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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	13
Program Memory Size	6KB (2K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	18-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	18-PDIP
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj06gs001-i-p">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj06gs001-i-p</a>

NOTES:

**TABLE 4-34: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS001**

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD3	0774	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	PWM4MD	—	—	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	077C	—	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD2	CMPMD1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-35: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS101A**

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	U1MD	—	SPI1MD	—	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD2	0772	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC1MD	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	PWM4MD	—	—	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-36: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS102A**

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	U1MD	—	SPI1MD	—	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD2	0772	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC1MD	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## 6.10 Using the RCON Status Bits

The user application can read the Reset Control (RCON) register after any device Reset to determine the cause of the Reset.

Table 6-3 provides a summary of the Reset flag bit operation.

**Note:** The status bits in the RCON register should be cleared after they are read so that the next RCON register value, after a device Reset, will be meaningful.

**TABLE 6-3: RESET FLAG BIT OPERATION**

Flag Bit	Set by:	Cleared by:
TRAPR (RCON<15>)	Trap conflict event	POR, BOR
IOPWR (RCON<14>)	Illegal opcode or uninitialized W register access or Security Reset	POR, BOR
CM (RCON<9>)	Configuration Mismatch	POR, BOR
EXTR (RCON<7>)	MCLR Reset	POR
SWR (RCON<6>)	RESET instruction	POR, BOR
WDTO (RCON<4>)	WDT time-out	PWRSV instruction, CLRWDT instruction, POR, BOR
SLEEP (RCON<3>)	PWRSV #SLEEP instruction	POR, BOR
IDLE (RCON<2>)	PWRSV #IDLE instruction	POR, BOR
BOR (RCON<1>)	POR, BOR	—
POR (RCON<0>)	POR	—

**Note:** All Reset flag bits can be set or cleared by user software.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 7-13: IEC1: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	INT2IE	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	INT1IE	CNIE	AC1IE <sup>(1)</sup>	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13       **INT2IE:** External Interrupt 2 Enable bit  
               1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
               0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 12-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4         **INT1IE:** External Interrupt 1 Enable bit  
               1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
               0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 3         **CNIE:** Input Change Notification Interrupt Enable bit  
               1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
               0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 2         **AC1IE:** Analog Comparator 1 Interrupt Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
               1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
               0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 1         **MI2C1IE:** I2C1 Master Events Interrupt Enable bit  
               1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
               0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 0         **SI2C1IE:** I2C1 Slave Events Interrupt Enable bit  
               1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
               0 = Interrupt request is not enabled

**Note 1:** This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS101A/102A devices.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 7-17: IEC6: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER 6

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
ADCP1IE	ADCP0IE	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
AC2IE <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	PWM4IE <sup>(2)</sup>	—
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **ADCP1IE:** ADC Pair 1 Conversion Done Interrupt Enable bit  
             1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
             0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 14      **ADCP0IE:** ADC Pair 0 Conversion Done Interrupt Enable bit  
             1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
             0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 13-8    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7        **AC2IE:** Analog Comparator 2 Interrupt Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
             1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
             0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 6-2     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1        **PWM4IE:** PWM4 Interrupt Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
             1 = Interrupt request is enabled  
             0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 0        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS101A/102A devices.  
**Note 2:** This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS102A/202A devices.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 7-35: INTTREG: INTERRUPT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	—	ILR<3:0>			
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	VECNUM<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8     **ILR<3:0>:** New CPU Interrupt Priority Level bits
  - 1111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 15
  - 
  - 
  - 
  - 0001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1
  - 0000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0
- bit 7         **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-0     **VECNUM<6:0>:** Vector Number of Pending Interrupt bits
  - 0111111 = Interrupt vector pending is Number 135
  - 
  - 
  - 
  - 0000001 = Interrupt vector pending is Number 9
  - 0000000 = Interrupt vector pending is Number 8

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 8-6: REFOCON: REFERENCE OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ROON	—	ROSSLP	ROSEL	RODIV<3:0> <sup>(1)</sup>			
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **ROON:** Reference Oscillator Output Enable bit  
 1 = Reference oscillator output is enabled on REFCLK0 pin<sup>(2)</sup>  
 0 = Reference oscillator output is disabled
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **ROSSLP:** Reference Oscillator Run in Sleep bit  
 1 = Reference oscillator output continues to run in Sleep  
 0 = Reference oscillator output is disabled in Sleep
- bit 12      **ROSEL:** Reference Oscillator Source Select bit  
 1 = Oscillator crystal used as the reference clock  
 0 = System clock used as the reference clock
- bit 11-8    **RODIV<3:0>:** Reference Oscillator Divider bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1111 = Reference clock divided by 32,768  
 1110 = Reference clock divided by 16,384  
 1101 = Reference clock divided by 8,192  
 1100 = Reference clock divided by 4,096  
 1011 = Reference clock divided by 2,048  
 1010 = Reference clock divided by 1,024  
 1001 = Reference clock divided by 512  
 1000 = Reference clock divided by 256  
 0111 = Reference clock divided by 128  
 0110 = Reference clock divided by 64  
 0101 = Reference clock divided by 32  
 0100 = Reference clock divided by 16  
 0011 = Reference clock divided by 8  
 0010 = Reference clock divided by 4  
 0001 = Reference clock divided by 2  
 0000 = Reference clock
- bit 7-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** The reference oscillator output must be disabled (ROON = 0) before writing to these bits.  
**Note 2:** This pin is remappable; refer to **Section 10.6 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for more information.



### 8.6 Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM)

The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) allows the device to continue to operate, even in the event of an oscillator failure. The FSCM function is enabled by programming. If the FSCM function is enabled, the LPRC internal oscillator runs at all times (except during Sleep mode) and is not subject to control by the Watchdog Timer.

In the event of an oscillator failure, the FSCM generates a clock failure trap event and switches the system clock over to the FRC oscillator. Then, the application program can either attempt to restart the oscillator or execute a controlled shutdown. The trap can be treated as a warm Reset by simply loading the Reset address into the oscillator fail trap vector.

If the PLL multiplier is used to scale the system clock, the internal FRC is also multiplied by the same factor on clock failure. Essentially, the device switches to FRC with PLL on a clock failure.

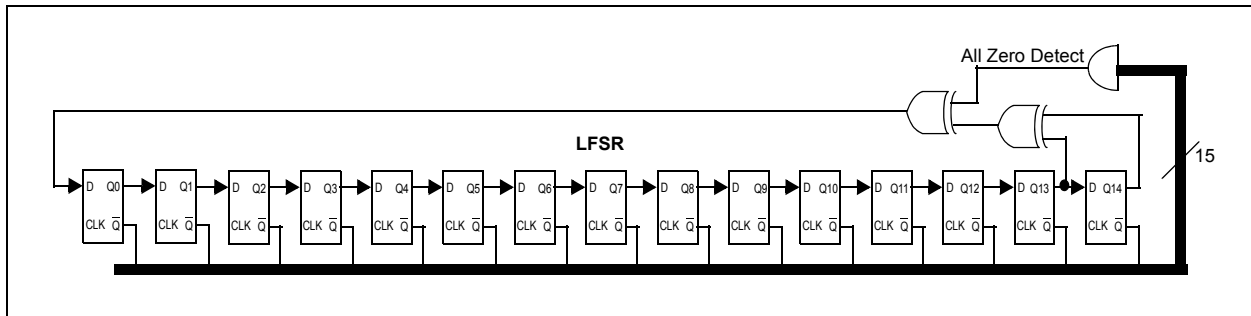
### 8.7 Pseudo-Random Generator

The pseudo-random generator is implemented with a 15-bit Linear Feedback Shift Register (LFSR), which is a shift register with a few exclusive OR gates. The shift register is clocked by the PWM clock and is a read-only register. The purpose of this feature is to provide the ability to randomly change the period or the active portion of the PWM.

A firmware routine can be used to read “n” random bits from the LFSR register and combine them, by either summing or performing another logical operation with the PWM period of the Duty Cycle registers. The result will be a PWM signal whose nominal period (or duty cycle) is the desired one, but whose effective value changes randomly. This capability will help in reducing the EMI/EMC emissions by spreading the power over a wider frequency range.

Figure 8-3 provides a block diagram of the LFSR.

**FIGURE 8-3: LFSR BLOCK DIAGRAM**



9.5 PMD Control Registers

REGISTER 9-1: PMD1: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD <sup>(1)</sup>	—
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
I2C1MD	—	U1MD <sup>(2)</sup>	—	SPI1MD <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	ADCMD
bit 7						bit 0	

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-13     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12        **T2MD:** Timer2 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = Timer2 module is disabled  
                  0 = Timer2 module is enabled
- bit 11        **T1MD:** Timer1 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = Timer1 module is disabled  
                  0 = Timer1 module is enabled
- bit 10        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9          **PWMMD:** PWM Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = PWM module is disabled  
                  0 = PWM module is enabled
- bit 8          **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7          **I2C1MD:** I2C1 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = I2C1 module is disabled  
                  0 = I2C1 module is enabled
- bit 6          **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5          **U1MD:** UART1 Module Disable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
                  1 = UART1 module is disabled  
                  0 = UART1 module is enabled
- bit 4          **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3          **SPI1MD:** SPI1 Module Disable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
                  1 = SPI1 module is disabled  
                  0 = SPI1 module is enabled
- bit 2-1       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0          **ADCMD:** ADC Module Disable bit  
                  1 = ADC module is disabled  
                  0 = ADC module is enabled

- Note 1:** Once the PWM module is re-enabled (PWMMD is set to '1' and then set to '0'), all PWM registers must be re-initialized.
- 2:** This bit is not implemented in the dsPIC33FJ06GS001 device.

## 11.1 Timer1 Control Register

**REGISTER 11-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER**

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	TGATE	TCKPS<1:0>		—	TSYNC	TCS	—
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **TON:** Timer1 On bit  
             1 = Starts 16-bit Timer1  
             0 = Stops 16-bit Timer1
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **TSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit  
             1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
             0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6        **TGATE:** Timer1 Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit  
             When TCS = 1:  
             This bit is ignored.  
             When TCS = 0:  
             1 = Gated time accumulation is enabled  
             0 = Gated time accumulation is disabled
- bit 5-4     **TCKPS<1:0>:** Timer1 Input Clock Prescale Select bits  
             11 = 1:256  
             10 = 1:64  
             01 = 1:8  
             00 = 1:1
- bit 3        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2        **TSYNC:** Timer1 External Clock Input Synchronization Select bit  
             When TCS = 1:  
             1 = Synchronizes external clock input  
             0 = Does not synchronize external clock input  
             When TCS = 0:  
             This bit is ignored.
- bit 1        **TCS:** Timer1 Clock Source Select bit  
             1 = External clock from T1CK pin (on the rising edge)  
             0 = Internal clock (FCY)
- bit 0        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**REGISTER 15-11: DTRx: PWMx DEAD-TIME REGISTER**

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	DTRx<13:8>					
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
DTRx<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
bit 13-0      **DTRx<13:0>:** Unsigned 14-Bit Dead-Time Value for PWMx Dead-Time Unit bits

**REGISTER 15-12: ALTDTRx: PWMx ALTERNATE DEAD-TIME REGISTER**

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	ALTDTRx<13:8>					
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ALTDTR <7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
bit 13-0      **ALTDTRx<13:0>:** Unsigned 14-Bit Dead-Time Value for PWMx Dead-Time Unit bits

## 16.1 SPI Helpful Tips

1. In Frame mode, if there is a possibility that the master may not be initialized before the slave:
  - a) If FRMPOL (SPIxCON2<13>) = 1, use a pull-down resistor on SSx.
  - b) If FRMPOL = 0, use a pull-up resistor on SSx.

**Note:** This insures that the first frame transmission after initialization is not shifted or corrupted.

2. In Non-Framed 3-Wire mode, (i.e., not using SSx from a master):
  - a) If CKP (SPIxCON1<6>) = 1, always place a pull-up resistor on SSx.
  - b) If CKP = 0, always place a pull-down resistor on SSx.

**Note:** This will insure that during power-up and initialization the master/slave will not lose Sync due to an errant SCK transition that would cause the slave to accumulate data shift errors for both transmit and receive appearing as corrupted data.

3. FRMEN (SPIxCON2<15>) = 1 and SSEN (SPIxCON1<7>) = 1 are exclusive and invalid. In Frame mode, SCKx is continuous and the Frame Sync pulse is active on the SSx pin, which indicates the start of a data frame.

**Note:** Not all third-party devices support Frame mode timing. Refer to the SPI electrical characteristics for details.

4. In Master mode only, set the SMP bit (SPIxCON1<9>) to a '1' for the fastest SPI data rate possible. The SMP bit can only be set at the same time or after the MSTEN bit (SPIxCON1<5>) is set.

To avoid invalid slave read data to the master, the user's master software must ensure enough time for slave software to fill its write buffer before the user application initiates a master write/read cycle. It is always advisable to preload the SPIxBUF Transmit register in advance of the next master transaction cycle. SPIxBUF is transferred to the SPI Shift register and is empty once the data transmission begins.

## 16.2 SPI Resources

Many useful resources related to SPI are provided on the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

### 16.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **Section 18. "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)"** (DS70206)
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related "*dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual*" Sections
- Development Tools

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

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## REGISTER 18-1: U1MODE: UART1 MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 4	<b>URXINV:</b> Receive Polarity Inversion bit <sup>(3)</sup> 1 = U1RX Idle state is '0' 0 = U1RX Idle state is '1'
bit 3	<b>BRGH:</b> High Baud Rate Enable bit <sup>(3)</sup> 1 = BRG generates 4 clocks per bit period (4x baud clock, High-Speed mode) 0 = BRG generates 16 clocks per bit period (16x baud clock, Standard mode)
bit 2-1	<b>PDSEL&lt;1:0&gt;:</b> Parity and Data Selection bits <sup>(3)</sup> 11 = 9-bit data, no parity 10 = 8-bit data, odd parity 01 = 8-bit data, even parity 00 = 8-bit data, no parity
bit 0	<b>STSEL:</b> Stop Bit Selection bit <sup>(3)</sup> 1 = Two Stop bits 0 = One Stop bit

**Note 1:** Refer to **Section 17. "UART"** (DS70188) in the *"dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual"* for information on enabling the UART module for receive or transmit operation.

**2:** This feature is only available for the 16x BRG mode (BRGH = 0).

**3:** This bit is not available in the dsPIC33FJ06GS001 device.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

**TABLE 22-3: dsPIC33F CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION**

Bit Field	Description
GCP	General Segment Code-Protect bit 1 = User program memory is not code-protected 0 = Code protection is enabled for the entire program memory space
GWRP	General Segment Write-Protect bit 1 = User program memory is not write-protected 0 = User program memory is write-protected
IESO	Two-Speed Oscillator Start-up Enable bit 1 = Start up device with FRC, then automatically switch to the user-selected oscillator source when ready 0 = Start up device with user-selected oscillator source
FNOSC<2:0>	Oscillator Selection bits 111 = Fast RC Oscillator with divide-by-N (FRCDIVN) 110 = Reserved; do not use 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC) 100 = Reserved; do not use 011 = Primary Oscillator with PLL module (MS + PLL, EC + PLL) 010 = Primary Oscillator (MS, HS, EC) 001 = Fast RC Oscillator with divide-by-N with PLL module (FRCDIVN + PLL) 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)
FCKSM<1:0>	Clock Switching Mode bits 1x = Clock switching is disabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled 01 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled 00 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled
IOL1WAY	Peripheral Pin Select Configuration bit 1 = Allow only one reconfiguration 0 = Allow multiple reconfigurations
OSCIOFNC	OSC2 Pin Function bit (except in MS and HS modes) 1 = OSC2 is the clock output 0 = OSC2 is the general purpose digital I/O pin
POSCMD<1:0>	Primary Oscillator Mode Select bits 11 = Primary Oscillator is disabled 10 = HS Crystal Oscillator mode (10 MHz-32 MHz) 01 = MS Crystal Oscillator mode (3 MHz-10 MHz) 00 = EC (External Clock) mode (DC-32 MHz)
FWDTEN	Watchdog Timer Enable bit 1 = Watchdog Timer is always enabled (LPRC oscillator cannot be disabled; clearing the SWDTEN bit in the RCON register will have no effect) 0 = Watchdog Timer is enabled/disabled by user software (LPRC can be disabled by clearing the SWDTEN bit in the RCON register)
WDTPRE	Watchdog Timer Prescaler bit 1 = 1:128 0 = 1:32
WDTPOST<3:0>	Watchdog Timer Postscaler bits 1111 = 1:32,768 1110 = 1:16,384 • • • 0001 = 1:2 0000 = 1:1

TABLE 23-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles	Status Flags Affected
48	MPY	MPY Wm*Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd	Multiply Wm by Wn to Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB, SA,SB,SAB
		MPY Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd	Square Wm to Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB, SA,SB,SAB
49	MPY.N	MPY.N Wm*Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd	-(Multiply Wm by Wn) to Accumulator	1	1	None
50	MSC	MSC Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd , AWB	Multiply and Subtract from Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB, SA,SB,SAB
51	MUL	MUL.SS Wb, Ws, Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = signed(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.SU Wb, Ws, Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = signed(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.US Wb, Ws, Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = unsigned(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.UU Wb, Ws, Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.SU Wb, #lit5, Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = signed(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL.UU Wb, #lit5, Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL f	W3:W2 = f * WREG	1	1	None
52	NEG	NEG Acc	Negate Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB, SA,SB,SAB
		NEG f	$f = \bar{f} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG f, WREG	WREG = $\bar{f} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG Ws, Wd	$Wd = \overline{Ws} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
53	NOP	NOP	No Operation	1	1	None
		NOPR	No Operation	1	1	None
54	POP	POP f	Pop f from Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		POP Wdo	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to Wdo	1	1	None
		POP.D Wnd	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to W(nd):W(nd + 1)	1	2	None
		POP.S	Pop Shadow Registers	1	1	All
55	PUSH	PUSH f	Push f to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH Wso	Push Wso to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH.D Wns	Push W(ns):W(ns + 1) to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	2	None
		PUSH.S	Push Shadow Registers	1	1	None
56	PWRSVAV	PWRSVAV #lit1	Go into Sleep or Idle mode	1	1	WDTO,Sleep
57	RCALL	RCALL Expr	Relative Call	1	2	None
		RCALL Wn	Computed Call	1	2	None
58	REPEAT	REPEAT #lit14	Repeat Next Instruction lit14 + 1 times	1	1	None
		REPEAT Wn	Repeat Next Instruction (Wn) + 1 times	1	1	None
59	RESET	RESET	Software Device Reset	1	1	None
60	RETFIE	RETFIE	Return from interrupt	1	3 (2)	None
61	RETLW	RETLW #lit10, Wn	Return with Literal in Wn	1	3 (2)	None
62	RETURN	RETURN	Return from Subroutine	1	3 (2)	None
63	RLC	RLC f	f = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Left through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
64	RLNC	RLNC f	f = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Left (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
65	RRC	RRC f	f = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Right through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z



# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

**TABLE 25-17: PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS (V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V TO 3.6V)**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
OS50	FPLLI	PLL Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) Input Frequency Range	0.8	—	8	MHz	ECPLL, XTPLL modes
OS51	FSYS	On-Chip VCO System Frequency	100	—	200	MHz	
OS52	TLOCK	PLL Start-up Time (Lock Time)	0.9	1.5	3.1	mS	
OS53	DCLK	CLKO Stability (Jitter) <sup>(2)</sup>	-3	0.5	3	%	Measured over 100 ms period

**Note 1:** Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.

- 2:** These parameters are characterized by similarity, but are not tested in manufacturing. This specification is based on clock cycle by clock cycle measurements. To calculate the effective jitter for individual time bases or communication clocks use this formula:

$$\text{Peripheral Clock Jitter} = \frac{DCLK}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{FOSC}{\text{Peripheral Bit Rate Clock}}\right)}}$$

For example: FOSC = 32 MHz, DCLK = 3%, SPI bit rate clock (i.e., SCK) is 2 MHz.

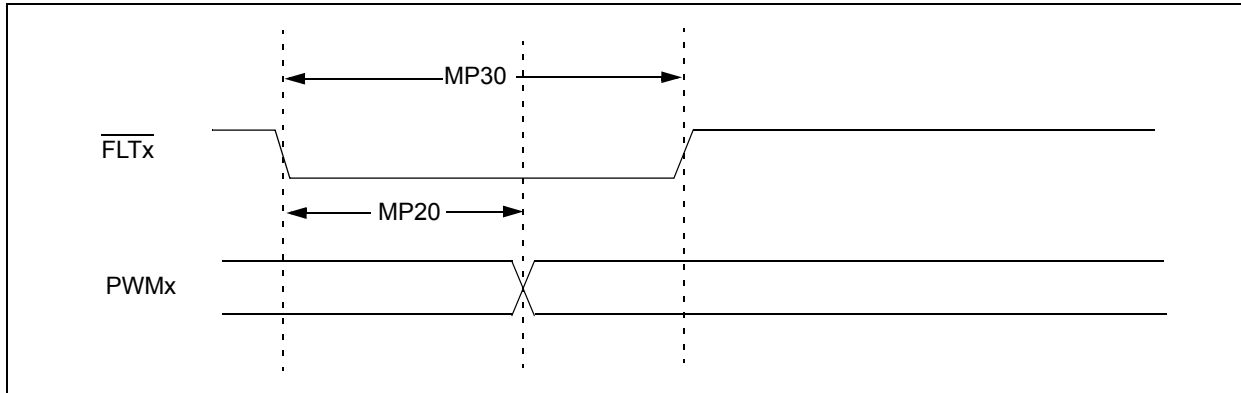
$$\text{SPI SCK Jitter} = \left[ \frac{DCLK}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{32 \text{ MHz}}{2 \text{ MHz}}\right)}} \right] = \left[ \frac{3\%}{\sqrt{16}} \right] = \left[ \frac{3\%}{4} \right] = 0.75\%$$

**TABLE 25-18: AUXILIARY PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS (V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V TO 3.6V)**

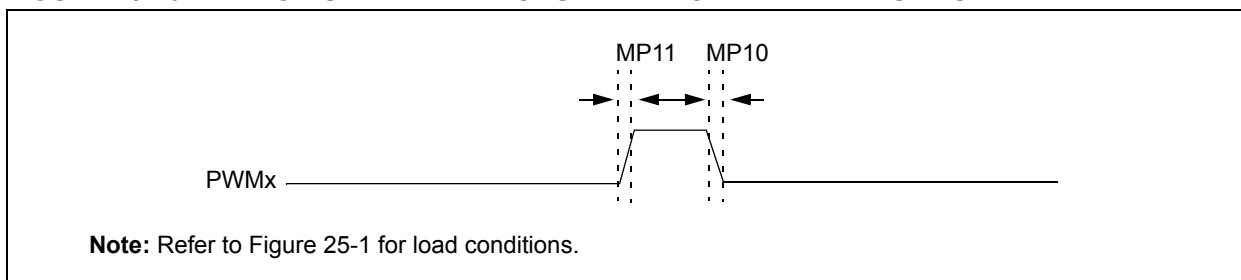
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
OS56	FHPOUT	On-Chip 16x PLL CCO Frequency	112	118	120	MHz	
OS57	FHPIN	On-Chip 16x PLL Phase Detector Input Frequency	7.0	7.37	7.5	MHz	
OS58	TSU	Frequency Generator Lock Time	—	—	10	μs	

**Note 1:** Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.

**FIGURE 25-9: HIGH-SPEED PWM MODULE FAULT TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**FIGURE 25-10: HIGH-SPEED PWM MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 25-28: HIGH-SPEED PWM MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
MP10	T <sub>FPWM</sub>	PWM Output Fall Time	—	2.5	—	ns	
MP11	T <sub>RPWM</sub>	PWM Output Rise Time	—	2.5	—	ns	
MP20	T <sub>FD</sub>	Fault Input ↓ to PWM I/O Change	—	—	15	ns	
MP30	T <sub>FH</sub>	Minimum PWM Fault Pulse Width	8	—	—	ns	DTC<10> = 10
MP31	T <sub>PDLY</sub>	Tap Delay	1.04	—	—	ns	A <sub>CLK</sub> = 120 MHz
MP32	A <sub>CLK</sub>	PWM Input Clock	—	—	120	MHz	See <b>Note 2</b> , <b>Note 3</b>

- Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.  
**Note 2:** This parameter is a maximum allowed input clock for the PWM module.  
**Note 3:** The maximum value for this parameter applies to dsPIC33FJ06GS101A/102A/202A/302 devices only.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

**TABLE 25-34: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)  
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min	Typ <sup>(2)</sup>	Max	Units	Conditions
SP70	TscP	Maximum SCKx Input Frequency	—	—	11	MHz	See <b>Note 3</b>
SP72	TscF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP73	TscR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SSx} \downarrow$ to SCKx $\uparrow$ or SCKx Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SSx} \uparrow$ to SDOx Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	See <b>Note 4</b>
SP52	Tsch2ssH TscL2ssH	$\overline{SSx}$ after SCKx Edge	1.5 T <sub>CY</sub> + 40	—	—	ns	See <b>Note 4</b>
SP60	TssL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after $\overline{SSx}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

**Note 2:** Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

**Note 3:** The minimum clock period for SCKx is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCKx clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

**Note 4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

RPINR7 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 7).....	157	High-Speed PWM Generator 2 for dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	53
RPOR0 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 0).....	168	High-Speed PWM Generator 4 for dsPIC33FJ06GS001, dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302 .....	54
RPOR1 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 1).....	168	I2C1 .....	55
RPOR16 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 16).....	172	Input Capture for dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	51
RPOR17 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 17).....	172	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS001 .....	46
RPOR2 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 2).....	169	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS002A.....	48
RPOR3 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 3).....	169	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS101A.....	47
RPOR4 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 4).....	170	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS202A.....	49
RPOR5 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 5).....	170	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ09GS302 .....	50
RPOR6 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 6).....	171	NVM.....	63
RPOR7 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 7).....	171	Output Compare for dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	51
SDCx (PWMx Secondary Duty Cycle).....	192	Peripheral Pin Select Input for dsPIC33FJ06GS001 .....	59
SEVTCMP (PWM Special Event Compare).....	189	Peripheral Pin Select Input for dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ06GS102A .....	59
SPHASEx (PWMx Secondary Phase Shift) .....	194	Peripheral Pin Select Input for dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	60
SPIxCON1 (SPIx Control 1).....	208	Peripheral Pin Select Output for dsPIC33FJ06GS001, dsPIC33FJ06GS101A .....	60
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SPIxSTAT (SPIx Status and Control) .....	207	PMD for dsPIC33FJ06GS001.....	64
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STRIGx (PWMx Secondary Trigger Compare Value).....	201	PMD for dsPIC33FJ06GS202A .....	65
T1CON (Timer1 Control).....	174	PMD for dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	65
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TRGCONx (PWMx Trigger Control).....	196	PORTB for dsPIC33FJ06GS001, dsPIC33FJ06GS101A .....	62
TRIGx (PWMx Primary Trigger Compare Value).....	201	PORTB for dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302 .....	62
U1MODE (UART1 Mode) .....	221	SPI1 for dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ09GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302 .....	55
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