Lattice Semiconductor Corporation - LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG121C Datasheet

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	100
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	121-VFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	121-CSFBGA (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo3lf-4300e-5mg121c

and oscillators dynamically. These features help manage static and dynamic power consumption resulting in low static power for all members of the family.

The MachXO3L/LF devices are available in two versions C and E with two speed grades: -5 and -6, with -6 being the fastest. C devices have an internal linear voltage regulator which supports external VCC supply voltages of 3.3 V or 2.5 V. E devices only accept 1.2 V as the external VCC supply voltage. With the exception of power supply voltage both C and E are functionally compatible with each other.

The MachXO3L/LF PLDs are available in a broad range of advanced halogen-free packages ranging from the space saving 2.5 x 2.5 mm WLCSP to the 19 x 19 mm caBGA. MachXO3L/LF devices support density migration within the same package. Table 1-1 shows the LUT densities, package and I/O options, along with other key parameters.

The MachXO3L/LF devices offer enhanced I/O features such as drive strength control, slew rate control, PCI compatibility, bus-keeper latches, pull-up resistors, pull-down resistors, open drain outputs and hot socketing. Pull-up, pull-down and bus-keeper features are controllable on a “per-pin” basis.

A user-programmable internal oscillator is included in MachXO3L/LF devices. The clock output from this oscillator may be divided by the timer/counter for use as clock input in functions such as LED control, key-board scanner and similar state machines.

The MachXO3L/LF devices also provide flexible, reliable and secure configuration from on-chip NVCM/Flash. These devices can also configure themselves from external SPI Flash or be configured by an external master through the JTAG test access port or through the I^2C port. Additionally, MachXO3L/LF devices support dual-boot capability (using external Flash memory) and remote field upgrade (TransFR) capability.

Lattice provides a variety of design tools that allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the MachXO3L/LF family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for MachXO3L/LF. Lattice design tools use the synthesis tool output along with the user-specified preferences and constraints to place and route the design in the MachXO3L/LF device. These tools extract the timing from the routing and back-annotate it into the design for timing verification.

Lattice provides many pre-engineered IP (Intellectual Property) LatticeCORE™ modules, including a number of reference designs licensed free of charge, optimized for the MachXO3L/LF PLD family. By using these configurable soft core IP cores as standardized blocks, users are free to concentrate on the unique aspects of their design, increasing their productivity.

This phase shift can be either programmed during configuration or can be adjusted dynamically. In dynamic mode, the PLL may lose lock after a phase adjustment on the output used as the feedback source and not relock until the t_{LOCK} parameter has been satisfied.

The MachXO3L/LF also has a feature that allows the user to select between two different reference clock sources dynamically. This feature is implemented using the PLLREFCS primitive. The timing parameters for the PLL are shown in the sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.

The MachXO3L/LF PLL contains a WISHBONE port feature that allows the PLL settings, including divider values, to be dynamically changed from the user logic. When using this feature the EFB block must also be instantiated in the design to allow access to the WISHBONE ports. Similar to the dynamic phase adjustment, when PLL settings are updated through the WISHBONE port the PLL may lose lock and not relock until the t_{LOCK} parameter has been satisfied. The timing parameters for the PLL are shown in the sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.

For more details on the PLL and the WISHBONE interface, see TN1282, MachXO3 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide.

Figure 2-7. PLL Diagram

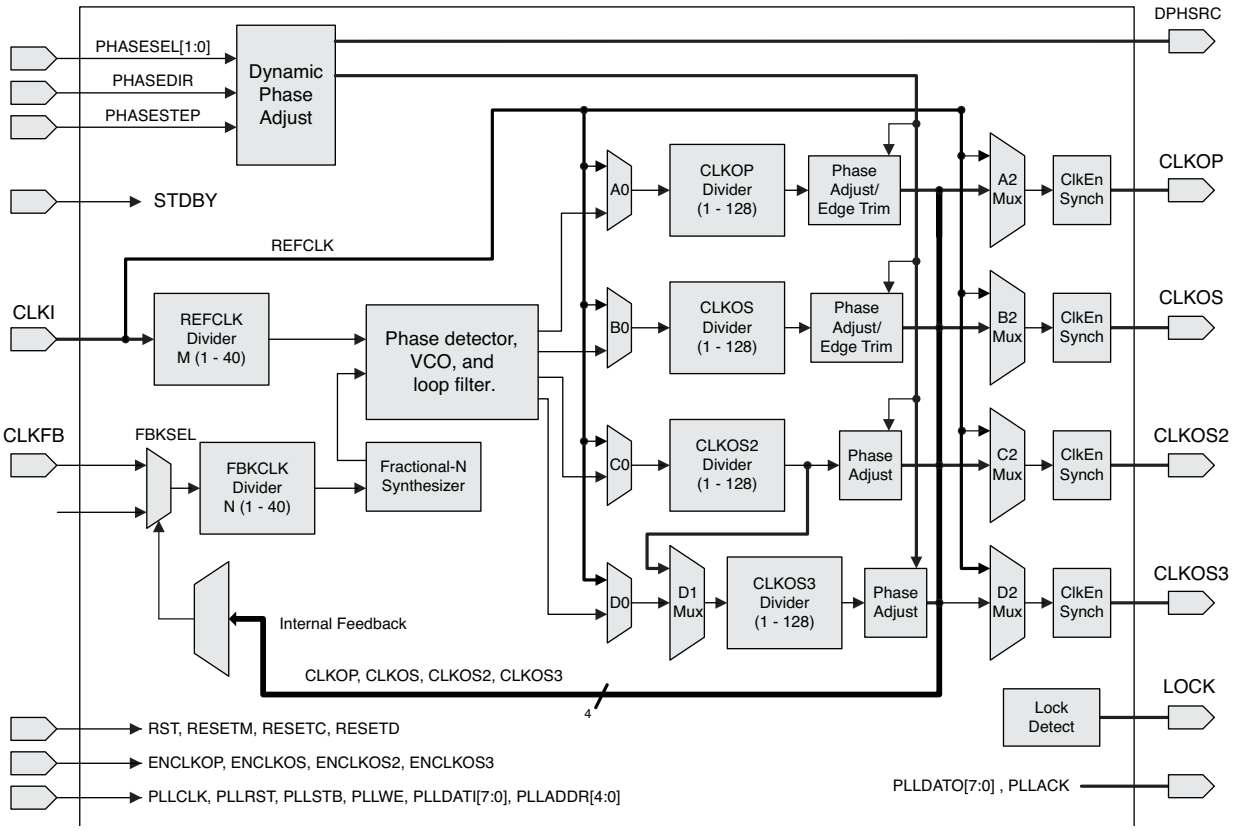


Table 2-4 provides signal descriptions of the PLL block.

Table 2-4. PLL Signal Descriptions

Port Name	I/O	Description
CLKI	I	Input clock to PLL
CLKFB	I	Feedback clock
PHASESEL[1:0]	I	Select which output is affected by Dynamic Phase adjustment ports
PHASEDIR	I	Dynamic Phase adjustment direction
PHASESTEP	I	Dynamic Phase step – toggle shifts VCO phase adjust by one step.

Table 2-6. EBR Signal Descriptions

Port Name	Description	Active State
CLK	Clock	Rising Clock Edge
CE	Clock Enable	Active High
OCE[1]	Output Clock Enable	Active High
RST	Reset	Active High
BE[1]	Byte Enable	Active High
WE	Write Enable	Active High
AD	Address Bus	—
DI	Data In	—
DO	Data Out	—
CS	Chip Select	Active High
AFF	FIFO RAM Almost Full Flag	—
FF	FIFO RAM Full Flag	—
AEF	FIFO RAM Almost Empty Flag	—
EF	FIFO RAM Empty Flag	—
RPRST	FIFO RAM Read Pointer Reset	—

1. Optional signals.
2. For dual port EBR primitives a trailing 'A' or 'B' in the signal name specifies the EBR port A or port B respectively.
3. For FIFO RAM mode primitive, a trailing 'R' or 'W' in the signal name specifies the FIFO read port or write port respectively.
4. For FIFO RAM mode primitive FULLI has the same function as CSW(2) and EMPTYI has the same function as CSR(2).
5. In FIFO mode, CLKW is the write port clock, CSW is the write port chip select, CLKR is the read port clock, CSR is the read port chip select, ORE is the output read enable.

The EBR memory supports three forms of write behavior for single or dual port operation:

1. **Normal** – Data on the output appears only during the read cycle. During a write cycle, the data (at the current address) does not appear on the output. This mode is supported for all data widths.

2. **Write Through** – A copy of the input data appears at the output of the same port. This mode is supported for all data widths.

3. **Read-Before-Write** – When new data is being written, the old contents of the address appears at the output.

FIFO Configuration

The FIFO has a write port with data-in, CEW, WE and CLKW signals. There is a separate read port with data-out, RCE, RE and CLKR signals. The FIFO internally generates Almost Full, Full, Almost Empty and Empty Flags. The Full and Almost Full flags are registered with CLKW. The Empty and Almost Empty flags are registered with CLKR. Table 2-7 shows the range of programming values for these flags.

Table 2-7. Programmable FIFO Flag Ranges

Flag Name	Programming Range
Full (FF)	1 to max (up to 2^N-1)
Almost Full (AF)	1 to Full-1
Almost Empty (AE)	1 to Full-1
Empty (EF)	0

N = Address bit width.

The FIFO state machine supports two types of reset signals: RST and RPRST. The RST signal is a global reset that clears the contents of the FIFO by resetting the read/write pointer and puts the FIFO flags in their initial reset

Figure 2-11. Group of Four Programmable I/O Cells

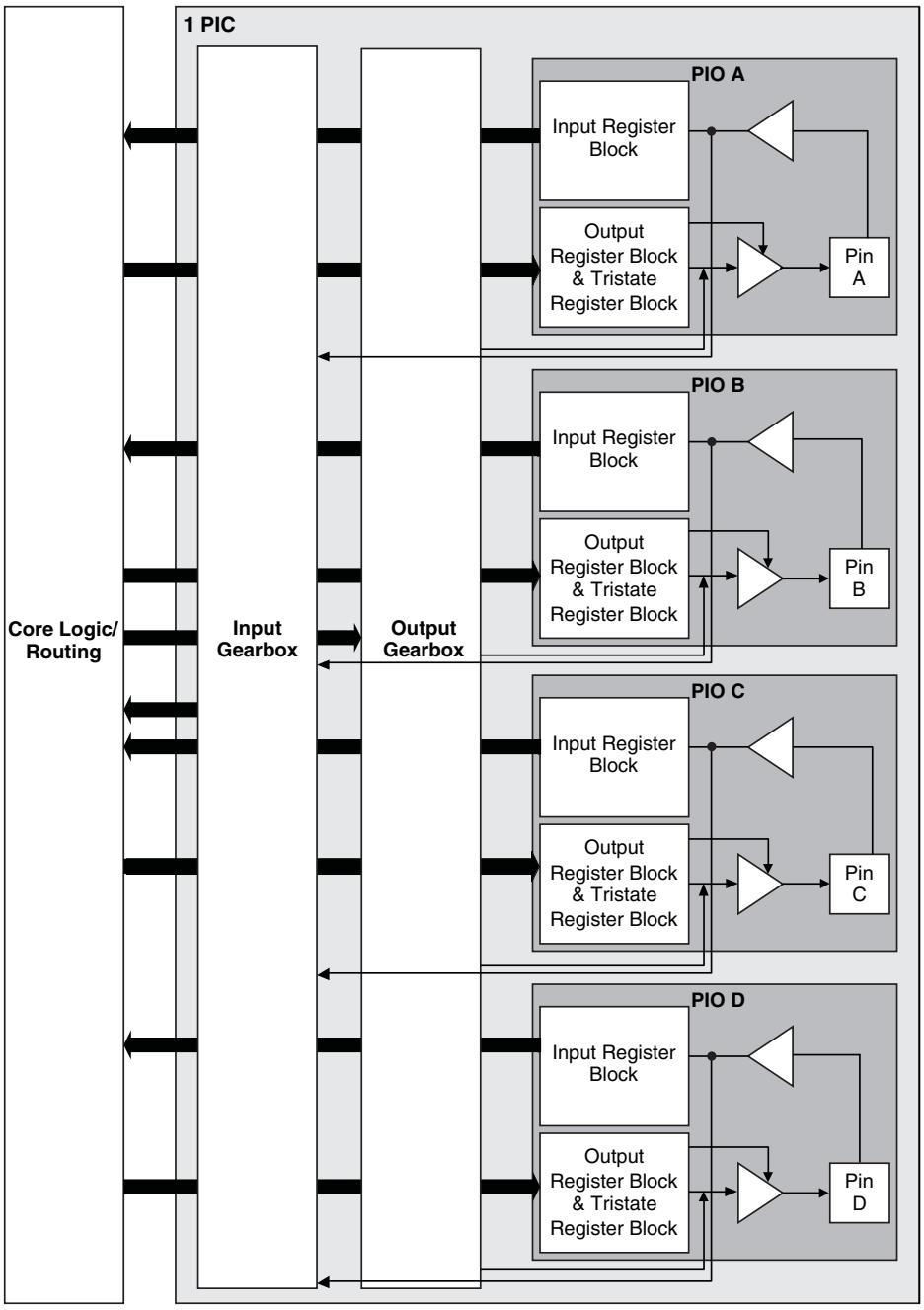
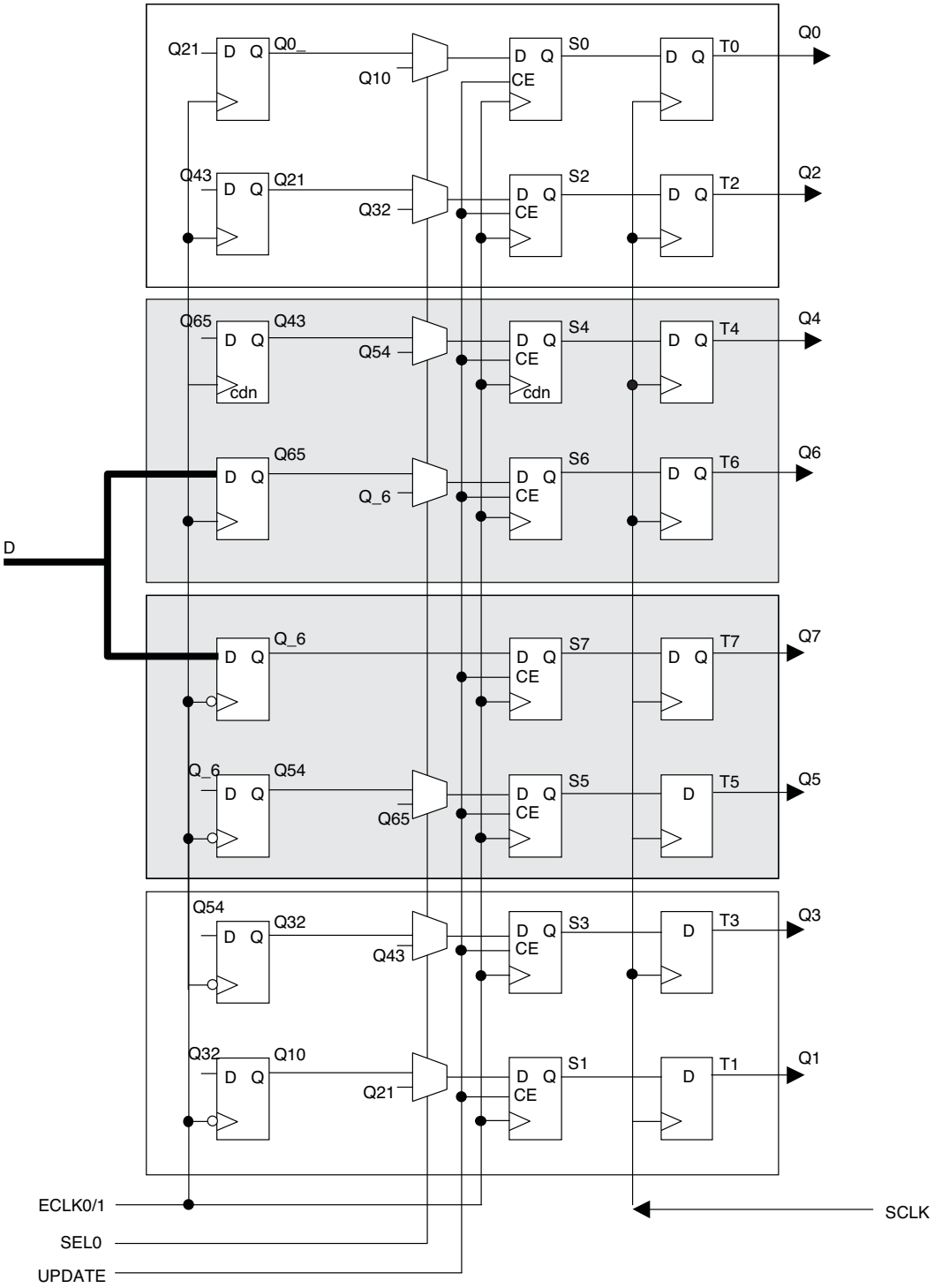


Figure 2-13. Input Gearbox



More information on the input gearbox is available in TN1281, Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO3 Devices.

sysIO Buffer

Each I/O is associated with a flexible buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer. These buffers are arranged around the periphery of the device in groups referred to as banks. The sysIO buffers allow users to implement a wide variety of standards that are found in today's systems including LVCMOS, TTL, PCI, LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL.

Each bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. In the MachXO3L/LF devices, single-ended output buffers, ratioed input buffers (LVTTL, LVCMOS and PCI), differential (LVDS) input buffers are powered using I/O supply voltage (V_{CCIO}). Each sysIO bank has its own V_{CCIO}.

MachXO3L/LF devices contain three types of sysIO buffer pairs.

1. **Left and Right sysIO Buffer Pairs**
   The sysIO buffer pairs in the left and right banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the left and right of the devices also have differential input buffers.

2. **Bottom sysIO Buffer Pairs**
   The sysIO buffer pairs in the bottom bank of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the bottom also have differential input buffers. Only the I/Os on the bottom banks have programmable PCI clamps and differential input termination. The PCI clamp is enabled after V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} are at valid operating levels and the device has been configured.

3. **Top sysIO Buffer Pairs**
   The sysIO buffer pairs in the top bank of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the top also have differential I/O buffers. Half of the sysIO buffer pairs on the top edge have true differential outputs. The sysIO buffer pair comprising of the A and B PIOs in every PIC on the top edge have a differential output driver.

Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up

The internal power-on-reset (POR) signal is deactivated when V_{CC} and V_{CCIO0} have reached V_{PORUP} level defined in the Power-On-Reset Voltage table in the DC and Switching Characteristics section of this data sheet. After the POR signal is deactivated, the FPGA core logic becomes active. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that all V_{CCIO} banks are active with valid input logic levels to properly control the output logic states of all the I/O banks that are critical to the application. The default configuration of the I/O pins in a blank device is tri-state with a weak pull-down to GND (some pins such as PROGRAMN and the JTAG pins have weak pull-up to V_{CCIO} as the default functionality). The I/O pins will maintain the blank configuration until V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} (for I/O banks containing configuration I/Os) have reached V_{PORUP} levels at which time the I/Os will take on the user-configured settings only after a proper download/configuration.

There are various ways a user can ensure that there are no spurious signals on critical outputs as the device powers up. These are discussed in more detail in TN1280, MachXO3 sysIO Usage Guide.

Supported Standards

The MachXO3L/LF sysIO buffer supports both single-ended and differential standards. Single-ended standards can be further subdivided into LVCMOS, LVTTL, and PCI. The buffer supports the LVTTL, PCI, LVCMOS 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V standards. In the LVCMOS and LVTTL modes, the buffer has individually configurable options for drive strength, bus maintenance (weak pull-up, weak pull-down, bus-keeper latch or none) and open drain. BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL output emulation is supported on all devices. The MachXO3L/LF devices support on-chip LVDS output buffers on approximately 50% of the I/Os on the top bank. Differential receivers for LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL are supported on all banks of MachXO3L/LF devices. PCI support is provided in the bottom bank of the MachXO3L/LF devices. Table 2-11 summarizes the I/O characteristics of the MachXO3L/LF PLDs.

Figure 2-15. MachXO3L/LF-1300 in 256 Ball Packages, MachXO3L/LF-2100, MachXO3L/LF-4300, MachXO3L/LF-6900 and MachXO3L/LF-9400 Banks

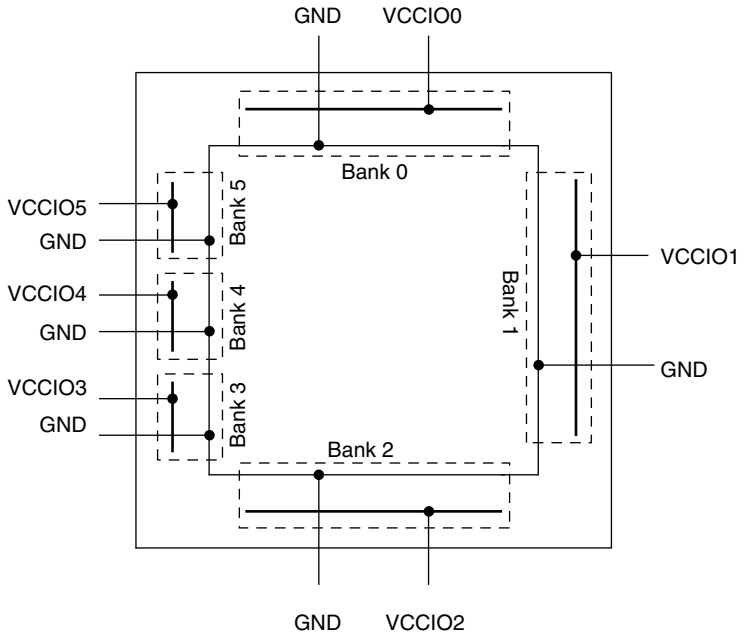
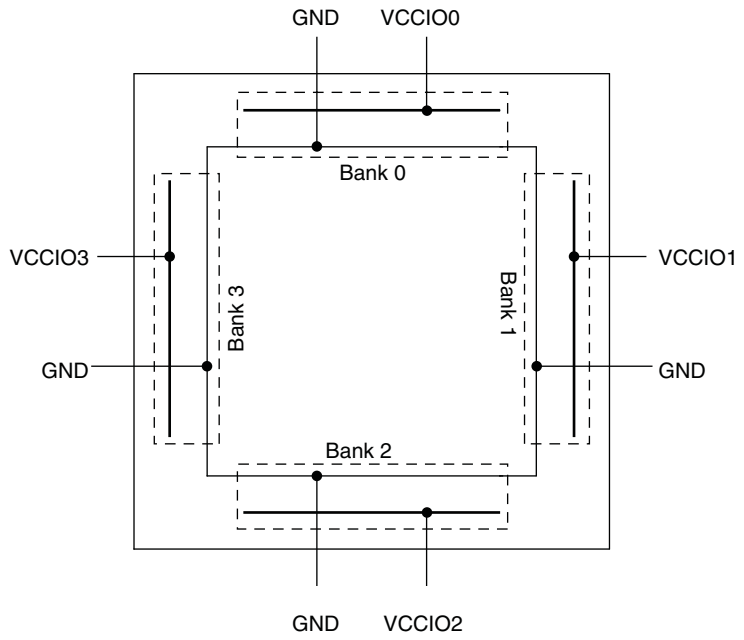


Figure 2-16. MachXO3L/LF-640 and MachXO3L/LF-1300 Banks



Hot Socketing

The MachXO3L/LF devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and power-down. Leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits. This allows for easy integration with the rest of the system. These capabilities make the MachXO3L/LF ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

On-chip Oscillator

Every MachXO3L/LF device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator output can be routed as a clock to the clock tree or as a reference clock to the sysCLOCK PLL using general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit and a user input to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 2.08 MHz to 133 MHz. The software default value of the Master Clock (MCLK) is nominally 2.08 MHz. When a different MCLK is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

1. Device powers up with a nominal MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.
2. During configuration, users select a different master clock frequency.
3. The MCLK frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.
4. If the user does not select a master clock frequency, then the configuration bitstream defaults to the MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.

Table 2-13 lists all the available MCLK frequencies.

Table 2-13. Available MCLK Frequencies

MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)
2.08 (default)	9.17	33.25
2.46	10.23	38
3.17	13.3	44.33
4.29	14.78	53.2
5.54	20.46	66.5
7	26.6	88.67
8.31	29.56	133

Configuration and Testing

This section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO3L/LF family.

IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO3L/LF devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with V_{CCIO} Bank 0 and can operate with LVCMOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, see AN8066, Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability and TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology.

Device Configuration

All MachXO3L/LF devices contain two ports that can be used for device configuration. The Test Access Port (TAP), which supports bit-wide configuration and the sysCONFIG port which supports serial configuration through I^2C or SPI. The TAP supports both the IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan specification and the IEEE Standard 1532 In-System Configuration specification. There are various ways to configure a MachXO3L/LF device:

1. Internal NVCM/Flash Download
2. JTAG
3. Standard Serial Peripheral Interface (Master SPI mode) – interface to boot PROM memory
4. System microprocessor to drive a serial slave SPI port (SSPI mode)
5. Standard I^2C Interface to system microprocessor

Upon power-up, the configuration SRAM is ready to be configured using the selected sysCONFIG port. Once a configuration port is selected, it will remain active throughout that configuration cycle. The IEEE 1149.1 port can be activated any time after power-up by sending the appropriate command through the TAP port. Optionally the device can run a CRC check upon entering the user mode. This will ensure that the device was configured correctly.

The sysCONFIG port has 10 dual-function pins which can be used as general purpose I/Os if they are not required for configuration. See TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide for more information about using the dual-use pins as general purpose I/Os.

Lattice design software uses proprietary compression technology to compress bit-streams for use in MachXO3L/LF devices. Use of this technology allows Lattice to provide a lower cost solution. In the unlikely event that this technology is unable to compress bitstreams to fit into the amount of on-chip NVCM/Flash, there are a variety of techniques that can be utilized to allow the bitstream to fit in the on-chip NVCM/Flash. For more details, refer to TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

The Test Access Port (TAP) has five dual purpose pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK and JTAGENB). These pins are dual function pins - TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK can be used as general purpose I/O if desired. For more details, refer to TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)
TransFR is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a simple push-button solution. For more details refer to TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology for details.

Typical Building Block Function Performance – C/E Devices[1]

Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	–6 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	8.9	ns
4:1 MUX	7.5	ns
16:1 MUX	8.3	ns

Register-to-Register Performance

Function	–6 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16:1 MUX	412	MHz
16-bit adder	297	MHz
16-bit counter	324	MHz
64-bit counter	161	MHz
Embedded Memory Functions		
1024x9 True-Dual Port RAM (Write Through or Normal, EBR output registers)	183	MHz
Distributed Memory Functions		
16x4 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM (one PFU)	500	MHz

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.

Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10]

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	–6		–5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Clocks							
Primary Clocks							
f_{MAX_PRI}[7]	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	388	—	323	MHz
t_{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO3L/LF devices	0.5	—	0.6	—	ns
t_{SKEW_PRI}	Primary Clock Skew Within a Device	MachXO3L/LF-1300	—	867	—	897	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	—	867	—	897	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	—	865	—	892	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	—	902	—	942	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	—	908	—	950	ps
Edge Clock							
f_{MAX_EDGE}[7]	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO3L/LF	—	400	—	333	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin Propagation Delay							
t_{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	6.72	—	6.96	ns
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock without PLL)							
t_{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	—	7.46	—	7.66	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	—	7.46	—	7.66	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	—	7.51	—	7.71	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	—	7.54	—	7.75	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	—	7.53	—	7.83	ns
t_{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	–0.20	—	–0.20	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	–0.20	—	–0.20	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	ns
t_{H}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.89	—	2.13	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.89	—	2.13	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.94	—	2.18	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.98	—	2.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.99	—	2.24	—	ns
t_{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.61	—	1.76	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.61	—	1.76	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.66	—	1.81	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.53	—	1.67	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.65	—	1.80	—	ns
t_{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	–0.25	—	–0.25	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	–0.21	—	–0.21	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	ns
f_{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	388	—	323	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	–6		–5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
MIPI D-PHY Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Centered[10, 11, 12]							
t_{SU}[15]	Input Data Setup Before ECLK	All MachXO3L/LF devices, bottom side only	0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
t_{HO}[15]	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
f_{DATA}[14]	MIPI D-PHY Input Data Speed		—	900	—	900	Mbps
f_{DDRX4}[14]	MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency		—	450	—	450	MHz
f_{SCLK}[14]	SCLK Frequency		—	112.5	—	112.5	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Aligned[8]							
t_{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	All MachXO3L/LF devices, all sides	—	0.520	—	0.550	ns
t_{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.520	—	0.550	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed		—	300	—	250	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK frequency		—	150	—	125	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Centered[8]							
t_{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO3L/LF devices, all sides	1.210	—	1.510	—	ns
t_{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		1.210	—	1.510	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed		—	300	—	250	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	150	—	125	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_TX.ECLK.Aligned[8]							
t_{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
t_{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	664	—	554	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK frequency		—	332	—	277	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_TX.ECLK.Centered[8, 9]							
t_{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	0.535	—	0.670	—	ns
t_{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.535	—	0.670	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	664	—	554	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	332	—	277	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	MHz
Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Aligned[8, 9]							
t_{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
t_{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.200	—	0.215	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed		—	800	—	630	Mbps
f_{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency		—	400	—	315	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	100	—	79	MHz

sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
All Configuration Modes					
t_{PRGM}	PROGRAMN low pulse accept		55	—	ns
t_{PRGMJ}	PROGRAMN low pulse rejection		—	25	ns
t_{INITL}	INITN low time	LCMXO3L/LF-640/ LCMXO3L/LF-1300	—	55	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-1300 256-Ball Package/ LCMXO3L/LF-2100	—	70	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100 324-Ball Package/ LCMXO3-4300	—	105	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300 400-Ball Package/ LCMXO3-6900	—	130	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-9400C	—	175	us
$t_{DPPINIT}$	PROGRAMN low to INITN low		—	150	ns
$t_{DPPDONE}$	PROGRAMN low to DONE low		—	150	ns
t_{IODISS}	PROGRAMN low to I/O disable		—	120	ns
Slave SPI					
f_{MAX}	CCLK clock frequency		—	66	MHz
t_{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse width high		7.5	—	ns
t_{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse width low		7.5	—	ns
t_{STSU}	CCLK setup time		2	—	ns
t_{STH}	CCLK hold time		0	—	ns
t_{STCO}	CCLK falling edge to valid output		—	10	ns
t_{STOZ}	CCLK falling edge to valid disable		—	10	ns
t_{STOV}	CCLK falling edge to valid enable		—	10	ns
t_{SCS}	Chip select high time		25	—	ns
t_{SCSS}	Chip select setup time		3	—	ns
t_{SCSH}	Chip select hold time		3	—	ns
Master SPI					
f_{MAX}	MCLK clock frequency		—	133	MHz
t_{MCLKH}	MCLK clock pulse width high		3.75	—	ns
t_{MCLKL}	MCLK clock pulse width low		3.75	—	ns
t_{STSU}	MCLK setup time		5	—	ns
t_{STH}	MCLK hold time		1	—	ns
t_{CSSPI}	INITN high to chip select low		100	200	ns
t_{MCLK}	INITN high to first MCLK edge		0.75	1	us

Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
General Purpose		
P[Edge] [Row/Column Number]_[A/B/C/D]	I/O	[Edge] indicates the edge of the device on which the pad is located. Valid edge designations are L (Left), B (Bottom), R (Right), T (Top). [Row/Column Number] indicates the PFU row or the column of the device on which the PIO Group exists. When Edge is T (Top) or (Bottom), only need to specify Row Number. When Edge is L (Left) or R (Right), only need to specify Column Number. [A/B/C/D] indicates the PIO within the group to which the pad is connected. Some of these user-programmable pins are shared with special function pins. When not used as special function pins, these pins can be programmed as I/Os for user logic. During configuration of the user-programmable I/Os, the user has an option to tri-state the I/Os and enable an internal pull-up, pull-down or buskeeper resistor. This option also applies to unused pins (or those not bonded to a package pin). The default during configuration is for user-programmable I/Os to be tri-stated with an internal pull-down resistor enabled. When the device is erased, I/Os will be tri-stated with an internal pull-down resistor enabled. Some pins, such as PROGRAMN and JTAG pins, default to tri-stated I/Os with pull-up resistors enabled when the device is erased.
NC	—	No connect.
GND	—	GND – Ground. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all GNDs are tied together.
VCC	—	V_{CC} – The power supply pins for core logic. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all VCCs are tied to the same supply.
VCCIOx	—	VCCIO – The power supply pins for I/O Bank x. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all VCCIOs located in the same bank are tied to the same supply.
PLL and Clock Functions (Used as user-programmable I/O pins when not used for PLL or clock pins)		
[LOC]_GPLL[T, C]_IN	—	Reference Clock (PLL) input pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are L (Left PLL) and R (Right PLL). T = true and C = complement.
[LOC]_GPLL[T, C]_FB	—	Optional Feedback (PLL) input pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are L (Left PLL) and R (Right PLL). T = true and C = complement.
PCLK [n]_[2:0]	—	Primary Clock pads. One to three clock pads per side.
Test and Programming (Dual function pins used for test access port and during sysCONFIG™)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input pin, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data input pin, used to load data into the device using an 1149.1 state machine.
TDO	O	Output pin – Test Data output pin used to shift data out of the device using 1149.1.
JTAGENB	I	Optionally controls behavior of TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK. If the device is configured to use the JTAG pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK) as general purpose I/O, then: If JTAGENB is low: TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK can function a general purpose I/O. If JTAGENB is high: TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK function as JTAG pins. For more details, refer to TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256C	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256C	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256I	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256I	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-6900E-5MG256C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900E-6MG256C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900E-5MG256I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900E-6MG256I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900E-5MG324C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900E-6MG324C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900E-5MG324I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900E-6MG324I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900C-5BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900C-6BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900C-5BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900C-6BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900C-5BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900C-6BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900C-5BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900C-6BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900C-5BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900C-6BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-6900C-5BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3LF-6900C-6BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-9400E-5MG256C	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400E-6MG256C	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400E-5MG256I	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-9400E-6MG256I	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-9400C-5BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400C-6BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400C-5BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-9400C-6BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-9400C-5BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400C-6BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400C-5BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3LF-9400C-6BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3LF-9400C-5BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400C-6BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3LF-9400C-5BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND
LCMXO3LF-9400C-6BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
April 2016	1.6	Introduction	Updated Features section. — Revised logic density range and IO to LUT ratio under Flexible Architecture. — Revised 0.8 mm pitch information under Advanced Packaging. — Added MachXO3L-9400/MachXO3LF-9400 information to Table 1-1, MachXO3L/LF Family Selection Guide.
			Updated Introduction section. — Changed density from 6900 to 9400 LUTs. — Changed caBGA packaging to 19 x 19 mm.
		Architecture	Updated Architecture Overview section. — Changed statement to “All logic density devices in this family...” — Updated Figure 2-2 heading and notes.
			Updated sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section. — Changed statement to “All MachXO3L/LF devices have one or more sysCLOCK PLL.”
			Updated Programmable I/O Cells (PIC) section. — Changed statement to “All PIO pairs can implement differential receivers.”
			Updated sysIO Buffer Banks section. Updated Figure 2-5 heading.
			Updated Device Configuration section. Added Password and Soft Error Correction.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Static Supply Current – C/E Devices section. Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C and LCMXO3L/LF-9400E devices.
			Updated Programming and Erase Supply Current – C/E Devices section. — Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C and LCMXO3L/LF-9400E devices. — Changed LCMXO3L/LF-640E and LCMXO3L/LF-1300E Typ. values.
			Updated MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices section. Added MachXO3L/LF-9400 devices.
			Updated NVCM/Flash Download Time section. Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C device.
			Updated sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. — Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C device. — Changed t_{INITL} units to from ns to us. — Changed $t_{DPPINIT}$ and $t_{DPPDONE}$ Max. values are per PCN#03A-16.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary section. Added LCMXO3L/LF-9400C device.
		Ordering Information	Updated MachXO3 Part Number Description section. — Added 9400 = 9400 LUTs. — Added BG484 package.
			Updated MachXO3L Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added LCMXO3L-9400C part numbers.
			Updated MachXO3LF Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added LCMXO3L-9400C part numbers.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
September 2015	1.5	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MIPI D-PHY Emulation section. Revised Table 3-5, MIPI D-PHY Output DC Conditions. — Revised RL Typ. value. — Revised RH description and values.
			Updated the Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance section. Revised MIPI Max. Speed value.
			Updated the MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices section. Added footnotes 14 and 15.
August 2015	1.4	Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.
		Ordering Information	Updated the top side markings section to indicate the use of LMXO3LF for the LCMXO3LF device.
March 2015	1.3	All	General update. Added MachXO3LF devices.
October 2014	1.2	Introduction	Updated Table 1-1, MachXO3L Family Selection Guide. Revised XO3L-2100 and XO3L-4300 IO for 324-ball csfBGA package.
		Architecture	Updated the Dual Boot section. Corrected information on where the primary bitstream and the golden image must reside.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section. Changed General Purpose IO Bank 5 values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSFBGA 324 package. Changed Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes for MachXO3L-640 and MachXO3L-1300. Removed DQS Groups (Bank 1) section. Changed VCCIO Pins Bank 1 values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L-2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package. Changed GND values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L-2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package. Changed NC values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSFBGA 324 package.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition.
			Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
July 2014	1.1	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Static Supply Current – C/E Devices section. Added devices.
			Updated the Programming and Erase Supply Current – C/E Device section. Added devices.
			Updated the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Revised footnote 4.
			Added the NVCM Download Time section.
			Updated the Typical Building Block Function Performance – C/E Devices section. Added information to footnote.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO3L Part Number Description section. Added packages.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. General update.