E · / Fattice Semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324I Datasheet</u>



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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	279
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	324-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	324-CABGA (15x15)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo3l-4300c-6bg324i

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MachXO3 Family Data Sheet Introduction

January 2016

Features

Solutions

- Smallest footprint, lowest power, high data throughput bridging solutions for mobile applications
- Optimized footprint, logic density, IO count, IO performance devices for IO management and logic applications
- High IO/logic, lowest cost/IO, high IO devices for IO expansion applications

■ Flexible Architecture

- Logic Density ranging from 640 to 9.4K LUT4
- High IO to LUT ratio with up to 384 IO pins

Advanced Packaging

- 0.4 mm pitch: 1K to 4K densities in very small footprint WLCSP (2.5 mm x 2.5 mm to 3.8 mm x 3.8 mm) with 28 to 63 IOs
- 0.5 mm pitch: 640 to 6.9K LUT densities in 6 mm x 6 mm to 10 mm x 10 mm BGA packages with up to 281 IOs
- 0.8 mm pitch: 1K to 9.4K densities with up to 384 IOs in BGA packages

Pre-Engineered Source Synchronous I/O

- DDR registers in I/O cells
- Dedicated gearing logic
- 7:1 Gearing for Display I/Os
- Generic DDR, DDRx2, DDRx4

High Performance, Flexible I/O Buffer

- Programmable sysIO[™] buffer supports wide range of interfaces:
 - LVCMOS 3.3/2.5/1.8/1.5/1.2
 - LVTTL
 - LVDS, Bus-LVDS, MLVDS, LVPECL
 - MIPI D-PHY Emulated
 - Schmitt trigger inputs, up to 0.5 V hysteresis
- Ideal for IO bridging applications
- I/Os support hot socketing
- On-chip differential termination
- Programmable pull-up or pull-down mode

■ Flexible On-Chip Clocking

- · Eight primary clocks
- Up to two edge clocks for high-speed I/O interfaces (top and bottom sides only)
- Up to two analog PLLs per device with fractional-n frequency synthesis
 - Wide input frequency range (7 MHz to 400 MHz)
- Non-volatile, Multi-time Programmable
 - Instant-on
 - Powers up in microseconds
 - · Optional dual boot with external SPI memory
 - Single-chip, secure solution
 - Programmable through JTAG, SPI or I²C
 - MachXO3L includes multi-time programmable
 NVCM
 - MachXO3LF infinitely reconfigurable Flash

 Supports background programming of non-volatile memory

■ TransFR Reconfiguration

In-field logic update while IO holds the system state

Enhanced System Level Support

- On-chip hardened functions: SPI, I²C, timer/ counter
- On-chip oscillator with 5.5% accuracy
- Unique TraceID for system tracking
- Single power supply with extended operating range
- IEEE Standard 1149.1 boundary scan
- IEEE 1532 compliant in-system programming

Applications

- Consumer Electronics
- Compute and Storage
- Wireless Communications
- Industrial Control Systems
- Automotive System

Low Cost Migration Path

- Migration from the Flash based MachXO3LF to the NVCM based MachXO3L
- · Pin compatible and equivalent timing

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Advance Data Sheet DS1047



Table 1-1. MachXO3L/LF Family Selection Guide

Features		MachXO3L-640/ MachXO3LF-640	MachXO3L-1300/ MachXO3LF-1300	MachXO3L-2100/ MachXO3LF-2100	MachXO3L-4300/ MachXO3LF-4300	MachXO3L-6900/ MachXO3LF-6900	MachXO3L-9400/ MachXO3LF-9400
LUTs		640	1300	2100	4300	6900	9400
Distributed R/	AM (kbits)	5	10	16	34	54	73
EBR SRAM (I	kbits)	64	64	74	92	240	432
Number of PL	Ls	1	1	1	2	2	2
Hardened	l ² C	2	2	2	2	2	2
Functions:	SPI	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Timer/Counter	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Oscillator	1	1	1	1	1	1
MIPI D-PHY S	Support	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Multi Time Pr NVCM	ogrammable	MachXO3L-640	MachXO3L-1300	MachXO3L-2100	MachXO3L-4300	MachXO3L-6900	MachXO3L-9400
Programmable Flash		MachXO3LF-640	MachXO3LF-1300	MachXO3LF-2100	MachXO3LF-4300	MachXO3LF-6900	MachXO3LF-9400
Packages				ΙΟ			
36-ball WLCS (2.5 mm x 2.5	6P ¹ 6 mm, 0.4 mm)		28				
49-ball WLCS (3.2 mm x 3.2	P ¹ mm, 0.4 mm)			38			
81-ball WLCS (3.8 mm x 3.8	P ¹ mm, 0.4 mm)				63		
121-ball csfB0 (6 mm x 6 mm	GA ¹ n, 0.5 mm)	100	100	100	100		
256-ball csfB (9 mm x 9 mn	GA ¹ n, 0.5 mm)		206	206	206	206	206
324-ball csfB (10 mm x 10	GA ¹ mm, 0.5 mm)		2	268	268	281	
256-ball caBC (14 mm x 14 i	àA² mm, 0.8 mm)		206	206	206	206	206
324-ball caBC (15 mm x 15 i	àA² mm, 0.8 mm)			279	279	279	
400-ball caB0 (17 mm x 17 i	àA² mm, 0.8 mm)				335	335	335
484-ball caBC (19 mm x 19	3A² mm, 0.8 mm)						384

1. Package is only available for E=1.2 V devices.

2. Package is only available for C=2.5 V/3.3 V devices.

Introduction

MachXO3[™] device family is an Ultra-Low Density family that supports the most advanced programmable bridging and IO expansion. It has the breakthrough IO density and the lowest cost per IO. The device IO features have the integrated support for latest industry standard IO.

The MachXO3L/LF family of low power, instant-on, non-volatile PLDs has five devices with densities ranging from 640 to 9400 Look-Up Tables (LUTs). In addition to LUT-based, low-cost programmable logic these devices feature Embedded Block RAM (EBR), Distributed RAM, Phase Locked Loops (PLLs), pre-engineered source synchronous I/O support, advanced configuration support including dual-boot capability and hardened versions of commonly used functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/counter. MachXO3LF devices also support User Flash Memory (UFM). These features allow these devices to be used in low cost, high volume consumer and system applications.

The MachXO3L/LF devices are designed on a 65nm non-volatile low power process. The device architecture has several features such as programmable low swing differential I/Os and the ability to turn off I/O banks, on-chip PLLs



and oscillators dynamically. These features help manage static and dynamic power consumption resulting in low static power for all members of the family.

The MachXO3L/LF devices are available in two versions C and E with two speed grades: -5 and -6, with -6 being the fastest. C devices have an internal linear voltage regulator which supports external VCC supply voltages of 3.3 V or 2.5 V. E devices only accept 1.2 V as the external VCC supply voltage. With the exception of power supply voltage both C and E are functionally compatible with each other.

The MachXO3L/LF PLDs are available in a broad range of advanced halogen-free packages ranging from the space saving 2.5 x 2.5 mm WLCSP to the 19 x 19 mm caBGA. MachXO3L/LF devices support density migration within the same package. Table 1-1 shows the LUT densities, package and I/O options, along with other key parameters.

The MachXO3L/LF devices offer enhanced I/O features such as drive strength control, slew rate control, PCI compatibility, bus-keeper latches, pull-up resistors, pull-down resistors, open drain outputs and hot socketing. Pull-up, pull-down and bus-keeper features are controllable on a "per-pin" basis.

A user-programmable internal oscillator is included in MachXO3L/LF devices. The clock output from this oscillator may be divided by the timer/counter for use as clock input in functions such as LED control, key-board scanner and similar state machines.

The MachXO3L/LF devices also provide flexible, reliable and secure configuration from on-chip NVCM/Flash. These devices can also configure themselves from external SPI Flash or be configured by an external master through the JTAG test access port or through the I²C port. Additionally, MachXO3L/LF devices support dual-boot capability (using external Flash memory) and remote field upgrade (TransFR) capability.

Lattice provides a variety of design tools that allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the MachXO3L/LF family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for MachXO3L/LF. Lattice design tools use the synthesis tool output along with the user-specified preferences and constraints to place and route the design in the MachXO3L/LF device. These tools extract the timing from the routing and back-annotate it into the design for timing verification.

Lattice provides many pre-engineered IP (Intellectual Property) LatticeCORE[™] modules, including a number of reference designs licensed free of charge, optimized for the MachXO3L/LF PLD family. By using these configurable soft core IP cores as standardized blocks, users are free to concentrate on the unique aspects of their design, increasing their productivity.



Figure 2-4. Slice Diagram



For Slices 0 and 1, memory control signals are generated from Slice 2 as follows:

- WCK is CLK
 WRE is from LSR
- DI[3:2] for Slice 1 and DI[1:0] for Slice 0 data from Slice 2
- WAD [A:D] is a 4-bit address from slice 2 LUT input

 Table 2-2. Slice Signal Descriptions

Function	Туре	Signal Names	Description
Input	Data signal	A0, B0, C0, D0	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Data signal	A1, B1, C1, D1	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Multi-purpose	M0/M1	Multi-purpose input
Input	Control signal	CE	Clock enable
Input	Control signal	LSR	Local set/reset
Input	Control signal	CLK	System clock
Input	Inter-PFU signal	FCIN	Fast carry in ¹
Output	Data signals	F0, F1	LUT4 output register bypass signals
Output	Data signals	Q0, Q1	Register outputs
Output	Data signals	OFX0	Output of a LUT5 MUX
Output	Data signals	OFX1	Output of a LUT6, LUT7, LUT8 ² MUX depending on the slice
Output	Inter-PFU signal	FCO	Fast carry out ¹

1. See Figure 2-3 for connection details.

2. Requires two PFUs.



 Table 2-5. sysMEM Block Configurations

Memory Mode	Configurations
Single Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9
True Dual Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9
Pseudo Dual Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9 512 x 18
FIFO	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9 512 x 18

Bus Size Matching

All of the multi-port memory modes support different widths on each of the ports. The RAM bits are mapped LSB word 0 to MSB word 0, LSB word 1 to MSB word 1, and so on. Although the word size and number of words for each port varies, this mapping scheme applies to each port.

RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration. EBR initialization data can be loaded from the NVCM or Configuration Flash.

MachXO3LF EBR initialization data can also be loaded from the UFM. To maximize the number of UFM bits, initialize the EBRs used in your design to an all-zero pattern. Initializing to an all-zero pattern does not use up UFM bits. MachXO3LF devices have been designed such that multiple EBRs share the same initialization memory space if they are initialized to the same pattern.

By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAM can be created using EBR sysMEM Blocks. Typically, the Lattice design tools cascade memory transparently, based on specific design inputs.

Single, Dual, Pseudo-Dual Port and FIFO Modes

Figure 2-8 shows the five basic memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and addresses for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array. The output data of the memory is optionally registered at the memory array output.



If an EBR is pre-loaded during configuration, the GSR input must be disabled or the release of the GSR during device wake up must occur before the release of the device I/Os becoming active.

These instructions apply to all EBR RAM, ROM and FIFO implementations. For the EBR FIFO mode, the GSR signal is always enabled and the WE and RE signals act like the clock enable signals in Figure 2-10. The reset timing rules apply to the RPReset input versus the RE input and the RST input versus the WE and RE inputs. Both RST and RPReset are always asynchronous EBR inputs. For more details refer to TN1290, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO3 Devices.

Note that there are no reset restrictions if the EBR synchronous reset is used and the EBR GSR input is disabled.

Programmable I/O Cells (PIC)

The programmable logic associated with an I/O is called a PIO. The individual PIO are connected to their respective sysIO buffers and pads. On the MachXO3L/LF devices, the PIO cells are assembled into groups of four PIO cells called a Programmable I/O Cell or PIC. The PICs are placed on all four sides of the device.

On all the MachXO3L/LF devices, two adjacent PIOs can be combined to provide a complementary output driver pair.

All PIO pairs can implement differential receivers. Half of the PIO pairs on the top edge of these devices can be configured as true LVDS transmit pairs. The PIO pairs on the bottom edge of these devices have on-chip differential termination and also provide PCI support.



Output Gearbox

Each PIC on the top edge has a built-in 8:1 output gearbox. Each of these output gearboxes may be programmed as a 7:1 serializer or as one ODDRX4 (8:1) gearbox or as two ODDRX2 (4:1) gearboxes. Table 2-10 shows the gearbox signals.

Table 2-10. Output Gearbox Signal List

Name	I/O Type	Description
Q	Output	High-speed data output
D[7:0]	Input	Low-speed data from device core
Video TX(7:1): D[6:0]		
GDDRX4(8:1): D[7:0]		
GDDRX2(4:1)(IOL-A): D[3:0]		
GDDRX2(4:1)(IOL-C): D[7:4]		
SCLK	Input	Slow-speed system clock
ECLK [1:0]	Input	High-speed edge clock
RST	Input	Reset

The gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the low-speed input data on the low-speed system clock. The second stage registers transfer data from the low-speed clock registers to the high-speed clock registers. The third stage pipeline registers controlled by high-speed edge clock shift and mux the high-speed data out to the sysIO buffer. Figure 2-14 shows the output gearbox block diagram.



Configuration and Testing

This section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO3L/LF family.

IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO3L/LF devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with V_{CCIO} Bank 0 and can operate with LVCMOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, see AN8066, Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability and TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology.

Device Configuration

All MachXO3L/LF devices contain two ports that can be used for device configuration. The Test Access Port (TAP), which supports bit-wide configuration and the sysCONFIG port which supports serial configuration through I²C or SPI. The TAP supports both the IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan specification and the IEEE Standard 1532 In-System Configuration specification. There are various ways to configure a MachXO3L/LF device:

- 1. Internal NVCM/Flash Download
- 2. JTAG
- 3. Standard Serial Peripheral Interface (Master SPI mode) interface to boot PROM memory
- 4. System microprocessor to drive a serial slave SPI port (SSPI mode)
- 5. Standard I²C Interface to system microprocessor

Upon power-up, the configuration SRAM is ready to be configured using the selected sysCONFIG port. Once a configuration port is selected, it will remain active throughout that configuration cycle. The IEEE 1149.1 port can be activated any time after power-up by sending the appropriate command through the TAP port. Optionally the device can run a CRC check upon entering the user mode. This will ensure that the device was configured correctly.

The sysCONFIG port has 10 dual-function pins which can be used as general purpose I/Os if they are not required for configuration. See TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide for more information about using the dual-use pins as general purpose I/Os.

Lattice design software uses proprietary compression technology to compress bit-streams for use in MachXO3L/ LF devices. Use of this technology allows Lattice to provide a lower cost solution. In the unlikely event that this technology is unable to compress bitstreams to fit into the amount of on-chip NVCM/Flash, there are a variety of techniques that can be utilized to allow the bitstream to fit in the on-chip NVCM/Flash. For more details, refer to TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

The Test Access Port (TAP) has five dual purpose pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK and JTAGENB). These pins are dual function pins - TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK can be used as general purpose I/O if desired. For more details, refer to TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)

TransFR is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a simple push-button solution. For more details refer to TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology for details.



TraceID

Each MachXO3L/LF device contains a unique (per device), TraceID that can be used for tracking purposes or for IP security applications. The TraceID is 64 bits long. Eight out of 64 bits are user-programmable, the remaining 56 bits are factory-programmed. The TraceID is accessible through the EFB WISHBONE interface and can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C, or JTAG interfaces.

Density Shifting

The MachXO3L/LF family has been designed to enable density migration within the same package. Furthermore, the architecture ensures a high success rate when performing design migration from lower density devices to higher density devices. In many cases, it is also possible to shift a lower utilization design targeted for a high-density device to a lower density device. However, the exact details of the final resource utilization will impact the likely success in each case. When migrating from lower to higher density or higher to lower density, ensure to review all the power supplies and NC pins of the chosen devices. For more details refer to the MachXO3 migration files.



sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

		V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{REF} (V)		
Standard	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.				
LVCMOS 3.3	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—				
LVCMOS 2.5	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—				
LVCMOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—				
LVCMOS 1.5	1.425	1.5	1.575	—	—	—				
LVCMOS 1.2	1.14	1.2	1.26	—	—	—				
LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—				
LVDS25 ^{1, 2}	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—				
LVDS33 ^{1, 2}	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—				
LVPECL ¹	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—				
BLVDS ¹	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—				
MIPI ³	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—				
MIPI_LP ³	1.14	1.2	1.26	—	—	—				
LVCMOS25R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	1.1	1.25	1.4				
LVCMOS18R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.75	0.9	1.05				
LVCMOS18R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.75	0.9	1.05				
LVCMOS15R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.6	0.75	0.9				
LVCMOS15R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.6	0.75	0.9				
LVCMOS12R334	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.45	0.6	0.75				
LVCMOS12R254	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.45	0.6	0.75				
LVCMOS10R33 ⁴	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.35	0.5	0.65				
LVCMOS10R25 ^₄	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.35	0.5	0.65				

1. Inputs on-chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.

2. For the dedicated LVDS buffers.

3. Requires the addition of external resistors.

4. Supported only for inputs and BIDIs for -6 speed grade devices.



Typical Building Block Function Performance – C/E Devices¹

Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	–6 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	8.9	ns
4:1 MUX	7.5	ns
16:1 MUX	8.3	ns

Register-to-Register Performance

Function	–6 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16:1 MUX	412	MHz
16-bit adder	297	MHz
16-bit counter	324	MHz
64-bit counter	161	MHz
Embedded Memory Functions		
1024x9 True-Dual Port RAM (Write Through or Normal, EBR output registers)	183	MHz
Distributed Memory Functions		
16x4 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM (one PFU)	500	MHz

 The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.

Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.



DC and Switching Characteristics MachXO3 Family Data Sheet

		-6		-	-5	
Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centere C.ECLK.Centered ^{8, 9}	d at Pin Using PCLK Pin fo	or Clock	Input –			
Output Data Valid Before CLK Output		0.455	_	0.570	_	ns
Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.455	—	0.570	_	ns
DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	—	800	—	630	Mbps
DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		_	400	_	315	MHz
SCLK Frequency			100		79	MHz
Itputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1 ^{8, 9}						
Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output	 MachXO3L/LF devices,		0.160	_	0.180	ns
Output Data Invalid After CLK Output			0.160		0.180	ns
DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed			756		630	Mbps
DDR71 ECLK Frequency	top side only	_	378	—	315	MHz
7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (mini- mum limited by PLL)	_	_	108	_	90	MHz
Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at P (.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12}	in Using PCLK Pin for Clo	ck Input	-			
Output Data Valid Before CLK Output		0.200	—	0.200	_	UI
Output Data Valid After CLK Output	All MachXO3L/LF	0.200	_	0.200	_	UI
MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed		_	900	_	900	Mbps
MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)	devices, top side only	_	450	_	450	MHz
SCLK Frequency	<u> </u>	—	112.5	—	112.5	MHz
	Description RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered CECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} Output Data Valid Before CLK Output Output Data Valid After CLK Output DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) SCLK Frequency ttputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1 ^{8, 9} Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid After CLK Output DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed DDR71 ECLK Frequency 7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (mini- mum limited by PLL) Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at P C.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12} Output Data Valid Before CLK Output Output Data Valid After CLK Output MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) SCLK Frequency	DescriptionDeviceRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for C.ECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} Image: Context of the second s	Description Device Min. RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock (LECLK.Centered ^{8,9}) 0.455 Output Data Valid Before CLK Output 0.455 DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only SCLK Frequency Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid After CLK Output DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only DDR71 ECLK Frequency Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL) Output Data Valid After CLK Output Output Data Valid Before CLK Output Output Data Valid After CLK Output 0.200 0.200 0.200 Output Data Valid After CLK Out	-6Min.Max.RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - CLECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} Output Data Valid Before CLK Output0.455Output Data Valid After CLK OutputMachXO3L/LF devices, top side only0.455DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only800SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)100400Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output0.160Output Data Invalid After CLK Output0.160DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed DDR71 Serial Output Data SpeedMachXO3L/LF devices, top side only108Output Swith Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - t.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12} 0.200Output Data Valid Before CLK Output DDR71 Serial Output Data SpeedAll MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only0.200Output Data Valid After CLK Output Mup PLL)All MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only0.200MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed MIPI D-PHY Output Data SpeedAll MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only450MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)450450	Description Image: Description Image: Description Max. Min. Max. Min. RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - LECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} 0.455 - 0.570 Output Data Valid Before CLK Output MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only 0.455 - 0.570 DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 800 - DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 400 - SCLK Frequency - 0.160 -	Description Device Min. Max. Min. Max. RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - LECLK.Centered ^{9,9} 0.455 - 0.570 - Output Data Valid Before CLK Output MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only 0.455 - 0.570 - DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only 0.455 - 0.570 - DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 800 - 630 SCLK Frequency - 0.160 - 916 - 916 Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 0.160 - 0.180 DDR71 ECLK Frequency MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 756 - 630 DDR71 ECLK Frequency MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 756 - 630 DDR71 ECLK Frequency MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 108 - 90 Output Data Valid After CLK Output MachXO3L/LF

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.

2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0pf load, fast slew rate.

3. Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).

4. 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).

5. For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03 \text{ ns})/2$.

6. The t_{SU DEL} and t_{H DEL} values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 105 ps (-6), 113 ps (-5), 120 ps (-4).

7. This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/-10%.

8. Duty cycle is $\pm -5\%$ for system usage.

9. Performance is calculated with 0.225 UI.

10. Performance is calculated with 0.20 UI.

11. Performance for Industrial devices are only supported with VCC between 1.16 V to 1.24 V.

12. Performance for Industrial devices and -5 devices are not modeled in the Diamond design tool.

13. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.

14. Above 800 Mbps is only supported with WLCSP and csfBGA packages

15. Between 800 Mbps to 900 Mbps:

a. VIDTH exceeds the MIPI D-PHY Input DC Conditions Table 3-4 and can be calculated with the equation tSU or tH = -0.0005*VIDTH + 0.3284

b. Example calculations

i. tSU and tHO = 0.28 with VIDTH = 100 mV

ii. tSU and tHO = 0.25 with VIDTH = 170 mV

iii. tSU and tHO = 0.20 with VIDTH = 270 mV



sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
All Configuration Mo	odes				
t _{PRGM}	PROGRAMN low p	ulse accept	55	_	ns
t _{PRGMJ}	PROGRAMN low p	ulse rejection	_	25	ns
t _{INITL}	INITN low time	LCMXO3L/LF-640/ LCMXO3L/LF-1300	—	55	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-1300 256-Ball Package/ LCMXO3L/LF-2100	_	70	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100 324-Ball Package/ LCMXO3-4300	_	105	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300 400-Ball Package/ LCMXO3-6900	_	130	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-9400C	_	175	us
t _{DPPINIT}	PROGRAMN low to	PROGRAMN low to INITN low		150	ns
t _{DPPDONE}	PROGRAMN low to	PROGRAMN low to DONE low		150	ns
t _{IODISS}	PROGRAMN low to	PROGRAMN low to I/O disable		120	ns
Slave SPI					
f _{MAX}	CCLK clock frequer	CCLK clock frequency		66	MHz
t _{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse v	CCLK clock pulse width high		—	ns
t _{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse v	vidth low	7.5	_	ns
t _{STSU}	CCLK setup time	CCLK setup time		_	ns
t _{STH}	CCLK hold time	CCLK hold time		_	ns
t _{STCO}	CCLK falling edge t	CCLK falling edge to valid output		10	ns
t _{STOZ}	CCLK falling edge t	o valid disable	—	10	ns
t _{STOV}	CCLK falling edge t	o valid enable	—	10	ns
t _{SCS}	Chip select high tim	ne	25	—	ns
t _{SCSS}	Chip select setup ti	me	3	—	ns
t _{SCSH}	Chip select hold tim	ne	3	—	ns
Master SPI					
f _{MAX}	MCLK clock freque	ncy	_	133	MHz
t _{MCLKH}	MCLK clock pulse v	vidth high	3.75	—	ns
t _{MCLKL}	MCLK clock pulse v	width low	3.75	—	ns
t _{STSU}	MCLK setup time		5	—	ns
t _{STH}	MCLK hold time		1	—	ns
t _{CSSPI}	INITN high to chip s	select low	100	200	ns
t _{MCLK}	INITN high to first M	ICLK edge	0.75	1	US



I²C Port Timing Specifications^{1, 2}

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum SCL clock frequency		400	kHz

1. MachXO3L/LF supports the following modes:

• Standard-mode (Sm), with a bit rate up to 100 kbit/s (user and configuration mode)

• Fast-mode (Fm), with a bit rate up to 400 kbit/s (user and configuration mode)

2. Refer to the I^2C specification for timing requirements.

SPI Port Timing Specifications¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum SCK clock frequency		45	MHz

1. Applies to user mode only. For configuration mode timing specifications, refer to sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table in this data sheet.

Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-9 shows the output test load used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Table 3-6.

Figure 3-9. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVCMOS Standards



Table 3-6. Test Fixture Required Components	, Non-Terminated Interfaces
---	-----------------------------

Test Condition	R1	CL	Timing Ref.	VT
			LVTTL, LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5 V	_
		0pF	LVCMOS 2.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	_
LVTTL and LVCMOS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	∞		LVCMOS 1.8 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	
			LVCMOS 1.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	_
			LVCMOS 1.2 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	_
LVTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> H)			1.5	V _{OL}
LVTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> L)			1.5	V _{OH}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> H)	188	0nE	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{OL}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> L)	100	орі	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{OH}
LVTTL + LVCMOS (H -> Z)			V _{OH} - 0.15	V _{OL}
LVTTL + LVCMOS (L -> Z)			V _{OL} - 0.15	V _{OH}

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.



			MachXO3	L/LF-2100		
	WLCSP49	CSFBGA121	CSFBGA256	CSFBGA324	CABGA256	CABGA324
General Purpose IO per Bank		•	•			
Bank 0	19	24	50	71	50	71
Bank 1	0	26	52	62	52	68
Bank 2	13	26	52	72	52	72
Bank 3	0	7	16	22	16	24
Bank 4	0	7	16	14	16	16
Bank 5	6	10	20	27	20	28
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	38	100	206	268	206	279
Differential IO per Bank						
Bank 0	10	12	25	36	25	36
Bank 1	0	13	26	30	26	34
Bank 2	6	13	26	36	26	36
Bank 3	0	3	8	10	8	12
Bank 4	0	3	8	6	8	8
Bank 5	3	5	10	13	10	14
Total General Purpose Differential IO	19	49	103	131	103	140
Dual Function IO	25	33	33	37	33	37
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	5	7	14	18	14	18
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	6	13	14	18	14	18
High-speed Differential Outputs						
Bank 0	5	7	14	18	14	18
VCCIO Pins		•	•			
Bank 0	2	1	4	4	4	4
Bank 1	0	1	3	4	4	4
Bank 2	1	1	4	4	4	4
Bank 3	0	1	2	2	1	2
Bank 4	0	1	2	2	2	2
Bank 5	1	1	2	2	1	2
VCC	2	4	8	8	8	10
GND	4	10	24	16	24	16
NC	0	0	0	13	1	0
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	49	121	256	324	256	324



			Ма	chXO3L/LF	-4300		
	WLCSP81	CSFBGA121	CSFBGA256	CSFBGA324	CABGA256	CABGA324	CABGA400
General Purpose IO per Bank							
Bank 0	29	24	50	71	50	71	83
Bank 1	0	26	52	62	52	68	84
Bank 2	20	26	52	72	52	72	84
Bank 3	7	7	16	22	16	24	28
Bank 4	0	7	16	14	16	16	24
Bank 5	7	10	20	27	20	28	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	63	100	206	268	206	279	335
Differential IO per Bank							
Bank 0	15	12	25	36	25	36	42
Bank 1	0	13	26	30	26	34	42
Bank 2	10	13	26	36	26	36	42
Bank 3	3	3	8	10	8	12	14
Bank 4	0	3	8	6	8	8	12
Bank 5	3	5	10	13	10	14	16
Total General Purpose Differential IO	31	49	103	131	103	140	168
Dual Function IO	25	37	37	37	37	37	37
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes							
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	10	7	18	18	18	18	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	10	13	18	18	18	18	21
High-speed Differential Outputs							
Bank 0	10	7	18	18	18	18	21
VCCIO Pins							
Bank 0	3	1	4	4	4	4	5
Bank 1	0	1	3	4	4	4	5
Bank 2	2	1	4	4	4	4	5
Bank 3	1	1	2	2	1	2	2
Bank 4	0	1	2	2	2	2	2
Bank 5	1	1	2	2	1	2	2
VCC	4	4	8	8	8	10	10
GND	6	10	24	16	24	16	33
NC	0	0	0	13	1	0	0
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	81	121	256	324	256	324	400



		М	achXO3L/LF-69	00	
	CSFBGA256	CSFBGA324	CABGA256	CABGA324	CABGA400
General Purpose IO per Bank		•	•		•
Bank 0	50	73	50	71	83
Bank 1	52	68	52	68	84
Bank 2	52	72	52	72	84
Bank 3	16	24	16	24	28
Bank 4	16	16	16	16	24
Bank 5	20	28	20	28	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	206	281	206	279	335
Differential IO per Bank		•	•		•
Bank 0	25	36	25	36	42
Bank 1	26	34	26	34	42
Bank 2	26	36	26	36	42
Bank 3	8	12	8	12	14
Bank 4	8	8	8	8	12
Bank 5	10	14	10	14	16
Total General Purpose Differential IO	103	140	103	140	168
Dual Function IO	37	37	37	37	37
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes		•	•		
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	20	21	20	21	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	20	21	20	21	21
High-speed Differential Outputs		•	•		
Bank 0	20	21	20	21	21
VCCIO Pins		•	•		•
Bank 0	4	4	4	4	5
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5
Bank 2	4	4	4	4	5
Bank 3	2	2	1	2	2
Bank 4	2	2	2	2	2
Bank 5	2	2	1	2	2
VCC	8	8	8	10	10
GND	24	16	24	16	33
NC	0	0	1	0	0
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	256	324	256	324	400



MachXO3L Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-640E-5MG121C	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-640E-6MG121C	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-640E-5MG121I	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-640E-6MG121I	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36CTR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36CTR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36CTR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36ITR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36ITR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36ITR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG121C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG121C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG1211	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG1211	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG256C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG256C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG256I	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG256I	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-1300C-5BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300C-6BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300C-5BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-1300C-6BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49CTR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49CTR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49CTR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49ITR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49ITR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49ITR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG121C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG121C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG121I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG1211	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG256C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG256C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG256I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG256I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG324C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG324C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG324I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
				1		
Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND



MachXO3LF Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-640E-5MG121C	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-640E-6MG121C	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-640E-5MG1211	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-640E-6MG121I	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
Part Number	l IITe	Supply Voltage	Sneed	Package	abea I	Tomn

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36CTR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36CTR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36CTR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36ITR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36ITR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36ITR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG121C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG121C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG121I	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG121I	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG256C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG256C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG256I	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG256I	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300C-5BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300C-6BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300C-5BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300C-6BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49CTR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49CTR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49CTR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49ITR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49ITR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49ITR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG121C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG121C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG121I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG121I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG256C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG256C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG256I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG256I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG324C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG324C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG324I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND