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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

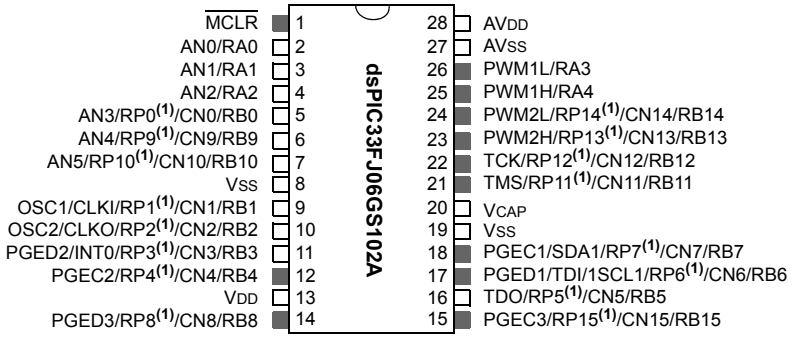
Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPs
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	13
Program Memory Size	6KB (2K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj06gs101at-e-ss

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

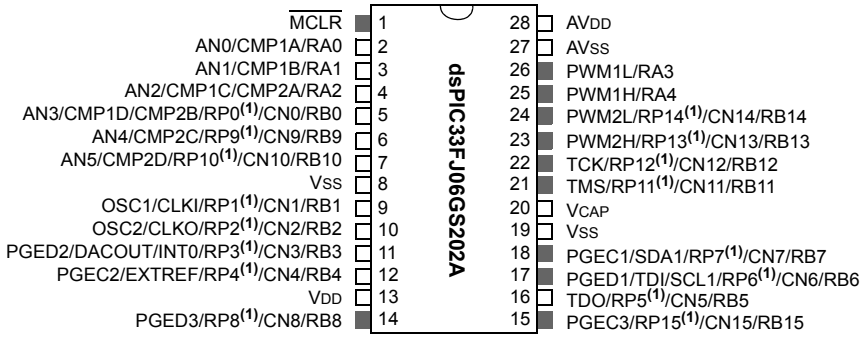
28-Pin SOIC, SPDIP, SSOP

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



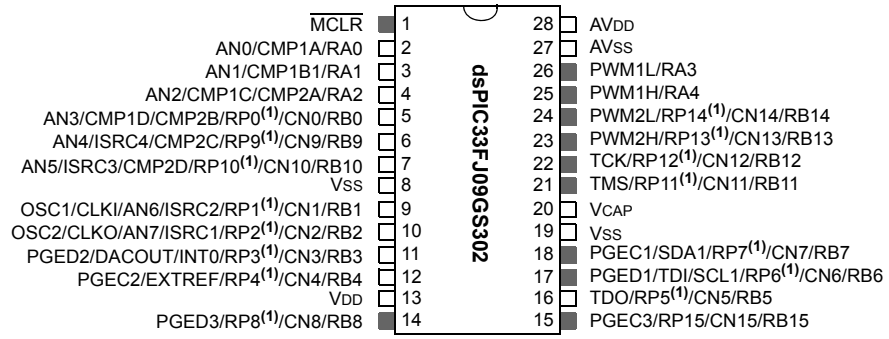
28-Pin SPDIP, SOIC, SSOP

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



28-Pin SPDIP, SOIC, SSOP

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



Note 1: The RPn pins can be used by any remappable peripheral. See **Table 1** for the list of available peripherals.

TABLE 4-16: I2C1 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
I2C1RCV	0200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register								0000
I2C1TRN	0202	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register								00FF
I2C1BRG	0204	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator Register									0000
I2C1CON	0206	I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL	IPMIEN	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
I2C1STAT	0208	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	—	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D_A	P	S	R_W	RBF	TBF	0000
I2C1ADD	020A	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Register										0000
I2C1MSK	020C	—	—	—	—	—	—	AMSK<9:0>										0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-17: UART1 REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ06GS202A AND dsPIC33FJ09GS302

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
U1MODE	0220	UARTEN	—	USIDL	IREN	RTSMD	—	UEN1	UEN0	WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	URXINV	BRGH	PDSEL<1:0>		STSEL	0000
U1STA	0222	UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT	URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA	0110
U1TXREG	0224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART Transmit Register									xxxx
U1RXREG	0226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART Receive Register									0000
U1BRG	0228	Baud Rate Generator Prescaler																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-18: SPI1 REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ06GS202A AND dsPIC33FJ09GS302

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
SPI1STAT	0240	SPIEN	—	SPISIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPIROV	—	—	—	—	SPITBF	SPIRBF	0000
SPI1CON1	0242	—	—	—	DISSCK	DISSDO	MODE16	SMP	CKE	SSEN	CKP	MSTEN	SPRE<2:0>			PPRE<1:0>		0000
SPI1CON2	0244	FRMEN	SPIFSD	FRMPOL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	FRMDLY	—	0000
SPI1BUF	0248	SPI1 Transmit and Receive Buffer Register																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-37: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS202A

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	U1MD	—	SPI1MD	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD2	0772	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0774	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	077C	—	—	—	—	—	—	CMP2MD	CMP1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-38: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ09GS302

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	U1MD	—	SPI1MD	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD2	0772	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0774	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	PWM4MD	—	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	077C	—	—	—	—	—	—	CMP2MD	CMP1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD8	077E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CCSMD	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

REGISTER 7-11: IFS7: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 7

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	ADCP6IF	—	—	ADCP3IF(1)	ADCP2IF(2)
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **ADCP6IF:** ADC Pair 6 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 3-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **ADCP3IF:** ADC Pair 3 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit(1)
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 **ADCP2IF:** ADC Pair 2 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit(2)
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

Note 1: This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS102A/202A devices.
2: This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A devices.

REGISTER 9-5: PMD6: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 6

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	PWM4MD(1)	—	PWM2MD(2)	PWM1MD
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **PWM4MD:** PWM Generator 4 Module Disable bit(1)
1 = PWM Generator 4 module is disabled
0 = PWM Generator 4 module is enabled

bit 10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9 **PWM2MD:** PWM Generator 2 Module Disable bit(2)
1 = PWM Generator 2 module is disabled
0 = PWM Generator 2 module is enabled

bit 8 **PWM1MD:** PWM Generator 1 Module Disable bit
1 = PWM Generator 1 module is disabled
0 = PWM Generator 1 module is enabled

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS102A/202A devices.
2: This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A devices.

10.9 Peripheral Pin Select Registers

The following registers are implemented for remappable peripheral configuration:

- 15 Input Remappable Peripheral Registers
- 19 Output Remappable Peripheral Registers

Note: Input and output register values can only be changed if IOLOCK (OSCCON<6>) = 0. See **Section 10.6.3.1 "Control Register Lock"** for a specific command sequence.

Not all Output Remappable Peripheral registers are implemented on all devices. See the register description of the specific register for further details.

REGISTER 10-1: RPINR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 0

U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	INT1R<5:0>					
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **INT1R<5:0>:** Assign External Interrupt 1 (INTR1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

111111 = Input tied to Vss
100011 = Input tied to RP35
100010 = Input tied to RP34
100001 = Input tied to RP33
100000 = Input tied to RP32
•
•
•
00000 = Input tied to RP0

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 10-18: RPOR2: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP5R<5:0>					
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP4R<5:0>					
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’	
-n = Value at POR	‘1’ = Bit is set	‘0’ = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 13-8 **RP5R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP5 Output Pin bits
(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 5-0 **RP4R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP4 Output Pin bits
(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 10-19: RPOR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP7R<5:0>					
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP6R<5:0>					
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’	
-n = Value at POR	‘1’ = Bit is set	‘0’ = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 13-8 **RP7R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP7 Output Pin bits
(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 5-0 **RP6R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP6 Output Pin bits
(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

17.2 I²C Registers

I2C1CON and I2C1STAT are control and status registers, respectively. The I2C1CON register is readable and writable. The lower six bits of I2C1STAT are read-only. The remaining bits of the I2CSTAT are read/write:

- I2C1RSR is the shift register used for shifting data internal to the module and the user application has no access to it
- I2C1RCV is the receive buffer and the register to which data bytes are written, or from which data bytes are read
- I2C1TRN is the transmit register to which bytes are written during a transmit operation
- The I2C1ADD register holds the slave address
- A status bit, ADD10, indicates 10-Bit Address mode
- The I2C1BRG acts as the Baud Rate Generator (BRG) reload value

In receive operations, I2C1RSR and I2C1RCV together form a double-buffered receiver. When I2C1RSR receives a complete byte, it is transferred to I2C1RCV, and an interrupt pulse is generated.

REGISTER 17-1: I2C1CON: I2C1 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-1, HC	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL	IPMIEN	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC
GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **I2CEN:** I2C1 Enable bit
1 = Enables the I2C1 module and configures the SDA1 and SCL1 pins as serial port pins
0 = Disables the I2C1 module; all I²C pins are controlled by port functions

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **I2CSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters an Idle mode
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode

bit 12 **SCLREL:** SCL1 Release Control bit (when operating as I²C slave)
1 = Releases SCL1 clock
0 = Holds SCL1 clock low (clock stretch)
If STREN = 1:
Bit is R/W (i.e., software can write '0' to initiate stretch and write '1' to release clock). Hardware is clear at beginning of slave transmission. Hardware is clear at end of slave reception.
If STREN = 0:
Bit is R/S (i.e., software can only write '1' to release clock). Hardware is clear at beginning of slave transmission.

bit 11 **IPMIEN:** Intelligent Peripheral Management Interface (IPMI) Enable bit
1 = IPMI mode is enabled; all addresses Acknowledged
0 = IPMI mode is disabled

bit 10 **A10M:** 10-Bit Slave Address bit
1 = I2C1ADD is a 10-bit slave address
0 = I2C1ADD is a 7-bit slave address

bit 9 **DISSLW:** Disable Slew Rate Control bit
1 = Slew rate control is disabled
0 = Slew rate control is enabled

REGISTER 18-1: U1MODE: UART1 MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 4 **URXINV:** Receive Polarity Inversion bit(3)
1 = U1RX Idle state is '0'
0 = U1RX Idle state is '1'

bit 3 **BRGH:** High Baud Rate Enable bit(3)
1 = BRG generates 4 clocks per bit period (4x baud clock, High-Speed mode)
0 = BRG generates 16 clocks per bit period (16x baud clock, Standard mode)

bit 2-1 **PDSEL<1:0>:** Parity and Data Selection bits(3)
11 = 9-bit data, no parity
10 = 8-bit data, odd parity
01 = 8-bit data, even parity
00 = 8-bit data, no parity

bit 0 **STSEL:** Stop Bit Selection bit(3)
1 = Two Stop bits
0 = One Stop bit

Note 1: Refer to **Section 17. "UART"** (DS70188) in the *"dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual"* for information on enabling the UART module for receive or transmit operation.

2: This feature is only available for the 16x BRG mode (BRGH = 0).

3: This bit is not available in the dsPIC33FJ06GS001 device.

19.4 ADC Control Registers

The ADC module uses the following control and status registers:

- ADCON: ADC Control Register
- ADSTAT: ADC Status Register
- ADBASE: ADC Base Register(1)
- ADPCFG: ADC Port Configuration Register
- ADCPC0: ADC Convert Pair Control Register 0
- ADCPC1: ADC Convert Pair Control Register 1
- ADCPC3: ADC Convert Pair Control Register 3(1)

The ADCON register controls the operation of the ADC module. The ADSTAT register displays the status of the conversion processes. The ADPCFG register configures the port pins as analog inputs or as digital I/Os. The ADCPCx registers control the triggering of the ADC conversions. See Register 19-1 through Register 19-7 for detailed bit configurations.

Note: A unique feature of the ADC module is its ability to sample inputs in an asynchronous manner. Individual Sample-and-Hold circuits can be triggered independently of each other.

REGISTER 19-1: ADCON: ADC CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0
ADON	—	ADSIDL	SLOWCLK(1)	—	GSWTRG	—	FORM(1)
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1
EIE(1)	ORDER(1)	SEQSAMP(1)	ASYNCSAMP(1)	—	ADCS<2:0>(1)		
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **ADON:** ADC Operating Mode bit
1 = ADC module is operating
0 = ADC module is off

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **ADSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode

bit 12 **SLOWCLK:** Enable Slow Clock Divider bit(1)
1 = ADC is clocked by the auxiliary PLL (ACLK)
0 = ADC is clocked by the primary PLL (FVCO)

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **GSWTRG:** Global Software Trigger bit
When this bit is set by the user, it will trigger conversions if selected by the TRGSRC<4:0> bits in the ADCPCx registers. This bit must be cleared by the user prior to initiating another global trigger (i.e., this bit is not auto-clearing).

bit 9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: This control bit can only be changed while the ADC is disabled (ADON = 0).

REGISTER 19-5: ADCPC0: ADC CONVERT PAIR CONTROL REGISTER 0

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQEN1	PEND1	SWTRG1	TRGSRC1<4:0>				
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQEN0	PEND0	SWTRG0	TRGSRC0<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **IRQEN1:** Interrupt Request Enable 1 bit
1 = Enables IRQ generation when requested conversion of channels AN3 and AN2 is completed
0 = IRQ is not generated

bit 14 **PEND1:** Pending Conversion Status 1 bit
1 = Conversion of channels AN3 and AN2 is pending; set when selected trigger is asserted
0 = Conversion is complete

bit 13 **SWTRG1:** Software Trigger 1 bit
1 = Starts conversion of AN3 and AN2 (if selected by the TRGSRCx bits)(1)
This bit is automatically cleared by hardware when the PEND1 bit is set.
0 = Conversion has not started

bit 12-8 **TRGSRC1<4:0>:** Trigger 1 Source Selection bits
Selects trigger source for conversion of analog channels AN3 and AN2.
11111 = Timer2 period match
•
•
•
11011 = Reserved
11010 = PWM Generator 4 current-limit ADC trigger
11001 = Reserved
11000 = PWM Generator 2 current-limit ADC trigger
10111 = PWM Generator 1 current-limit ADC trigger
10110 = Reserved
•
•
•
10010 = Reserved
10001 = PWM Generator 4 secondary trigger is selected
10000 = Reserved
01111 = PWM Generator 2 secondary trigger is selected
01110 = PWM Generator 1 secondary trigger is selected
01101 = Reserved
01100 = Timer1 period match
•
•
•
01000 = Reserved
00111 = PWM Generator 4 primary trigger is selected
00110 = Reserved
00101 = PWM Generator 2 primary trigger is selected
00100 = PWM Generator 1 primary trigger is selected
00011 = PWM Special Event Trigger is selected
00010 = Global software trigger is selected
00001 = Individual software trigger is selected
00000 = No conversion is enabled

Note 1: The trigger source must be set as a global software trigger prior to setting this bit to '1'. If other conversions are in progress, then conversion will be performed when the conversion resources are available.

REGISTER 19-7: ADCPC3: ADC CONVERT PAIR CONTROL REGISTER 3(1)

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQEN6	PEND6	SWTRG6	TRGSRC6<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **IRQEN6:** Interrupt Request Enable 6 bit
1 = Enable IRQ generation when requested conversion of channels AN13 and AN12 is completed
0 = IRQ is not generated

bit 6 **PEND6:** Pending Conversion Status 6 bit
1 = Conversion of channels AN13 and AN 12 is pending; set when selected trigger is asserted
0 = Conversion is complete

bit 5 **SWTRG6:** Software Trigger 6 bit
1 = Starts conversion of AN13 (INTREF) and AN12 (EXTREF) if selected by TRGSRC bits(2)
This bit is automatically cleared by hardware when the PEND6 bit is set.
0 = Conversion has not started

Note 1: If other conversions are in progress, conversion will be performed when the conversion resources are available.

2: AN13 is internally connected to Vref in all devices. AN12 is internally connected to the EXTREF pin in the dsPIC33FJ06001/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302 devices. The dsPIC33FJ06GS101A/102A devices not have an EXTREF pin; therefore, any data read on the corresponding AN12 input will be invalid.

REGISTER 19-7: ADCPC3: ADC CONVERT PAIR CONTROL REGISTER 3(1) (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0 **TRGSRC6<4:0>:** Trigger 6 Source Selection bits

Selects trigger source for conversion of analog channels AN13 and AN12.

11111 = Timer2 period match
•
•
•
11011 = Reserved
11010 = PWM Generator 4 current-limit ADC trigger
11001 = Reserved
11000 = PWM Generator 2 current-limit ADC trigger
10111 = PWM Generator 1 current-limit ADC trigger
10110 = Reserved
•
•
•
10010 = Reserved
10001 = PWM Generator 4 secondary trigger is selected
10000 = Reserved
01111 = PWM Generator 2 secondary trigger is selected
01110 = PWM Generator 1 secondary trigger is selected
01101 = Reserved
01100 = Timer1 period match
•
•
•
01000 = Reserved
00111 = PWM Generator 4 primary trigger is selected
00110 = Reserved
00101 = PWM Generator 2 primary trigger is selected
00100 = PWM Generator 1 primary trigger is selected
00011 = PWM Special Event Trigger is selected
00010 = Global software trigger is selected
00001 = Individual software trigger is selected
00000 = No conversion is enabled

Note 1: If other conversions are in progress, conversion will be performed when the conversion resources are available.

2: AN13 is internally connected to Vref in all devices. AN12 is internally connected to the EXTREF pin in the dsPIC33FJ06001/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302 devices. The dsPIC33FJ06GS101A/102A devices not have an EXTREF pin; therefore, any data read on the corresponding AN12 input will be invalid.

REGISTER 22-1: CONSTANT CURRENT SOURCE CALIBRATION REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 23							bit 16

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	CCSCAL<5:0>					
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’	
-n = Value at POR	‘1’ = Bit is set	‘0’ = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 23-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 5-0 **CCSCAL<5:0>:** Constant Current Source Calibration bits

The value of these bits must be copied into the ISRCCAL<5:0> bits (ISRCCON<5:0>). Refer to the Current Source Control register (Register 21-1) in **Section 21.0 “Constant Current Source”**.

25.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

This section provides an overview of dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302 electrical characteristics. Additional information will be provided in future revisions of this document as it becomes available.

Absolute maximum ratings are listed below. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied.

Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

Ambient temperature under bias ..... -40°C to +125°C
Storage temperature ..... -65°C to +150°C
Voltage on V_{DD} with respect to V_{SS} ..... -0.3V to +4.0V
Voltage on any pin that is not 5V tolerant, with respect to V_{SS}(3) ..... -0.3V to (V_{DD} + 0.3V)
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to V_{SS}, when $V_{DD} \geq 3.0V$(3) ..... -0.3V to +5.6V
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to Vss, when $V_{DD} < 3.0V$(3) ..... -0.3V to (V_{DD} + 0.3V)
Maximum current out of V_{SS} pin ..... 300 mA
Maximum current into V_{DD} pin(2) ..... 250 mA
Maximum current sourced/sunk by any 4x I/O pin ..... 15 mA
Maximum current sourced/sunk by any 16x I/O pin ..... 45 mA
Maximum current sunk by all ports ..... 200 mA
Maximum current sourced by all ports(2) ..... 200 mA

Note 1: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2: Maximum allowable current is a function of device maximum power dissipation (see Table 25-2).

3: See the **“Pin Diagrams”** section for 5V tolerant pins.

TABLE 25-5: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Param.	**Typical(1)**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**		
Operating Current (IDD)(2)						
DC20d	15	23	mA	-40°C	3.3V	10 MIPS
DC20a	15	23	mA	+25°C		
DC20b	15	23	mA	+85°C		
DC20c	15	23	mA	+125°C		
DC21d	23	34	mA	-40°C	3.3V	16 MIPS(3)
DC21a	23	34	mA	+25°C		
DC21b	23	34	mA	+85°C		
DC21c	23	34	mA	+125°C		
DC22d	25	38	mA	-40°C	3.3V	20 MIPS(3)
DC22a	25	38	mA	+25°C		
DC22b	25	38	mA	+85°C		
DC22c	25	38	mA	+125°C		
DC23d	34	51	mA	-40°C	3.3V	30 MIPS(3)
DC23a	34	51	mA	+25°C		
DC23b	34	51	mA	+85°C		
DC23c	34	51	mA	+125°C		
DC24d	43	64	mA	-40°C	3.3V	40 MIPS(3)
DC24a	43	64	mA	+25°C		
DC24b	43	64	mA	+85°C		
DC24c	43	64	mA	+125°C		
DC25d	83	125	mA	-40°C	3.3V	40 MIPS See **Note 2**, except PWM and ADC are operating at maximum speed (PTCON2 = 0x0000)
DC25a	83	125	mA	+25°C		
DC25b	83	125	mA	+85°C		
DC25c	83	125	mA	+125°C		

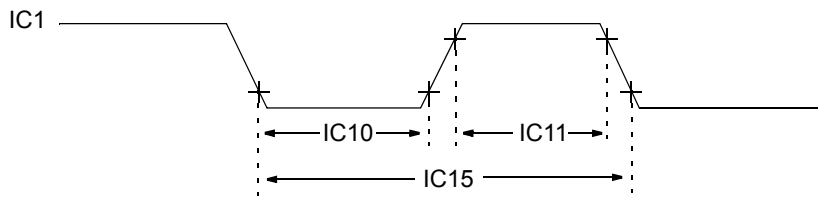
Note 1: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

2: IDD is primarily a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern and temperature, also have an impact on the current consumption. The test conditions for all IDD measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator is configured in EC mode, OSC1 is driven with external square wave from rail-to-rail
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to VSS
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ = VDD; WDT and FSCM are disabled
- CPU, SRAM, program memory and data memory are operational
- No peripheral modules are operating; however, every peripheral is being clocked (PMDx bits are all zeroed)
- CPU is executing `while(1)` statement

3: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 25-6: INPUT CAPTURE (CAP1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



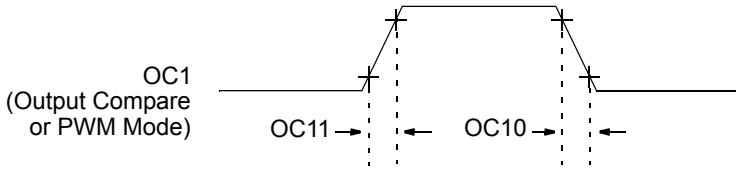
Note: Refer to Figure 25-1 for load conditions.

TABLE 25-25: INPUT CAPTURE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Param.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic(1)**		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
IC10	TccL	IC1 Input Low Time	No prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20	—	ns	
			With prescaler	10	—	ns	
IC11	TccH	IC1 Input High Time	No prescaler	0.5 TCY + 20	—	ns	
			With prescaler	10	—	ns	
IC15	TccP	IC1 Input Period		(TCY + 40)/N	—	ns	N = prescale value (1, 4, 16)

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 25-7: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE (OC1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



Note: Refer to Figure 25-1 for load conditions.

TABLE 25-26: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic(1)**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
OC10	TccF	OC1 Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32
OC11	TccR	OC1 Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 25-21: I2C1 BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)

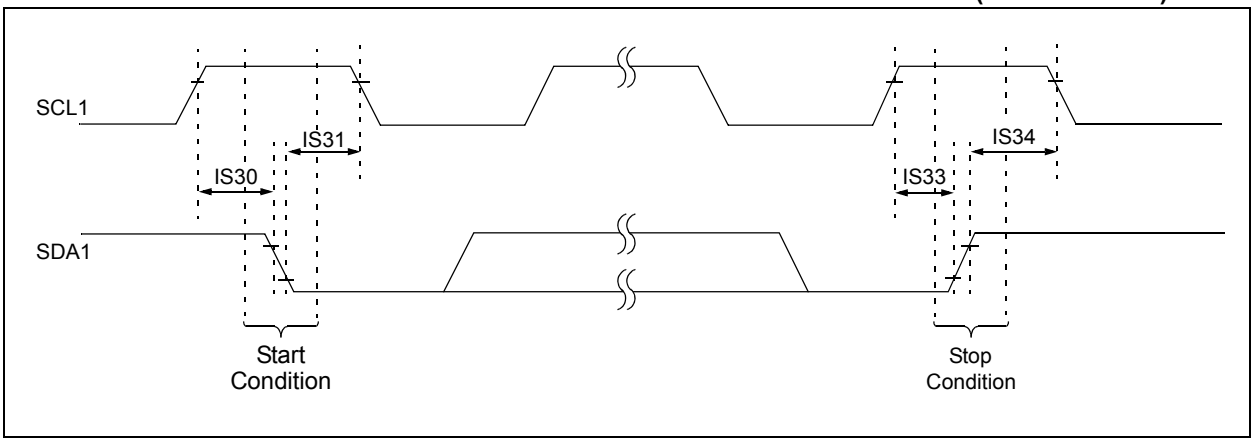
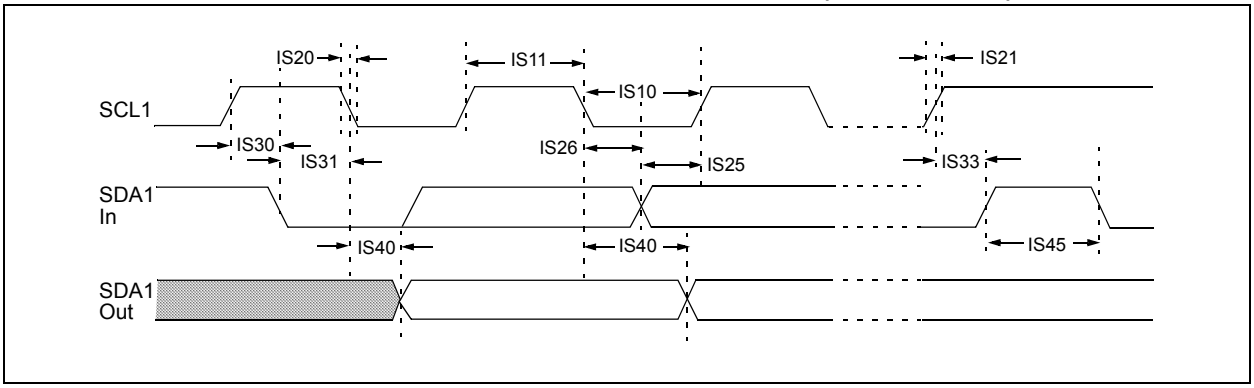


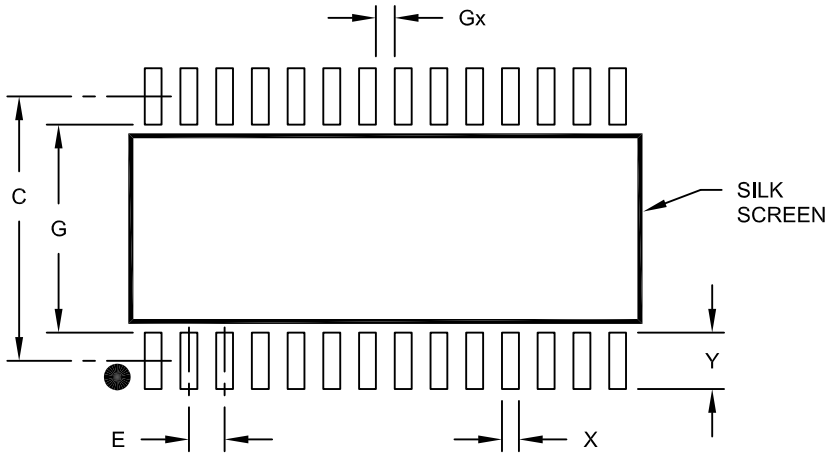
FIGURE 25-22: I2C1 BUS DATA TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)



NOTES:

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		9.40	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y			2.00
Distance Between Pads	Gx	0.67		
Distance Between Pads	G	7.40		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2052A