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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPs
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	9KB (3K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b; D/A 2x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj09gs302-e-ss">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj09gs302-e-ss</a>

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 3-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	US	EDT <sup>(1)</sup>	DL<2:0>		
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/C-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3 <sup>(2)</sup>	PSV	RND	IF
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>	C = Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
0' = Bit is cleared	'x' = Bit is unknown	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	

- bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12 **US:** DSP Multiply Unsigned/Signed Control bit  
1 = DSP engine multiplies are unsigned  
0 = DSP engine multiplies are signed
- bit 11 **EDT:** Early **DO** Loop Termination Control bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Terminate executing **DO** loop at end of current loop iteration  
0 = No effect
- bit 10-8 **DL<2:0>:** **DO** Loop Nesting Level Status bits  
111 = 7 **DO** loops active  
.  
.  
.  
001 = 1 **DO** loop active  
000 = 0 **DO** loops active
- bit 7 **SATA:** ACCA Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Accumulator A saturation is enabled  
0 = Accumulator A saturation is disabled
- bit 6 **SATB:** ACCB Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Accumulator B saturation is enabled  
0 = Accumulator B saturation is disabled
- bit 5 **SATDW:** Data Space Write from DSP Engine Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Data space write saturation is enabled  
0 = Data space write saturation is disabled
- bit 4 **ACCSAT:** Accumulator Saturation Mode Select bit  
1 = 9.31 saturation (super saturation)  
0 = 1.31 saturation (normal saturation)
- bit 3 **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3<sup>(2)</sup>  
1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7  
0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less
- bit 2 **PSV:** Program Space Visibility in Data Space Enable bit  
1 = Program space is visible in data space  
0 = Program space is not visible in data space
- bit 1 **RND:** Rounding Mode Select bit  
1 = Biased (conventional) rounding is enabled  
0 = Unbiased (convergent) rounding is enabled
- bit 0 **IF:** Integer or Fractional Multiplier Mode Select bit  
1 = Integer mode enabled for DSP multiply ops  
0 = Fractional mode enabled for DSP multiply ops

**Note 1:** This bit will always read as '0'.

**2:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

**TABLE 4-7: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS202A DEVICES ONLY**

File Name	SFR Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
INTCON1	0080	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVBTE	COVTE	SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	—	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—	0000
INTCON2	0082	ALTVT	DISI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	0000
IFS0	0084	—	—	ADIF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SP1EIF	—	T2IF	—	—	—	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000
IFS1	0086	—	—	INT2IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1IF	CNIF	AC1IF	M2C1IF	S2C1IF	0000
IFS3	008A	—	—	—	—	—	—	PSEMIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS4	008C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1EIF	—	0000
IFS5	008E	PWM2IF	PWM1IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	JTAGIF	0000
IFS6	0090	ADCP1IF	ADCP0IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	AC2IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS7	0092	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCP6IF	—	—	—	ADCP2IF	0000
IEC0	0094	—	—	ADIE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SP1EIE	—	T2IE	—	—	—	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE	0000
IEC1	0096	—	—	INT2IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1IE	CNIE	AC1IE	M2C1IE	S2C1IE	0000
IEC3	009A	—	—	—	—	—	—	PSEMIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC4	009C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1EIE	—	0000
IEC5	009E	PWM2IE	PWM1IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	JTAGIE	0000
IEC6	00A0	ADCP1IE	ADCP0IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	AC2IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC7	00A2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCP6IE	—	—	—	ADCP2IE	0000
IPC0	00A4	—	T1IP<2:0>			—	OC1IP<2:0>			—	IC1IP<2:0>			—	INT0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC1	00A6	—	T2IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4000
IPC2	00A8	—	U1RXIP<2:0>			—	SPI1IP<2:0>			—	SP1EIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	4440
IPC3	00AA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADIP<2:0>			—	U1TXIP<2:0>			0044
IPC4	00AC	—	CNIP<2:0>			—	AC1IP<2:0>			—	M2C1IP<2:0>			—	S2C1IP<2:0>			4444
IPC5	00AE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1IP<2:0>			0004
IPC7	00B2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0040
IPC14	00C0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PSEMIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0040
IPC16	00C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1EIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0040
IPC20	00CC	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	JTAGIP<2:0>			0004
IPC23	00D2	—	PWM2IP<2:0>			—	PWM1IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4400
IPC25	00D6	—	AC2IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4000
IPC27	00DA	—	ADCP1IP<2:0>			—	ADCP0IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4400
IPC28	00DC	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCP2IP<2:0>			0004
IPC29	00DE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCP6IP<2:0>			0004
INTTREG	00E0	—	—	—	—	ILR<3:0>				—	VECNUM<6:0>							0000

**Legend:** × = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-19: CONSTANT CURRENT SOURCE REGISTER MAP**

File Name	ADR	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
ISRCCON	0500	ISRCEN	—	—	—	—	OUTSEL<2:0>			—	—	ISRCCAL<5:0>						0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-20: HIGH-SPEED 10-BIT ADC REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS001 AND dsPIC33FJ06GS101A**

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
ADCON	0300	ADON	—	ADSIDL	SLOWCLK	—	GSWTRG	—	FORM	EIE	ORDER	SEQSAMP	ASYNCSAMP	—	ADCS<2:0>			0003
ADPCFG	0302	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PCFG7	PCFG6	—	—	PCFG3	PCFG2	PCFG1	PCFG0	0000
ADSTAT	0306	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	P6RDY	—	—	P3RDY	—	P1RDY	P0RDY	0000
ADBASE	0308	ADBASE<15:1>															—	0000
ADCPC0	030A	IRQEN1	PEND1	SWTRG1	TRGSRC1<4:0>					IRQEN0	PEND0	SWTRG0	TRGSRC0<4:0>					0000
ADCPC1	030C	IRQEN3	PEND3	SWTRG3	TRGSRC3<4:0>					—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
ADCPC3	0310	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQEN6	PEND6	SWTRG6	TRGSRC6<4:0>					0000
ADCBUF0	0320	ADC Data Buffer 0																xxxx
ADCBUF1	0322	ADC Data Buffer 1																xxxx
ADCBUF2	0324	ADC Data Buffer 2																xxxx
ADCBUF3	0326	ADC Data Buffer 3																xxxx
ADCBUF6	032C	ADC Data Buffer 6																xxxx
ADCBUF7	032E	ADC Data Buffer 7																xxxx
ADCBUF12	0338	ADC Data Buffer 12																xxxx
ADCBUF13	033A	ADC Data Buffer 13																xxxx

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-34: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS001**

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD3	0774	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	PWM4MD	—	—	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	077C	—	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD2	CMPMD1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-35: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS101A**

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	U1MD	—	SPI1MD	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD2	0772	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC1MD	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	PWM4MD	—	—	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-36: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ06GS102A**

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0770	—	—	—	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	—	U1MD	—	SPI1MD	—	—	ADCMD	0000
PMD2	0772	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC1MD	0000
PMD4	0776	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	—	—	—	0000
PMD6	077A	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

### 4.5.3 MODULO ADDRESSING APPLICABILITY

Modulo Addressing can be applied to the Effective Address (EA) calculation associated with any W register. Address boundaries check for addresses equal to:

- Upper boundary addresses for incrementing buffers
- Lower boundary addresses for decrementing buffers

It is important to realize that the address boundaries check for addresses less than or greater than the upper (for incrementing buffers) and lower (for decrementing buffers) boundary addresses (not just equal to). Address changes can, therefore, jump beyond boundaries and still be adjusted correctly.

<p><b>Note:</b> The modulo corrected Effective Address is written back to the register only when Pre-Modify or Post-Modify Addressing mode is used to compute the Effective Address. When an address offset (such as [W7 + W2]) is used, Modulo Addressing correction is performed but the contents of the register remain unchanged.</p>
---

## 4.6 Bit-Reversed Addressing

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is intended to simplify data re-ordering for radix-2 FFT algorithms. It is supported by the X AGU for data writes only.

The modifier, which can be a constant value or register contents, is regarded as having its bit order reversed. The address source and destination are kept in normal order. Thus, the only operand requiring reversal is the modifier.

### 4.6.1 BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING IMPLEMENTATION

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is enabled when all of these conditions are met:

- BWMx bits (W register selection) in the MODCON register are any value other than '15' (the stack cannot be accessed using Bit-Reversed Addressing)
- BREN bit is set in the XBREV register
- Addressing mode used is Register Indirect with Pre-increment or Post-increment

If the length of a bit-reversed buffer is  $M = 2^N$  bytes, the last 'N' bits of the data buffer start address must be zeros.

$XB<14:0>$  is the Bit-Reversed Address modifier, or 'pivot point,' which is typically a constant. In the case of an FFT computation, its value is equal to half of the FFT data buffer size.

<p><b>Note:</b> All bit-reversed EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear). The XB value is scaled accordingly to generate compatible (byte) addresses.</p>
--

When enabled, Bit-Reversed Addressing is executed only for Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment Addressing and word-sized data writes. It will not function for any other addressing mode or for byte-sized data, and normal addresses are generated instead. When Bit-Reversed Addressing is active, the W Address Pointer is always added to the address modifier (XB), and the offset associated with the Register Indirect Addressing mode is ignored. In addition, as word-sized data is a requirement, the LSb of the EA is ignored (and always clear).

<p><b>Note:</b> Modulo Addressing and Bit-Reversed Addressing should not be enabled together. If an application attempts to do so, Bit-Reversed Addressing will assume priority when active for the X WAGU and X WAGU; Modulo Addressing will be disabled. However, Modulo Addressing will continue to function in the X RAGU.</p>
--

If Bit-Reversed Addressing has already been enabled by setting the BREN (XBREV<15>) bit, a write to the XBREV register should not be immediately followed by an indirect read operation using the W register that has been designated as the Bit-Reversed Pointer.

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 7-6: IFS1: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	INT2IF	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	INT1IF	CNIF	AC1IF <sup>(1)</sup>	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **INT2IF:** External Interrupt 2 Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 12-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **INT1IF:** External Interrupt 1 Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 3 **CNIF:** Input Change Notification Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 2 **AC1IF:** Analog Comparator 1 Interrupt Flag Status bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 1 **MI2C1IF:** I2C1 Master Events Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 **SI2C1IF:** I2C1 Slave Events Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

**Note 1:** This bit is not implemented in dsPIC33FJ06GS101A/102A devices.

**REGISTER 8-5: ACLKCON: AUXILIARY CLOCK DIVISOR CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>**

R/W-0	R-0	R/W-1	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
ENAPLL	APLLCK	SELACLK	—	—	APSTSCLR<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>		
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
ASRCSEL	FRCSEL	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7						bit 0	

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15      **ENAPLL:** Auxiliary PLL Enable bit

1 = APLL is enabled

0 = APLL is disabled

bit 14      **APLLCK:** APLL Locked Status bit (read-only)

1 = Indicates that auxiliary PLL is in lock

0 = Indicates that auxiliary PLL is not in lock

bit 13      **SELACLK:** Select Auxiliary Clock Source for Auxiliary Clock Divider bit

1 = Auxiliary oscillators provides the source clock for auxiliary clock divider

0 = Primary PLL (Fvco) provides the source clock for auxiliary clock divider

bit 12-11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8      **APSTSCLR<2:0>:** Auxiliary Clock Output Divider bits<sup>(2)</sup>

111 = Divided by 1

110 = Divided by 2

101 = Divided by 4

100 = Divided by 8

011 = Divided by 16

010 = Divided by 32

001 = Divided by 64

000 = Divided by 256

bit 7      **ASRCSEL:** Select Reference Clock Source for Auxiliary Clock bit

1 = Primary oscillator is the clock source

0 = No clock input is selected

bit 6      **FRCSEL:** Select Reference Clock Source for Auxiliary PLL bit

1 = Selects FRC clock for auxiliary PLL

0 = Input clock source is determined by ASRCSEL bit setting

bit 5-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

**2:** The auxiliary clock postscaler must be configured to divide-by-1 (APSTSCLR<2:0> = 111) for proper operation of the PWM module.



## 8.6 Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM)

The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) allows the device to continue to operate, even in the event of an oscillator failure. The FSCM function is enabled by programming. If the FSCM function is enabled, the LPRC internal oscillator runs at all times (except during Sleep mode) and is not subject to control by the Watchdog Timer.

In the event of an oscillator failure, the FSCM generates a clock failure trap event and switches the system clock over to the FRC oscillator. Then, the application program can either attempt to restart the oscillator or execute a controlled shutdown. The trap can be treated as a warm Reset by simply loading the Reset address into the oscillator fail trap vector.

If the PLL multiplier is used to scale the system clock, the internal FRC is also multiplied by the same factor on clock failure. Essentially, the device switches to FRC with PLL on a clock failure.

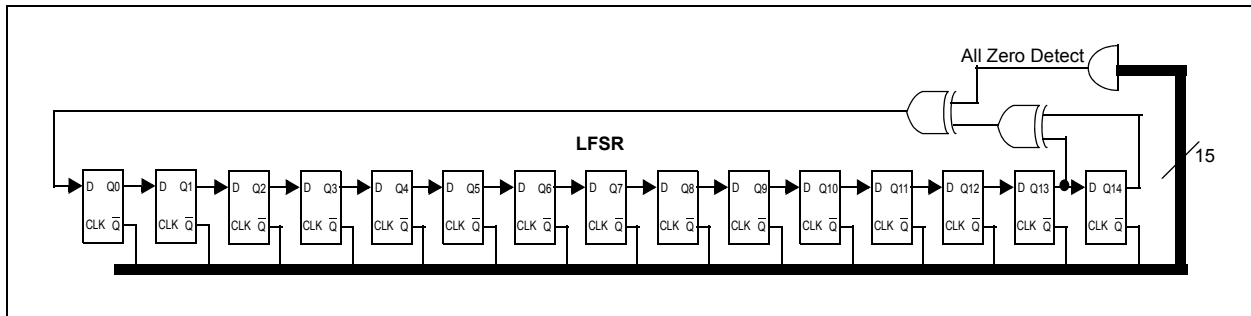
## 8.7 Pseudo-Random Generator

The pseudo-random generator is implemented with a 15-bit Linear Feedback Shift Register (LFSR), which is a shift register with a few exclusive OR gates. The shift register is clocked by the PWM clock and is a read-only register. The purpose of this feature is to provide the ability to randomly change the period or the active portion of the PWM.

A firmware routine can be used to read “n” random bits from the LFSR register and combine them, by either summing or performing another logical operation with the PWM period of the Duty Cycle registers. The result will be a PWM signal whose nominal period (or duty cycle) is the desired one, but whose effective value changes randomly. This capability will help in reducing the EMI/EMC emissions by spreading the power over a wider frequency range.

Figure 8-3 provides a block diagram of the LFSR.

**FIGURE 8-3: LFSR BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 10-14: RPINR33: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 33

U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	SYNC11R<5:0>					
bit 15							
		bit 8					

U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	FLT8R<5:0>					
bit 7							
		bit 0					

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8      **SYNC11R<5:0>:** Assign PWM Master Time Base External Synchronization Signal to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

111111 = Input tied to Vss

100011 = Input tied to RP35

100010 = Input tied to RP34

100001 = Input tied to RP33

100000 = Input tied to RP32

•

•

•

000000 = Input tied to RP0

bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0      **FLT8R<5:0>:** Assign PWM Fault Input 8 (FLT8) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

111111 = Input tied to Vss

100011 = Input tied to RP35

100010 = Input tied to RP34

100001 = Input tied to RP33

100000 = Input tied to RP32

•

•

•

000000 = Input tied to RP0

## dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

### REGISTER 16-3: SPIxCON2: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
FRMEN	SPIFSD	FRMPOL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15			bit 8				

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	FRMDLY	—	
bit 7								bit 0

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit  
-n = Value at POR

W = Writable bit  
'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
'0' = Bit is cleared  
x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **FRMEN:** Framed SPIx Support bit  
            1 = Framed SPIx support enabled ( $\overline{\text{SSx}}$  pin used as Frame Sync pulse input/output)  
            0 = Framed SPIx support disabled
- bit 14      **SPIFSD:** Frame Sync Pulse Direction Control bit  
            1 = Frame Sync pulse input (slave)  
            0 = Frame Sync pulse output (master)
- bit 13      **FRMPOL:** Frame Sync Pulse Polarity bit  
            1 = Frame Sync pulse is active-high  
            0 = Frame Sync pulse is active-low
- bit 12-2    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1      **FRMDLY:** Frame Sync Pulse Edge Select bit  
            1 = Frame Sync pulse coincides with first bit clock  
            0 = Frame Sync pulse precedes first bit clock
- bit 0      **Unimplemented:** This bit must not be set to '1' by the user application

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## REGISTER 19-5: ADCPC0: ADC CONVERT PAIR CONTROL REGISTER 0

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQEN1	PEND1	SWTRG1	TRGSRC1<4:0>				
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQEN0	PEND0	SWTRG0	TRGSRC0<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **IRQEN1:** Interrupt Request Enable 1 bit  
1 = Enables IRQ generation when requested conversion of channels AN3 and AN2 is completed  
0 = IRQ is not generated
- bit 14      **PEND1:** Pending Conversion Status 1 bit  
1 = Conversion of channels AN3 and AN2 is pending; set when selected trigger is asserted  
0 = Conversion is complete
- bit 13      **SWTRG1:** Software Trigger 1 bit  
1 = Starts conversion of AN3 and AN2 (if selected by the TRGSRCx bits)<sup>(1)</sup>  
This bit is automatically cleared by hardware when the PEND1 bit is set.  
0 = Conversion has not started
- bit 12-8      **TRGSRC1<4:0>:** Trigger 1 Source Selection bits  
Selects trigger source for conversion of analog channels AN3 and AN2.  
11111 = Timer2 period match  
•  
•  
•  
11011 = Reserved  
11010 = PWM Generator 4 current-limit ADC trigger  
11001 = Reserved  
11000 = PWM Generator 2 current-limit ADC trigger  
10111 = PWM Generator 1 current-limit ADC trigger  
10110 = Reserved  
•  
•  
•  
10010 = Reserved  
10001 = PWM Generator 4 secondary trigger is selected  
10000 = Reserved  
01111 = PWM Generator 2 secondary trigger is selected  
01110 = PWM Generator 1 secondary trigger is selected  
01101 = Reserved  
01100 = Timer1 period match  
•  
•  
•  
01000 = Reserved  
00111 = PWM Generator 4 primary trigger is selected  
00110 = Reserved  
00101 = PWM Generator 2 primary trigger is selected  
00100 = PWM Generator 1 primary trigger is selected  
00011 = PWM Special Event Trigger is selected  
00010 = Global software trigger is selected  
00001 = Individual software trigger is selected  
00000 = No conversion is enabled

**Note 1:** The trigger source must be set as a global software trigger prior to setting this bit to '1'. If other conversions are in progress, then conversion will be performed when the conversion resources are available.

TABLE 23-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles	Status Flags Affected
48	MPY	MPY $Wm * Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd$	Multiply $Wm$ by $Wn$ to Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		MPY $Wm * Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd$	Square $Wm$ to Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
49	MPY.N	MPY.N $Wm * Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd$	-(Multiply $Wm$ by $Wn$ ) to Accumulator	1	1	None
50	MSC	MSC $Wm * Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB$	Multiply and Subtract from Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
51	MUL	MUL.SS $Wb, Ws, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{signed}(Wb) * \text{signed}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.SU $Wb, Ws, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{signed}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.US $Wb, Ws, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{unsigned}(Wb) * \text{signed}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.UU $Wb, Ws, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{unsigned}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(Ws)$	1	1	None
		MUL.SU $Wb, \#lit5, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{signed}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(lit5)$	1	1	None
		MUL.UU $Wb, \#lit5, Wnd$	$\{Wnd + 1, Wnd\} = \text{unsigned}(Wb) * \text{unsigned}(lit5)$	1	1	None
		MUL $f$	$W3:W2 = f * WREG$	1	1	None
52	NEG	NEG $Acc$	Negate Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		NEG $f$	$f = \bar{f} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG $f, WREG$	$WREG = \bar{f} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG $Ws, Wd$	$Wd = \overline{Ws} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
53	NOP	NOP	No Operation	1	1	None
		NOPR	No Operation	1	1	None
54	POP	POP $f$	Pop $f$ from Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		POP $Wdo$	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to $Wdo$	1	1	None
		POP.D $Wnd$	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to $W(nd):W(nd + 1)$	1	2	None
		POP.S	Pop Shadow Registers	1	1	All
55	PUSH	PUSH $f$	Push $f$ to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH $Wso$	Push $Wso$ to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH.D $Wns$	Push $W(ns):W(ns + 1)$ to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	2	None
		PUSH.S	Push Shadow Registers	1	1	None
56	PWRSV	PWRSV $\#lit1$	Go into Sleep or Idle mode	1	1	WDTO,Sleep
57	RCALL	RCALL $Expr$	Relative Call	1	2	None
		RCALL $Wn$	Computed Call	1	2	None
58	REPEAT	REPEAT $\#lit14$	Repeat Next Instruction $lit14 + 1$ times	1	1	None
		REPEAT $Wn$	Repeat Next Instruction $(Wn) + 1$ times	1	1	None
59	RESET	RESET	Software Device Reset	1	1	None
60	RETFIE	RETFIE	Return from interrupt	1	3 (2)	None
61	RETLW	RETLW $\#lit10, Wn$	Return with Literal in $Wn$	1	3 (2)	None
62	RETURN	RETURN	Return from Subroutine	1	3 (2)	None
63	RLC	RLC $f$	$f = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC $f, WREG$	$WREG = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC $Ws, Wd$	$Wd = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } Ws$	1	1	C,N,Z
64	RLNC	RLNC $f$	$f = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } f$	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC $f, WREG$	$WREG = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } f$	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC $Ws, Wd$	$Wd = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } Ws$	1	1	N,Z
65	RRC	RRC $f$	$f = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC $f, WREG$	$WREG = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } f$	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC $Ws, Wd$	$Wd = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } Ws$	1	1	C,N,Z

FIGURE 25-5: TIMER1 AND TIMER2 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

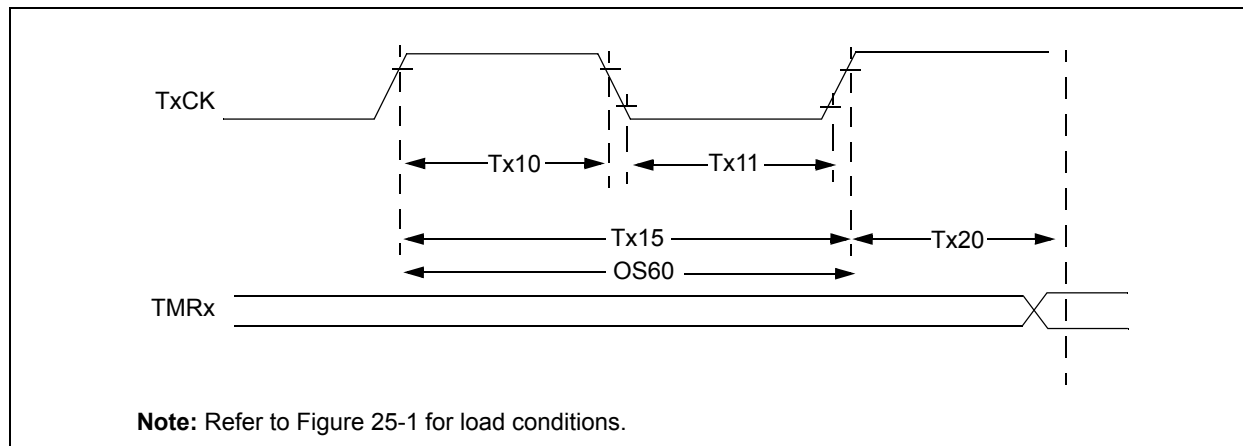


TABLE 25-23: TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS<sup>(1)</sup>

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
TA10	TtXH	TxCK High Time	Synchronous, no prescaler	Tcy + 20	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = prescale value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Synchronous, with prescaler	(Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	
			Asynchronous	20	—	—	ns	
TA11	TtXL	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous, no prescaler	Tcy + 20	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = prescale value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Synchronous, with prescaler	(Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	
			Asynchronous	20	—	—	ns	
TA15	TtXP	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous, no prescaler	2 Tcy + 40	—	—	ns	N = prescale value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Synchronous, with prescaler	Greater of: 40 ns or (2 Tcy + 40)/N	—	—	—	
			Asynchronous	40	—	—	ns	
OS60	Ft1	T1CK Oscillator Input Frequency Range (oscillator enabled by setting bit, TCS (T1CON<1>))		DC	—	50	kHz	
TA20	TckEXTMRL	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		0.75 Tcy + 40	—	1.75 Tcy + 40	—	

**Note 1:** Timer1 is a Type A.

FIGURE 25-8: OC/PWM MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

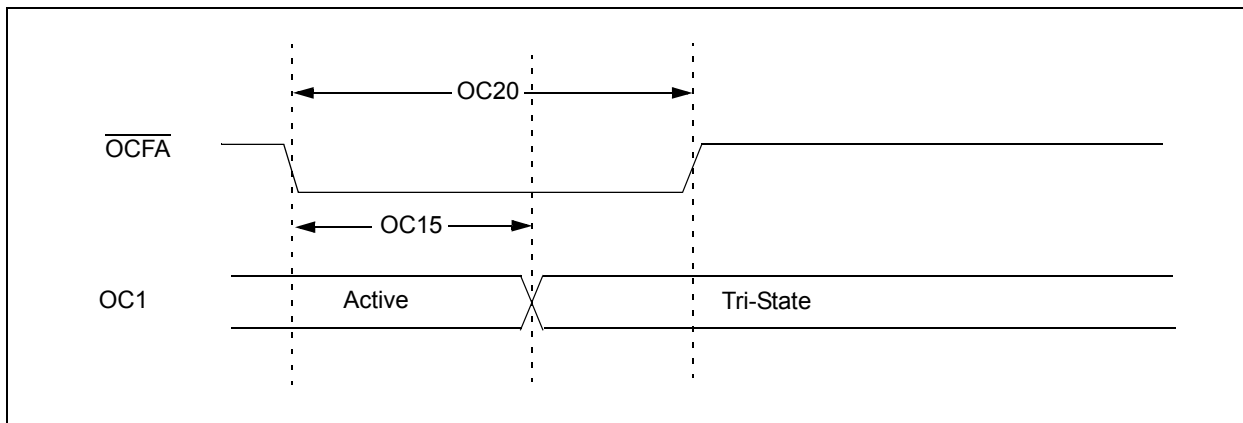


TABLE 25-27: SIMPLE OC/PWM MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

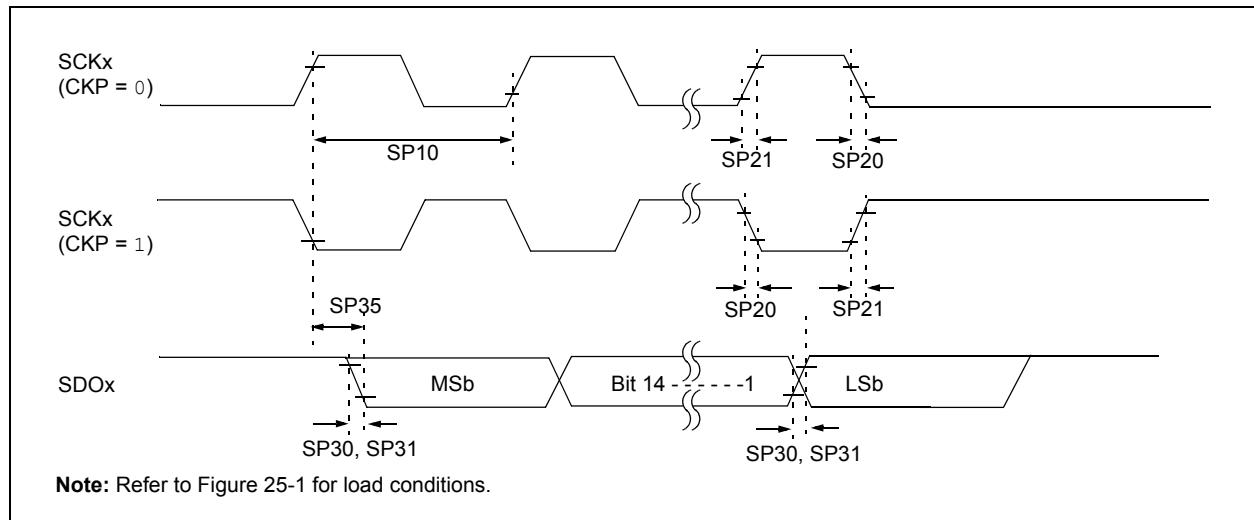
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
OC15	TFD	Fault Input to PWM I/O Change	—	—	$T_{CY} + 20$	ns	
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	$T_{CY} + 20$	—	—	ns	

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**TABLE 25-29: SPIx MAXIMUM DATA/CLOCK RATE SUMMARY**

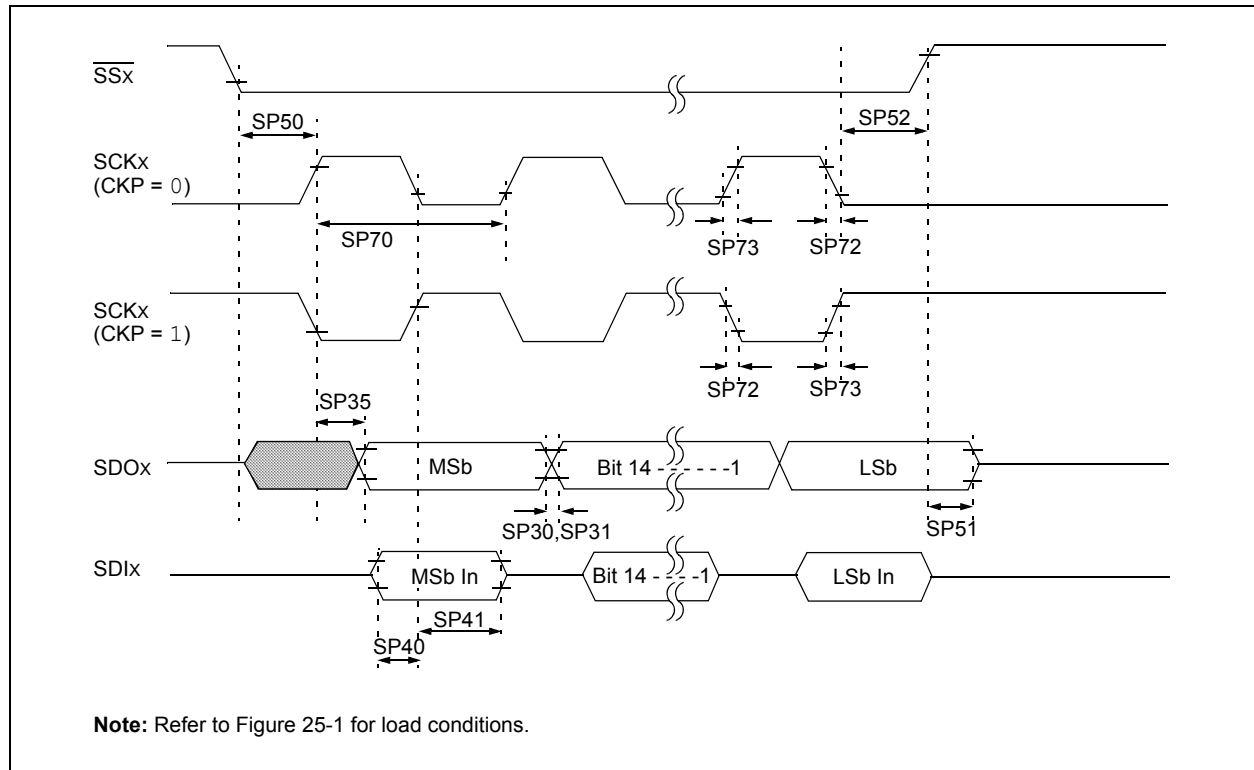
AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended		
Maximum Data Rate	Master Transmit Only (Half-Duplex)	Master Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	Slave Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	CKE	CKP	SMP
15 MHz	Table 25-30	—	—	0,1	0,1	0,1
9 MHz	—	Table 25-31	—	1	0,1	1
9 MHz	—	Table 25-32	—	0	0,1	1
15 MHz	—	—	Table 25-33	1	0	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 25-34	1	1	0
15 MHz	—	—	Table 25-35	0	1	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 25-36	0	0	0

**FIGURE 25-11: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**





**FIGURE 25-18: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)**  
**TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

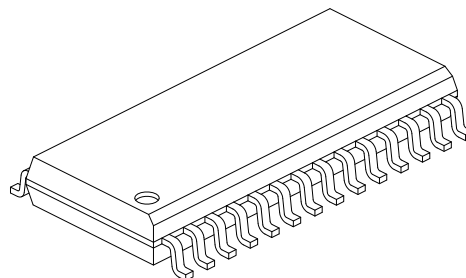
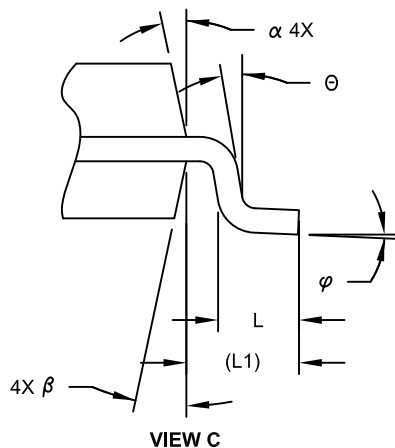


NOTES:

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## 28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	28		
Pitch	e	1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	A	-	-	2.65
Molded Package Thickness	A2	2.05	-	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.30
Overall Width	E	10.30 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	7.50 BSC		
Overall Length	D	17.90 BSC		
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.75
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27
Footprint	L1	1.40 REF		
Lead Angle	Ø	0°	-	-
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.18	-	0.33
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°

### Notes:

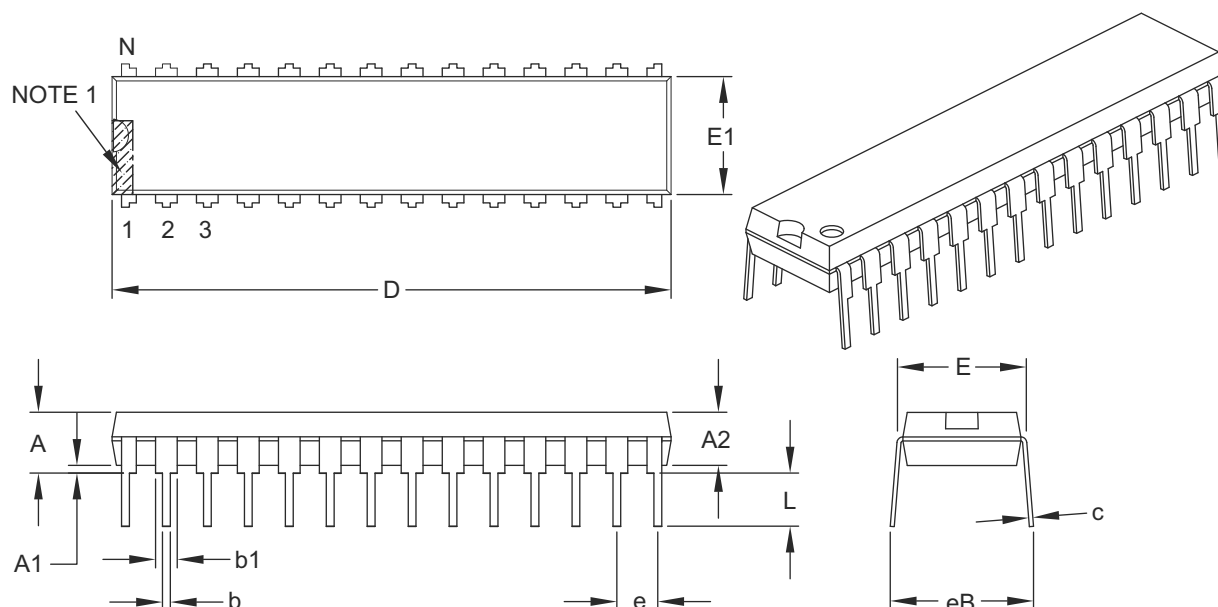
- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic
- Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs, which shall not exceed 0.15 mm per end. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion, which shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
  - BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
  - REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
- Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-052C Sheet 2 of 2

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

## 28-Lead Skinny Plastic Dual In-Line (SP) – 300 mil Body [SPDIP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	INCHES		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	28		
Pitch	e	.100 BSC		
Top to Seating Plane	A	–	–	.200
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.120	.135	.150
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	–	–
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.335
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.285	.295
Overall Length	D	1.345	1.365	1.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.110	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.050	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	–	–	.430

### Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-070B

# dsPIC33FJ06GS001/101A/102A/202A and dsPIC33FJ09GS302

RPINR7 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 7).....	157	High-Speed PWM Generator 2 for dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	53
RPOR0 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 0).....	168	High-Speed PWM Generator 4 for dsPIC33FJ06GS001, dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302 .....	54
RPOR1 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 1).....	168	I2C1 .....	55
RPOR16 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 16).....	172	Input Capture for dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	51
RPOR17 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 17).....	172	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS001 .....	46
RPOR2 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 2).....	169	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS002A.....	48
RPOR3 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 3).....	169	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS101A.....	47
RPOR4 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 4).....	170	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ06GS202A.....	49
RPOR5 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 5).....	170	Interrupt Controller for dsPIC33FJ09GS302 .....	50
RPOR6 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 6).....	171	NVM.....	63
RPOR7 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 7).....	171	Output Compare for dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ06GS102A, dsPIC33FJ06GS202A, dsPIC33FJ09GS302.....	51
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SEVTCMP (PWM Special Event Compare).....	189	Peripheral Pin Select Input for dsPIC33FJ06GS101A, dsPIC33FJ06GS102A .....	59
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		I2C1 Bus Start/Stop Bits (Slave Mode).....	307
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