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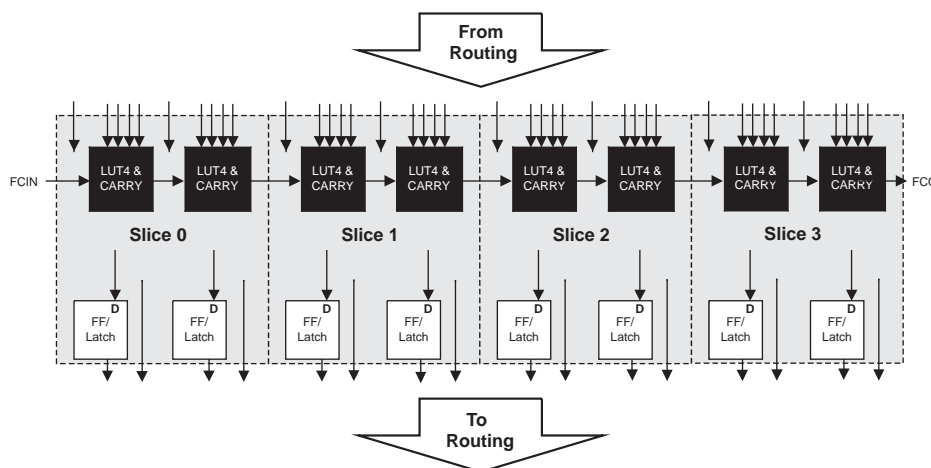
Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	858
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6864
Total RAM Bits	245760
Number of I/O	281
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	324-VFBGA
Supplier Device Package	324-CSFBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmx03lf-6900e-5mg324c

PFU Blocks

The core of the MachXO3L/LF device consists of PFU blocks, which can be programmed to perform logic, arithmetic, distributed RAM and distributed ROM functions. Each PFU block consists of four interconnected slices numbered 0 to 3 as shown in Figure 2-3. Each slice contains two LUTs and two registers. There are 53 inputs and 25 outputs associated with each PFU block.

Figure 2-3. PFU Block Diagram



Slices

Slices 0-3 contain two LUT4s feeding two registers. Slices 0-2 can be configured as distributed memory. Table 2-1 shows the capability of the slices in PFU blocks along with the operation modes they enable. In addition, each PFU contains logic that allows the LUTs to be combined to perform functions such as LUT5, LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8. The control logic performs set/reset functions (programmable as synchronous/ asynchronous), clock select, chip-select and wider RAM/ROM functions.

Table 2-1. Resources and Modes Available per Slice

Slice	PFU Block	
	Resources	Modes
Slice 0	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 1	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 2	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 3	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, ROM

Figure 2-4 shows an overview of the internal logic of the slice. The registers in the slice can be configured for positive/negative and edge triggered or level sensitive clocks. All slices have 15 inputs from routing and one from the carry-chain (from the adjacent slice or PFU). There are seven outputs: six for routing and one to carry-chain (to the adjacent PFU). Table 2-2 lists the signals associated with Slices 0-3.

Table 2-6. EBR Signal Descriptions

Port Name	Description	Active State
CLK	Clock	Rising Clock Edge
CE	Clock Enable	Active High
OCE ¹	Output Clock Enable	Active High
RST	Reset	Active High
BE ¹	Byte Enable	Active High
WE	Write Enable	Active High
AD	Address Bus	—
DI	Data In	—
DO	Data Out	—
CS	Chip Select	Active High
AFF	FIFO RAM Almost Full Flag	—
FF	FIFO RAM Full Flag	—
AEF	FIFO RAM Almost Empty Flag	—
EF	FIFO RAM Empty Flag	—
RPRST	FIFO RAM Read Pointer Reset	—

1. Optional signals.
2. For dual port EBR primitives a trailing 'A' or 'B' in the signal name specifies the EBR port A or port B respectively.
3. For FIFO RAM mode primitive, a trailing 'R' or 'W' in the signal name specifies the FIFO read port or write port respectively.
4. For FIFO RAM mode primitive FULLI has the same function as CSW(2) and EMPTYI has the same function as CSR(2).
5. In FIFO mode, CLKW is the write port clock, CSW is the write port chip select, CLKR is the read port clock, CSR is the read port chip select, ORE is the output read enable.

The EBR memory supports three forms of write behavior for single or dual port operation:

1. **Normal** – Data on the output appears only during the read cycle. During a write cycle, the data (at the current address) does not appear on the output. This mode is supported for all data widths.
2. **Write Through** – A copy of the input data appears at the output of the same port. This mode is supported for all data widths.
3. **Read-Before-Write** – When new data is being written, the old contents of the address appears at the output.

FIFO Configuration

The FIFO has a write port with data-in, CEW, WE and CLKW signals. There is a separate read port with data-out, RCE, RE and CLKR signals. The FIFO internally generates Almost Full, Full, Almost Empty and Empty Flags. The Full and Almost Full flags are registered with CLKW. The Empty and Almost Empty flags are registered with CLKR. Table 2-7 shows the range of programming values for these flags.

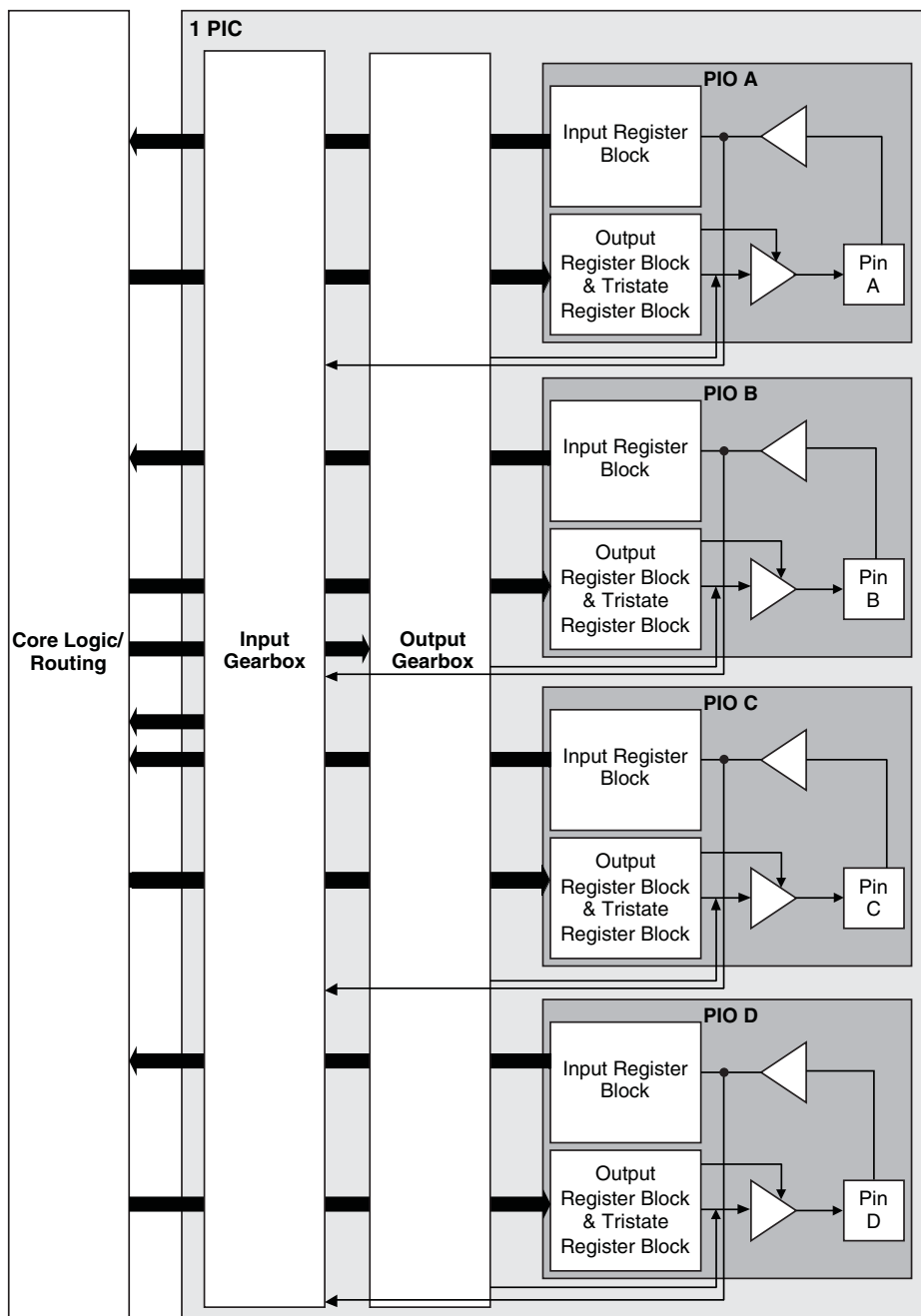
Table 2-7. Programmable FIFO Flag Ranges

Flag Name	Programming Range
Full (FF)	1 to max (up to 2^N-1)
Almost Full (AF)	1 to Full-1
Almost Empty (AE)	1 to Full-1
Empty (EF)	0

N = Address bit width.

The FIFO state machine supports two types of reset signals: RST and RPRST. The RST signal is a global reset that clears the contents of the FIFO by resetting the read/write pointer and puts the FIFO flags in their initial reset

Figure 2-11. Group of Four Programmable I/O Cells



PIO

The PIO contains three blocks: an input register block, output register block and tri-state register block. These blocks contain registers for operating in a variety of modes along with the necessary clock and selection logic.

Table 2-8. PIO Signal List

Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
CE	Input	Clock Enable
D	Input	Pin input from sysIO buffer.
INDD	Output	Register bypassed input.
INCK	Output	Clock input
Q0	Output	DDR positive edge input
Q1	Output	Registered input/DDR negative edge input
D0	Input	Output signal from the core (SDR and DDR)
D1	Input	Output signal from the core (DDR)
TD	Input	Tri-state signal from the core
Q	Output	Data output signals to sysIO Buffer
TQ	Output	Tri-state output signals to sysIO Buffer
SCLK	Input	System clock for input and output/tri-state blocks.
RST	Input	Local set reset signal

Input Register Block

The input register blocks for the PIOs on all edges contain delay elements and registers that can be used to condition high-speed interface signals before they are passed to the device core.

Left, Top, Bottom Edges

Input signals are fed from the sysIO buffer to the input register block (as signal D). If desired, the input signal can bypass the register and delay elements and be used directly as a combinatorial signal (INDD), and a clock (INCK). If an input delay is desired, users can select a fixed delay. I/Os on the bottom edge also have a dynamic delay, DEL[4:0]. The delay, if selected, reduces input register hold time requirements when using a global clock. The input block allows two modes of operation. In single data rate (SDR) the data is registered with the system clock (SCLK) by one of the registers in the single data rate sync register block. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the system clock (SCLK) signal, creating two data streams.

sysIO Buffer

Each I/O is associated with a flexible buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer. These buffers are arranged around the periphery of the device in groups referred to as banks. The sysIO buffers allow users to implement a wide variety of standards that are found in today's systems including LVCMOS, TTL, PCI, LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL.

Each bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. In the MachXO3L/LF devices, single-ended output buffers, ratioed input buffers (LVTTL, LVCMOS and PCI), differential (LVDS) input buffers are powered using I/O supply voltage (V_{CCIO}). Each sysIO bank has its own V_{CCIO} .

MachXO3L/LF devices contain three types of sysIO buffer pairs.

1. Left and Right sysIO Buffer Pairs

The sysIO buffer pairs in the left and right banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the left and right of the devices also have differential input buffers.

2. Bottom sysIO Buffer Pairs

The sysIO buffer pairs in the bottom bank of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the bottom also have differential input buffers. Only the I/Os on the bottom banks have programmable PCI clamps and differential input termination. The PCI clamp is enabled after V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} are at valid operating levels and the device has been configured.

3. Top sysIO Buffer Pairs

The sysIO buffer pairs in the top bank of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two single-ended input buffers (for ratioed inputs such as LVCMOS and LVTTL). The I/O pairs on the top also have differential I/O buffers. Half of the sysIO buffer pairs on the top edge have true differential outputs. The sysIO buffer pair comprising of the A and B PIOs in every PIC on the top edge have a differential output driver.

Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up

The internal power-on-reset (POR) signal is deactivated when V_{CC} and V_{CCIO0} have reached V_{PORUP} level defined in the Power-On-Reset Voltage table in the DC and Switching Characteristics section of this data sheet. After the POR signal is deactivated, the FPGA core logic becomes active. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that all V_{CCIO} banks are active with valid input logic levels to properly control the output logic states of all the I/O banks that are critical to the application. The default configuration of the I/O pins in a blank device is tri-state with a weak pull-down to GND (some pins such as PROGRAMN and the JTAG pins have weak pull-up to V_{CCIO} as the default functionality). The I/O pins will maintain the blank configuration until V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} (for I/O banks containing configuration I/Os) have reached V_{PORUP} levels at which time the I/Os will take on the user-configured settings only after a proper download/configuration.

There are various ways a user can ensure that there are no spurious signals on critical outputs as the device powers up. These are discussed in more detail in TN1280, [MachXO3 sysIO Usage Guide](#).

Supported Standards

The MachXO3L/LF sysIO buffer supports both single-ended and differential standards. Single-ended standards can be further subdivided into LVCMOS, LVTTL, and PCI. The buffer supports the LVTTL, PCI, LVCMOS 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V standards. In the LVCMOS and LVTTL modes, the buffer has individually configurable options for drive strength, bus maintenance (weak pull-up, weak pull-down, bus-keeper latch or none) and open drain. BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL output emulation is supported on all devices. The MachXO3L/LF devices support on-chip LVDS output buffers on approximately 50% of the I/Os on the top bank. Differential receivers for LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL are supported on all banks of MachXO3L/LF devices. PCI support is provided in the bottom bank of the MachXO3L/LF devices. Table 2-11 summarizes the I/O characteristics of the MachXO3L/LF PLDs.

There are some limitations on the use of the hardened user SPI. These are defined in the following technical notes:

- TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#) (Appendix B)
- TN1293, [Using Hardened Control Functions in MachXO3 Devices](#)

Figure 2-19. SPI Core Block Diagram

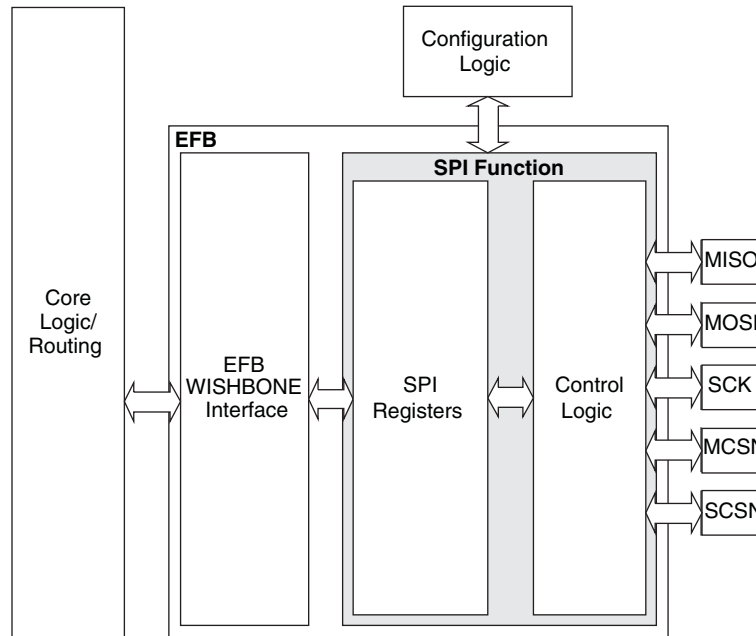


Table 2-15 describes the signals interfacing with the SPI cores.

Table 2-15. SPI Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Master/Slave	Description
spi_csn[0]	O	Master	SPI master chip-select output
spi_csn[1..7]	O	Master	Additional SPI chip-select outputs (total up to eight slaves)
spi_scsn	I	Slave	SPI slave chip-select input
spi_irq	O	Master/Slave	Interrupt request
spi_clk	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI clock. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.
spi_miso	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Input in master mode. Output in slave mode.
spi_mosi	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.
sn	I	Slave	Configuration Slave Chip Select (active low), dedicated for selecting the Configuration Logic.
cfg_stdbv	O	Master/Slave	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO3L/LF device. The signal is enabled only if the “Wakeup Enable” feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.
cfg_wake	O	Master/Slave	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO3L/LF device. The signal is enabled only if the “Wakeup Enable” feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.



MachXO3 Family Data Sheet

DC and Switching Characteristics

February 2017

Advance Data Sheet DS1047

Absolute Maximum Ratings^{1, 2, 3}

	MachXO3L/LF E (1.2 V)	MachXO3L/LF C (2.5 V/3.3 V)
Supply Voltage V_{CC}	–0.5 V to 1.32 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Output Supply Voltage V_{CCIO}	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
I/O Tri-state Voltage Applied ^{4, 5}	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied ⁴	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Storage Temperature (Ambient)	–55 °C to 125 °C	–55 °C to 125 °C
Junction Temperature (T_J)	–40 °C to 125 °C	–40 °C to 125 °C

1. Stress above those listed under the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. Compliance with the Lattice [Thermal Management](#) document is required.
3. All voltages referenced to GND.
4. Overshoot and undershoot of –2 V to ($V_{IHMAX} + 2$) volts is permitted for a duration of <20 ns.
5. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to –0.25 V to 3.75 V or to –0.3 V with a duration of <20 ns.

Recommended Operating Conditions¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CC}^1	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2 V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 2.5 V/3.3 V Devices	2.375	3.465	V
$V_{CCIO}^{1, 2, 3}$	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.465	V
t_{JCOM}	Junction Temperature Commercial Operation	0	85	°C
t_{JIND}	Junction Temperature Industrial Operation	–40	100	°C

1. Like power supplies must be tied together. For example, if V_{CCIO} and V_{CC} are both the same voltage, they must also be the same supply.
2. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.
3. V_{CCIO} pins of unused I/O banks should be connected to the V_{CC} power supply on boards.

Power Supply Ramp Rates¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp rates for all power supplies.	0.01	—	100	V/ms

1. Assumes monotonic ramp rates.

sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics^{1, 2}

Input/Output Standard	V _{IL}		V _{IH}		V _{OL} Max. (V)	V _{OH} Min. (V)	I _{OL} Max. ⁴ (mA)	I _{OH} Max. ⁴ (mA)
	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVCMOS 3.3 LVTTL	-0.3	0.8	2.0	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
							16	-16
LVCMOS 2.5	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
LVCMOS 1.8	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
							0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
							8	-8
LVCMOS 1.5	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	12	-12
							0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
							8	-8
LVCMOS 1.2	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	0.1	-0.1
							4	-2
							8	-6
							0.1	-0.1
LVCMOS25R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS12R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS12R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R33	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R25	-0.3	VREF-0.1	VREF+0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

1. MachXO3L/LF devices allow LVCMOS inputs to be placed in I/O banks where V_{CCIO} is different from what is specified in the applicable JEDEC specification. This is referred to as a ratioed input buffer. In a majority of cases this operation follows or exceeds the applicable JEDEC specification. The cases where MachXO3L/LF devices do not meet the relevant JEDEC specification are documented in the table below.
2. MachXO3L/LF devices allow for LVCMOS referenced I/Os which follow applicable JEDEC specifications. For more details about mixed mode operation please refer to please refer to TN1280, [MachXO3 sysIO Usage Guide](#).
3. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to a V_{IL} min of -0.25 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <10 ns.
4. For electromigration, the average DC current sourced or sinked by I/O pads between two consecutive V_{CCIO} or GND pad connections, or between the last V_{CCIO} or GND in an I/O bank and the end of an I/O bank, as shown in the Logic Signal Connections table (also shown as I/O grouping) shall not exceed a maximum of n * 8 mA. "n" is the number of I/O pads between the two consecutive bank V_{CCIO} or GND connections or between the last V_{CCIO} and GND in a bank and the end of a bank. IO Grouping can be found in the Data Sheet Pin Tables, which can also be generated from the Lattice Diamond software.

sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

The LVDS differential output buffers are available on the top side of the MachXO3L/LF PLD family.

LVDS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{INP} V_{INM}	Input Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$	0	—	2.605	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$	0	—	2.05	V
V_{THD}	Differential Input Threshold		± 100	—		mV
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$	0.05	—	2.6	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$	0.05	—	2.0	V
I_{IN}	Input current	Power on	—	—	± 10	μA
V_{OH}	Output high voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100\text{ Ohm}$	—	1.375	—	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100\text{ Ohm}$	0.90	1.025	—	V
V_{OD}	Output voltage differential	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})$, $R_T = 100\text{ Ohm}$	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} between high and low		—	—	50	mV
V_{OS}	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})/2$, $R_T = 100\text{ Ohm}$	1.125	1.20	1.395	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V_{OS} between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I_{OSD}	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0\text{ V}$ driver outputs shorted	—	—	24	mA

BLVDS

The MachXO3L/LF family supports the BLVDS standard through emulation. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs. The input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. BLVDS is intended for use when multi-drop and bi-directional multi-point differential signaling is required. The scheme shown in Figure 3-2 is one possible solution for bi-directional multi-point differential signals.

Figure 3-2. BLVDS Multi-point Output Example

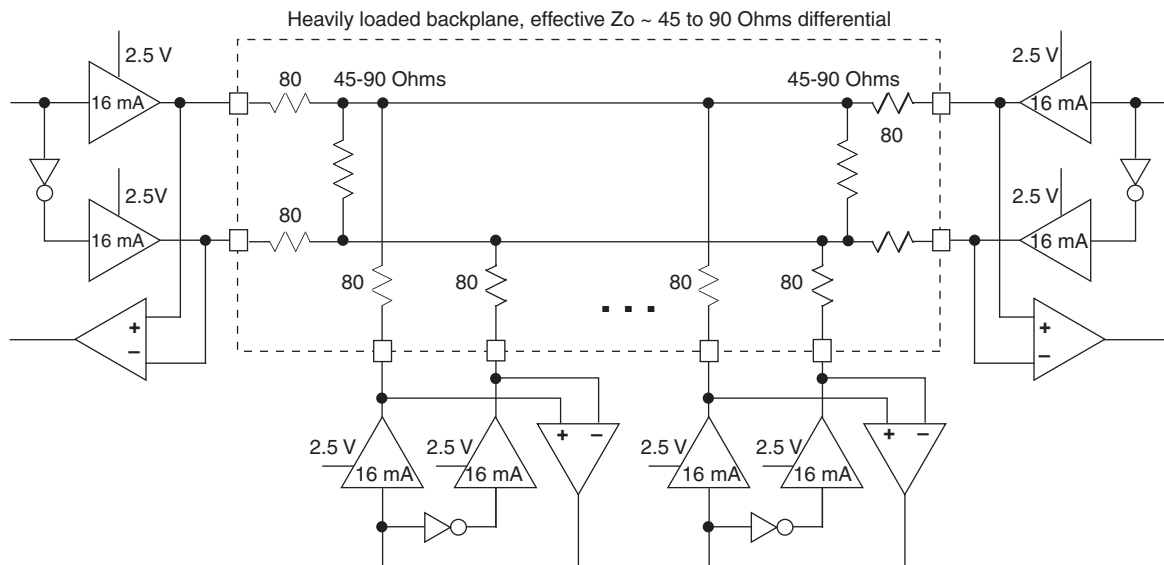


Table 3-2. BLVDS DC Conditions¹

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Nominal		Units
		Zo = 45	Zo = 90	
Z _{OUT}	Output impedance	20	20	Ohms
R _S	Driver series resistance	80	80	Ohms
R _{TLEFT}	Left end termination	45	90	Ohms
R _{TRIGHT}	Right end termination	45	90	Ohms
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	1.376	1.480	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	1.124	1.020	V
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.253	0.459	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.250	1.250	V
I _{DC}	DC output current	11.236	10.204	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.

MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	–6		–5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Clocks							
Primary Clocks							
f _{MAX_PRI} ⁷	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	388	—	323	MHz
t _{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO3L/LF devices	0.5	—	0.6	—	ns
t _{SKEW_PRI}	Primary Clock Skew Within a Device	MachXO3L/LF-1300	—	867	—	897	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	—	867	—	897	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	—	865	—	892	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	—	902	—	942	ps
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	—	908	—	950	ps
Edge Clock							
f _{MAX_EDGE} ⁷	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO3L/LF	—	400	—	333	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin Propagation Delay							
t _{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	6.72	—	6.96	ns
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock without PLL)							
t _{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	—	7.46	—	7.66	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	—	7.46	—	7.66	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	—	7.51	—	7.71	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	—	7.54	—	7.75	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	—	7.53	—	7.83	ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	–0.20	—	–0.20	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	–0.20	—	–0.20	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.89	—	2.13	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.89	—	2.13	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.94	—	2.18	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.98	—	2.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.99	—	2.24	—	ns
t _{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	1.61	—	1.76	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	1.61	—	1.76	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	1.66	—	1.81	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	1.53	—	1.67	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	1.65	—	1.80	—	ns
t _{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO3L/LF-1300	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-2100	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-4300	–0.25	—	–0.25	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-6900	–0.21	—	–0.21	—	ns
		MachXO3L/LF-9400	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO3L/LF devices	—	388	—	323	MHz

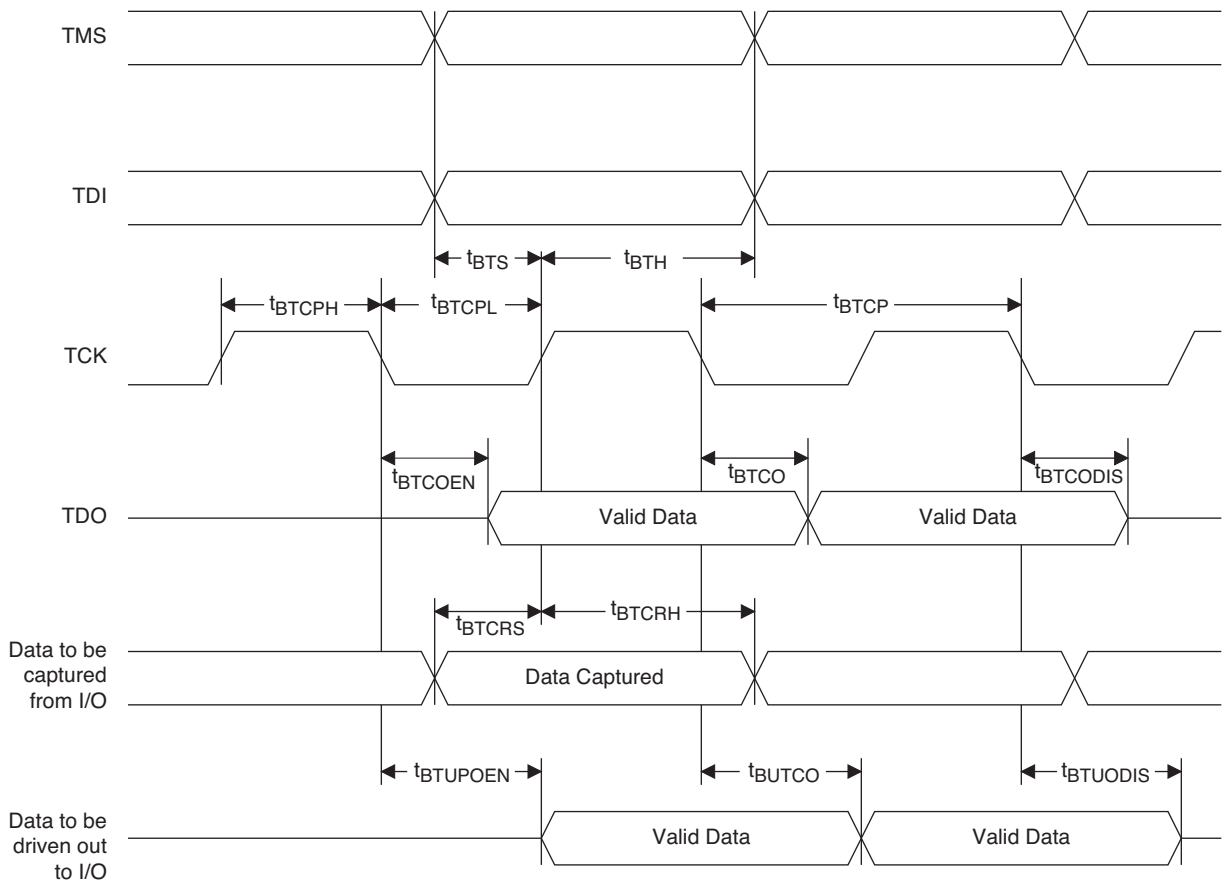
Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR ₄ _TX.ECLK.Centered ^{8, 9}							
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	0.455	—	0.570	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.455	—	0.570	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed		—	800	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	400	—	315	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	100	—	79	MHz
7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR ₇₁ _TX.ECLK.7:1 ^{8, 9}							
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output	MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	—	0.160	—	0.180	ns
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output		—	0.160	—	0.180	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed		—	756	—	630	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	378	—	315	MHz
f _{CLKOUT}	7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	108	—	90	MHz
MIPI D-PHY Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - GDDR ₄ _TX.ECLK.Centered ^{10, 11, 12}							
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO3L/LF devices, top side only	0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.200	—	0.200	—	UI
f _{DATA} ¹⁴	MIPI D-PHY Output Data Speed		—	900	—	900	Mbps
f _{DDRX4} ¹⁴	MIPI D-PHY ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	450	—	450	MHz
f _{SCLK} ¹⁴	SCLK Frequency		—	112.5	—	112.5	MHz

- Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.
- General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0pF load, fast slew rate.
- Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).
- 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).
- For Generic DDRX1 mode t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03 ns)/2.
- The t_{SU_DEL} and t_{H_DEL} values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 105 ps (-6), 113 ps (-5), 120 ps (-4).
- This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/-10%.
- Duty cycle is +/- 5% for system usage.
- Performance is calculated with 0.225 UI.
- Performance is calculated with 0.20 UI.
- Performance for Industrial devices are only supported with VCC between 1.16 V to 1.24 V.
- Performance for Industrial devices and -5 devices are not modeled in the Diamond design tool.
- The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.
- Above 800 Mbps is only supported with WLCSP and csfBGA packages
- Between 800 Mbps to 900 Mbps:
 - VIDTH exceeds the MIPI D-PHY Input DC Conditions Table 3-4 and can be calculated with the equation t_{SU} or t_H = -0.0005*VIDTH + 0.3284
 - Example calculations
 - t_{SU} and t_{HO} = 0.28 with VIDTH = 100 mV
 - t_{SU} and t_{HO} = 0.25 with VIDTH = 170 mV
 - t_{SU} and t_{HO} = 0.20 with VIDTH = 270 mV

JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{MAX}	TCK clock frequency	—	25	MHz
t_{BTCPH}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCPL}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTS}	TCK [BSCAN] setup time	10	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN] hold time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	—	10	ns
$t_{BTCODIS}$	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCOEN}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCRS}	BSCAN test capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCRH}	BSCAN test capture register hold time	20	—	ns
t_{BUTCO}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid output	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUODIS}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUPOEN}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	25	ns

Figure 3-8. JTAG Port Timing Waveforms



sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
All Configuration Modes					
t _{PRGM}	PROGRAMN low pulse accept		55	—	ns
t _{PRGMJ}	PROGRAMN low pulse rejection		—	25	ns
t _{INITL}	INITN low time	LCMXO3L/LF-640/ LCMXO3L/LF-1300	—	55	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-1300 256-Ball Package/ LCMXO3L/LF-2100	—	70	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-2100 324-Ball Package/ LCMXO3-4300	—	105	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-4300 400-Ball Package/ LCMXO3-6900	—	130	us
		LCMXO3L/LF-9400C	—	175	us
t _{DPPINIT}	PROGRAMN low to INITN low		—	150	ns
t _{DPPDONE}	PROGRAMN low to DONE low		—	150	ns
t _{IODISS}	PROGRAMN low to I/O disable		—	120	ns
Slave SPI					
f _{MAX}	CCLK clock frequency		—	66	MHz
t _{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse width high		7.5	—	ns
t _{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse width low		7.5	—	ns
t _{STSU}	CCLK setup time		2	—	ns
t _{STH}	CCLK hold time		0	—	ns
t _{STCO}	CCLK falling edge to valid output		—	10	ns
t _{STOZ}	CCLK falling edge to valid disable		—	10	ns
t _{STOV}	CCLK falling edge to valid enable		—	10	ns
t _{SCS}	Chip select high time		25	—	ns
t _{SCSS}	Chip select setup time		3	—	ns
t _{SCSH}	Chip select hold time		3	—	ns
Master SPI					
f _{MAX}	MCLK clock frequency		—	133	MHz
t _{MCLKH}	MCLK clock pulse width high		3.75	—	ns
t _{MCLKL}	MCLK clock pulse width low		3.75	—	ns
t _{STSU}	MCLK setup time		5	—	ns
t _{STH}	MCLK hold time		1	—	ns
t _{CSSPI}	INITN high to chip select low		100	200	ns
t _{MCLK}	INITN high to first MCLK edge		0.75	1	us

Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
General Purpose		
P[Edge] [Row/Column Number]_[A/B/C/D]	I/O	<p>[Edge] indicates the edge of the device on which the pad is located. Valid edge designations are L (Left), B (Bottom), R (Right), T (Top).</p> <p>[Row/Column Number] indicates the PFU row or the column of the device on which the PIO Group exists. When Edge is T (Top) or (Bottom), only need to specify Row Number. When Edge is L (Left) or R (Right), only need to specify Column Number.</p> <p>[A/B/C/D] indicates the PIO within the group to which the pad is connected.</p> <p>Some of these user-programmable pins are shared with special function pins. When not used as special function pins, these pins can be programmed as I/Os for user logic.</p> <p>During configuration of the user-programmable I/Os, the user has an option to tri-state the I/Os and enable an internal pull-up, pull-down or buskeeper resistor. This option also applies to unused pins (or those not bonded to a package pin). The default during configuration is for user-programmable I/Os to be tri-stated with an internal pull-down resistor enabled. When the device is erased, I/Os will be tri-stated with an internal pull-down resistor enabled. Some pins, such as PROGRAMN and JTAG pins, default to tri-stated I/Os with pull-up resistors enabled when the device is erased.</p>
NC	—	No connect.
GND	—	GND – Ground. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all GNDs are tied together.
VCC	—	V _{CC} – The power supply pins for core logic. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all VCCs are tied to the same supply.
VCCIOx	—	VCCIO – The power supply pins for I/O Bank x. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all VCCIOs located in the same bank are tied to the same supply.
PLL and Clock Functions (Used as user-programmable I/O pins when not used for PLL or clock pins)		
[LOC]_GPLL[T, C]_IN	—	Reference Clock (PLL) input pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are L (Left PLL) and R (Right PLL). T = true and C = complement.
[LOC]_GPLL[T, C]_FB	—	Optional Feedback (PLL) input pads: [LOC] indicates location. Valid designations are L (Left PLL) and R (Right PLL). T = true and C = complement.
PCLK [n]_[2:0]	—	Primary Clock pads. One to three clock pads per side.
Test and Programming (Dual function pins used for test access port and during sysCONFIG™)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input pin, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data input pin, used to load data into the device using an 1149.1 state machine.
TDO	O	Output pin – Test Data output pin used to shift data out of the device using 1149.1.
JTAGENB	I	<p>Optionally controls behavior of TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK. If the device is configured to use the JTAG pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK) as general purpose I/O, then:</p> <p>If JTAGENB is low: TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK can function a general purpose I/O.</p> <p>If JTAGENB is high: TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK function as JTAG pins.</p> <p>For more details, refer to TN1279, MachXO3 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.</p>

	MachXO3L/LF-9400C			
	CSFBGA256	CABGA256	CABGA400	CABGA484
General Purpose IO per Bank				
Bank 0	50	50	83	95
Bank 1	52	52	84	96
Bank 2	52	52	84	96
Bank 3	16	16	28	36
Bank 4	16	16	24	24
Bank 5	20	20	32	36
Total General Purpose Single Ended IO	206	206	335	383
Differential IO per Bank				
Bank 0	25	25	42	48
Bank 1	26	26	42	48
Bank 2	26	26	42	48
Bank 3	8	8	14	18
Bank 4	8	8	12	12
Bank 5	10	10	16	18
Total General Purpose Differential IO	103	103	168	192
Dual Function IO	37	37	37	45
Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes				
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	20	20	22	24
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	20	20	22	24
High-speed Differential Outputs				
Bank 0	20	20	21	24
VCCIO Pins				
Bank 0	4	4	5	9
Bank 1	3	4	5	9
Bank 2	4	4	5	9
Bank 3	2	1	2	3
Bank 4	2	2	2	3
Bank 5	2	1	2	3
VCC	8	8	10	12
GND	24	24	33	52
NC	0	1	0	0
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	256	256	400	484

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG256I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG256I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324C	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324C	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900E-5MG324I	6900	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900E-6MG324I	6900	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG256I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG324I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400C	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-6900C-5BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-6900C-6BG400I	6900	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256C	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256C	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400E-5MG256I	9400	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400E-6MG256I	9400	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG256I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG400I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484C	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	COM
LCMXO3L-9400C-5BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND
LCMXO3L-9400C-6BG484I	9400	2.5 V/3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	484	IND

MachXO3LF Ultra Low Power Commercial and Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-640E-5MG121C	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-640E-6MG121C	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-640E-5MG121I	640	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-640E-6MG121I	640	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36CTR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36CTR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36CTR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36ITR	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36ITR50	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5UWG36ITR1K	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	36	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG121C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG121C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG121I	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG121I	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG256C	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG256C	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300E-5MG256I	1300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300E-6MG256I	1300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300C-5BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300C-6BG256C	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-1300C-5BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-1300C-6BG256I	1300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49CTR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49CTR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49CTR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49ITR	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49ITR50	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5UWG49ITR1K	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG121C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG121C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG121I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG121I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG256C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG256C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG256I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG256I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG324C	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG324C	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100E-5MG324I	2100	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-2100E-6MG324I	2100	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG256C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG256I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG324C	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-2100C-5BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-2100C-6BG324I	2100	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Speed	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81CTR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR50	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5UWG81ITR1K	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free WLCSP	81	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG121C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG121C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG121I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG121I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	121	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG256C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG256C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG256I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG256I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG324C	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG324C	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300E-5MG324I	4300	1.2 V	5	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300E-6MG324I	4300	1.2 V	6	Halogen-Free csfBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG256C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG256I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG324C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG324I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	324	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG400C	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	COM
LCMXO3LF-4300C-5BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	5	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND
LCMXO3LF-4300C-6BG400I	4300	2.5 V / 3.3 V	6	Halogen-Free caBGA	400	IND

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
September 2015	1.5	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MIPI D-PHY Emulation section. Revised Table 3-5, MIPI D-PHY Output DC Conditions. — Revised RL Typ. value. — Revised RH description and values.
			Updated the Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance section. Revised MIPI Max. Speed value.
			Updated the MachXO3L/LF External Switching Characteristics – C/E Devices section. Added footnotes 14 and 15.
August 2015	1.4	Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.
		Ordering Information	Updated the top side markings section to indicate the use of LMXO3LF for the LCMXO3LF device.
March 2015	1.3	All	General update. Added MachXO3LF devices.
October 2014	1.2	Introduction	Updated Table 1-1, MachXO3L Family Selection Guide. Revised XO3L-2100 and XO3L-4300 IO for 324-ball csfBGA package.
		Architecture	Updated the Dual Boot section. Corrected information on where the primary bitstream and the golden image must reside.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section.
			Changed General Purpose IO Bank 5 values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSFBGA 324 package.
			Changed Number 7:1 or 8:1 Gearboxes for MachXO3L-640 and MachXO3L-1300.
			Removed DQS Groups (Bank 1) section.
			Changed VCCIO Pins Bank 1 values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L-2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package.
July 2014	1.1	DC and Switching Characteristics	Changed GND values for MachXO3L-1300, MachXO3L-2100, MachXO3L-4300 and MachXO3L-6900 CSFBGA 256 package.
			Changed NC values for MachXO3L-2100 and MachXO3L-4300 CSFBGA 324 package.
			Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
			Updated the Static Supply Current – C/E Devices section. Added devices.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Programming and Erase Supply Current – C/E Device section. Added devices.
			Updated the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Revised footnote 4.
			Added the NVCM Download Time section.
			Updated the Typical Building Block Function Performance – C/E Devices section. Added information to footnote.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary section.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO3L Part Number Description section. Added packages.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. General update.