = 2.5V, WDT enabled, Extended
			—	0.25	7.0	µA	VDD = 2.5V, WDT disabled, Extended
D020A		PIC16C54A	—	5.0	22	µA	VDD = 3.5V, WDT enabled
			—	0.8	18*	µA	VDD = 3.5V, WDT disabled

Legend: Rows with standard voltage device data only are shaded for improved readability.

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is based on characterization results at 25°C. This data is for design guidance only and is not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as bus loading, oscillator type, bus rate, internal code execution pattern and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

a) The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active Operation mode are: OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VSS, T0CKI = VDD, $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

b) For standby current measurements, the conditions are the same, except that the device is in SLEEP mode. The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type.

3: Does not include current through REXT. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula: IR = VDD/2REXT (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

FIGURE 16-5: TYPICAL IPD VS. VDD, WATCHDOG DISABLED (25°C)

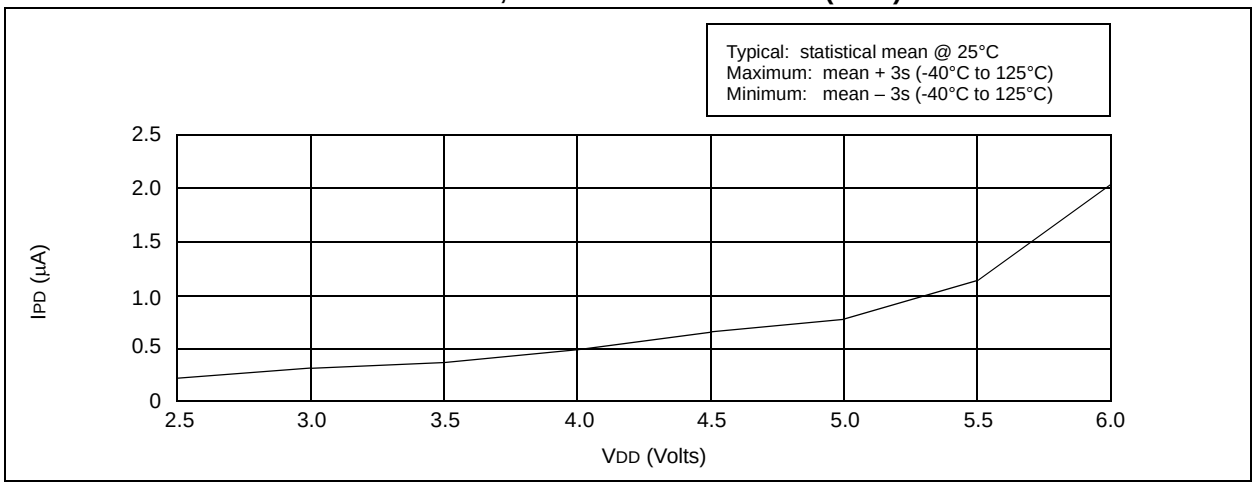


FIGURE 16-6: TYPICAL IPD VS. VDD, WATCHDOG ENABLED (25°C)

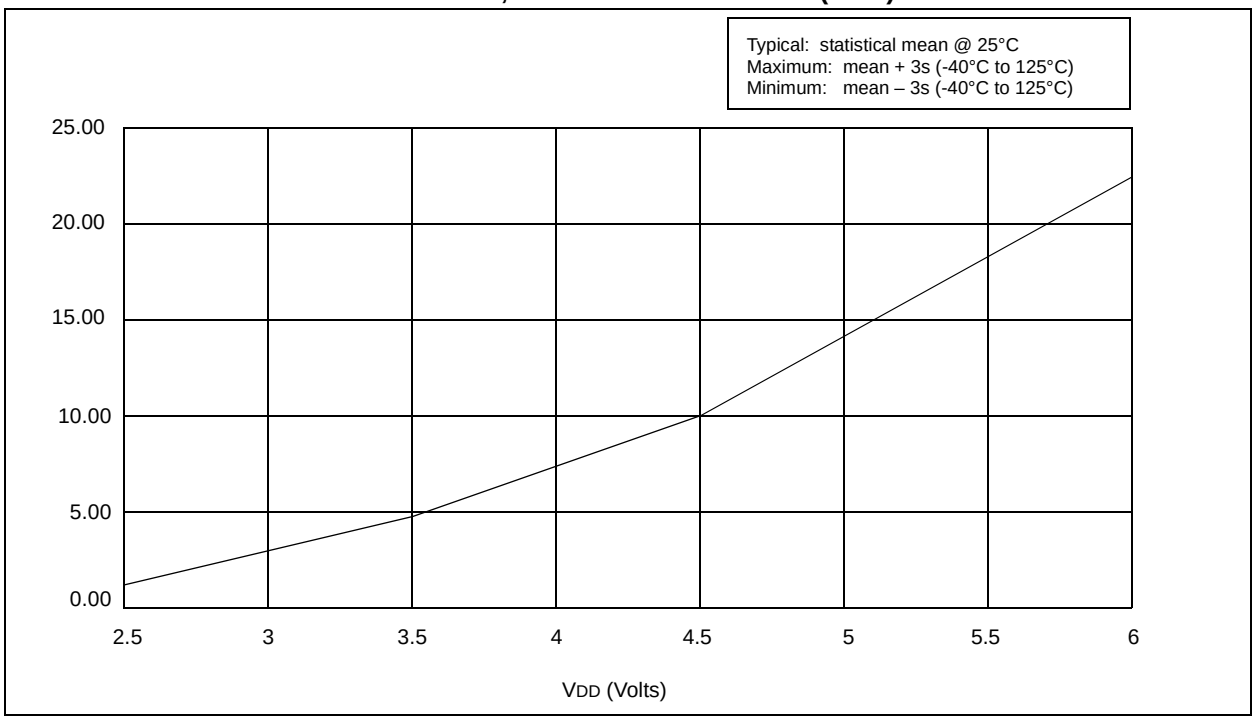
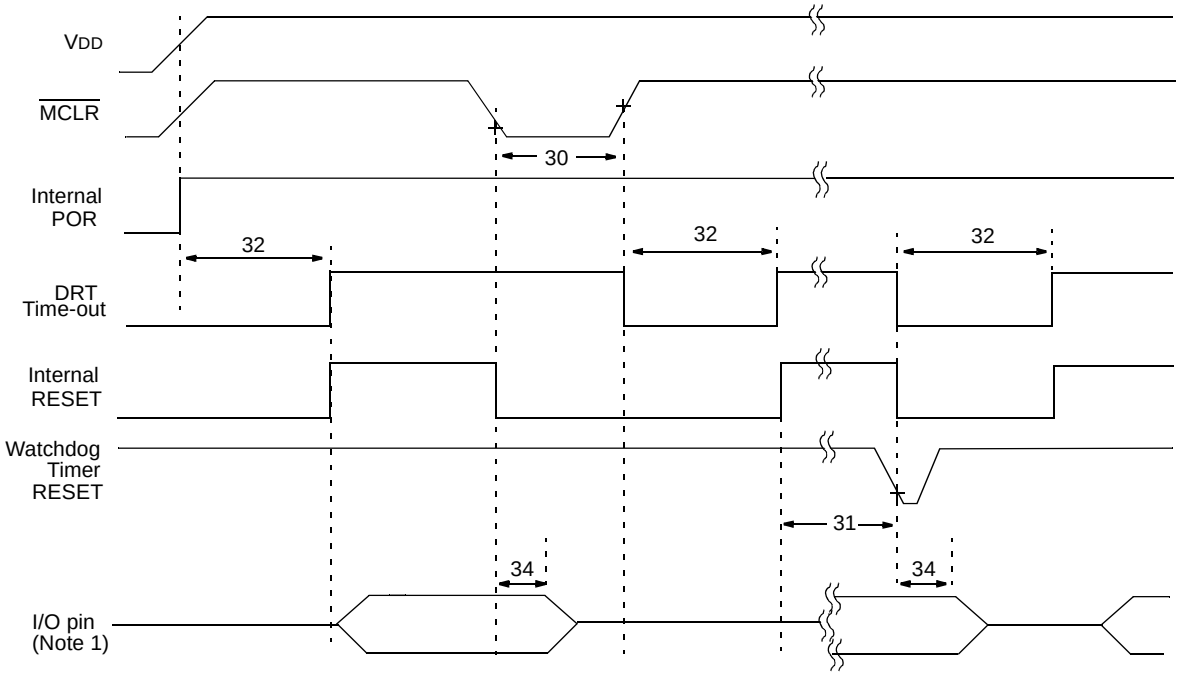


FIGURE 17-8: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER TIMING - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X



Note 1: Please refer to Figure 17-5 for load conditions.

TABLE 17-3: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, AND DEVICE RESET TIMER - PIC16C5X, PIC16CR5X

AC Characteristics	**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial –40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended						
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
30	TmcL	$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Pulse Width (low)	1000*	—	—	ns	VDD = 5.0V
31	Twdt	Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler)	9.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
32	TDRT	Device Reset Timer Period	9.0*	18*	30*	ms	VDD = 5.0V (Comm)
34	Tioz	I/O Hi-impedance from $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Low	100*	300*	1000*	ns	

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical (“Typ”) column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

19.3 Timing Parameter Symbology and Load Conditions

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS

T	
F Frequency	T Time

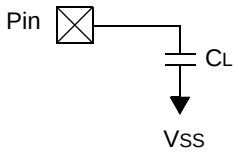
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp	
2 to	mc $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$
ck CLKOUT	osc oscillator
cy cycle time	os OSC1
drt device reset timer	t0 T0CKI
io I/O port	wdt watchdog timer

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

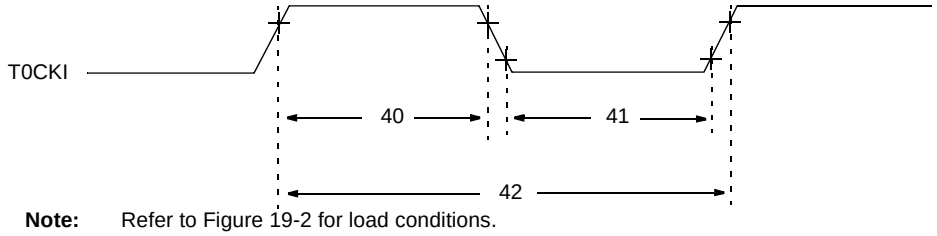
S	
F Fall	P Period
H High	R Rise
I Invalid (Hi-impedance)	V Valid
L Low	Z Hi-impedance

FIGURE 19-2: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS - PIC16C54C/C55A/C56A/C57C/C58B-40



C_L = 50 pF for all pins except OSC2
0 pF for OSC2 in HS mode for operation between 20 MHz to 40 MHz

FIGURE 19-6: TIMER0 CLOCK TIMINGS - PIC16C5X-40



Note: Refer to Figure 19-2 for load conditions.

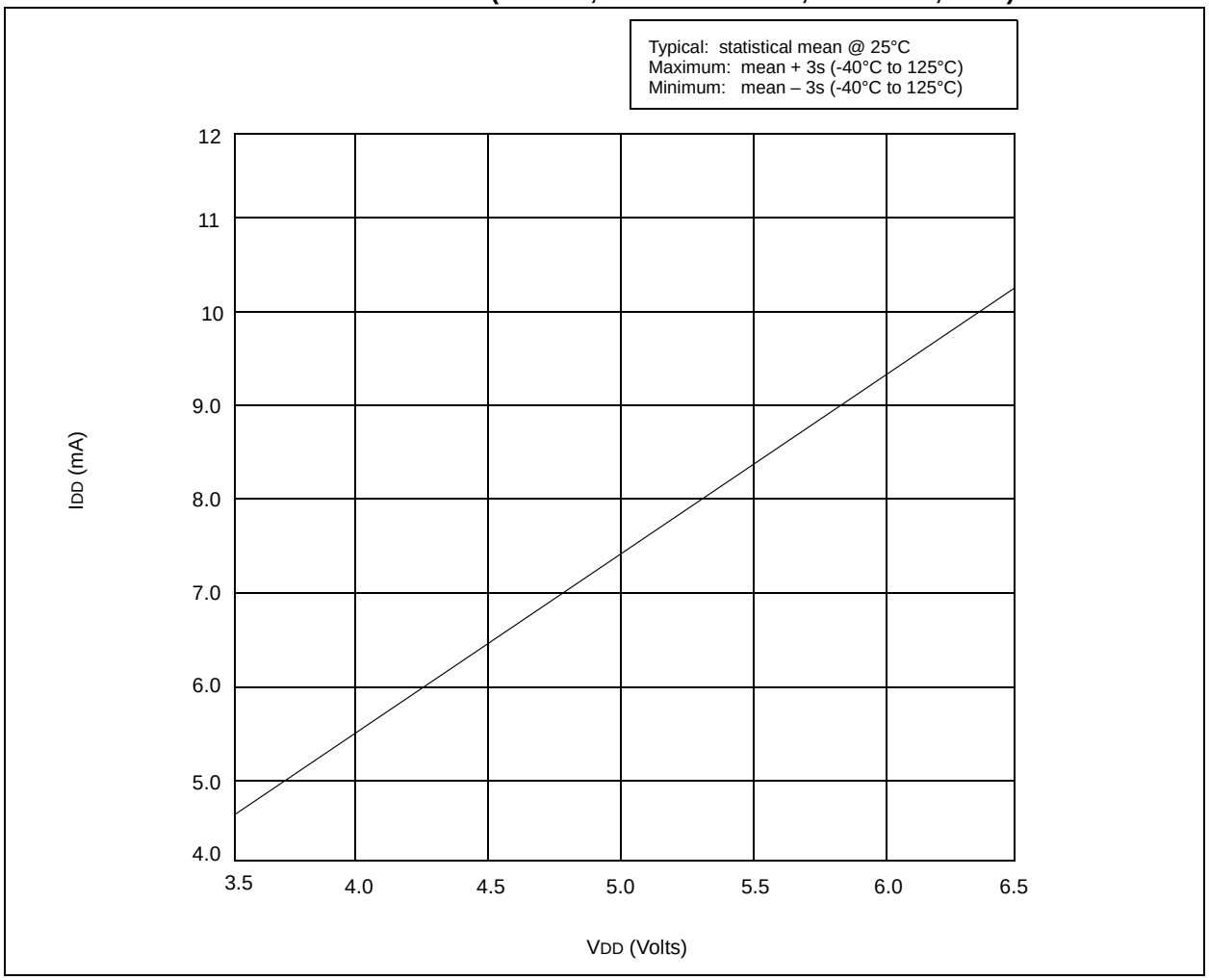
TABLE 19-4: TIMER0 CLOCK REQUIREMENTS PIC16C5X-40

AC Characteristics		**Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified)** Operating Temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial					
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ†**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
40	Tt0H	T0CKI High Pulse Width - No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns	
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	—	ns	
41	Tt0L	T0CKI Low Pulse Width - No Prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20*	—	—	ns	
		- With Prescaler	10*	—	—	ns	
42	Tt0P	T0CKI Period	20 or $\frac{T_{CY} + 40}{N}$*	—	—	ns	Whichever is greater. N = Prescale Value (1, 2, 4,..., 256)

* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in the Typical ("Typ") column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

FIGURE 20-6: TYPICAL IDD vs. VDD (40 MHZ, WDT DISABLED, HS MODE, 70°C)



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