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#### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

#### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

##### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RXv2
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	120MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, MMC/SD, SCI, SPI, SSI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	111
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	64K x 8
RAM Size	552K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 29x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	145-TFLGA
Supplier Device Package	145-TFLGA (7x7)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f564mfcdlk-21">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f564mfcdlk-21</a>

## 1. Overview

### 1.1 Outline of Specifications

Table 1.1 lists the specifications in outline, and Table 1.2 gives a comparison of the functions of products in different packages.

Table 1.1 shows the outline of maximum specifications, and the number of peripheral module channels differs depending on the pin number on the package and the code flash memory capacity. For details, see Table 1.2, Comparison of Functions for Different Packages.

**Table 1.1 Outline of Specifications (1/9)**

Classification	Module/Function	Description
CPU	CPU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum operating frequency: 120 MHz</li> <li>• 32-bit RX CPU (RXv2)</li> <li>• Minimum instruction execution time: One instruction per state (cycle of the system clock)</li> <li>• Address space: 4-Gbyte linear</li> <li>• Register set of the CPU           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General purpose: Sixteen 32-bit registers</li> <li>Control: Ten 32-bit registers</li> <li>Accumulator: Two 72-bit registers</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Basic instructions: 75</li> <li>• Floating-point instructions: 11</li> <li>• DSP instructions: 23</li> <li>• Addressing modes: 11</li> <li>• Data arrangement           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Instructions: Little endian</li> <li>Data: Selectable as little endian or big endian</li> </ul> </li> <li>• On-chip 32-bit multiplier: <math>32 \times 32 \rightarrow 64</math> bits</li> <li>• On-chip divider: <math>32 / 32 \rightarrow 32</math> bits</li> <li>• Barrel shifter: 32 bits</li> </ul>
	FPU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single precision (32-bit) floating point</li> <li>• Data types and floating-point exceptions in conformance with the IEEE754 standard</li> </ul>
Memory	Code flash memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capacity: 2 Mbytes, 2.5 Mbytes, 3 Mbytes, 4 Mbytes</li> <li>• 120 MHz, no-wait access</li> <li>• On-board programming: Four types</li> <li>• Off-board programming (parallel programmer mode)</li> <li>• The trusted memory (TM) function protects against the reading of programs from blocks 8 and 9.</li> </ul>
	Data flash memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capacity: 64 Kbytes</li> <li>• Programming/erasing: 100,000 times</li> </ul>
	RAM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capacity: 512 Kbytes</li> <li>• 120 MHz, no-wait access</li> <li>• SED (single error detection)</li> </ul>
	Unique ID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12-byte length ID unique to the device</li> </ul>
	RAM with ECC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capacity: 32 Kbytes</li> <li>• 120 MHz, single wait access</li> <li>• SEC-DED (single error correction/double error detection)</li> </ul>
	Standby RAM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capacity: 8 Kbytes</li> <li>• Operation synchronized with PCLKB: Up to 60 MHz, two-cycle access</li> </ul>
Operating modes		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Operating modes by the mode-setting pins at the time of release from the reset state           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Single-chip mode</li> <li>Boot mode (for the SCI interface)</li> <li>Boot mode (for the USB interface)</li> <li>User boot mode</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Selection of operating mode by register setting           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Single-chip mode, user boot mode</li> <li>On-chip ROM disabled extended mode</li> <li>On-chip ROM enabled extended mode</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Endian selectable</li> </ul>

**Table 1.1 Outline of Specifications (2/9)**

Classification	Module/Function	Description
Clock	Clock generation circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main clock oscillator, sub clock oscillator, low-speed/high-speed on-chip oscillator, PLL frequency synthesizer, and IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator</li> <li>The peripheral module clocks can be set to frequencies above that of the system clock.</li> <li>Main-clock oscillation stoppage detection</li> <li>Separate frequency-division and multiplication settings for the system clock (ICLK), peripheral module clocks (PCLKA, PCLKB, PCLKC, PCLKD), flash-IF clock (FCLK) and external bus clock (BCLK)</li> </ul> <p>The CPU and other bus masters run in synchronization with the system clock (ICLK): Up to 120 MHz      Peripheral modules of MTU3, GPT, RSPI, SCIFA, USBA, ETHERC, EPTPC, EDMAC, and AES run in synchronization with PCLKA, which operates at up to 120 MHz.      Other peripheral modules run in synchronization with PCLKB: Up to 60 MHz      ADCLK in the SD12AD (unit 0) runs in synchronization with PCLKC: Up to 60 MHz      ADCLK in the SD12AD (unit 1) runs in synchronization with PCLKD: Up to 60 MHz      Flash IF run in synchronization with the flash-IF clock (FCLK): Up to 60 MHz      Devices connected to the external bus run in synchronization with the external bus clock (BCLK): Up to 60 MHz</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Multiplication is possible with using the high-speed on-chip oscillator (HOCO) as a reference clock of the PLL circuit</li> </ul>
Reset		<p>Nine types of reset</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RES# pin reset: Generated when the RES# pin is driven low.</li> <li>Power-on reset: Generated when the RES# pin is driven high and VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 rises.</li> <li>Voltage-monitoring 0 reset: Generated when VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 falls.</li> <li>Voltage-monitoring 1 reset: Generated when VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 falls.</li> <li>Voltage-monitoring 2 reset: Generated when VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 falls.</li> <li>Deep software standby reset: Generated in response to an interrupt to trigger release from deep software standby.</li> <li>Independent watchdog timer reset: Generated when the independent watchdog timer underflows, or a refresh error occurs.</li> <li>Watchdog timer reset: Generated when the watchdog timer underflows, or a refresh error occurs.</li> <li>Software reset: Generated by register setting.</li> </ul>
Power-on reset		If the RES# pin is at the high level when power is supplied, an internal reset is generated. After VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 has exceeded the voltage detection level and the specified period has elapsed, the reset is cancelled.
Voltage detection circuit (LVDA)		<p>Monitors the voltage being input to the VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 pins and generates an internal reset or internal interrupt.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Voltage detection circuit 0                      Capable of generating an internal reset                      The option-setting memory can be used to select enabling or disabling of the reset.                      Voltage detection level: Selectable from three different levels (2.94 V, 2.87 V, and 2.80 V)</li> <li>Voltage detection circuits 1 and 2                      Voltage detection level: Selectable from three different levels (2.99 V, 2.92 V, and 2.85 V)                      Digital filtering (1/2, 1/4, 1/8, and 1/16 LOCO frequency)                      Capable of generating an internal reset</li> <li>Two types of timing are selectable for release from reset                      An internal interrupt can be requested.</li> <li>Detection of voltage rising above and falling below thresholds is selectable.</li> <li>Maskable or non-maskable interrupt is selectable                      Voltage detection monitoring                      Event linking</li> </ul>
Low power consumption	Low power consumption facilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Module stop function</li> <li>Four low power consumption modes                      Sleep mode, all-module clock stop mode, software standby mode, and deep software standby mode</li> </ul>
	Battery backup function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the voltage on the VCC pin drops, battery power from the VBATT pin is supplied to keep the real-time clock (RTC) operating.</li> </ul>

**Table 1.1 Outline of Specifications (7/9)**

Classification	Module/Function	Description
Communication function	I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface (RIICa)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 channels (only channel 0 can be used in fast-mode plus)</li> <li>• Communication formats</li> <li>• I<sup>2</sup>C bus format/SMBus format</li> <li>• Supports the multi-master</li> <li>• Max. transfer rate: 1 Mbps (channel 0)</li> <li>• Event linking by the ELC</li> </ul>
	CAN module (CAN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3 channels</li> <li>• Compliance with the ISO11898-1 specification (standard frame and extended frame)</li> <li>• 32 mailboxes per channel</li> </ul>
	Serial peripheral interface (RSPPIa)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 channel</li> <li>• RSPPI transfer facility</li> <li>Using the MOSI (master out, slave in), MISO (master in, slave out), SSL (slave select), and RSPCK (RSPPI clock) signals enables serial transfer through SPI operation (four lines) or clock-synchronous operation (three lines)</li> <li>Capable of handling serial transfer as a master or slave</li> <li>• Data formats</li> <li>Switching between MSB first and LSB first</li> <li>The number of bits in each transfer can be changed to any number of bits from 8 to 16, or to 20, 24, or 32 bits.</li> <li>128-bit buffers for transmission and reception</li> <li>Up to four frames can be transmitted or received in a single transfer operation (with each frame having up to 32 bits)</li> <li>• Buffered structure</li> <li>Double buffers for both transmission and reception</li> <li>• RSPCK can be stopped with the receive buffer full for master reception.</li> <li>• Event linking by the ELC</li> </ul>
	Quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 channel</li> <li>• Connectable with serial flash memory equipped with multiple input and output lines (i.e. for single, dual, or quad operation)</li> <li>• Programmable bit length and selectable active sense and phase of the clock signal</li> <li>• Sequential execution of transfer</li> <li>• LSB or MSB first is selectable.</li> </ul>
	Serial sound interface (SSI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 channels</li> <li>• Full-duplex transfer is possible (only on channel 0).</li> <li>• Support for multiple audio formats</li> <li>• Support for master or slave operation</li> <li>• Bit clock frequency is selectable from four different types (16 fs, 32 fs, 48 fs, and 64 fs).</li> <li>• Support for 8-/16-/18-/20-/22-/24 bit data formats</li> <li>• Internal 8-stage FIFO for transmission and reception</li> <li>• Stopping SSIWS when data transfer is stopped is selectable.</li> </ul>
	Sampling rate converter (SRC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 channel</li> <li>• Data formats: 32-bit stereo (16 bits for the left, 16 bits for the right) and 16-bit monaural.</li> <li>• Input sampling rates: 8, 11.025, 12, 16, 22.05, 24, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz</li> <li>• Output sampling rates: 32, 44.1, 48, 8*2 or 16 kHz*2</li> </ul>
	SD host interface (SDHI)*4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 channel</li> <li>• Transfer speed: Supports high-speed mode (15 MB/s) and default speed mode (10 MB/s)</li> <li>• One interface for SD memory and I/O cards (supporting 1- and 4-bit SD buses)</li> <li>• SD specifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part 1: Physical Layer Specification Ver. 3.01 compliant (DDR not supported)</li> <li>Part E1: SDIO Specification Ver. 3.00</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Error checking: CRC7 for commands and CRC16 for data</li> <li>• Interrupt requests: Card access interrupt, SDIO access interrupt, card detection interrupt</li> <li>• DMA transfer requests: SD_BUFI write and SD_BUFI read</li> <li>• Support for card detection and write protection</li> </ul>
	MMC host interface (MMCIF)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 channel</li> <li>• Transfer speed: Supports high-speed mode (30 MB/s) and Backward-compatible mode (25 MB/s)</li> <li>• Compliant with JEDEC STANDARD JESD84-A441 (DDR is not supported)</li> <li>• Interface for Multimedia Cards (MMCs)</li> <li>• Device buses: Support for 1-, 4-, and 8-bit MMC buses</li> <li>• Interrupt requests: Card detection interrupt, error/timeout interrupt, normal operation interrupt</li> <li>• DMA transfer requests: CE_DATA write and CE_DATA read</li> <li>• Support for card detection, boot operation, high priority interrupt (HPI)</li> </ul>

**Table 1.2 Comparison of Functions for Different Packages (2/2)**

Functions	RX64M Group			
	Package	177 Pins, 176 Pins	145 Pins, 144 Pins	100 Pins
DES		Available		
SHA		Available		
RNG		Available		
Event link controller		Available		

**Table 1.4 Pin Functions (6/8)**

Classifications	Pin Name	I/O	Description
USB 2.0 host/function module	VCC_USB, VCC_USBA	Input	Power supply pins
	VSS_USB, VSS1_USBA, VSS2_USBA	Input	Ground pins
	AVCC_USBA	Input	USBA analog power supply pin
	AVSS_USBA	Input	USBA analog ground pin. Short this pin with the PVSS_USBA pin.
	PVSS_USBA	Input	USBA PLL circuit ground pin. Short this pin with the AVSS_USBA pin.
	USBA_RREF	I/O	USBA reference current supply pin. Connect 2.2 kΩ (±1%) to the AVSS_USBA pin.
	USB0_DP, USBA_DP	I/O	Input or output USB transceiver D+ data.
	USB0_DM, USBA_DM	I/O	Input or output USB transceiver D- data.
	USB0_EXICEN, USBA_EXICEN	Output	Connect to the OTG power IC.
	USB0_ID, USBA_ID	Input	Connect to the OTG power IC.
CAN module	USB0_VBUSEN USBA_VBUSEN	Output	USB VBUS power enable pins
	USB0_OVRCURA/ USB0_OVRCURB, USBA_OVRCURA/ USBA_OVRCURB	Input	USB overcurrent pins
Serial peripheral interface	USB0_VBUS, USBA_VBUS	Input	USB cable connection/disconnection detection input pins
	CRX0, CRX1-DS, CRX2	Input	Input pins
	CTX0 to CTX2	Output	Output pins
	RSPCKA-A/RSPCKA-B	I/O	Clock input/output pin
	MOSIA-A/MOSIA-B	I/O	Inputs or outputs data output from the master
	MISOA-A/MISOA-B	I/O	Inputs or outputs data output from the slave
	SSLA0-A/SSLA0-B	I/O	Input or output pin for slave selection
	SSLA1-A/SSLA1-B to SSLA3-A/ SSLA3-B	Output	Output pin for slave selection
	QSPCLK-A/B	Output	QSPI clock output pin
	QSSL-A/B	Output	QSPI slave output pin
Quad serial peripheral interface	QMO-A/B, QIO0-A/B	I/O	Master transmit data/data 0
	QMI-A/B, QIO1-A/B	I/O	Master input data/data 1
	QIO2-A/B, QIO3-A/B	I/O	Data 2, data 3
	SSISCK0, SSISCK1	I/O	SSI serial bit clock pins
	SSIWS0, SSIWS1	I/O	Word select pins
Serial sound interface	SSITXD0, SSITXD1	Output	Serial data output pins
	SSIRXD0, SSIRXD1	Input	Serial data input pins
	SSIDATA0, SSIDATA1	I/O	Serial data input/output pins
	AUDIO_MCLK	Input	Master clock pin for audio

**Table 1.7 List of Pin and Pin Functions (145-Pin TFLGA) (4/5)**

Pin Number 145-Pin TFLGA	Power Supply Clock System Control	I/O Port	Bus EXDMAC SDRAMC	Timer (MTU, GPT, TPU, TMR, PPG, RTC, CMTW, POE, CAC)	Communication (ETHERC, SCIG, SCH, RSPI, RIIC, CAN, USB, SSI)	Memory Interface Camera Interface (QSPI, SDHI, MMCIF, PDC)	Interrupt	S12ADC, R12DA
K5	TRDATA2	P54	ALE/EDACK0	MTIOC4B/TMC1	CTS2#/RTS2#/SS2#/ CTX1/ET0_LINKSTA			
K6		P53*1	BCLK					
K7		P51	WR1#/BC1#/ WAIT#		SCK2			
K8	VCC							
K9	TRDATA0	P80	EDREQ0	MTIOC3B/PO26	SCK10/RTS10#/ ET0_TX_EN/ RMII0_TXD_EN	MMC_D2-A/ SDHI_WP-A/ QIO2-A		
K10		P76	CS6#	PO22	RXD11/ET0_RX_CLK/ REF50CK0	MMC_CMD-A/ SDHI_CMD-A/ QSSL-A		
K11		PB7	A15	MTIOC3B/TIOCB5/ PO31	TXD9/ET0_CRS/ RMII0_CRS_DV			
K12		PB6	A14	MTIOC3D/TIOCA5/ PO30	RXD9/ET0_ETXD1/ RMII0_TXD1			
K13		PB5	A13	MTIOC2A/MTIOC1B/ TIOCB4/TMRI1/PO29/ POE4#	SCK9/RTS9#/ ET0_ETXD0/ RMII0_TXD0			
L1		P25	CS5#/ EDACK1	MTIOC4C/MTCLKB/ TIOCA4/PO5	RXD3/SMISO3/ SSCL3/SSIDATA1	HSYNC		ADTRG0#
L2		P23	EDACK0	MTIOC3D/MTCLKD/ GTIOC0A-B/TIOCD3/ PO3	TXD3/CTS0#/RTS0#/ SMOSI3/SS0#/ SSDA3/SSISCK0	PIXD7		
L3		P16		MTIOC3C/MTIOC3D/ TIOCB1/TCLKC/ TMO2/PO14/ RTCOUT	TXD1/RXD3/SMOSI1/ SMISO3/SSDA1/ SSCL3/SCL2-DS/ USB0_VBUS/ USB0_VBUSEN/ USB0_OVRCURB		IRQ6	ADTRG0#
L4		P24	CS4#/ EDREQ1	MTIOC4A/MTCLKA/ TIOCB4/TMRI1/PO4	SCK3/ USB0_VBUSEN/ SSISCK1	PIXCLK		
L5		P13		MTIOC0B/TIOCA5/ TMO3/PO13	TXD2/SMOSI2/ SSDA2/SDA0[FM+]		IRQ3	ADTRG1#
L6		P56	EDACK1	MTIOC3C/TIOCA1				
L7		P52	RD#		RXD2/SMISO2/SSCL2			
L8	TRCLK	P83	EDACK1	MTIOC4C/ GTIOC0A-D	CTS10#/ET0_CRS/ RMII0_CRS_DV/ SCK10			
L9		PC5	A21/CS2#/ WAIT#	MTIOC3B/MTCLKD/ GTIOC1A-D/TMRI2/ PO29	SCK8/RSPCKA-A/ RTS8#/ET0_ETXD2	MMC_D5-A		
L10		PC4	A20/CS3#	MTIOC3D/MTCLKC/ GTETRG-D/TMC1/ PO25/POE0#	SCK5/CTS8#/ SSLA0-A/ ET0_RX_CLK	MMC_D1-A/ SDHI_D1-A/ QIO1-A/QMI-A		
L11		PC2	A18	MTIOC4B/ GTIOC2B-D/TCLKA/ PO21	RXD5/SMISO5/ SSCL5/SSLA3-A/ ET0_RX_DV	MMC_CD-A/ SDHI_D3-A		
L12		P73	CS3#	PO16	ET0_WOL			
L13	VSS							
M1		P22	EDREQ0	MTIOC3B/MTCLKC/ GTIOC1A-B/TIOCC3/ TMO0/PO2	SCK0/ USB0_OVRCURB/ AUDIO_MCLK	PIXD6		
M2		P17		MTIOC3A/MTIOC3B/ MTIOC4B/ GTIOC0B-B/TIOCB0/ TCLKD/TMO1/PO15/ POE8#	SCK1/TXD3/SMOSI3/ SSDA3/SDA2-DS/ SSITXD0	PIXD3	IRQ7	ADTRG1#
M3		P86		MTIOC4D/ GTIOC2B-B/TIOCA0	RXD10	PIXD1		

**Table 1.10 List of Pin and Pin Functions (100-Pin LFQFP) (1/4)**

Pin Number 100-Pin LFQFP	Power Supply Clock System Control	I/O Port	Bus EXDMAC	Timer (MTU, GPT, TPU, TMR, PPG, RTC, CMTW, POE, CAC)	Communication (ETHERC, SCIG, SCIh, RSPI, RIIC, CAN, USB, SSI)	Memory Interface Camera Interface (QSPI, SDHI, MMCIF, PDC)	Interrupt	S12ADC, R12DA
1	AVCC1							
2	EMLE							
3	AVSS1							
4		PJ3	EDACK1	MTIOC3C	ET0_EXOUT CTS6#/RTS6#/CTS0#/RTS0#/SS6#/SS0#			
5	VCL							
6	VBATT							
7	MD/FINED							
8	XCIN							
9	XCOUT							
10	RES#							
11	XTAL	P37						
12	VSS							
13	EXTAL	P36						
14	VCC							
15	UPSEL	P35					NMI	
16	TRST#	P34		MTIOC0A/TMC13/ PO12/POE10#	SCK6/SCK0/ ET0_LINKSTA		IRQ4	
17		P33	EDREQ1	MTIOC0D/TIOCD0/ TMRI3/PO11/POE4#/ POE11#	RXD6/RXD0/SMISO6/ SMISO0/SSCL6/ SSCL0/CRX0		IRQ3-DS	
18		P32		MTIOC0C/TIOCC0/ TMO3/PO10/ RTCOUT/RTClC2/ POE0#/POE10#	TXD6/TXD0/SMOSI6/ SMOSI0/SSDA6/ SSDA0/CTX0/ USB0_VBUSEN		IRQ2-DS	
19	TMS	P31		MTIOC4D/TMC12/ PO9/RTClC1	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#		IRQ1-DS	
20	TDI	P30		MTIOC4B/TMRI3/ PO8/RTClC0/POE8#	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1		IRQ0-DS	
21	TCK	P27	CS7#	MTIOC2B/TMC13/PO7	SCK1			
22	TDO	P26	CS6#	MTIOC2A/TMO1/PO6	TXD1/CTS3#/RTS3#/ SMOSI1/SS3#/SSDA1			
23		P25	CS5#/ EDACK1	MTIOC4C/MTCLKB/ TIOCA4/PO5	RXD3/SMISO3/ SSCL3/SSIDATA1			ADTRG0#
24		P24	CS4#/ EDREQ1	MTIOC4A/MTCLKA/ TIOCB4/TMRI1/PO4	SCK3/ USB0_VBUSEN/ SSISCK1			
25		P23	EDACK0	MTIOC3D/MTCLKD/ GTIOC0A-B/TIOCD3/ PO3	TXD3/CTS0#/RTS0#/ SMOSI3/SS0#/ SSDA3/SSISCK0			
26		P22	EDREQ0	MTIOC3B/MTCLKC/ GTIOC1A-B/TIOCC3/ TMO0/PO2	SCK0/ USB0_OVRCURB/ AUDIO_MCLK			
27		P21		MTIOC1B/MTIOC4A/ GTIOC2A-B/TIOCA3/ TMC10/PO1	RXD0/SMISO0/ SSCL0/ USB0_EXICEN/ SSIWS0		IRQ9	
28		P20		MTIOC1A/TIOCB3/ TMRI0/PO0	TXD0/SMOSI0/ SSDA0/USB0_ID/ SSIRXD0		IRQ8	
29		P17		MTIOC3A/MTIOC3B/ MTIOC4B/ GTIOC0B-B/TIOCB0/ TCLKD/TMO1/PO15/ POE8#	SCK1/TXD3/SMOSI3/ SSDA3/SDA2-DS/ SSITXD0		IRQ7	ADTRG1#

## 4.1 I/O Register Addresses (Address Order)

**Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (1 / 67)**

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles		Related Function
						ICLK ≥ PCLK	ICLK < PCLK	
0008 0000h	SYSTE M	Mode Monitor Register	MDMONR	16	16	3 ICLK		Operati ng Modes
0008 0002h	SYSTE M	Mode Status Register	MDSR	16	16	3 ICLK		Operati ng Modes
0008 0006h	SYSTE M	System Control Register 0	SYSCR0	16	16	3 ICLK		Operati ng Modes
0008 0008h	SYSTE M	System Control Register 1	SYSCR1	16	16	3 ICLK		Operati ng Modes
0008 000Ch	SYSTE M	Standby Control Register	SBYCR	16	16	3 ICLK		Low Power Consumption
0008 0010h	SYSTE M	Module Stop Control Register A	MSTPCRA	32	32	3 ICLK		Low Power Consumption
0008 0014h	SYSTE M	Module Stop Control Register B	MSTPCRB	32	32	3 ICLK		Low Power Consumption
0008 0018h	SYSTE M	Module Stop Control Register C	MSTPCRC	32	32	3 ICLK		Low Power Consumption
0008 001Ch	SYSTE M	Module Stop Control Register D	MSTPCRD	32	32	3 ICLK		Low Power Consumption
0008 0020h	SYSTE M	System Clock Control Register	SCKCR	32	32	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 0024h	SYSTE M	System Clock Control Register 2	SCKCR2	16	16	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 0026h	SYSTE M	System Clock Control Register 3	SCKCR3	16	16	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 0028h	SYSTE M	PLL Control Register	PLLCR	16	16	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 002Ah	SYSTE M	PLL Control Register 2	PLLCR2	8	8	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 0030h	SYSTE M	External Bus Clock Control Register	BCKCR	8	8	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 0032h	SYSTE M	Main Clock Oscillator Control Register	MOSCCR	8	8	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 0033h	SYSTE M	Sub-Clock Oscillator Control Register	SOSCCR	8	8	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit
0008 0034h	SYSTE M	Low-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register	LOCOCR	8	8	3 ICLK		Clock Generation Circuit

**Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (17 / 67)**

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles		Related Function
						ICLK ≥ PCLK	ICLK < PCLK	
0008 830Eh	RIIC0	Slave Address Register L2	SARL2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 830Fh	RIIC0	Slave Address Register U2	SARU2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8310h	RIIC0	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Bit Rate Low-Level Register	ICBRL	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8311h	RIIC0	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Bit Rate High-Level Register	ICBRH	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8312h	RIIC0	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Transmit Data Register	ICDRT	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8313h	RIIC0	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Receive Data Register	ICDRR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8340h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Control Register 1	ICCR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8341h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Control Register 2	ICCR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8342h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Mode Register 1	ICMR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8343h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Mode Register 2	ICMR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8344h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Mode Register 3	ICMR3	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8345h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Function Enable Register	ICFER	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8346h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Status Enable Register	ICSER	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8347h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Interrupt Enable Register	ICIER	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8348h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Status Register 1	ICSR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8349h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Status Register 2	ICSR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 834Ah	RIIC2	Slave Address Register L0	SARL0	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 834Bh	RIIC2	Slave Address Register U0	SARU0	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 834Ch	RIIC2	Slave Address Register L1	SARL1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 834Dh	RIIC2	Slave Address Register U1	SARU1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 834Eh	RIIC2	Slave Address Register L2	SARL2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 834Fh	RIIC2	Slave Address Register U2	SARU2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8350h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Bit Rate Low-Level Register	ICBRL	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8351h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Bit Rate High-Level Register	ICBRH	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8352h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Transmit Data Register	ICDRT	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8353h	RIIC2	I <sup>2</sup> C-Bus Receive Data Register	ICDRR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	RIICa
0008 8500h	MMCIF	Command Setting Register	CECMDSET	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8508h	MMCIF	Argument Register	CEARG	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 850Ch	MMCIF	Automatically Issued CMD12 Argument Register	CEARGCMD12	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8510h	MMCIF	Command Control Register	CECMDCTRL	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8514h	MMCIF	Transfer Block Setting Register	CEBLOCKSET	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8518h	MMCIF	Clock Control Register	CECLKCTRL	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 851Ch	MMCIF	Buffer Access Setting Register	CEBUFACC	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8520h	MMCIF	Response Register 3	CERESP3	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8524h	MMCIF	Response Register 2	CERESP2	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8528h	MMCIF	Response Register 1	CERESP1	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 852Ch	MMCIF	Response Register 0	CERESP0	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8530h	MMCIF	Automatically Issued CMD12 Response Register	CERESPCM12	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8534h	MMCIF	Data Register	CEDATA	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 853Ch	MMCIF	Boot Operation Setting Register	CEBOOT	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8540h	MMCIF	Interrupt status Flag Register	CEINT	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8544h	MMCIF	Interrupt request Enable Register	CEINTEN	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8548h	MMCIF	Status Register 1	CEHOSTSTS1	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 854Ch	MMCIF	Status Register 2	CEHOSTSTS2	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8570h	MMCIF	MMC Detection and Port Control Register	CEDETECT	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF
0008 8574h	MMCIF	Special Mode Setting Register	CEADDMODE	32	32	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK	MMCIF

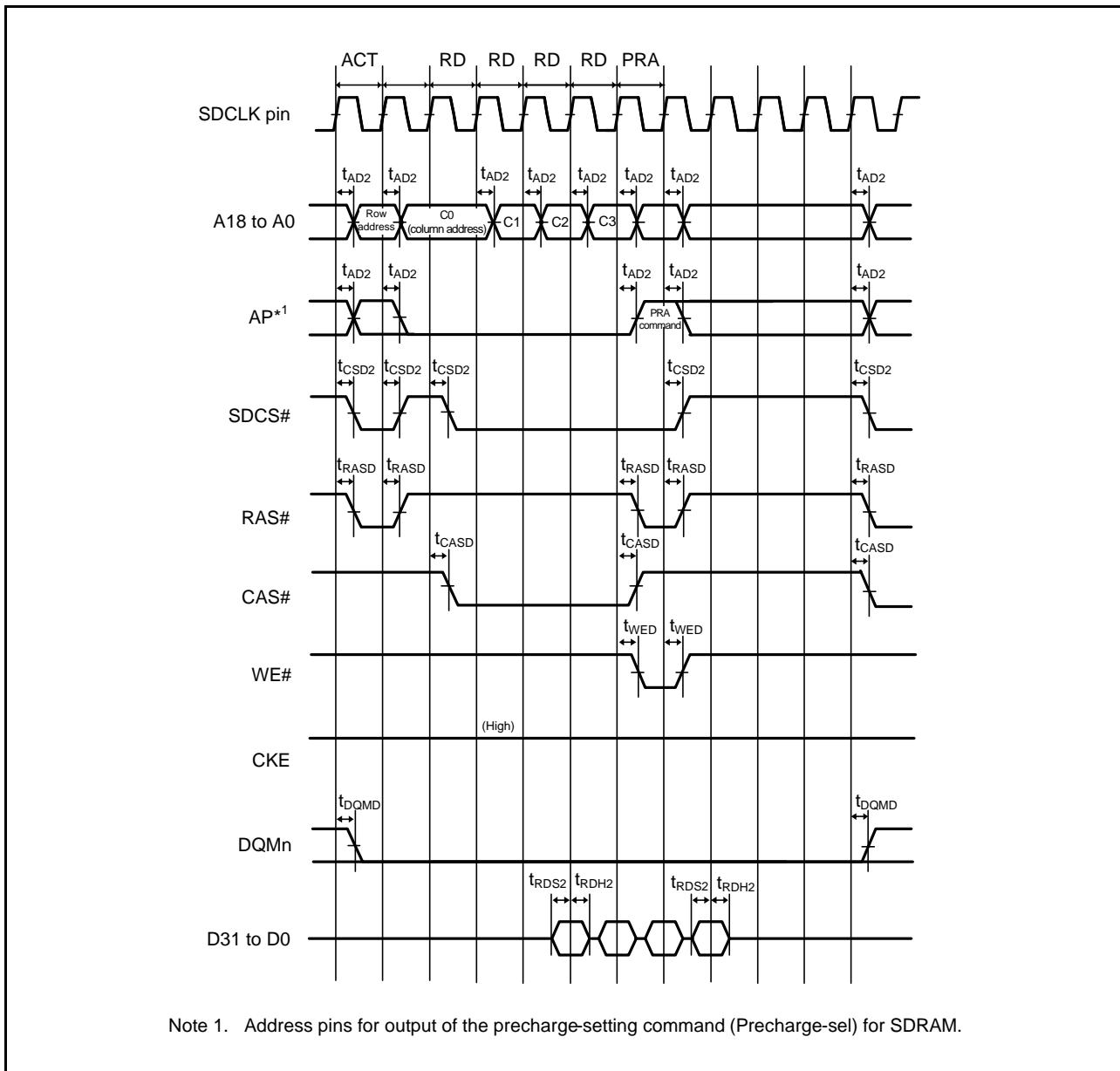
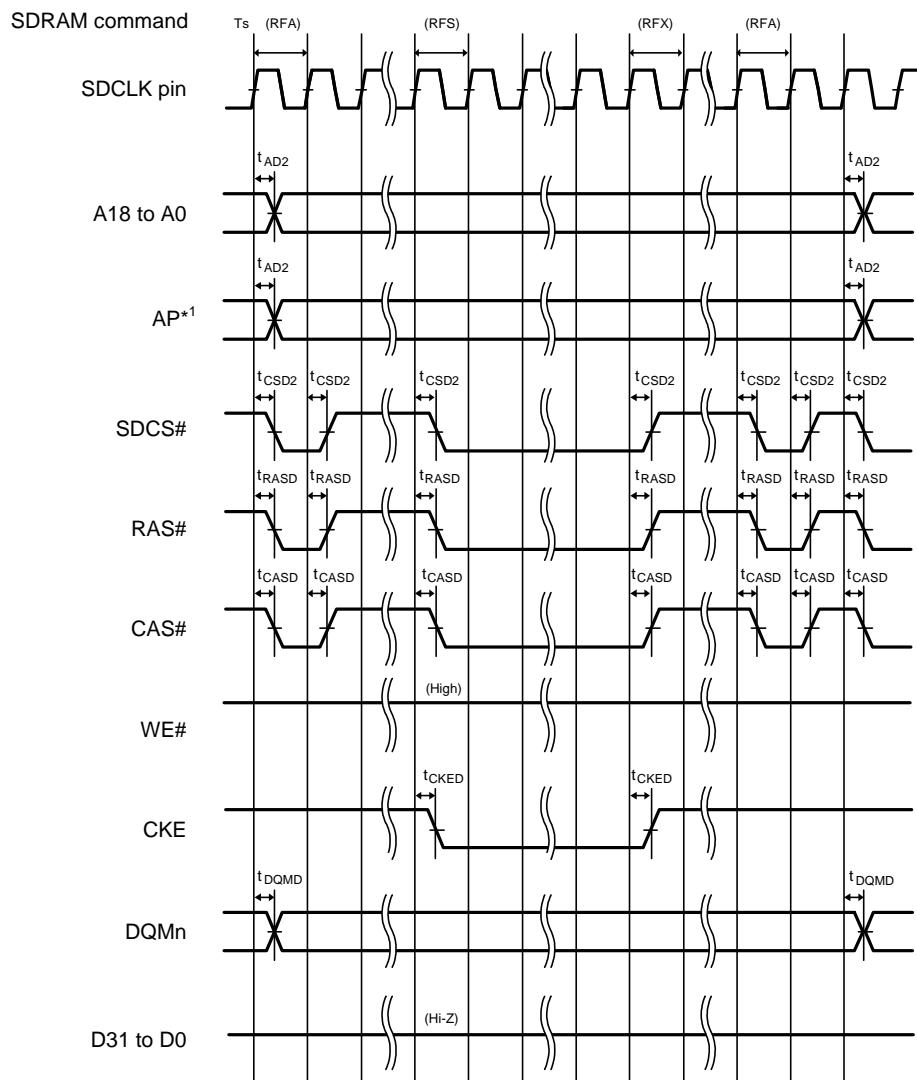


Figure 5.25 SDRAM Space Multiple Read Bus Timing



Note 1. Address pins for output of the precharge-setting command (Precharge-sel) for SDRAM.

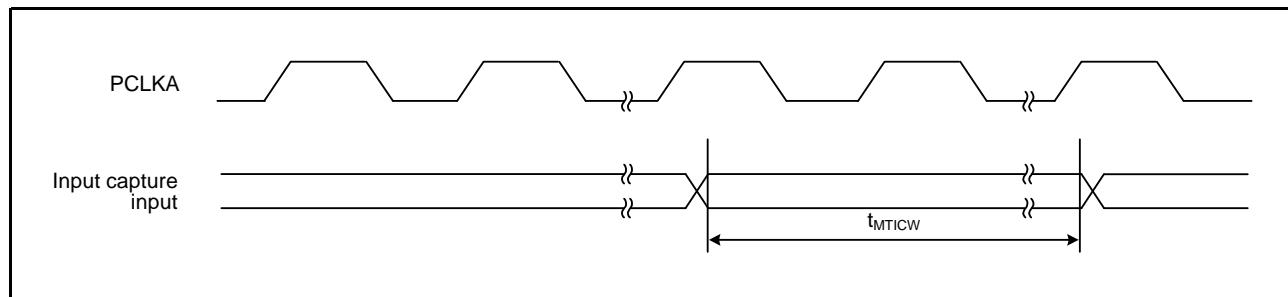
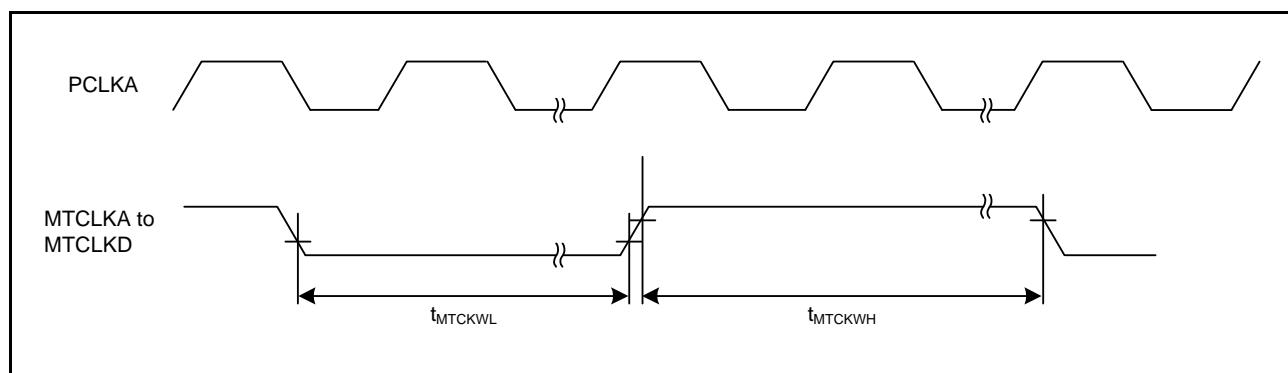
**Figure 5.29 SDRAM Space Self-Refresh Bus Timing**

**Table 5.27 MTU3 Timing**

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 = VCC\_USB = V<sub>BATT</sub> = 2.7 to 3.6 V, 2.7 ≤ VREFH0 ≤ AVCC0,  
 VCC\_USBA = AVCC\_USBA = 3.0 to 3.6 V,  
 VSS = AVSS0 = AVSS1 = VREFL0 = VSS\_USB = VSS1\_USBA = VSS2\_USBA = PVSS\_USBA = AVSS\_USBA = 0 V,  
 PCLKA = 8 to 120 MHz, PCLKB = 8 to 60 MHz, T<sub>a</sub> = T<sub>opr</sub>  
 Output load conditions: V<sub>OH</sub> = VCC × 0.5, V<sub>OL</sub> = VCC × 0.5, C = 30 pF  
 High-drive output is selected by the driving ability control register.

Item		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit <sup>*1</sup>	Test Conditions	
MTU3	Input capture input pulse width	Single-edge setting	t <sub>MTICW</sub>	1.5	—	t <sub>PAcyc</sub>	Figure 5.38
				2.5	—		
	Timer clock pulse width	Single-edge setting	t <sub>MTCKWH</sub> , t <sub>MTCKWL</sub>	1.5	—	t <sub>PAcyc</sub>	Figure 5.39
		Both-edge setting		2.5	—		
		Phase counting mode		2.5	—		

Note 1. t<sub>PAcyc</sub>: PCLKA cycle

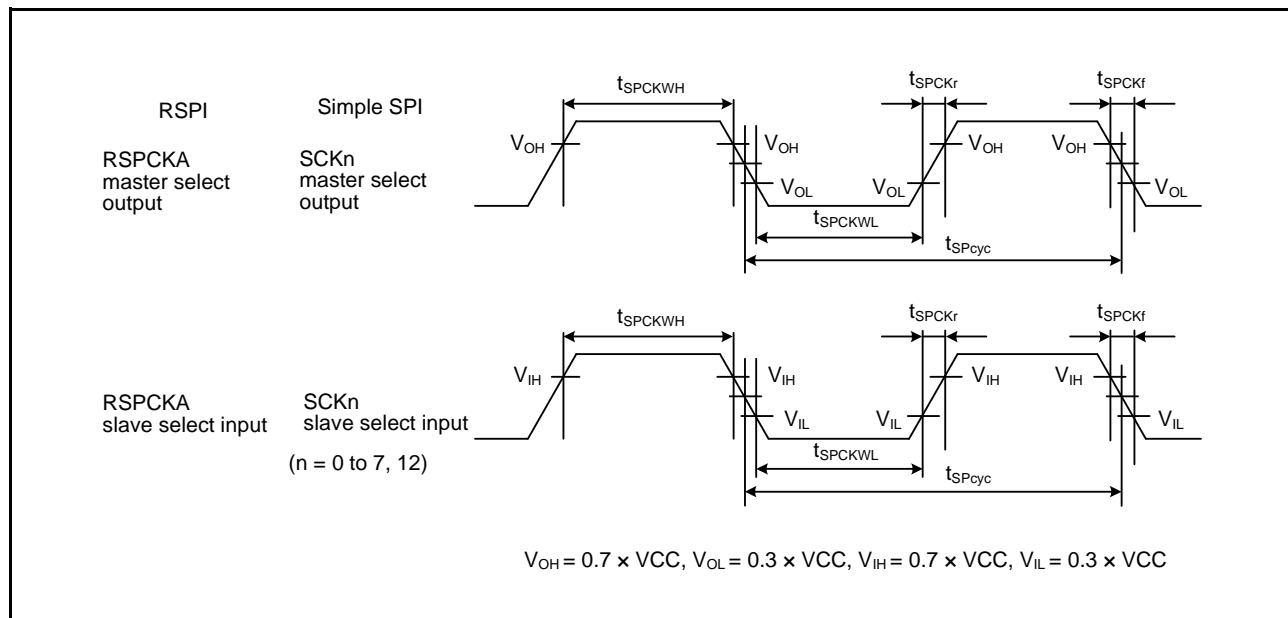
**Figure 5.38 MTU3 Input Capture Input Timing****Figure 5.39 MTU3 Clock Input Timing**

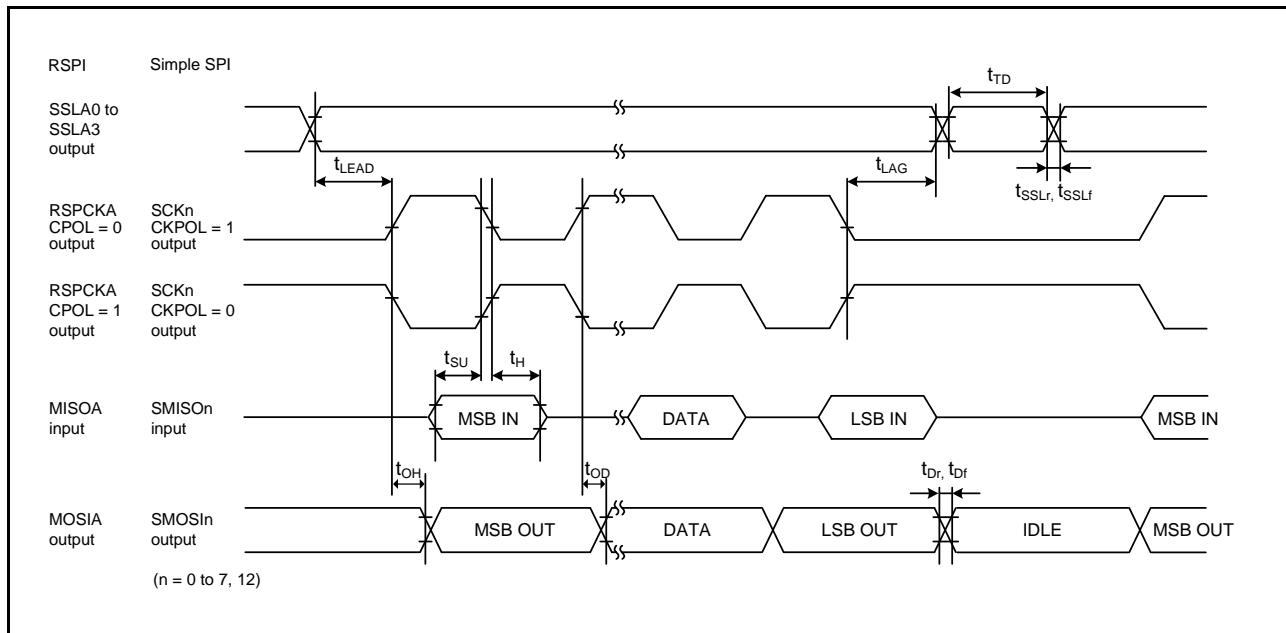
**Table 5.34 Simple SPI Timing**

Conditions:  $VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 = VCC\_USB = V_{BATT} = 2.7$  to  $3.6$  V,  $2.7 \leq VREFH0 \leq AVCC0$ ,  
 $VCC\_USBA = AVCC\_USBA = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  
 $VSS = AVSS0 = AVSS1 = VREFL0 = VSS\_USB = VSS1\_USBA = VSS2\_USBA = PVSS\_USBA = AVSS\_USBA = 0$  V,  
 $PCLKA = 8$  to  $120$  MHz,  $PCLKB = 8$  to  $60$  MHz,  $T_a = T_{opr}$   
Output load conditions:  $V_{OH} = VCC \times 0.5$ ,  $V_{OL} = VCC \times 0.5$ ,  $C = 30$  pF  
High-drive output is selected by the driving ability control register.

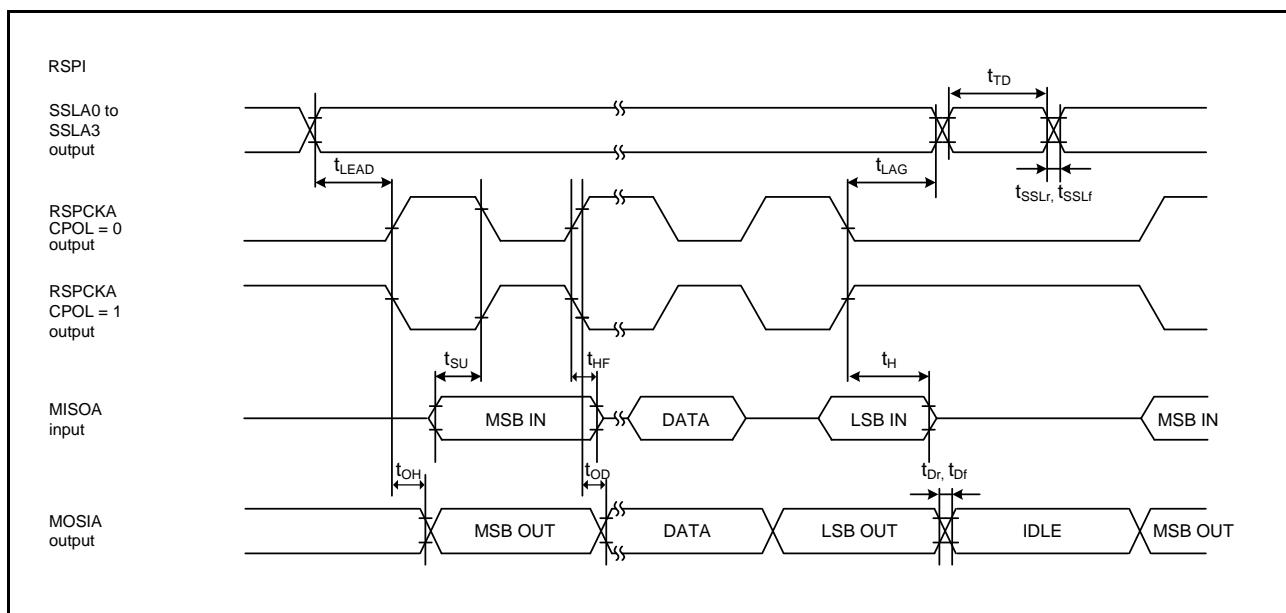
Item		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit*1	Test Conditions
Simple SPI	SCK clock cycle output (master)	$t_{SPCyc}$	4	65536	$t_{PBcyc}$	Figure 5.46
	SCK clock cycle input (slave)		8	65536		
	SCK clock high pulse width	$t_{SPCKWH}$	0.4	0.6		
	SCK clock low pulse width	$t_{SPCKWL}$	0.4	0.6		
	SCK clock rise/fall time	$t_{SPCKr}, t_{SPCKf}$	—	20		
	Data input setup time	$t_{SU}$	33.3	—		Figure 5.47 to Figure 5.52
	Data input hold time	$t_H$	33.3	—		
	SS input setup time	$t_{LEAD}$	1	—		
	SS input hold time	$t_{LAG}$	1	—		
	Data output delay time	$t_{OD}$	—	33.3		
	Data output hold time	$t_{OH}$	-10	—		
	Data rise/fall time	$t_{Dr}, t_{Df}$	—	16.6		
	SS input rise/fall time	$t_{SSLr}, t_{SSLf}$	—	16.6		
	Slave access time	$t_{SA}$	—	5	$t_{PBcyc}$	Figure 5.51, Figure 5.52
	Slave output release time	$t_{REL}$	—	5	$t_{PBcyc}$	

Note 1.  $t_{PBcyc}$ : PCLKB cycle

**Figure 5.46 RSPI Clock Timing and Simple SPI Clock Timing**



**Figure 5.49 RSPI Timing (Master, CPHA = 1) (Bit Rate: PCLKB Division Ratio Set to a Value Other Than 1/2) and Simple SPI Timing (Master, CKPH = 0)**



**Figure 5.50 RSPI Timing (Master, CPHA = 1) (Bit Rate: PCLKB Division Ratio Set to 1/2)**

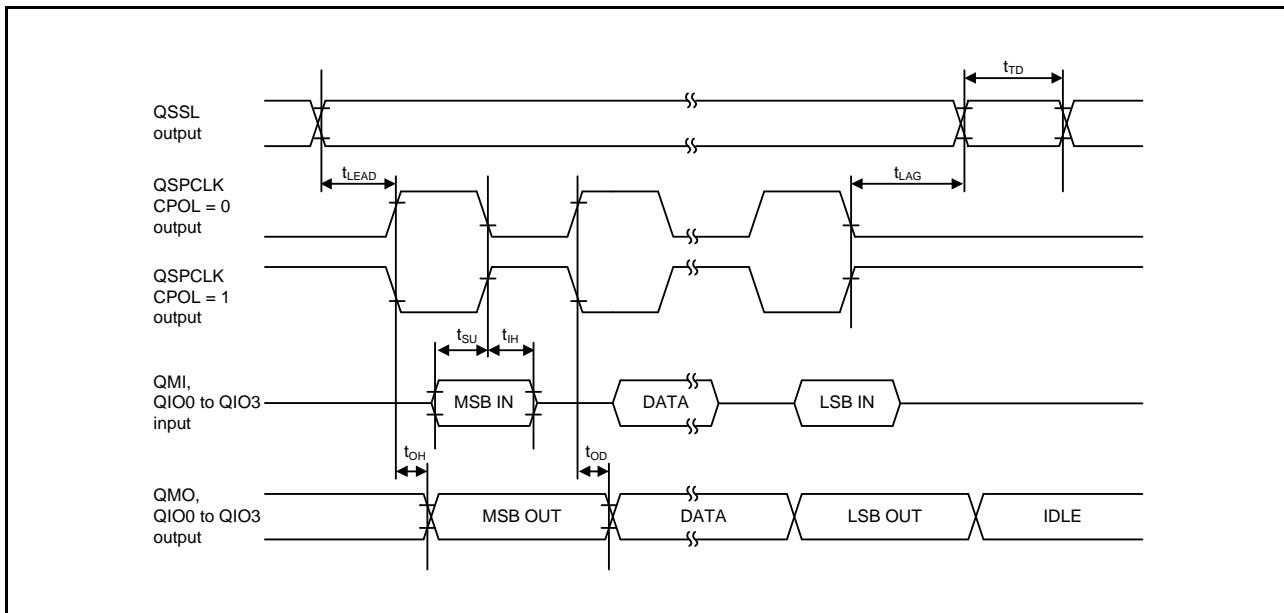


Figure 5.55 Transmit/Receive Timing (CPHA = 1)

**Table 5.44 Battery Charge Characteristics (USBA only)**

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = AVCC1 = VCC\_USB =  $V_{BATT}$  = 2.7 to 3.6 V,  $2.7 \leq V_{REFH0} \leq AVCC0$ ,  
 VCC\_USBA = AVCC\_USBA = 3.0 to 3.6 V,  
 VSS = AVSS0 = AVSS1 = VREFL0 = VSS\_USB = VSS1\_USBA = VSS2\_USBA = PVSS\_USBA =  
 AVSS\_USBA = 0 V, USBA\_RREF =  $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 1\%$ , USBMCLK = 20/24 MHz, PCLKA = 8 to 120 MHz,  
 PCLKB = 8 to 60 MHz,  $T_a = T_{opr}$

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
D+ sink current	$I_{DP\_SINK}$	25	175	$\mu\text{A}$	
D- sink current	$I_{DM\_SINK}$	25	175	$\mu\text{A}$	
DCD source current	$I_{DP\_SRC}$	7	13	$\mu\text{A}$	
Data detection voltage	$V_{DAT\_REF}$	0.25	0.4	V	
D+ source voltage	$V_{DP\_SRC}$	0.5	0.7	V	Output current = 250 $\mu\text{A}$
D- source voltage	$V_{DM\_SRC}$	0.5	0.7	V	Output current = 250 $\mu\text{A}$

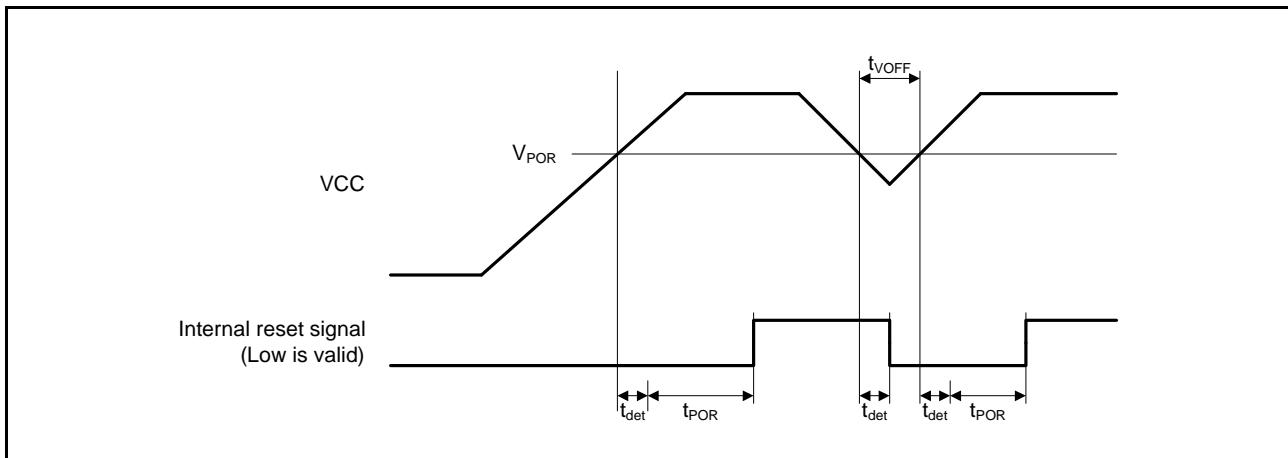


Figure 5.79 Power-on Reset Timing

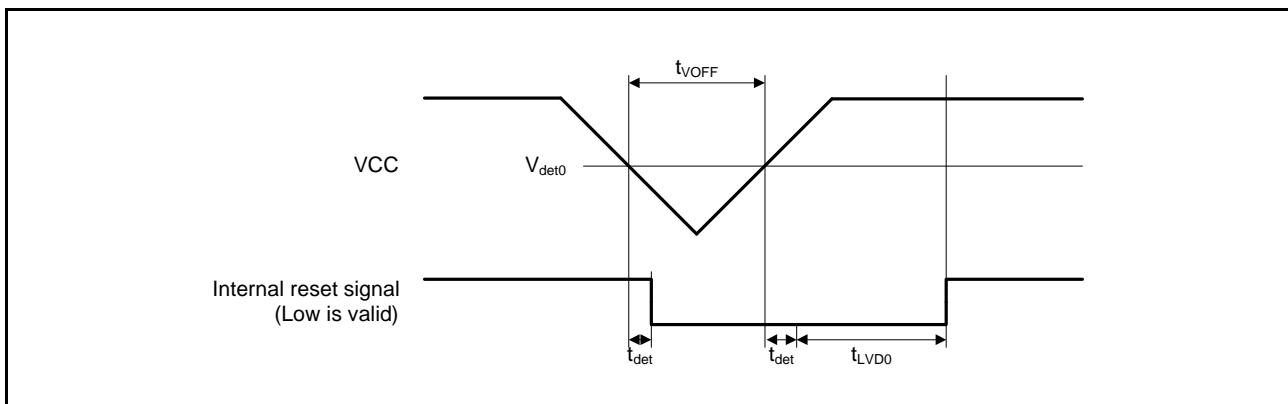
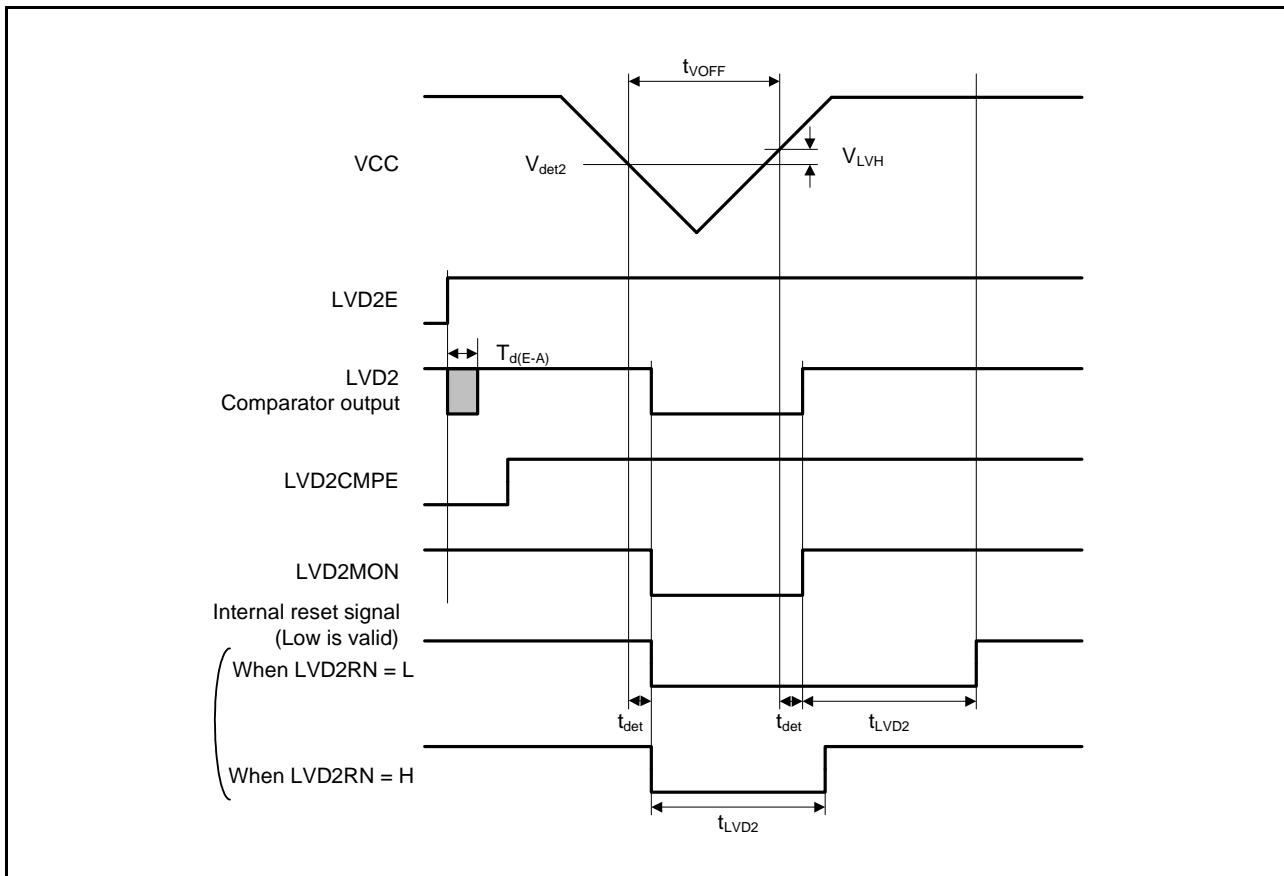


Figure 5.80 Voltage Detection Circuit Timing ( $V_{det0}$ )



**Figure 5.82** Voltage Detection Circuit Timing ( $V_{det2}$ )

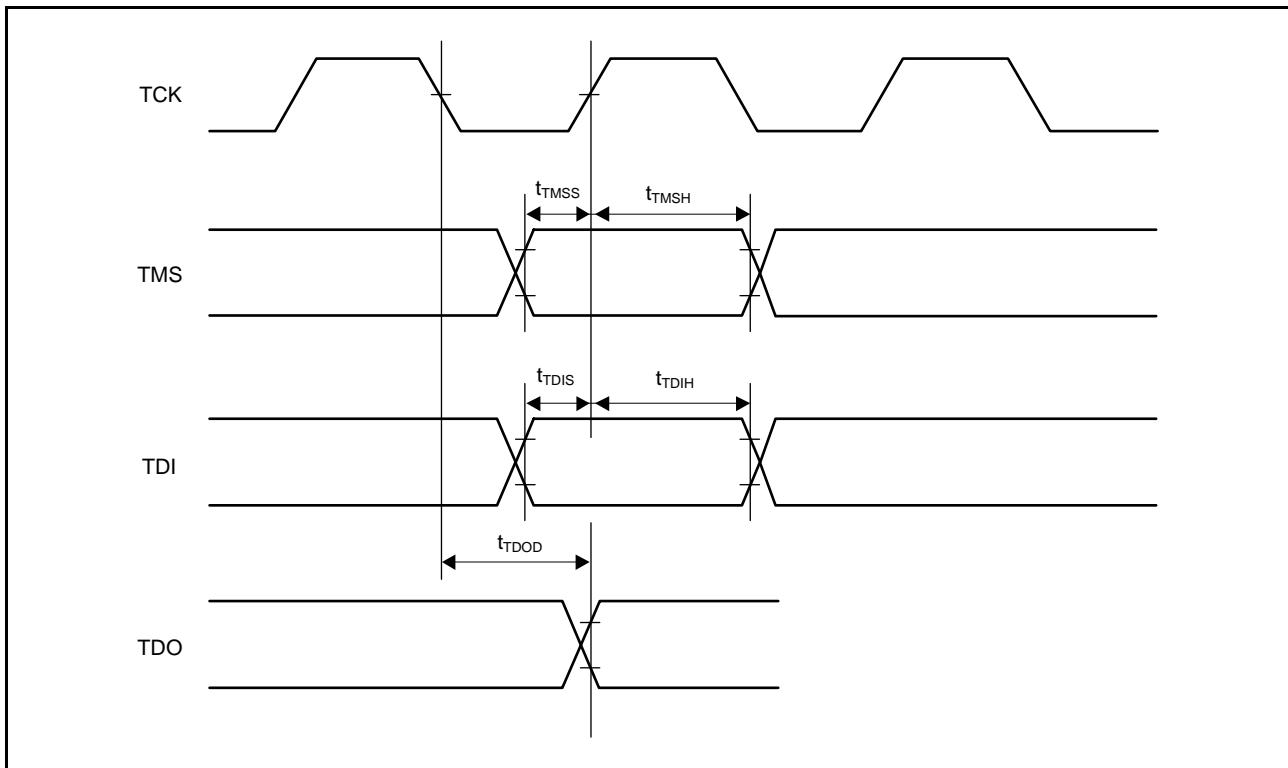


Figure 5.88 Boundary Scan Input/Output Timing

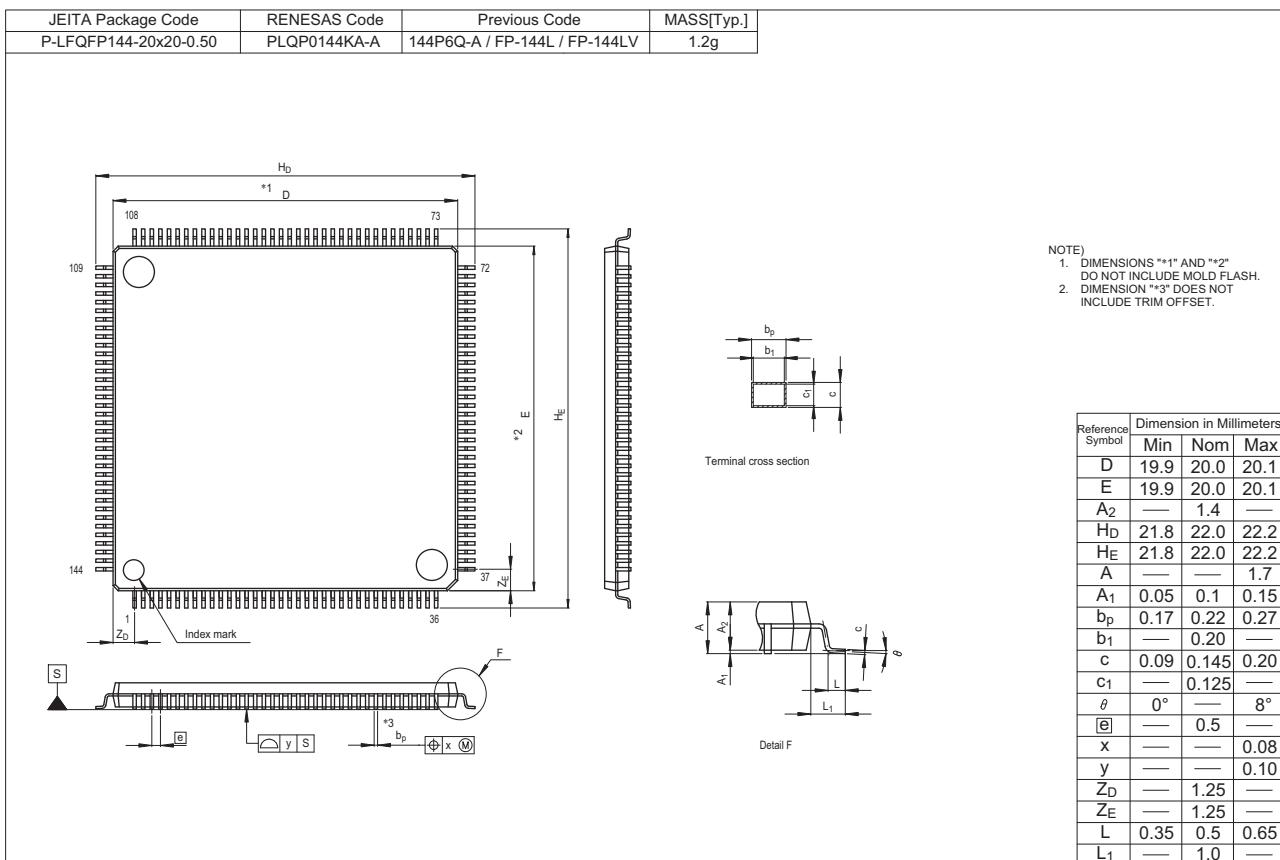


Figure E 144-Pin LFQFP (PLQP0144KA-A)