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[Understanding Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	80
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	640
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	100
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	121-VFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	121-CSFBGA (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo3l-640e-5mg121c

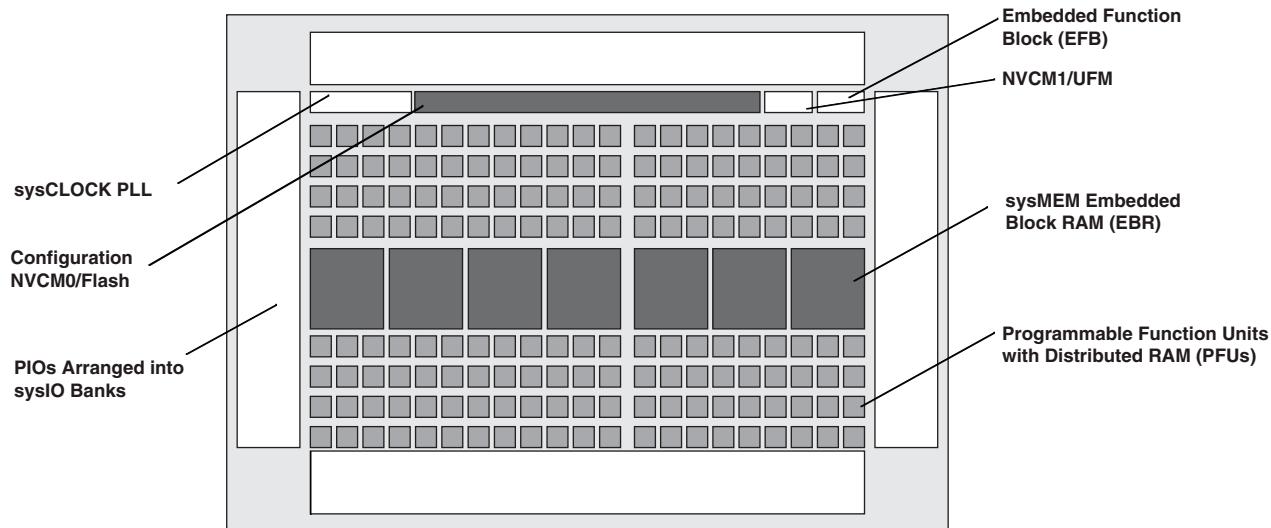
February 2017

Advance Data Sheet DS1047

Architecture Overview

The MachXO3L/LF family architecture contains an array of logic blocks surrounded by Programmable I/O (PIO). All logic density devices in this family have sysCLOCK™ PLLs and blocks of sysMEM Embedded Block RAM (EBRs). Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2 show the block diagrams of the various family members.

Figure 2-1. Top View of the MachXO3L/LF-1300 Device



Notes:

- MachXO3L/LF-640 is similar to MachXO3L/LF-1300. MachXO3L/LF-640 has a lower LUT count.
- MachXO3L devices have NVCM, MachXO3LF devices have Flash.

Modes of Operation

Each slice has up to four potential modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM and ROM.

Logic Mode

In this mode, the LUTs in each slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables. A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any four input logic functions can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one slice. Larger look-up tables such as LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other slices. Note LUT8 requires more than four slices.

Ripple Mode

Ripple mode supports the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In Ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Up/down counter with asynchronous clear
- Up/down counter with preload (sync)
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Multiplier support
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
 - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
 - A not-equal-to B
 - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Ripple mode includes an optional configuration that performs arithmetic using fast carry chain methods. In this configuration (also referred to as CCU2 mode) two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated on a per-slice basis to allow fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating slices.

RAM Mode

In this mode, a 16x4-bit distributed single port RAM (SPR) can be constructed by using each LUT block in Slice 0 and Slice 1 as a 16x1-bit memory. Slice 2 is used to provide memory address and control signals.

MachXO3L/LF devices support distributed memory initialization.

The Lattice design tools support the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. For more information about using RAM in MachXO3L/LF devices, please see TN1290, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO3 Devices](#).

Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM

	SPR 16x4	PDPR 16x4
Number of slices	3	3

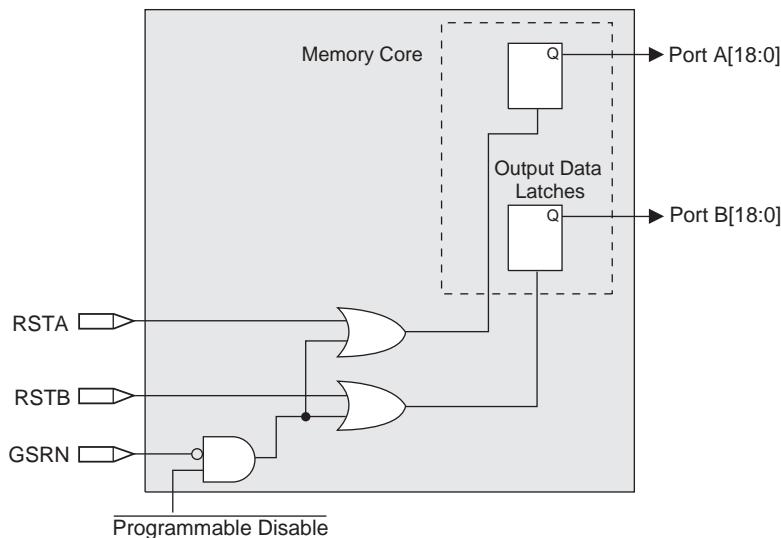
Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, PDPR = Pseudo Dual Port RAM

state. The RPRST signal is used to reset the read pointer. The purpose of this reset is to retransmit the data that is in the FIFO. In these applications it is important to keep careful track of when a packet is written into or read from the FIFO.

Memory Core Reset

The memory core contains data output latches for ports A and B. These are simple latches that can be reset synchronously or asynchronously. RSTA and RSTB are local signals, which reset the output latches associated with port A and port B respectively. The Global Reset (GSRN) signal resets both ports. The output data latches and associated resets for both ports are as shown in Figure 2-9.

Figure 2-9. Memory Core Reset

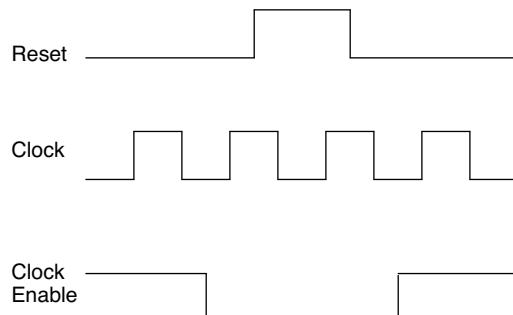


For further information on the sysMEM EBR block, please refer to TN1290, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO3 Devices](#).

EBR Asynchronous Reset

EBR asynchronous reset or GSR (if used) can only be applied if all clock enables are low for a clock cycle before the reset is applied and released a clock cycle after the reset is released, as shown in Figure 2-10. The GSR input to the EBR is always asynchronous.

Figure 2-10. EBR Asynchronous Reset (Including GSR) Timing Diagram



If all clock enables remain enabled, the EBR asynchronous reset or GSR may only be applied and released after the EBR read and write clock inputs are in a steady state condition for a minimum of $1/f_{MAX}$ (EBR clock). The reset release must adhere to the EBR synchronous reset setup time before the next active read or write clock edge.

Output Register Block

The output register block registers signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers.

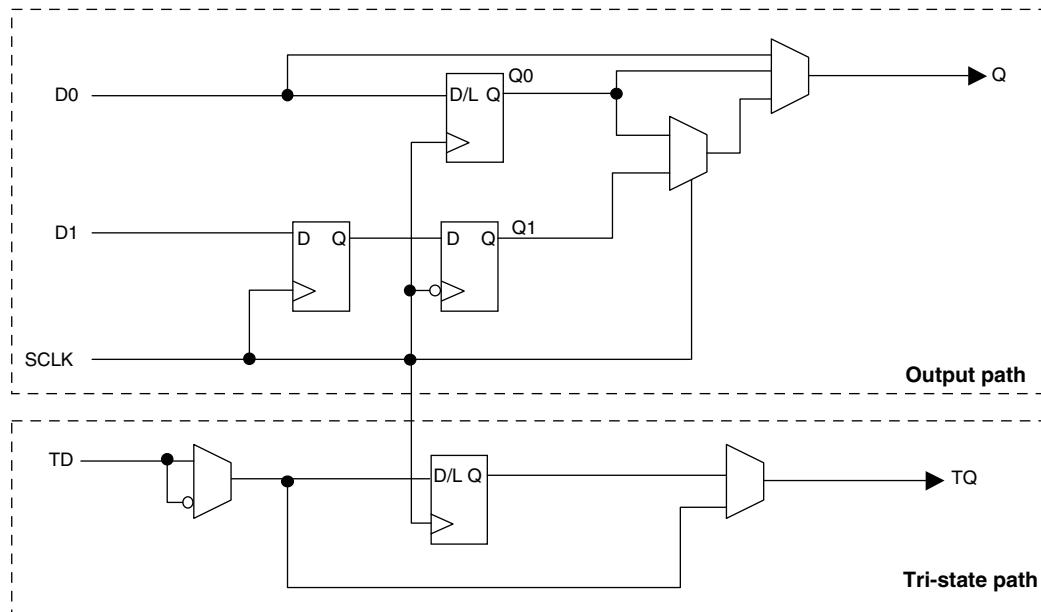
Left, Top, Bottom Edges

In SDR mode, D0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type register or latch.

In DDR generic mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the same clock is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-12 shows the output register block on the left, top and bottom edges.

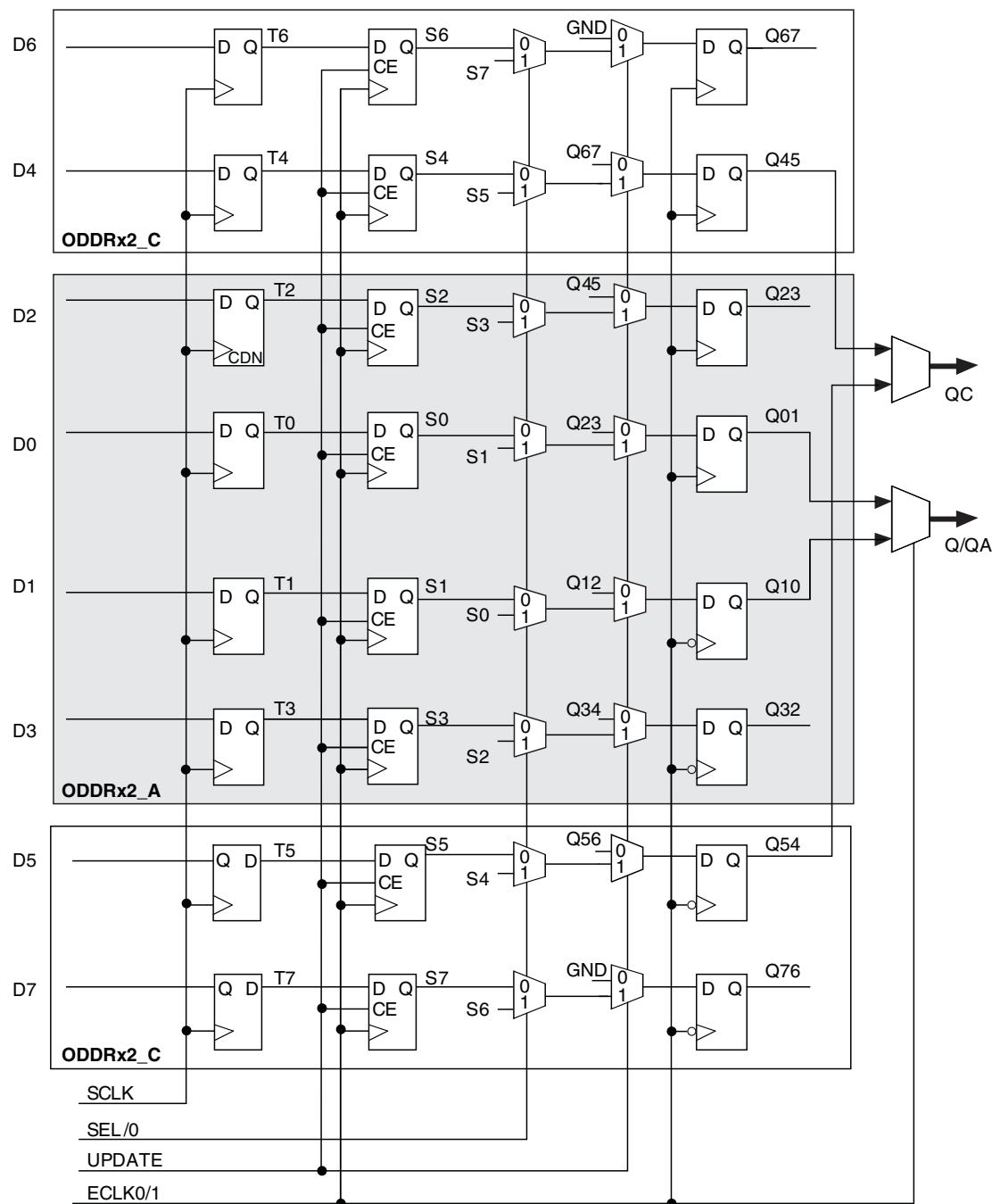
Figure 2-12. MachXO3L/LF Output Register Block Diagram (PIO on the Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



Tri-state Register Block

The tri-state register block registers tri-state control signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers. The block contains a register for SDR operation. In SDR, TD input feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output.

Figure 2-14. Output Gearbox



More information on the output gearbox is available in TN1281, [Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO3 Devices](#).

Hot Socketing

The MachXO3L/LF devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and power-down. Leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits. This allows for easy integration with the rest of the system. These capabilities make the MachXO3L/LF ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

On-chip Oscillator

Every MachXO3L/LF device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator output can be routed as a clock to the clock tree or as a reference clock to the sysCLOCK PLL using general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit and a user input to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 2.08 MHz to 133 MHz. The software default value of the Master Clock (MCLK) is nominally 2.08 MHz. When a different MCLK is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

1. Device powers up with a nominal MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.
2. During configuration, users select a different master clock frequency.
3. The MCLK frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.
4. If the user does not select a master clock frequency, then the configuration bitstream defaults to the MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.

Table 2-13 lists all the available MCLK frequencies.

Table 2-13. Available MCLK Frequencies

MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)
2.08 (default)	9.17	33.25
2.46	10.23	38
3.17	13.3	44.33
4.29	14.78	53.2
5.54	20.46	66.5
7	26.6	88.67
8.31	29.56	133

Static Supply Current – C/E Devices^{1, 2, 3, 6}

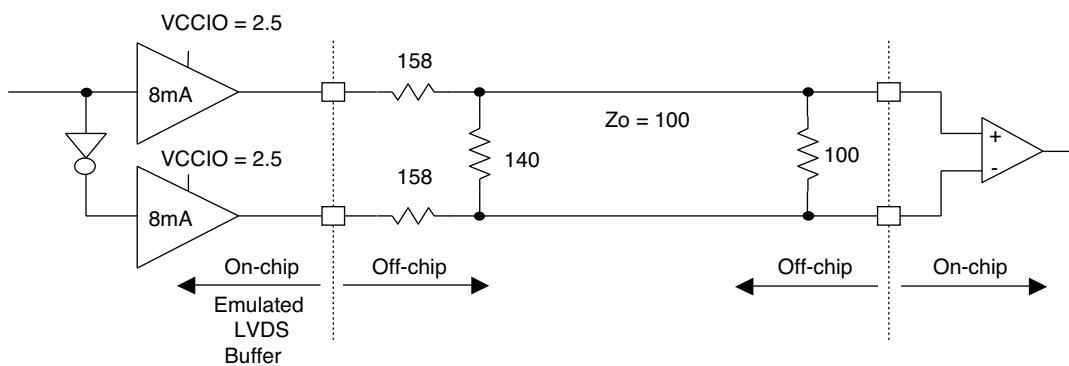
Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁴	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO3L/LF-1300C 256 Ball Package	4.8	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100C	4.8	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100C 324 Ball Package	8.45	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300C	8.45	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300C 400 Ball Package	12.87	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-6900C ⁷	12.87	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-9400C ⁷	17.86	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-640E	1.00	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-1300E	1.00	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-1300E 256 Ball Package	1.39	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100E	1.39	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100E 324 Ball Package	2.55	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300E	2.55	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-6900E	4.06	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-9400E	5.66	mA
I_{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁵ VCCIO = 2.5 V	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1289, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO3 Devices](#).
2. Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVC MOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off.
3. Frequency = 0 MHz.
4. T_J = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
5. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.
6. To determine the MachXO3L/LF peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.
7. Determination of safe ambient operating conditions requires use of the Diamond Power Calculator tool.

LVDS Emulation

MachXO3L/LF devices can support LVDS outputs via emulation (LVDS25E). The output is emulated using complementary LVCMS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all devices. The scheme shown in Figure 3-1 is one possible solution for LVDS standard implementation. Resistor values in Figure 3-1 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

Figure 3-1. LVDS Using External Resistors (LVDS25E)



Note: All resistors are $\pm 1\%$.

Table 3-1. LVDS25E DC Conditions

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typ.	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R_S	Driver series resistor	158	Ohms
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	140	Ohms
R_T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	1.43	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.07	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.35	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	100.5	Ohms
I_{DC}	DC output current	6.03	mA

MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		Units			
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.				
Clocks										
Primary Clocks										
f_{MAX_PRI} ⁷	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	388	—	323	MHz			
t_{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO3L/LF devices	0.5	—	0.6	—	ns			
t_{SKEW_PRI}	Primary Clock Skew Within a Device	MachXO3L/LF-1300	—	867	—	897	ps			
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	—	867	—	897	ps			
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	—	865	—	892	ps			
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	—	902	—	942	ps			
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	—	908	—	950	ps			
Edge Clock										
f_{MAX_EDGE} ⁷	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO3L/LF	—	400	—	333	MHz			
Pin-LUT-Pin Propagation Delay										
t_{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	6.72	—	6.96	ns			
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock without PLL)										
t_{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	—	7.46	—	7.66	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	—	7.46	—	7.66	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	—	7.51	—	7.71	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	—	7.54	—	7.75	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	—	7.53	—	7.83	ns			
t_{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	-0.20	—	-0.20	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	-0.20	—	-0.20	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns			
t_H	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.89	—	2.13	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.89	—	2.13	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.94	—	2.18	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.98	—	2.23	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.99	—	2.24	—	ns			
t_{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.61	—	1.76	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.61	—	1.76	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.66	—	1.81	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.53	—	1.67	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.65	—	1.80	—	ns			
t_{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	-0.21	—	-0.21	—	ns			
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns			
f_{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	388	—	323	MHz			

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{SU_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	2.87	—	3.18	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	2.87	—	3.18	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	2.96	—	3.28	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	3.05	—	3.35	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	3.06	—	3.37	—	ns
t_{H_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	-0.87	—	-0.87	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	-0.91	—	-0.91	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	-0.93	—	-0.93	—	ns

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Aligned^{8,9}							
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	All MachXO3L/LF devices, all sides	—	0.317	—	0.344	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.742	—	0.702	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—	250	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Centered^{8,9}							
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	All MachXO3L/LF devices, all sides	0.566	—	0.560	—	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.778	—	0.879	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—		Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Aligned^{8,9}							
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	MachXO3L/LF devices, bottom side only	—	0.316	—	0.342	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.710	—	0.675	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Centered^{8,9}							
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	MachXO3L/LF devices, bottom side only	0.233	—	0.219	—	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.287	—	0.287	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	MHz
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Aligned⁸							
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO3L/LF devices, bottom side only	—	0.307	—	0.320	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.782	—	0.699	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDR4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	800	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	400	—	315	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	100	—	79	MHz
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Centered⁸							
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before ECLK	MachXO3L/LF devices, bottom side only	0.233	—	0.219	—	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.287	—	0.287	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	800	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	400	—	315	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	100	—	79	MHz
7:1 LVDS Inputs (GDDR71_RX.ECLK.7:1)⁹							
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO3L/LF devices, bottom side only	—	0.290	—	0.320	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.739	—	0.699	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Input Data Speed		—	756	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	378	—	315	MHz
f _{CLKIN}	7:1 Input Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	108	—	90	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Centered^{8, 9}							
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	0.455	—	0.570	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.455	—	0.570	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed		—	800	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	400	—	315	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	100	—	79	MHz
7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1^{8, 9}							
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	—	0.160	—	0.180	ns
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output		—	0.160	—	0.180	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed		—	756	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	378	—	315	MHz
f _{CLKOUT}	7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	108	—	90	MHz
MIPI D-PHY Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Centered^{10, 11, 12}							
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
f _{DATA} ¹⁴	MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed		—	900	—	900	Mbps
f _{DDRX4} ¹⁴	MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	450	—	450	MHz
f _{SCLK} ¹⁴	SCLK Frequency		—	112.5	—	112.5	MHz

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.
2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMS 2.5, 8 mA, 0pf load, fast slew rate.
3. Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).
4. 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).
5. For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03 \text{ ns})/2$.
6. The t_{SU_DEL} and t_{H_DEL} values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 105 ps (-6), 113 ps (-5), 120 ps (-4).
7. This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/-10%.
8. Duty cycle is +/- 5% for system usage.
9. Performance is calculated with 0.225 UI.
10. Performance is calculated with 0.20 UI.
11. Performance for Industrial devices are only supported with VCC between 1.16 V to 1.24 V.
12. Performance for Industrial devices and -5 devices are not modeled in the Diamond design tool.
13. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.
14. Above 800 Mbps is only supported with WLCSP and csFBGA packages
15. Between 800 Mbps to 900 Mbps:
 - a. VIDTH exceeds the MIPI D-PHY Input DC Conditions Table 3-4 and can be calculated with the equation $t_{SU} \text{ or } t_H = -0.0005 * VIDTH + 0.3284$
 - b. Example calculations
 - i. t_{SU} and $t_{HO} = 0.28$ with VIDTH = 100 mV
 - ii. t_{SU} and $t_{HO} = 0.25$ with VIDTH = 170 mV
 - iii. t_{SU} and $t_{HO} = 0.20$ with VIDTH = 270 mV

Figure 3-6. Receiver GDDR71_RX. Waveforms

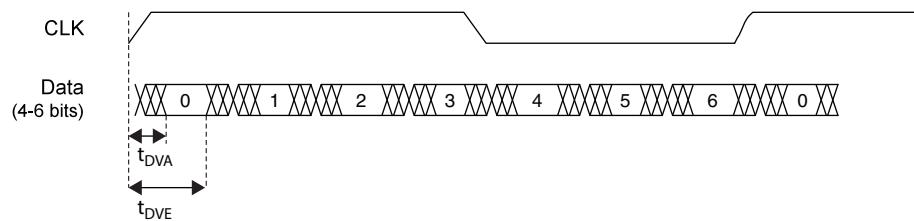
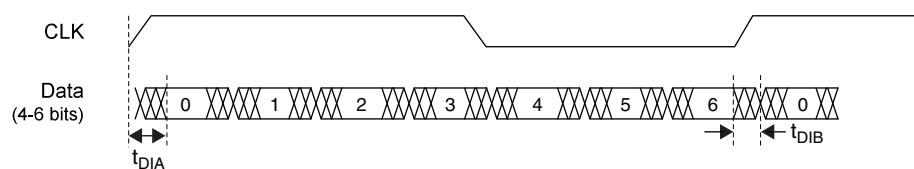


Figure 3-7. Transmitter GDDR71_TX. Waveforms





MachXO3 Family Data Sheet

Pinout Information

February 2017

Advance Data Sheet DS1047

Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
General Purpose		
P[Edge] [Row/Column Number]_[A/B/C/D]	I/O	<p>[Edge] indicates the edge of the device on which the pad is located. Valid edge designations are L (Left), B (Bottom), R (Right), T (Top).</p> <p>[Row/Column Number] indicates the PFU row or the column of the device on which the PIO Group exists. When Edge is T (Top) or (Bottom), only need to specify Row Number. When Edge is L (Left) or R (Right), only need to specify Column Number.</p> <p>[A/B/C/D] indicates the PIO within the group to which the pad is connected.</p> <p>Some of these user-programmable pins are shared with special function pins. When not used as special function pins, these pins can be programmed as I/Os for user logic.</p> <p>During configuration of the user-programmable I/Os, the user has an option to tri-state the I/Os and enable an internal pull-up, pull-down or buskeeper resistor. This option also applies to unused pins (or those not bonded to a package pin). The default during configuration is for user-programmable I/Os to be tri-stated with an internal pull-down resistor enabled. When the device is erased, I/Os will be tri-stated with an internal pull-down resistor enabled. Some pins, such as PROGRAMN and JTAG pins, default to tri-stated I/Os with pull-up resistors enabled when the device is erased.</p>
NC	—	No connect.
GND	—	GND – Ground. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all GNDs are tied together.
VCC	—	V _{CC} – The power supply pins for core logic. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all VCCs are tied to the same supply.
VCCIOx	—	VCCIO – The power supply pins for I/O Bank x. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all VCCIOs located in the same bank are tied to the same supply.
PLL and Clock Functions (Used as user-programmable I/O pins when not used for PLL or clock pins)		
[LOC]_GPLL[T, C]_IN	—	Reference Clock (PLL) input pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are L (Left PLL) and R (Right PLL). T = true and C = complement.
[LOC]_GPLL[T, C]_FB	—	Optional Feedback (PLL) input pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are L (Left PLL) and R (Right PLL). T = true and C = complement.
PCLK [n]_[2:0]	—	Primary Clock pads. One to three clock pads per side.
Test and Programming (Dual function pins used for test access port and during sysCONFIG™)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input pin, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data input pin, used to load data into the device using an 1149.1 state machine.
TDO	O	Output pin – Test Data output pin used to shift data out of the device using 1149.1.
JTAGENB	I	<p>Optionally controls behavior of TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK. If the device is configured to use the JTAG pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK) as general purpose I/O, then:</p> <p>If JTAGENB is low: TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK can function as general purpose I/O.</p> <p>If JTAGENB is high: TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK function as JTAG pins.</p> <p>For more details, refer to TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.</p>

Pin Information Summary

	MachXO3L/LF -640	MachXO3L/LF-1300			
	CSFBGA121	WLCSP36	CSFBGA121	CSFBGA256	CABGA256
General Purpose IO per Bank					
Bank 0	24	15	24	50	50
Bank 1	26	0	26	52	52
Bank 2	26	9	26	52	52
Bank 3	24	4	24	16	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	16	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	20	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	100	28	100	206	206
Differential IO per Bank					
Bank 0	12	8	12	25	25
Bank 1	13	0	13	26	26
Bank 2	13	4	13	26	26
Bank 3	11	2	11	8	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	8	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	10	10
Total General Purpose Differential IO	49	14	49	103	103
Dual Function IO	33	25	33	33	33
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes					
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	7	3	7	14	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	7	2	7	14	14
High-speed Differential Outputs					
Bank 0	7	3	7	14	14
VCCIO Pins					
Bank 0	1	1	1	4	4
Bank 1	1	0	1	3	4
Bank 2	1	1	1	4	4
Bank 3	3	1	3	2	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	2	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	2	1
VCC	4	2	4	8	8
GND	10	2	10	24	24
NC	0	0	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	121	36	121	256	256

	MachXO3L/LF-2100					
	WLCSP49	CSFBGA121	CSFBGA256	CSFBGA324	CABGA256	CABGA324
General Purpose IO per Bank						
Bank 0	19	24	50	71	50	71
Bank 1	0	26	52	62	52	68
Bank 2	13	26	52	72	52	72
Bank 3	0	7	16	22	16	24
Bank 4	0	7	16	14	16	16
Bank 5	6	10	20	27	20	28
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	38	100	206	268	206	279
Differential IO per Bank						
Bank 0	10	12	25	36	25	36
Bank 1	0	13	26	30	26	34
Bank 2	6	13	26	36	26	36
Bank 3	0	3	8	10	8	12
Bank 4	0	3	8	6	8	8
Bank 5	3	5	10	13	10	14
Total General Purpose Differential IO	19	49	103	131	103	140
Dual Function IO	25	33	33	37	33	37
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	5	7	14	18	14	18
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	6	13	14	18	14	18
High-speed Differential Outputs						
Bank 0	5	7	14	18	14	18
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	2	1	4	4	4	4
Bank 1	0	1	3	4	4	4
Bank 2	1	1	4	4	4	4
Bank 3	0	1	2	2	1	2
Bank 4	0	1	2	2	2	2
Bank 5	1	1	2	2	1	2
VCC	2	4	8	8	8	10
GND	4	10	24	16	24	16
NC	0	0	0	13	1	0
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	49	121	256	324	256	324

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256C	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256C	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256I	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256I	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
September 2015	1.5	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MIPI D-PHY Emulation section. Revised Table 3-5, MIPI D-PHY Output DC Conditions. — Revised RL Typ. value. — Revised RH description and values.
			Updated the Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance section. Revised MIPI Max. Speed value.
			Updated the MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices section. Added footnotes 14 and 15.
August 2015	1.4	Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.
		Ordering Information	Updated the top side markings section to indicate the use of LMXO3LF for the LCMXO3LF device.
March 2015	1.3	All	General update. Added MachXO3LF devices.
October 2014	1.2	Introduction	Updated Table 1-1, MachXO3L Family Selection Guide. Revised XO3L-2100 and XO3L-4300 IO for 324-ball csFBGA package.
		Architecture	Updated the Dual Boot section. Corrected information on where the primary bitstream and the golden image must reside.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section. Changed General Purpose IO Bank 5 values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSFBGA 324 package. Changed Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes for MachXO3L-640 and MachXO3L-1300. Removed DQS Groups (Bank 1) section. Changed VCCIO Pins Bank 1 values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L-2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package. Changed GND values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L-2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package. Changed NC values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSFBGA 324 package.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition.
			Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
July 2014	1.1	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Static Supply Current – C/E Devices section. Added devices.
			Updated the Programming and Erase Supply Current – C/E Device section. Added devices.
			Updated the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Revised footnote 4.
			Added the NVCM Download Time section.
			Updated the Typical Building Block Function Performance – C/E Devices section. Added information to footnote.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO3L Part Number Description section. Added packages.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. General update.