E •) (tt ce semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49CTR Datasheet</u>



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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	264
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	2112
Total RAM Bits	75776
Number of I/O	38
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	49-UFBGA, WLCSP
Supplier Device Package	49-WLCSP (3.11x3.19)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo3lf-2100e-5uwg49ctr

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong







 MachXO3L/LF-1300, MachXO3L/LF-2100, MachXO3L/LF-6900 and MachXO3L/LF-9400 are similar to MachXO3L/LF-4300. MachXO3L/LF-1300 has a lower LUT count, one PLL, and seven EBR blocks. MachXO3L/LF-2100 has a lower LUT count, one PLL, and eight EBR blocks. MachXO3L/LF-6900 has a higher LUT count, two PLLs, and 26 EBR blocks. MachXO3L/LF-9400 has a higher LUT count, two PLLs, and 48 EBR blocks.

• MachXO3L devices have NVCM, MachXO3LF devices have Flash.

The logic blocks, Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and sysMEM EBR blocks, are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns. Each row has either the logic blocks or the EBR blocks. The PIO cells are located at the periphery of the device, arranged in banks. The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM, and register functions. The PIOs utilize a flexible I/O buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer that supports operation with a variety of interface standards. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

In the MachXO3L/LF family, the number of sysIO banks varies by device. There are different types of I/O buffers on the different banks. Refer to the details in later sections of this document. The sysMEM EBRs are large, dedicated fast memory blocks. These blocks can be configured as RAM, ROM or FIFO. FIFO support includes dedicated FIFO pointer and flag "hard" control logic to minimize LUT usage.

The MachXO3L/LF registers in PFU and sysI/O can be configured to be SET or RESET. After power up and device is configured, the device enters into user mode with these registers SET/RESET according to the configuration setting, allowing device entering to a known state for predictable system function.

The MachXO3L/LF architecture also provides up to two sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) blocks. These blocks are located at the ends of the on-chip NVCM/Flash block. The PLLs have multiply, divide, and phase shifting capabilities that are used to manage the frequency and phase relationships of the clocks.

MachXO3L/LF devices provide commonly used hardened functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/ counter.

MachXO3LF devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These hardened functions and the UFM interface to the core logic and routing through a WISHBONE interface. The UFM can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C and JTAG ports.

Every device in the family has a JTAG port that supports programming and configuration of the device as well as access to the user logic. The MachXO3L/LF devices are available for operation from 3.3 V, 2.5 V and 1.2 V power sup-plies, providing easy integration into the overall system.



Modes of Operation

Each slice has up to four potential modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM and ROM.

Logic Mode

In this mode, the LUTs in each slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables. A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any four input logic functions can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one slice. Larger look-up tables such as LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other slices. Note LUT8 requires more than four slices.

Ripple Mode

Ripple mode supports the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In Ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Up/down counter with asynchronous clear
- Up/down counter with preload (sync)
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Multiplier support
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
 - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
 - A not-equal-to B
 - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Ripple mode includes an optional configuration that performs arithmetic using fast carry chain methods. In this configuration (also referred to as CCU2 mode) two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated on a per-slice basis to allow fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating slices.

RAM Mode

In this mode, a 16x4-bit distributed single port RAM (SPR) can be constructed by using each LUT block in Slice 0 and Slice 1 as a 16x1-bit memory. Slice 2 is used to provide memory address and control signals.

MachXO3L/LF devices support distributed memory initialization.

The Lattice design tools support the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. For more information about using RAM in MachXO3L/LF devices, please see TN1290, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO3 Devices.

Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM

	SPR 16x4	PDPR 16x4
Number of slices	3	3
Note: SPB = Single Port BA	M PDPR = Pseudo I	Dual Port BAM

ote: SPR = Single Port RAM, PDPR = Pseudo Dual



Figure 2-6. Secondary High Fanout Nets for MachXO3L/LF Devices



sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs)

The sysCLOCK PLLs provide the ability to synthesize clock frequencies. All MachXO3L/LF devices have one or more sysCLOCK PLL. CLKI is the reference frequency input to the PLL and its source can come from an external I/O pin or from internal routing. CLKFB is the feedback signal to the PLL which can come from internal routing or an external I/O pin. The feedback divider is used to multiply the reference frequency and thus synthesize a higher frequency clock output.

The MachXO3L/LF sysCLOCK PLLs support high resolution (16-bit) fractional-N synthesis. Fractional-N frequency synthesis allows the user to generate an output clock which is a non-integer multiple of the input frequency. For more information about using the PLL with Fractional-N synthesis, please see TN1282, MachXO3 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide.

Each output has its own output divider, thus allowing the PLL to generate different frequencies for each output. The output dividers can have a value from 1 to 128. The output dividers may also be cascaded together to generate low frequency clocks. The CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 outputs can all be used to drive the MachXO3L/LF clock distribution network directly or general purpose routing resources can be used.

The LOCK signal is asserted when the PLL determines it has achieved lock and de-asserted if a loss of lock is detected. A block diagram of the PLL is shown in Figure 2-7.

The setup and hold times of the device can be improved by programming a phase shift into the CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 output clocks which will advance or delay the output clock with reference to the CLKOP output clock.



This phase shift can be either programmed during configuration or can be adjusted dynamically. In dynamic mode, the PLL may lose lock after a phase adjustment on the output used as the feedback source and not relock until the $t_{I,OCK}$ parameter has been satisfied.

The MachXO3L/LF also has a feature that allows the user to select between two different reference clock sources dynamically. This feature is implemented using the PLLREFCS primitive. The timing parameters for the PLL are shown in the sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.

The MachXO3L/LF PLL contains a WISHBONE port feature that allows the PLL settings, including divider values, to be dynamically changed from the user logic. When using this feature the EFB block must also be instantiated in the design to allow access to the WISHBONE ports. Similar to the dynamic phase adjustment, when PLL settings are updated through the WISHBONE port the PLL may lose lock and not relock until the t_{LOCK} parameter has been satisfied. The timing parameters for the PLL are shown in the sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.

For more details on the PLL and the WISHBONE interface, see TN1282, MachXO3 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide.



Figure 2-7. PLL Diagram

Table 2-4 provides signal descriptions of the PLL block.

Table 2-4	. PLL	Signal	Descriptions
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Port Name	I/O	Description
CLKI	Ι	Input clock to PLL
CLKFB	I	Feedback clock
PHASESEL[1:0]	Ι	Select which output is affected by Dynamic Phase adjustment ports
PHASEDIR	I	Dynamic Phase adjustment direction
PHASESTEP	Ι	Dynamic Phase step – toggle shifts VCO phase adjust by one step.



Table 2-4. PLL Signal Descriptions (Continued)

Port Name	I/O	Description
CLKOP	0	Primary PLL output clock (with phase shift adjustment)
CLKOS	0	Secondary PLL output clock (with phase shift adjust)
CLKOS2	0	Secondary PLL output clock2 (with phase shift adjust)
CLKOS3	0	Secondary PLL output clock3 (with phase shift adjust)
LOCK	0	PLL LOCK, asynchronous signal. Active high indicates PLL is locked to input and feed- back signals.
DPHSRC	0	Dynamic Phase source – ports or WISHBONE is active
STDBY	I	Standby signal to power down the PLL
RST	I	PLL reset without resetting the M-divider. Active high reset.
RESETM	I	PLL reset - includes resetting the M-divider. Active high reset.
RESETC	I	Reset for CLKOS2 output divider only. Active high reset.
RESETD	I	Reset for CLKOS3 output divider only. Active high reset.
ENCLKOP	I	Enable PLL output CLKOP
ENCLKOS	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS when port is active
ENCLKOS2	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS2 when port is active
ENCLKOS3	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS3 when port is active
PLLCLK	I	PLL data bus clock input signal
PLLRST	I	PLL data bus reset. This resets only the data bus not any register values.
PLLSTB	I	PLL data bus strobe signal
PLLWE	I	PLL data bus write enable signal
PLLADDR [4:0]	I	PLL data bus address
PLLDATI [7:0]	I	PLL data bus data input
PLLDATO [7:0]	0	PLL data bus data output
PLLACK	0	PLL data bus acknowledge signal

sysMEM Embedded Block RAM Memory

The MachXO3L/LF devices contain sysMEM Embedded Block RAMs (EBRs). The EBR consists of a 9-Kbit RAM, with dedicated input and output registers. This memory can be used for a wide variety of purposes including data buffering, PROM for the soft processor and FIFO.

sysMEM Memory Block

The sysMEM block can implement single port, dual port, pseudo dual port, or FIFO memories. Each block can be used in a variety of depths and widths as shown in Table 2-5.



Port Name	Description	Active State
CLK	Clock	Rising Clock Edge
CE	Clock Enable	Active High
OCE ¹	Output Clock Enable	Active High
RST	Reset	Active High
BE ¹	Byte Enable	Active High
WE	Write Enable	Active High
AD	Address Bus	
DI	Data In	_
DO	Data Out	_
CS	Chip Select	Active High
AFF	FIFO RAM Almost Full Flag	_
FF	FIFO RAM Full Flag	_
AEF	FIFO RAM Almost Empty Flag	_
EF	FIFO RAM Empty Flag	_
RPRST	FIFO RAM Read Pointer Reset	_

Table 2-6. EBR Signal Descriptions

1. Optional signals.

2. For dual port EBR primitives a trailing 'A' or 'B' in the signal name specifies the EBR port A or port B respectively.

3. For FIFO RAM mode primitive, a trailing 'R' or 'W' in the signal name specifies the FIFO read port or write port respectively.

4. For FIFO RAM mode primitive FULLI has the same function as CSW(2) and EMPTYI has the same function as CSR(2).

In FIFO mode, CLKW is the write port clock, CSW is the write port chip select, CLKR is the read port clock, CSR is the read port clock, CSR is the read port clock.

The EBR memory supports three forms of write behavior for single or dual port operation:

- 1. **Normal** Data on the output appears only during the read cycle. During a write cycle, the data (at the current address) does not appear on the output. This mode is supported for all data widths.
- 2. Write Through A copy of the input data appears at the output of the same port. This mode is supported for all data widths.
- 3. Read-Before-Write When new data is being written, the old contents of the address appears at the output.

FIFO Configuration

The FIFO has a write port with data-in, CEW, WE and CLKW signals. There is a separate read port with data-out, RCE, RE and CLKR signals. The FIFO internally generates Almost Full, Full, Almost Empty and Empty Flags. The Full and Almost Full flags are registered with CLKW. The Empty and Almost Empty flags are registered with CLKR. Table 2-7 shows the range of programming values for these flags.

Table 2-7. Programmable FIFO Flag Ranges

Flag Name	Programming Range
Full (FF)	1 to max (up to 2 ^N -1)
Almost Full (AF)	1 to Full-1
Almost Empty (AE)	1 to Full-1
Empty (EF)	0

N = Address bit width.

The FIFO state machine supports two types of reset signals: RST and RPRST. The RST signal is a global reset that clears the contents of the FIFO by resetting the read/write pointer and puts the FIFO flags in their initial reset



sysIO Buffer

Each I/O is associated with a flexible buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer. These buffers are arranged around the periphery of the device in groups referred to as banks. The sysIO buffers allow users to implement a wide variety of standards that are found in today's systems including LVCMOS, TTL, PCI, LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL.

Each bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. In the MachXO3L/LF devices, single-ended output buffers, ratioed input buffers (LVTTL, LVCMOS and PCI), differential (LVDS) input buffers are powered using I/O supply voltage (V_{CCIO}). Each sysIO bank has its own V_{CCIO} .

MachXO3L/LF devices contain three types of sysIO buffer pairs.

1. Left and Right sysIO Buffer Pairs

The sysIO buffer pairs in the left and right banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the left and right of the devices also have differential input buffers.

2. Bottom sysIO Buffer Pairs

The sysIO buffer pairs in the bottom bank of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the bottom also have differential input buffers. Only the I/Os on the bottom banks have programmable PCI clamps and differential input termination. The PCI clamp is enabled after V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} are at valid operating levels and the device has been configured.

3. Top sysIO Buffer Pairs

The sysIO buffer pairs in the top bank of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two singleended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the top also have differential I/O buffers. Half of the sysIO buffer pairs on the top edge have true differential outputs. The sysIO buffer pair comprising of the A and B PIOs in every PIC on the top edge have a differential output driver.

Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up

The internal power-on-reset (POR) signal is deactivated when V_{CC} and V_{CCIO0} have reached V_{PORUP} level defined in the Power-On-Reset Voltage table in the DC and Switching Characteristics section of this data sheet. After the POR signal is deactivated, the FPGA core logic becomes active. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that all V_{CCIO} banks are active with valid input logic levels to properly control the output logic states of all the I/O banks that are critical to the application. The default configuration of the I/O pins in a blank device is tri-state with a weak pulldown to GND (some pins such as PROGRAMN and the JTAG pins have weak pull-up to V_{CCIO} as the default functionality). The I/O pins will maintain the blank configuration until V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} (for I/O banks containing configuration I/Os) have reached V_{PORUP} levels at which time the I/Os will take on the user-configured settings only after a proper download/configuration.

There are various ways a user can ensure that there are no spurious signals on critical outputs as the device powers up. These are discussed in more detail in TN1280, MachXO3 sysIO Usage Guide.

Supported Standards

The MachXO3L/LF sysIO buffer supports both single-ended and differential standards. Single-ended standards can be further subdivided into LVCMOS, LVTTL, and PCI. The buffer supports the LVTTL, PCI, LVCMOS 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V standards. In the LVCMOS and LVTTL modes, the buffer has individually configurable options for drive strength, bus maintenance (weak pull-up, weak pull-down, bus-keeper latch or none) and open drain. BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL output emulation is supported on all devices. The MachXO3L/LF devices support on-chip LVDS output buffers on approximately 50% of the I/Os on the top bank. Differential receivers for LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL are supported on all banks of MachXO3L/LF devices. PCI support is provided in the bottom bank of the MachXO3L/LF devices. Table 2-11 summarizes the I/O characteristics of the MachXO3L/LF PLDs.



Figure 2-15. MachXO3L/LF-1300 in 256 Ball Packages, MachXO3L/LF-2100, MachXO3L/LF-4300, MachXO3L/LF-6900 and MachXO3L/LF-9400 Banks



Figure 2-16. MachXO3L/LF-640 and MachXO3L/LF-1300 Banks





There are some limitations on the use of the hardened user SPI. These are defined in the following technical notes:

- TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology (Appendix B)
- TN1293, Using Hardened Control Functions in MachXO3 Devices

Figure 2-19. SPI Core Block Diagram



Table 2-15 describes the signals interfacing with the SPI cores.

Table 2-15. SPI Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Master/Slave	Description	
spi_csn[0]	0	Master	SPI master chip-select output	
spi_csn[17]	0	Master	Additional SPI chip-select outputs (total up to eight slaves)	
spi_scsn	I	Slave	SPI slave chip-select input	
spi_irq	0	Master/Slave	Interrupt request	
spi_clk	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI clock. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.	
spi_miso	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Input in master mode. Output in slave mode.	
spi_mosi	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.	
sn	I	Slave	Configuration Slave Chip Select (active low), dedicated for selecting the Co figuration Logic.	
cfg_stdby	0	Master/Slave	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO3L/LF device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.	
cfg_wake	0	Master/Slave	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO3L/LF device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.	



sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics^{1, 2}

Input/Output	V	'IL	v	н	V _{OL} Max. V _{OH} Min		lo, Max,⁴	ו _{סם} Max.⁴
Standard	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)	(V)	(V)	(mA)	(mA)
							4	-4
					0.4	V 0 4	8	-8
	-0.3	0.8	2.0	3.6	0.4	VCCIO - 0.4	12	-12
							16	-16
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
					0.4	V 0.4	8	-8
LVCMOS 2.5	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	VCCIO - 0.4	12	-12
							16	-16
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
	0.2	0.251/	0.651/	26	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
	-0.3	0.35VCCIO	0.03 V CCIO	3.0			12	-12
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
					0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	4	-4
LVCMOS 1.5	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4		8	-8
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
					0.4	V 0.4	4	-2
LVCMOS 1.2	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	VCCIO - 0.4	8	-6
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
LVCMOS25R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS12R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS12R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	0.40 NA Open Drain		NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

 MachXO3L/LF devices allow LVCMOS inputs to be placed in I/O banks where V_{CCIO} is different from what is specified in the applicable JEDEC specification. This is referred to as a ratioed input buffer. In a majority of cases this operation follows or exceeds the applicable JEDEC specification. The cases where MachXO3L/LF devices do not meet the relevant JEDEC specification are documented in the table below.

2. MachXO3L/LF devices allow for LVCMOS referenced I/Os which follow applicable JEDEC specifications. For more details about mixed mode operation please refer to please refer to TN1280, MachXO3 sysIO Usage Guide.

3. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to a V_{IL} min of -0.25 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <10 ns.

4. For electromigration, the average DC current sourced or sinked by I/O pads between two consecutive VCCIO or GND pad connections, or between the last VCCIO or GND in an I/O bank and the end of an I/O bank, as shown in the Logic Signal Connections table (also shown as I/O grouping) shall not exceed a maximum of n * 8 mA. "n" is the number of I/O pads between the two consecutive bank VCCIO or GND connections or between the last VCCIO and GND in a bank and the end of a bank. IO Grouping can be found in the Data Sheet Pin Tables, which can also be generated from the Lattice Diamond software.



	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Low Power	· ·				
VCCIO	VCCIO of the Bank with LVCMOS12D 6 mA drive bidirectional IO buffer		1.2		V
VIH	Logic 1 input voltage	—	—	0.88	V
VIL	Logic 0 input voltage, not in ULP State	0.55	—	—	V
VHYST	Input hysteresis	25	—	—	mV

1. Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Figure 3-5. MIPI D-PHY Output Using External Resistors





MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10}

			_	6	_	5	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Clocks							
Primary Clo	cks						-
f _{MAX_PRI} ⁷	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO3L/LF devices	_	388	_	323	MHz
t _{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO3L/LF devices	0.5		0.6		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-1300		867	_	897	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-2100		867		897	ps
t _{SKEW_PRI}	Primary Clock Skew Within a Device	MachXO3L/LF-4300	_	865	-	892	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	_	902	-	942	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	_	908	-	950	ps
Edge Clock							
f _{MAX_EDGE} ⁷	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO3L/LF		400	_	333	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin	Propagation Delay						
t _{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO3L/LF devices		6.72		6.96	ns
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock with	out PLL)					
		MachXO3L/LF-1300	—	7.46	—	7.66	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	_	7.46	_	7.66	ns
t _{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	MachXO3L/LF-4300	_	7.51		7.71	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	_	7.54		7.75	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	_	7.53		7.83	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-1300	-0.20	_	-0.20		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	-0.20	_	-0.20		ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-4300	-0.23	_	-0.23		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	-0.23		-0.23		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	-0.24		-0.24		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.89		2.13		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.89	_	2.13		ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.94	_	2.18		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.98	_	2.23		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.99	_	2.24		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.61	_	1.76		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.61	_	1.76		ns
t _{SU DEL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.66	_	1.81		ns
	with Data input Delay	MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.53	_	1.67		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.65	_	1.80		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-1300	-0.23	_	-0.23		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	-0.23	—	-0.23	_	ns
^t H DEL	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with	MachXO3L/LF-4300	-0.25	_	-0.25	_	ns
	Input Data Delay	MachXO3L/LF-6900	-0.21	_	-0.21	_	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	-0.24	_	-0.24	_	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	388	—	323	MHz

Over Recommended Operating Conditions



DC and Switching Characteristics MachXO3 Family Data Sheet

Parameter Description Device Min. Max. Min. Max. L General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Edge Clock without PLL)
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Edge Clock without PLL) t _{COE} MachXO3L/LF-1300 - 7.53 - 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-2100 - 7.53 - 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-2100 - 7.45 - 7.68 MachXO3L/LF-6900 - 7.53 - 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-9400 - 8.93 - 9.35 MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.19 - - 0.19 -
MachXO3L/LF-1300 - 7.53 - 7.76 t _{COE} Clock to Output - PIO Output Register MachXO3L/LF-2100 - 7.53 - 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-2100 - 7.45 - 7.68 MachXO3L/LF-6900 - 7.53 - 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-9400 - 8.93 - 9.35 MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.19 - - 0.19 -
MachXO3L/LF-2100 — 7.53 — 7.76 Clock to Output - PIO Output Register MachXO3L/LF-4300 — 7.45 — 7.68 MachXO3L/LF-6900 — 7.53 — 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-9400 — 8.93 — 9.35 MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.19 — -0.19 —
t _{COE} Clock to Output - PIO Output Register MachXO3L/LF-4300 7.45 7.68 MachXO3L/LF-6900 7.53 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-9400 8.93 9.35 MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.19 -0.19
MachXO3L/LF-6900 — 7.53 — 7.76 MachXO3L/LF-9400 — 8.93 — 9.35 MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.19 — -0.19 —
MachXO3L/LF-9400 — 8.93 — 9.35 MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.19 — -0.19 —
MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.190.19 -
MachXO3L/LF-2100 -0.190.19 -
t _{SUE} Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register MachXO3L/LF-4300 -0.160.16 -
MachXO3L/LF-6900 -0.190.19 -
MachXO3L/LF-9400 -0.200.20 -
MachXO3L/LF-1300 1.97 — 2.24 —
MachXO3L/LF-2100 1.97 — 2.24 —
t _{HE} Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register MachXO3L/LF-4300 1.89 - 2.16 -
MachXO3L/LF-6900 1.97 — 2.24 —
MachXO3L/LF-9400 1.98 — 2.25 —
MachXO3L/LF-1300 1.56 — 1.69 —
MachXO3L/LF-2100 1.56 — 1.69 —
tsu DELE with Data laput Dalay
MachXO3L/LF-6900 1.66 — 1.81 —
MachXO3L/LF-9400 1.71 — 1.85 —
MachXO3L/LF-1300 -0.230.23 -
MachXO3L/LF-2100 -0.230.23 -
tH DELE Input Data Hold - PIO Input Register with MachXO3L/LF-4300 -0.340.34 -
MachXO3L/LF-6900 -0.290.29 -
MachXO3L/LF-9400 -0.300.30 -
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock with PLL)
MachXO3L/LF-1300 — 5.98 — 6.01
MachXO3L/LF-2100 — 5.98 — 6.01
t _{COPL1} Clock to Output - PIO Output Register MachXO3L/LF-4300 — 5.99 — 6.02
MachXO3L/LF-6900 — 6.02 — 6.06
MachXO3L/LF-9400 — 5.55 — 6.13
MachXO3L/LF-1300 0.36 — 0.36 —
MachXO3L/LF-2100 0.36 — 0.36 —
t _{SUPU} Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register MachXO3L/LF-4300 0.35 — 0.35 —
MachXO3L/LF-6900 0.34 — 0.34 —
MachXO3L/LF-9400 0.33 — 0.33 —
MachXO3L/LF-1300 0.42 — 0.49 —
MachXO3L/LF-2100 0.42 — 0.49 —
t _{HPL1} Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register MachXO3L/LF-4300 0.43 - 0.50 -
MachXO3L/LF-6900 0.46 — 0.54 —
MachXO3L/LF-9400 0.47 — 0.55 —



DC and Switching Characteristics MachXO3 Family Data Sheet

			-	-6		·5	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t _{SU_DELPLL} Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	2.87		3.18		ns	
	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO3L/LF-2100	2.87		3.18	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	2.96		3.28		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	3.05		3.35		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	3.06		3.37		ns
	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with	MachXO3L/LF-1300	-0.83		-0.83		ns
t _{H_DELPLL}		MachXO3L/LF-2100	-0.83		-0.83		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	-0.87		-0.87		ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	-0.91		-0.91	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	-0.93	—	-0.93		ns



DC and Switching Characteristics MachXO3 Family Data Sheet

		-6		-5			
Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units	
Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Centered ^{8, 9}							
Output Data Valid Before CLK Output		0.455		0.570		ns	
Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.455	—	0.570	_	ns	
DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed	MachXO3L/LF devices,	—	800	—	630	Mbps	
DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)	top side only	_	400	_	315	MHz	
SCLK Frequency	-		100		79	MHz	
Itputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1 ^{8, 9}							
Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output			0.160	_	0.180	ns	
Output Data Invalid After CLK Output			0.160		0.180	ns	
DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed	MachXO3L/LF devices,		756		630	Mbps	
DDR71 ECLK Frequency	top side only	_	378	—	315	MHz	
7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (mini- mum limited by PLL)		_	108	_	90	MHz	
MIPI D-PHY Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12}							
Output Data Valid Before CLK Output		0.200	—	0.200	_	UI	
Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.200	—	0.200	_	UI	
MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed	All MachXO3L/LF	_	900	—	900	Mbps	
MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)	devices, top side only	_	450	_	450	MHz	
SCLK Frequency	<u> </u>	—	112.5	—	112.5	MHz	
	Description RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered CECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} Output Data Valid Before CLK Output Output Data Valid After CLK Output DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) SCLK Frequency ttputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1 ^{8, 9} Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid After CLK Output DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed DDR71 ECLK Frequency 7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (mini- mum limited by PLL) Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at P C.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12} Output Data Valid Before CLK Output Output Data Valid After CLK Output MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) SCLK Frequency	DescriptionDeviceRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for C.ECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} In Using PCLK Pin for C.ECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} Output Data Valid Before CLK OutputMachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyDDRX4 Serial Output Data SpeedMachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyDDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)MachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlySCLK FrequencyOutput Data Invalid Before CLK OutputOutput Data Invalid After CLK OutputMachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyOutput Data Invalid After CLK OutputMachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyDDR71 Serial Output Data SpeedMachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyDDR71 ECLK Frequency 7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (mini- mum limited by PLL)MachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyOutput Data Valid Before CLK OutputOutput Data Valid Before CLK OutputOutput Data Valid Before CLK OutputAll MachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyOutput Data Valid After CLK OutputAll MachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyMIPI D-PHY Output Data SpeedAll MachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlyMIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)All MachXO3L/LF devices, top side onlySCLK FrequencyAll MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	Description Device Min. RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock (LECLK.Centered ^{8,9}) 0.455 Output Data Valid Before CLK Output 0.455 DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only SCLK Frequency Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output Output Data Invalid After CLK Output DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only DDR71 ECLK Frequency 7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL) Output Data Valid After CLK Output Output Data Valid After CLK Output Output Data Valid After CLK Output 0.200 0.200 0.200 Output Data Valid After CLK	-6Min.Max.RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - CLECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} Output Data Valid Before CLK Output0.455Output Data Valid After CLK OutputMachXO3L/LF devices, top side only0.455DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only800SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)100400Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output0.160Output Data Invalid After CLK Output0.160DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed DDR71 Serial Output Data SpeedMachXO3L/LF devices, top side only108Output Swith Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - t.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12} 0.200Output Data Valid Before CLK Output DDR71 Serial Output Data SpeedAll MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only0.200Output Data Valid After CLK Output Mup PLL)All MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only0.200MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed MIPI D-PHY CLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)All MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only450MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)450450	Description Image: Description Image: Description Max. Min. Max. Min. RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - LECLK.Centered ^{8, 9} 0.455 - 0.570 Output Data Valid Before CLK Output MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only 0.455 - 0.570 DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 800 - DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 400 - SCLK Frequency - 0.160 -	Description Device Min. Max. Min. Max. RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - LECLK.Centered ^{9,9} 0.455 - 0.570 - Output Data Valid Before CLK Output MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only 0.455 - 0.570 - DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only 0.455 - 0.570 - DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL) MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 800 - 630 SCLK Frequency - 0.160 - 916 - 916 Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 0.160 - 0.180 DDR71 ECLK Frequency MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 756 - 630 DDR71 ECLK Frequency MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 756 - 630 DDR71 ECLK Frequency MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only - 108 - 90 Output Data Valid After CLK Output MachXO3L/LF	

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.

2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0pf load, fast slew rate.

3. Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).

4. 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).

5. For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03 \text{ ns})/2$.

6. The t_{SU DEL} and t_{H DEL} values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 105 ps (-6), 113 ps (-5), 120 ps (-4).

7. This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/-10%.

8. Duty cycle is $\pm -5\%$ for system usage.

9. Performance is calculated with 0.225 UI.

10. Performance is calculated with 0.20 UI.

11. Performance for Industrial devices are only supported with VCC between 1.16 V to 1.24 V.

12. Performance for Industrial devices and -5 devices are not modeled in the Diamond design tool.

13. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.

14. Above 800 Mbps is only supported with WLCSP and csfBGA packages

15. Between 800 Mbps to 900 Mbps:

a. VIDTH exceeds the MIPI D-PHY Input DC Conditions Table 3-4 and can be calculated with the equation tSU or tH = -0.0005*VIDTH + 0.3284

b. Example calculations

i. tSU and tHO = 0.28 with VIDTH = 100 mV

ii. tSU and tHO = 0.25 with VIDTH = 170 mV

iii. tSU and tHO = 0.20 with VIDTH = 270 mV



Pin Information Summary

	MachXO3L/LF -640	MachXO3L/LF-1300			
	CSFBGA121	WLCSP36	CSFBGA121	CSFBGA256	CABGA256
General Purpose IO per Bank					
Bank 0	24	15	24	50	50
Bank 1	26	0	26	52	52
Bank 2	26	9	26	52	52
Bank 3	24	4	24	16	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	16	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	20	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	100	28	100	206	206
Differential IO per Bank	·	•		•	•
Bank 0	12	8	12	25	25
Bank 1	13	0	13	26	26
Bank 2	13	4	13	26	26
Bank 3	11	2	11	8	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	8	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	10	10
Total General Purpose Differential IO	49	14	49	103	103
Dual Function IO	33	25	33	33	33
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes	·	•		•	•
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	7	3	7	14	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	7	2	7	14	14
High-speed Differential Outputs	-				
Bank 0	7	3	7	14	14
VCCIO Pins					
Bank 0	1	1	1	4	4
Bank 1	1	0	1	3	4
Bank 2	1	1	1	4	4
Bank 3	3	1	3	2	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	2	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	2	1
vcc	4	2	4	8	8
GND	10	2	10	24	24
NC	0	0	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	121	36	121	256	256



MachXO3L Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-640E-5MG121C	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-640E-6MG121C	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-640E-5MG121I	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-640E-6MG121I	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36CTR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36CTR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36CTR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36ITR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36ITR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5UWG36ITR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG121C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG121C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG1211	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG1211	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG256C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG256C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300E-5MG256I	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-1300E-6MG256I	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-1300C-5BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300C-6BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-1300C-5BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-1300C-6BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49CTR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49CTR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49CTR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49ITR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49ITR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5UWG49ITR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG121C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG121C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG121I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG1211	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG256C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG256C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG256I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG256I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG324C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG324C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100E-5MG324I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
				1		
Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND



LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484I

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
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Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256C	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256C	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256I	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256I	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG4001	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND

2.5 V/3.3 V

6

Halogen-Free caBGA

484

IND

9400



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
September 2015	1.5	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MIPI D-PHY Emulation section. Revised Table 3-5, MIPI D- PHY Output DC Conditions. — Revised RL Typ. value. — Revised RH description and values.
			Updated the Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance section. Revised MIPI Max. Speed value.
			Updated the MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices section. Added footnotes 14 and 15.
August 2015	1.4	Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.
		Ordering Information	Updated the top side markings section to indicate the use of LMXO3LF for the LCMXO3LF device.
March 2015	1.3	All	General update. Added MachXO3LF devices.
October 2014	1.2	Introduction	Updated Table 1-1, MachXO3L Family Selection Guide. Revised XO3L- 2100 and XO3L-4300 IO for 324-ball csfBGA package.
		Architecture	Updated the Dual Boot section. Corrected information on where the pri- mary bitstream and the golden image must reside.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section.
			Changed General Purpose IO Bank 5 values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSFBGA 324 package.
			Changed Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes for MachXO3L-640 and MachXO3L-1300.
			Removed DQS Groups (Bank 1) section.
			Changed VCCIO Pins Bank 1 values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L- 2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package.
			Changed GND values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L-2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package.
			Changed NC values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSF- BGA 324 package.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition.
			Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
July 2014	1.1	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Static Supply Current – C/E Devices section. Added devices.
			Updated the Programming and Erase Supply Current – C/E Device section. Added devices.
			Updated the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Revised footnote 4.
			Added the NVCM Download Time section.
			Updated the Typical Building Block Function Performance – C/E Devices section. Added information to footnote.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO3L Part Number Description section. Added packages.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. General update.