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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1175
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	9400
Total RAM Bits	442368
Number of I/O	206
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-CABGA (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo3l-9400e-6bg256i

Table 1-1. MachXO3L/LF Family Selection Guide

Features		MachXO3L-640/ MachXO3LF-640	MachXO3L-1300/ MachXO3LF-1300	MachXO3L-2100/ MachXO3LF-2100	MachXO3L-4300/ MachXO3LF-4300	MachXO3L-6900/ MachXO3LF-6900	MachXO3L-9400/ MachXO3LF-9400
LUTs		640	1300	2100	4300	6900	9400
Distributed RAM (kbits)		5	10	16	34	54	73
EBR SRAM (kbits)		64	64	74	92	240	432
Number of PLLs		1	1	1	2	2	2
Hardened Functions:	I ² C	2	2	2	2	2	2
	SPI	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Timer/Counter	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Oscillator	1	1	1	1	1	1
MIPI D-PHY Support		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Multi Time Programmable NVCM		MachXO3L-640	MachXO3L-1300	MachXO3L-2100	MachXO3L-4300	MachXO3L-6900	MachXO3L-9400
Programmable Flash		MachXO3LF-640	MachXO3LF-1300	MachXO3LF-2100	MachXO3LF-4300	MachXO3LF-6900	MachXO3LF-9400
Packages		IO					
36-ball WLCSP ¹ (2.5 mm x 2.5 mm, 0.4 mm)			28				
49-ball WLCSP ¹ (3.2 mm x 3.2 mm, 0.4 mm)				38			
81-ball WLCSP ¹ (3.8 mm x 3.8 mm, 0.4 mm)					63		
121-ball csfBGA ¹ (6 mm x 6 mm, 0.5 mm)		100	100	100	100		
256-ball csfBGA ¹ (9 mm x 9 mm, 0.5 mm)			206	206	206	206	206
324-ball csfBGA ¹ (10 mm x 10 mm, 0.5 mm)				268	268	281	
256-ball caBGA ² (14 mm x 14 mm, 0.8 mm)			206	206	206	206	206
324-ball caBGA ² (15 mm x 15 mm, 0.8 mm)				279	279	279	
400-ball caBGA ² (17 mm x 17 mm, 0.8 mm)					335	335	335
484-ball caBGA ² (19 mm x 19 mm, 0.8 mm)							384

1. Package is only available for E=1.2 V devices.

2. Package is only available for C=2.5 V/3.3 V devices.

Introduction

MachXO3™ device family is an Ultra-Low Density family that supports the most advanced programmable bridging and IO expansion. It has the breakthrough IO density and the lowest cost per IO. The device IO features have the integrated support for latest industry standard IO.

The MachXO3L/LF family of low power, instant-on, non-volatile PLDs has five devices with densities ranging from 640 to 9400 Look-Up Tables (LUTs). In addition to LUT-based, low-cost programmable logic these devices feature Embedded Block RAM (EBR), Distributed RAM, Phase Locked Loops (PLLs), pre-engineered source synchronous I/O support, advanced configuration support including dual-boot capability and hardened versions of commonly used functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/counter. MachXO3LF devices also support User Flash Memory (UFM). These features allow these devices to be used in low cost, high volume consumer and system applications.

The MachXO3L/LF devices are designed on a 65nm non-volatile low power process. The device architecture has several features such as programmable low swing differential I/Os and the ability to turn off I/O banks, on-chip PLLs

Figure 2-4. Slice Diagram



For Slices 0 and 1, memory control signals are generated from Slice 2 as follows:

- WCK is CLK
- WRE is from LSR
- DI[3:2] for Slice 1 and DI[1:0] for Slice 0 data from Slice 2
- WAD [A:D] is a 4-bit address from slice 2 LUT input

Table 2-2. Slice Signal Descriptions

Function	Type	Signal Names	Description
Input	Data signal	A0, B0, C0, D0	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Data signal	A1, B1, C1, D1	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Multi-purpose	M0/M1	Multi-purpose input
Input	Control signal	CE	Clock enable
Input	Control signal	LSR	Local set/reset
Input	Control signal	CLK	System clock
Input	Inter-PFU signal	FCIN	Fast carry in ¹
Output	Data signals	F0, F1	LUT4 output register bypass signals
Output	Data signals	Q0, Q1	Register outputs
Output	Data signals	OFX0	Output of a LUT5 MUX
Output	Data signals	OFX1	Output of a LUT6, LUT7, LUT8 ² MUX depending on the slice
Output	Inter-PFU signal	FCO	Fast carry out ¹

1. See Figure 2-3 for connection details.

2. Requires two PFUs.

Table 2-5. sysMEM Block Configurations

Memory Mode	Configurations
Single Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9
True Dual Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9
Pseudo Dual Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9 512 x 18
FIFO	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9 512 x 18

Bus Size Matching

All of the multi-port memory modes support different widths on each of the ports. The RAM bits are mapped LSB word 0 to MSB word 0, LSB word 1 to MSB word 1, and so on. Although the word size and number of words for each port varies, this mapping scheme applies to each port.

RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration. EBR initialization data can be loaded from the NVCM or Configuration Flash.

MachXO3LF EBR initialization data can also be loaded from the UFM. To maximize the number of UFM bits, initialize the EBRs used in your design to an all-zero pattern. Initializing to an all-zero pattern does not use up UFM bits. MachXO3LF devices have been designed such that multiple EBRs share the same initialization memory space if they are initialized to the same pattern.

By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAM can be created using EBR sysMEM Blocks. Typically, the Lattice design tools cascade memory transparently, based on specific design inputs.

Single, Dual, Pseudo-Dual Port and FIFO Modes

Figure 2-8 shows the five basic memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and addresses for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array. The output data of the memory is optionally registered at the memory array output.

Figure 2-11. Group of Four Programmable I/O Cells

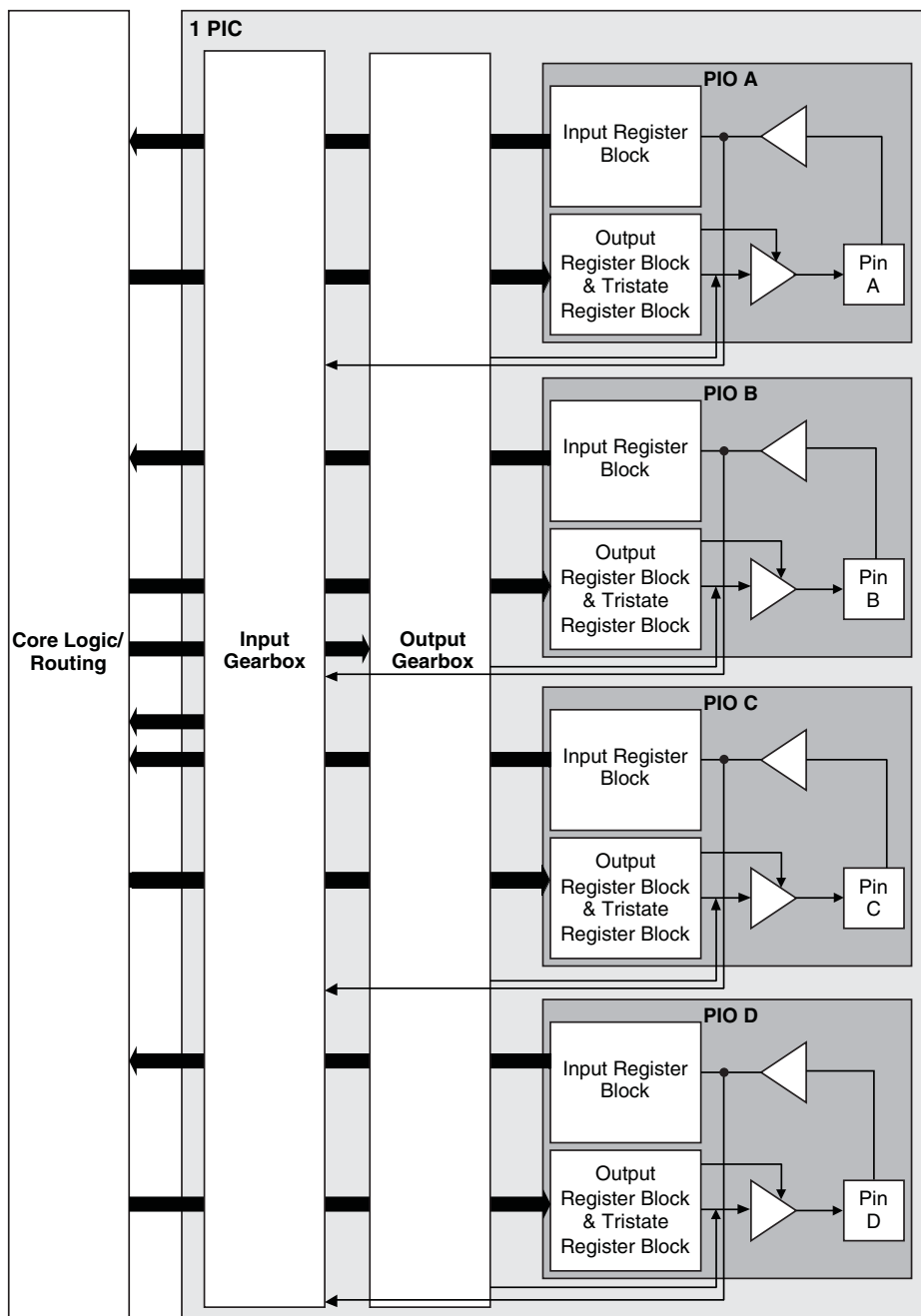
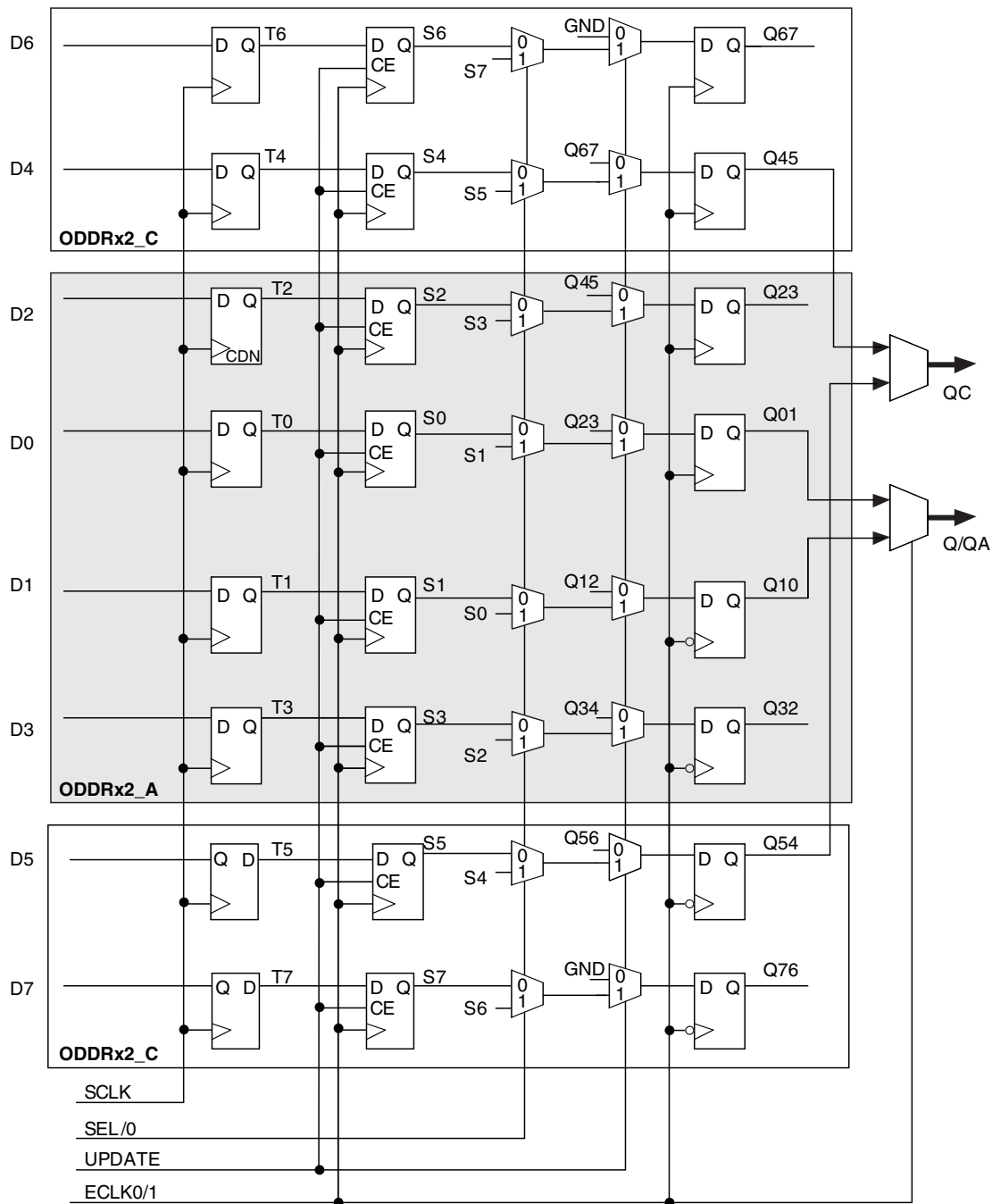


Figure 2-14. Output Gearbox



More information on the output gearbox is available in TN1281, [Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO3 Devices](#).

Figure 2-18. I²C Core Block Diagram

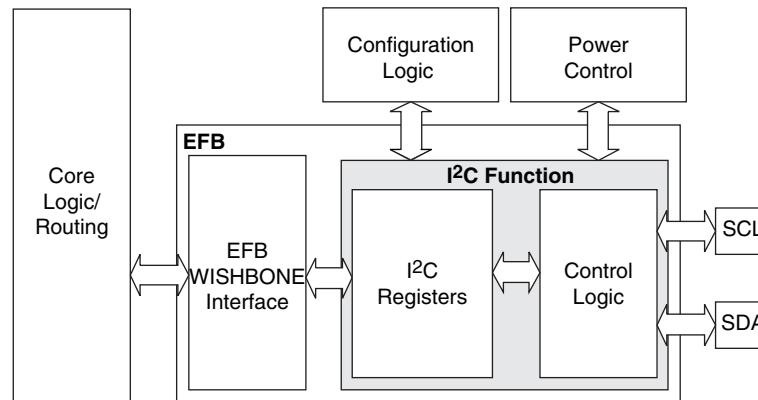


Table 2-14 describes the signals interfacing with the I²C cores.

Table 2-14. I²C Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Description
i2c_scl	Bi-directional	Bi-directional clock line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output if the I ² C core is in master mode. The signal is an input if the I ² C core is in slave mode. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO3L/LF device.
i2c_sda	Bi-directional	Bi-directional data line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output when data is transmitted from the I ² C core. The signal is an input when data is received into the I ² C core. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO3L/LF device.
i2c_irqo	Output	Interrupt request output signal of the I ² C core. The intended usage of this signal is for it to be connected to the WISHBONE master controller (i.e. a microcontroller or state machine) and request an interrupt when a specific condition is met. These conditions are described with the I ² C register definitions.
cfg_wake	Output	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO3L/LF device. The signal is enabled only if the “Wakeup Enable” feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I ² C Tab.
cfg_stdby	Output	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO3L/LF device. The signal is enabled only if the “Wakeup Enable” feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I ² C Tab.

Hardened SPI IP Core

Every MachXO3L/LF device has a hard SPI IP core that can be configured as a SPI master or slave. When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other SPI enabled chips connected to the SPI bus. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to interface to an external SPI master. The SPI IP core on MachXO3L/LF devices supports the following functions:

- Configurable Master and Slave modes
- Full-Duplex data transfer
- Mode fault error flag with CPU interrupt capability
- Double-buffered data register
- Serial clock with programmable polarity and phase
- LSB First or MSB First Data Transfer
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface

For more details on these embedded functions, please refer to TN1293, [Using Hardened Control Functions in MachXO3 Devices](#).

User Flash Memory (UFM)

MachXO3LF devices provide a User Flash Memory block, which can be used for a variety of applications including storing a portion of the configuration image, initializing EBRs, to store PROM data or, as a general purpose user Flash memory. The UFM block connects to the device core through the embedded function block WISHBONE interface. Users can also access the UFM block through the JTAG, I2C and SPI interfaces of the device. The UFM block offers the following features:

- Non-volatile storage up to 256 kbits
- 100K write cycles
- Write access is performed page-wise; each page has 128 bits (16 bytes)
- Auto-increment addressing
- WISHBONE interface

For more information on the UFM, please refer to TN1293, [Using Hardened Control Functions in MachXO3 Devices](#).

Standby Mode and Power Saving Options

MachXO3L/LF devices are available in two options, the C and E devices. The C devices have a built-in voltage regulator to allow for 2.5 V V_{CC} and 3.3 V V_{CC} while the E devices operate at 1.2 V V_{CC} .

MachXO3L/LF devices have been designed with features that allow users to meet the static and dynamic power requirements of their applications by controlling various device subsystems such as the bandgap, power-on-reset circuitry, I/O bank controllers, power guard, on-chip oscillator, PLLs, etc. In order to maximize power savings, MachXO3L/LF devices support a low power Stand-by mode.

In the stand-by mode the MachXO3L/LF devices are powered on and configured. Internal logic, I/Os and memories are switched on and remain operational, as the user logic waits for an external input. The device enters this mode when the standby input of the standby controller is toggled or when an appropriate I²C or JTAG instruction is issued by an external master. Various subsystems in the device such as the band gap, power-on-reset circuitry etc can be configured such that they are automatically turned “off” or go into a low power consumption state to save power when the device enters this state. Note that the MachXO3L/LF devices are powered on when in standby mode and all power supplies should remain in the Recommended Operating Conditions.

Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{PORUP}	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CCINT} and V_{CCIO0})	0.9	—	1.06	V
$V_{PORUPEXT}$	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring external V_{CC} power supply)	1.5	—	2.1	V
$V_{PORDNBG}$	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CCINT})	0.75	—	0.93	V
$V_{PORDNBGEXT}$	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CC})	0.98	—	1.33	V
$V_{PORDNSRAM}$	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring V_{CCINT})	—	0.6	—	V
$V_{PORDNSRAMEXT}$	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring V_{CC})	—	0.96	—	V

1. These POR trip points are only provided for guidance. Device operation is only characterized for power supply voltages specified under recommended operating conditions.
2. For devices without voltage regulators V_{CCINT} is the same as the V_{CC} supply voltage. For devices with voltage regulators, V_{CCINT} is regulated from the V_{CC} supply voltage.
3. Note that V_{PORUP} (min.) and $V_{PORDNBG}$ (max.) are in different process corners. For any given process corner $V_{PORDNBG}$ (max.) is always 12.0 mV below V_{PORUP} (min.).
4. $V_{PORUPEXT}$ is for C devices only. In these devices a separate POR circuit monitors the external V_{CC} power supply.
5. V_{CCIO0} does not have a Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point. V_{CCIO0} must remain within the Recommended Operating Conditions to ensure proper operation.

Hot Socketing Specifications^{1, 2, 3}

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Max.	Units
I_{DK}	Input or I/O leakage Current	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (MAX)	+/-1000	μA

1. Insensitive to sequence of V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} . However, assumes monotonic rise/fall rates for V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} .
2. $0 < V_{CC} < V_{CC}$ (MAX), $0 < V_{CCIO} < V_{CCIO}$ (MAX).
3. I_{DK} is additive to I_{PU} , I_{PD} or I_{BH} .

ESD Performance

Please refer to the [MachXO2 Product Family Qualification Summary](#) for complete qualification data, including ESD performance.

Programming and Erase Supply Current – C/E Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁴	Units
I _{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO3L/LF-1300C 256 Ball Package	22.1	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100C	22.1	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100C 324 Ball Package	26.8	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300C	26.8	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300C 400 Ball Package	33.2	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-6900C	33.2	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-9400C	39.6	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-640E	17.7	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-1300E	17.7	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-1300E 256 Ball Package	18.3	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100E	18.3	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100E 324 Ball Package	20.4	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300E	20.4	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-6900E	23.9	mA
		LCMXO3L/LF-9400E	28.5	mA
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁵ V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1289, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO3 Devices](#).

2. Assumes all inputs are held at V_{CCIO} or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.

5. T_J = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per bank. V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics^{1, 2}

Input/Output Standard	V _{IL}		V _{IH}		V _{OL} Max. (V)	V _{OH} Min. (V)	I _{OL} Max. ⁴ (mA)	I _{OH} Max. ⁴ (mA)
	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVCMOS 3.3 LVTTL	-0.3	0.8	2.0	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
							16	-16
LVCMOS 2.5	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
LVCMOS 1.8	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
LVCMOS 1.5	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
LVCMOS 1.2	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	0.1	-0.1
							4	-2
							8	-6
							12	-12
LVCMOS25R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS12R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS12R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

1. MachXO3L/LF devices allow LVCMOS inputs to be placed in I/O banks where V_{CCIO} is different from what is specified in the applicable JEDEC specification. This is referred to as a ratioed input buffer. In a majority of cases this operation follows or exceeds the applicable JEDEC specification. The cases where MachXO3L/LF devices do not meet the relevant JEDEC specification are documented in the table below.
2. MachXO3L/LF devices allow for LVCMOS referenced I/Os which follow applicable JEDEC specifications. For more details about mixed mode operation please refer to please refer to TN1280, [MachXO3 sysIO Usage Guide](#).
3. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to a V_{IL} min of -0.25 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <10 ns.
4. For electromigration, the average DC current sourced or sinked by I/O pads between two consecutive V_{CCIO} or GND pad connections, or between the last V_{CCIO} or GND in an I/O bank and the end of an I/O bank, as shown in the Logic Signal Connections table (also shown as I/O grouping) shall not exceed a maximum of n * 8 mA. "n" is the number of I/O pads between the two consecutive bank V_{CCIO} or GND connections or between the last V_{CCIO} and GND in a bank and the end of a bank. IO Grouping can be found in the Data Sheet Pin Tables, which can also be generated from the Lattice Diamond software.

sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

The LVDS differential output buffers are available on the top side of the MachXO3L/LF PLD family.

LVDS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{INP} V_{INM}	Input Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	0	—	2.605	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	0	—	2.05	V
V_{THD}	Differential Input Threshold		± 100	—		mV
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	0.05	—	2.6	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	0.05	—	2.0	V
I_{IN}	Input current	Power on	—	—	± 10	μA
V_{OH}	Output high voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	—	1.375	—	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	0.90	1.025	—	V
V_{OD}	Output voltage differential	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})$, $R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} between high and low		—	—	50	mV
V_{OS}	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})/2$, $R_T = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	1.125	1.20	1.395	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V_{OS} between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I_{OSD}	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0 \text{ V}$ driver outputs shorted	—	—	24	mA

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
MIPI D-PHY Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - GDDR4_RX.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12}							
t _{SU} ¹⁵	Input Data Setup Before ECLK	All MachXO3L/LF devices, bottom side only	0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
t _{HO} ¹⁵	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
f _{DATA} ¹⁴	MIPI D-PHY Input Data Speed		—	900	—	900	Mbps
f _{DDR4} ¹⁴	MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency		—	450	—	450	MHz
f _{SCLK} ¹⁴	SCLK Frequency		—	112.5	—	112.5	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR1_TX.SCLK.Aligned ⁸							
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	All MachXO3L/LF devices, all sides	—	0.520	—	0.550	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.520	—	0.550	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR1 Output Data Speed		—	300	—	250	Mbps
f _{DDR1}	DDR1 SCLK frequency		—	150	—	125	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR1_TX.SCLK.Centered ⁸							
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO3L/LF devices, all sides	1.210	—	1.510	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		1.210	—	1.510	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR1 Output Data Speed		—	300	—	250	Mbps
f _{DDR1}	DDR1 SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	150	—	125	MHz
Generic DDR2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR2_TX.ECLK.Aligned ⁸							
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	664	—	554	Mbps
f _{DDR2}	DDR2 ECLK frequency		—	332	—	277	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	MHz
Generic DDR2 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR2_TX.ECLK.Centered ^{8, 9}							
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	0.535	—	0.670	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.535	—	0.670	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	664	—	554	Mbps
f _{DDR2}	DDR2 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	332	—	277	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	MHz
Generic DDR4 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR4_TX.ECLK.Aligned ^{8, 9}							
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR4 Serial Output Data Speed		—	800	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDR4}	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	400	—	315	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	100	—	79	MHz

sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{IN}	Input Clock Frequency (CLKI, CLKFB)		7	400	MHz
f_{OUT}	Output Clock Frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2)		1.5625	400	MHz
f_{OUT2}	Output Frequency (CLKOS3 cascaded from CLKOS2)		0.0122	400	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO Frequency		200	800	MHz
f_{PFD}	Phase Detector Input Frequency		7	400	MHz
AC Characteristics					
t_{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	Without duty trim selected ³	45	55	%
$t_{DT_TRIM}^7$	Edge Duty Trim Accuracy		-75	75	%
t_{PH}^4	Output Phase Accuracy		-6	6	%
$t_{OPJIT}^{1,8}$	Output Clock Period Jitter	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	150	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.007	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	180	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.009	UIPP
	Output Clock Phase Jitter	$f_{PFD} > 100$ MHz	—	160	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} < 100$ MHz	—	0.011	UIPP
	Output Clock Period Jitter (Fractional-N)	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	230	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.12	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter (Fractional-N)	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	230	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.12	UIPP
t_{SPO}	Static Phase Offset	Divider ratio = integer	-120	120	ps
t_W	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10% ³	0.9	—	ns
$t_{LOCK}^{2,5}$	PLL Lock-in Time		—	15	ms
t_{UNLOCK}	PLL Unlock Time		—	50	ns
t_{IPJIT}^6	Input Clock Period Jitter	$f_{PFD} \geq 20$ MHz	—	1,000	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} < 20$ MHz	—	0.02	UIPP
t_{HI}	Input Clock High Time	90% to 90%	0.5	—	ns
t_{LO}	Input Clock Low Time	10% to 10%	0.5	—	ns
t_{STABLE}^5	STANDBY High to PLL Stable		—	15	ms
t_{RST}	RST/RESETM Pulse Width		1	—	ns
t_{RSTREC}	RST Recovery Time		1	—	ns
t_{RST_DIV}	RESETC/D Pulse Width		10	—	ns
t_{RSTREC_DIV}	RESETC/D Recovery Time		1	—	ns
t_{ROTATE_SETUP}	PHASESTEP Setup Time		10	—	ns
t_{ROTATE_WD}	PHASESTEP Pulse Width		4	—	VCO Cycles

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.
2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.
3. Using LVDS output buffers.
4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output for one phase step at the maximum VCO frequency. See TN1282, [MachXO3 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide](#) for more details.
5. At minimum f_{PFD} . As the f_{PFD} increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.
6. Maximum allowed jitter on an input clock. PLL unlock may occur if the input jitter exceeds this specification. Jitter on the input clock may be transferred to the output clocks, resulting in jitter measurements outside the output specifications listed in this table.
7. Edge Duty Trim Accuracy is a percentage of the setting value. Settings available are 70 ps, 140 ps, and 280 ps in addition to the default value of none.
8. Jitter values measured with the internal oscillator operating. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.

	MachXO3L/LF-6900				
	CSFBGA256	CSFBGA324	CABGA256	CABGA324	CABGA400
General Purpose IO per Bank					
Bank 0	50	73	50	71	83
Bank 1	52	68	52	68	84
Bank 2	52	72	52	72	84
Bank 3	16	24	16	24	28
Bank 4	16	16	16	16	24
Bank 5	20	28	20	28	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	206	281	206	279	335
Differential IO per Bank					
Bank 0	25	36	25	36	42
Bank 1	26	34	26	34	42
Bank 2	26	36	26	36	42
Bank 3	8	12	8	12	14
Bank 4	8	8	8	8	12
Bank 5	10	14	10	14	16
Total General Purpose Differential IO	103	140	103	140	168
Dual Function IO	37	37	37	37	37
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes					
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	20	21	20	21	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	20	21	20	21	21
High-speed Differential Outputs					
Bank 0	20	21	20	21	21
VCCIO Pins					
Bank 0	4	4	4	4	5
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5
Bank 2	4	4	4	4	5
Bank 3	2	2	1	2	2
Bank 4	2	2	2	2	2
Bank 5	2	2	1	2	2
VCC	8	8	8	10	10
GND	24	16	24	16	33
NC	0	0	1	0	0
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	256	324	256	324	400

	MachXO3L/LF-9400C			
	CSFBGA256	CABGA256	CABGA400	CABGA484
General Purpose IO per Bank				
Bank 0	50	50	83	95
Bank 1	52	52	84	96
Bank 2	52	52	84	96
Bank 3	16	16	28	36
Bank 4	16	16	24	24
Bank 5	20	20	32	36
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	206	206	335	383
Differential IO per Bank				
Bank 0	25	25	42	48
Bank 1	26	26	42	48
Bank 2	26	26	42	48
Bank 3	8	8	14	18
Bank 4	8	8	12	12
Bank 5	10	10	16	18
Total General Purpose Differential IO	103	103	168	192
Dual Function IO	37	37	37	45
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes				
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	20	20	22	24
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	20	20	22	24
High-speed Differential Outputs				
Bank 0	20	20	21	24
VCCIO Pins				
Bank 0	4	4	5	9
Bank 1	3	4	5	9
Bank 2	4	4	5	9
Bank 3	2	1	2	3
Bank 4	2	2	2	3
Bank 5	2	1	2	3
VCC	8	8	10	12
GND	24	24	33	52
NC	0	1	0	0
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	256	256	400	484

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the MachXO3 family are available on the Lattice web site.

- TN1282, [MachXO3 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide](#)
- TN1281, [Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO3 Devices](#)
- TN1280, [MachXO3 sysIO Usage Guide](#)
- TN1279, [MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#)
- TN1074, [PCB Layout Recommendations for BGA Packages](#)
- TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#)
- AN8066, [Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability](#)
- [MachXO3 Device Pinout Files](#)
- [Thermal Management](#) document
- [Lattice design tools](#)

MachXO3 Family Data Sheet

Revision History

February 2017

Advance Data Sheet DS1047

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
February 2017	1.8	Architecture	Updated Supported Standards section. Corrected “MDVS” to “MLDVS” in Table 2-11, Supported Input Standards.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated ESD Performance section. Added reference to the MachXO2 Product Family Qualification Summary document.
			Updated Static Supply Current – C/E Devices section. Added footnote 7.
			Updated MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices section. — Populated values for MachXO3L/LF-9400. — Under 7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1, corrected “t _{DVB} ” to “t _{DIB} ” and “t _{DVA} ” to “t _{DIA} ” and revised their descriptions. — Added Figure 3-6, Receiver GDDR71_RX Waveforms and Figure 3-7, Transmitter GDDR71_TX Waveforms.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section. Added MachXO3L/LF-9600C packages.
May 2016	1.7	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings section. Modified I/O Tri-state Voltage Applied and Dedicated Input Voltage Applied footnotes.
			Updated sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. — Added standards. — Added V _{REF} (V) — Added footnote 4.
			Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Added I/O standards.
		Ordering Information	Updated MachXO3L Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added LCMXO3L-9400C part numbers.
			Updated MachXO3LF Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added LCMXO3L-9400C part numbers.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
April 2016	1.6	Introduction	Updated Features section. — Revised logic density range and IO to LUT ratio under Flexible Architecture. — Revised 0.8 mm pitch information under Advanced Packaging. — Added MachXO3L-9400/MachXO3LF-9400 information to Table 1-1, MachXO3L/LF Family Selection Guide.
			Updated Introduction section. — Changed density from 6900 to 9400 LUTs. — Changed caBGA packaging to 19 x 19 mm.
		Architecture	Updated Architecture Overview section. — Changed statement to “All logic density devices in this family...” — Updated Figure 2-2 heading and notes.
			Updated sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section. — Changed statement to “All MachXO3L/LF devices have one or more sysCLOCK PLL.”
			Updated Programmable I/O Cells (PIC) section. — Changed statement to “All PIO pairs can implement differential receivers.”
			Updated sysIO Buffer Banks section. Updated Figure 2-5 heading.
			Updated Device Configuration section. Added Password and Soft Error Correction.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Static Supply Current – C/E Devices section. Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C and LCMXO3L/LF-9400E devices.
			Updated Programming and Erase Supply Current – C/E Devices section. — Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C and LCMXO3L/LF-9400E devices. — Changed LCMXO3L/LF-640E and LCMXO3L/LF-1300E Typ. values.
			Updated MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices section. Added MachXO3L/LF-9400 devices.
			Updated NVCM/Flash Download Time section. Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C device.
			Updated sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. — Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C device. — Changed t_{INITL} units to from ns to us. — Changed $t_{DPPINIT}$ and $t_{DPPDONE}$ Max. values are per PCN#03A-16.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary section. Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C device.
		Ordering Information	Updated MachXO3 Part Number Description section. — Added 9400 = 9400 LUTs. — Added BG484 package.
			Updated MachXO3L Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added LCMXO3L-9400C part numbers.
			Updated MachXO3LF Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added LCMXO3L-9400C part numbers.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
June 2014	1.0	—	Product name/trademark adjustment.
		Introduction	Updated Features section.
			Updated Table 1-1, MachXO3L Family Selection Guide. Changed fcCSP packages to csfBGA. Adjusted 121-ball csfBGA arrow.
			Introduction section general update.
		Architecture	General update.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Removed V_{REF} (V) column. Added standards.
			Updated Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance section. Added MIPI I/O standard.
			Updated MIPI D-PHY Emulation section. Changed Low Speed to Low Power. Updated Table 3-4, MIPI DC Conditions.
			Updated Table 3-5, MIPI D-PHY Output DC Conditions.
			Updated Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance section.
			Updated MachXO3L External Switching Characteristics – C/E Device section.
May 2014	00.3	Introduction	Updated Features section.
			Updated Table 1-1, MachXO3L Family Selection Guide. Moved 121-ball fcCSP arrow.
			General update of Introduction section.
		Architecture	General update.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary section. Updated or added data on WLCSP49, WLCSP81, CABGA324, and CABGA400 for specific devices.
		Ordering Information	Updated MachXO3L Part Number Description section. Updated or added data on WLCSP49, WLCSP81, CABGA324, and CABGA400 for specific devices.
			Updated Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added part numbers.
February 2014	00.2	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated MachXO3L External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices table. Removed LPDDR and DDR2 parameters.
	00.1	—	Initial release.