



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LCD, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	42
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f10wlgafa-30

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings (1/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}		-0.5 to +6.5	V
REGC pin input voltage	V _{I_{REGC}}	REGC	-0.3 to +2.8 and -0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3 ^{Note 1}	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P121 to P127, P130, P137	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
	V _{I2}	P60 and P61 (N-ch open-drain)	-0.3 to +6.5	V
	V _{I3}	EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET [¯]	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
Output voltage	V _{O1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P121 to P127, P130, P137	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
Analog input voltage	V _{AI1}	ANI0, ANI1, ANI16 to ANI26	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3 and -0.3 to AV _{REF(+)} +0.3 ^{Notes 2, 3}	V

Notes 1. Connect the REGC pin to V_{SS} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF). This value regulates the absolute maximum rating of the REGC pin. Do not use this pin with voltage applied to it.

2. Must be 6.5 V or lower.

3. Do not exceed AV_{REF(+)} + 0.3 V in case of A/D conversion target pin.

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remarks 1. Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

2. AV_{REF(+)}: + side reference voltage of the A/D converter.

3. V_{SS}: Reference voltage

Absolute Maximum Ratings (3/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings	Unit
<R> Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130	-40	mA
<R>		Total of all pins -170 mA	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130	-170	mA
<R>	I _{OH2}	Per pin	P20, P21	-0.5	mA
<R>		Total of all pins		-1	mA
<R> Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130	40	mA
<R>		Total of all pins 170 mA	P40 to P47, P130	70	mA
<R>			P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P125 to P127	100	mA
<R>	I _{OL2}	Per pin	P20, P21	1	mA
<R>		Total of all pins		2	mA
Operating ambient temperature	T _A	In normal operation mode		-40 to +85	°C
		In flash memory programming mode			
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			-65 to +150	°C

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Output current, I _{OL} ^{Note 1}	I _{OL1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130			20.0 ^{Note 2}	mA	
		Per pin for P60 and P61			15.0 ^{Note 2}	mA	
		Total of P40 to P47, P130 (When duty = 70% ^{Note 3})	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			70.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V			15.0	mA
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			9.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V			4.5	mA
		Total of P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P50 to P57, P70 to P77, P125 to P127 (When duty = 70% ^{Note 3})	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			90.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V			35.0	mA
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			20.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V			10.0	mA
	Total of all pins (When duty = 70% ^{Note 3})					160.0	mA
	I _{OL2}	Per pin for P20 and P21				0.4 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty = 70% ^{Note 3})	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			0.8	mA

<R>

- Notes**
- Value of the current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from an output pin to the V_{SS} pin
 - Do not exceed the total current value.
 - Output current value under conditions where the duty factor ≤ 70%.
The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).
 - Total output current of pins = (I_{OL} × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)
<Example> Where n = 80% and I_{OL} = 70.0 mA
Total output current of pins = (70.0 × 0.7)/(80 × 0.01) ≅ 61.25 mA
 However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130, P137	Normal input buffer	0.8V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	P03, P05, P06, P16, P17, P34, P43, P44, P46, P47, P53, P55	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.2		V _{DD}	V
			TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	2.0		V _{DD}	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 3.3 V	1.5		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH3}	P20, P21		0.7V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH4}	P60, P61		0.7V _{DD}		6.0	V
	V _{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET		0.8V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130, P137	Normal input buffer	0		0.2V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL2}	P03, P05, P06, P16, P17, P34, P43, P44, P46, P47, P53, P55	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.8	V
			TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	V _{IL3}	P20, P21		0		0.3V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL4}	P60, P61		0		0.3V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET		0		0.2V _{DD}	V

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P04 to P07, P16, P17, P35, P42 to P44, P46, P47, P53 to P56, and P130 is V_{DD}, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Transfer rate		Reception	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 1}		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 1}		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 1}	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} ^{Note 3}		4.0		1.3		0.6	Mbps
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 1}		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 1}		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 1}	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} ^{Note 3}		4.0		1.3		0.6	Mbps
			1.8 V (2.4 V ^{Note 4}) ≤ V _{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note s1, 2}		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Notes 1, 2}		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Notes 1, 2}	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} ^{Note 3}		4.0		1.3		0.6	Mbps

- Notes**
- Transfer rate in SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.
 - Use it with V_{DD} ≥ V_b.
 - The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (f_{CLK}) are:
 HS (high-speed main) mode: 24 MHz (2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)
 16 MHz (2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)
 LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)
 LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)
 - Condition in the HS (high-speed main) mode

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

- Remarks**
- V_b[V]: Communication line voltage
 - q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3)
 - f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
 (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(6) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	t _{KCY1} ≥ 2/f _{CLK} 4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	200		1150		1150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t _{KH1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		ns
SCKp low-level width	t _{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 7		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 10		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	58		479		479		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	121		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOP output ^{Note 1}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		60	60		60		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		130	130		130		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↓) ^{Note 2}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	23		110		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	33		110		110		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↓) ^{Note 2}	t _{KSI1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOP output ^{Note 2}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		10	10		10		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		10	10		10		ns

(Notes, Caution and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Reference Voltage Input channel	Reference voltage (+) = AV _{REFP} Reference voltage (-) = AV _{REFM}	Reference voltage (+) = V _{DD} Reference voltage (-) = V _{SS}	Reference voltage (+) = V _{BGR} Reference voltage (-) = AV _{REFM}
ANI0, ANI1	-	See 2.6.1 (2).	See 2.6.1 (3).
ANI16 to ANI25	See 2.6.1 (1).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	See 2.6.1 (1).		-

(1) When reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pins: ANI16 to ANI25, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}, Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V	1.2	±5.0	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}	1.2	±8.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI16 to ANI25	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875	39	μs
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	57	95	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.375	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625	39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.35	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±0.60	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.35	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±3.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±6.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±2.0	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±2.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI16 to ANI25	0		AV _{REFP}	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode))			V _{BGR} ^{Note 5}	V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode))			V _{TMPS25} ^{Note 5}	V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)

(3) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pins: ANI0, ANI16 to ANI25

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = V_{BGR}^{Note 3},
Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM^{Note 4} = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8			bit
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}			0		V _{BGR} ^{Note 3}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. See 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

4. When reference voltage (-) = V_{SS}, the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add ±0.35%FSR to the AVREFM MAX. value.

Integral linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the AVREFM MAX. value.

Differential linearity error: Add ±0.2 LSB to the AVREFM MAX. value.

2.6.2 Temperature sensor /internal reference voltage characteristics

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	V _{TMPS25}	ADS register = 80H, T _A = +25°C		1.05		V
Internal reference output voltage	V _{BGR}	ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient	F _{VTMPS}	Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{AMP}				5	μs

2.6.5 LVD circuit characteristics

LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode(T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{PDR} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	Supply voltage level	V _{LVD0}	When power supply rises	3.98	4.06	4.14	V
			When power supply falls	3.90	3.98	4.06	V
		V _{LVD1}	When power supply rises	3.68	3.75	3.82	V
			When power supply falls	3.60	3.67	3.74	V
		V _{LVD2}	When power supply rises	3.07	3.13	3.19	V
			When power supply falls	3.00	3.06	3.12	V
		V _{LVD3}	When power supply rises	2.96	3.02	3.08	V
			When power supply falls	2.90	2.96	3.02	V
		V _{LVD4}	When power supply rises	2.86	2.92	2.97	V
			When power supply falls	2.80	2.86	2.91	V
		V _{LVD5}	When power supply rises	2.76	2.81	2.87	V
			When power supply falls	2.70	2.75	2.81	V
		V _{LVD6}	When power supply rises	2.66	2.71	2.76	V
			When power supply falls	2.60	2.65	2.70	V
		V _{LVD7}	When power supply rises	2.56	2.61	2.66	V
			When power supply falls	2.50	2.55	2.60	V
		V _{LVD8}	When power supply rises	2.45	2.50	2.55	V
			When power supply falls	2.40	2.45	2.50	V
		V _{LVD9}	When power supply rises	2.05	2.09	2.13	V
			When power supply falls	2.00	2.04	2.08	V
		V _{LVD10}	When power supply rises	1.94	1.98	2.02	V
			When power supply falls	1.90	1.94	1.98	V
		V _{LVD11}	When power supply rises	1.84	1.88	1.91	V
			When power supply falls	1.80	1.84	1.87	V
V _{LVD12}	When power supply rises	1.74	1.77	1.81	V		
	When power supply falls	1.70	1.73	1.77	V		
V _{LVD13}	When power supply rises	1.64	1.67	1.70	V		
	When power supply falls	1.60	1.63	1.66	V		
Minimum pulse width	t _{LW}		300			μs	
Detection delay time					300	μs	

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings (1/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}		-0.5 to +6.5	V
REGC pin input voltage	V_{IREGC}	REGC	-0.3 to +2.8 and -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ ^{Note 1}	V
Input voltage	V_{I1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P121 to P127, P130, P137	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ ^{Note 2}	V
	V_{I2}	P60 and P61 (N-ch open-drain)	-0.3 to +6.5	V
	V_{I3}	EXCLK, EXCLKS, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ ^{Note 2}	V
Output voltage	V_{O1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60, P61, P70 to P77, P121 to P127, P130, P137	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ ^{Note 2}	V
Analog input voltage	V_{AI1}	ANI0, ANI1, ANI16 to ANI26	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ and -0.3 to $AV_{REF(+)} + 0.3$ ^{Notes 2, 3}	V

Notes 1. Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF). This value regulates the absolute maximum rating of the REGC pin. Do not use this pin with voltage applied to it.

2. Must be 6.5 V or lower.

3. Do not exceed $AV_{REF(+)} + 0.3$ V in case of A/D conversion target pin.

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remarks 1. Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

2. $AV_{REF(+)}$: + side reference voltage of the A/D converter.

3. Vss: Reference voltage

3.2 Oscillator Characteristics

3.2.1 X1 and XT1 oscillator characteristics

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (f_X) ^{Note}	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	1.0		20.0	MHz
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 2.7\text{ V}$	1.0		16.0	
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (f_{XT}) ^{Note}	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, see 5.4 **System Clock Oscillator** in the RL78/L13 User's Manual.

3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency ^{Notes 1, 2}	f_{IH}			1		24	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		+85 to $+105^\circ\text{C}$	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	-2		+2	%
		-20 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	-1		+1	%
		-40 to -20°C	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	-1.5		+1.5	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f_{IL}				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Notes 1. The high-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 4 of the option byte (000C2H/010C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

2. This indicates the oscillator characteristics only. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for the instruction execution time.

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input voltage, high	V_{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130, P137	Normal input buffer	$0.8V_{DD}$		V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH2}	P03, P05, P06, P16, P17, P34, P43, P44, P46, P47, P53, P55	TTL input buffer $4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.2		V_{DD}	V
			TTL input buffer $3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 4.0\text{ V}$	2.0		V_{DD}	V
			TTL input buffer $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 3.3\text{ V}$	1.5		V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH3}	P20, P21		$0.7V_{DD}$		V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH4}	P60, P61		$0.7V_{DD}$		6.0	V
	V_{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET		$0.8V_{DD}$		V_{DD}	V
Input voltage, low	V_{IL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22 to P27, P30 to P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P70 to P77, P125 to P127, P130, P137	Normal input buffer	0		$0.2V_{DD}$	V
	V_{IL2}	P03, P05, P06, P16, P17, P34, P43, P44, P46, P47, P53, P55	TTL input buffer $4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	0		0.8	V
			TTL input buffer $3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 4.0\text{ V}$	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 3.3\text{ V}$	0		0.32	V
	V_{IL3}	P20, P21		0		$0.3V_{DD}$	V
	V_{IL4}	P60, P61		0		$0.3V_{DD}$	V
	V_{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET		0		$0.2V_{DD}$	V

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P04 to P07, P16, P17, P35, P42 to P44, P46, P47, P53 to P56, and P130 is V_{DD} , even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

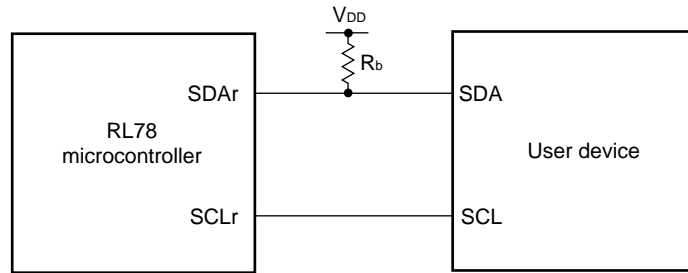
Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

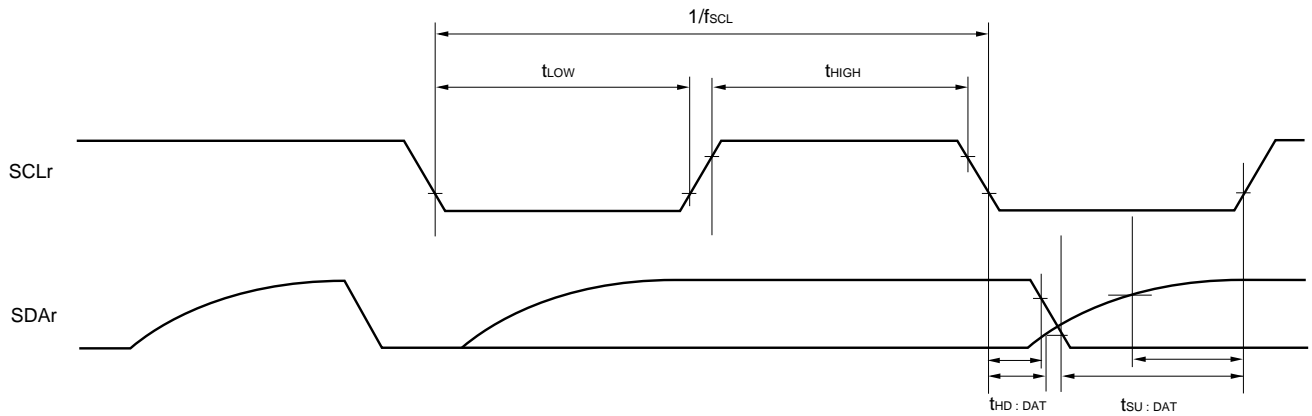
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Low-speed on-chip oscillator operating current	I_{FIL} ^{Note 1}					0.20		μA	
RTC2 operating current	I_{RTC} ^{Notes 1, 2, 3}	$f_{SUB} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$				0.02		μA	
12-bit interval timer operating current	I_{TMKA} ^{Notes 1, 2, 4}					0.04		μA	
Watchdog timer operating current	I_{WDT} ^{Notes 1, 2, 5}	$f_{IL} = 15\text{ kHz}$				0.22		μA	
A/D converter operating current	I_{ADC} ^{Notes 1, 6}	When conversion at maximum speed	Normal mode, $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$			1.3	1.7	mA	
			Low voltage mode, $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$			0.5	0.7	mA	
A/D converter reference voltage current	I_{ADREF} ^{Note 1}					75.0		μA	
Temperature sensor operating current	I_{TMPS} ^{Note 1}					75.0		μA	
LVD operating current	I_{LVD} ^{Notes 1, 7}					0.08		μA	
Comparator operating current	I_{CMP} ^{Notes 1, 11}	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$, Regulator output voltage = 2.1 V	Window mode			12.5		μA	
			Comparator high-speed mode			6.5		μA	
			Comparator low-speed mode			1.7		μA	
		$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$, Regulator output voltage = 1.8 V	Window mode			8.0		μA	
			Comparator high-speed mode			4.0		μA	
			Comparator low-speed mode			1.3		μA	
Self-programming operating current	I_{FSP} ^{Notes 1, 9}					2.00	12.20	mA	
BGO operating current	I_{BGO} ^{Notes 1, 8}					2.00	12.20	mA	
SNOOZE operating current	I_{SNOZ} ^{Note 1}	ADC operation	While the mode is shifting ^{Note 10}			0.50	0.60	mA	
			During A/D conversion, in low voltage mode, $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$			1.20	1.44	mA	
		CSI/UART operation			0.70	0.84	mA		
LCD operating current	I_{LCD1} ^{Notes 1, 12, 13}	External resistance division method	$f_{LCD} = f_{SUB}$ LCD clock = 128 Hz	1/3 bias, four time slices	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{L4} = 5.0\text{ V}$		0.04	0.20	μA
		Internal voltage boosting method	$f_{LCD} = f_{SUB}$ LCD clock = 128 Hz	1/3 bias, four time slices	$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $V_{L4} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ($V_{LCD} = 04\text{H}$)		0.85	2.20	μA
	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{L4} = 5.1\text{ V}$ ($V_{LCD} = 12\text{H}$)					1.55	3.70	μA	
	I_{LCD3} ^{Note 1, 12}	Capacitor split method	$f_{LCD} = f_{SUB}$ LCD clock = 128 Hz	1/3 bias, four time slices	$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $V_{L4} = 3.0\text{ V}$		0.20	0.50	μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)



Remarks 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance

2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 10), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1)

3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0),

n: Channel number (n = 0-3), mn = 00-03, 10-13)

<R>

(5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.		
Transfer rate		Reception	$4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$		$f_{MCK}/12^{\text{Note}}$	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{CLK} = 24\text{ MHz}$, $f_{MCK} = f_{CLK}$		2.0	Mbps
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$		$f_{MCK}/12^{\text{Note}}$	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{CLK} = 24\text{ MHz}$, $f_{MCK} = f_{CLK}$		2.0	Mbps
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$		$f_{MCK}/12^{\text{Note}}$	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{CLK} = 24\text{ MHz}$, $f_{MCK} = f_{CLK}$		2.0	Mbps

Note Transfer rate in SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

- Remarks**
1. $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

Notes 5. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using $f_{\text{MCK}}/12$ or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3\text{ V}$ and $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

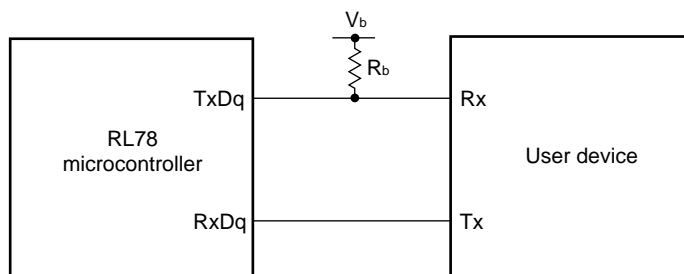
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

6. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 5** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



3.5.2 Serial interface IICA

(T_A = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode				Unit
			Standard Mode		Fast Mode		
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 3.5 MHz	-	-	0	400	kHz
		Normal mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 1 MHz	0	100	-	-	
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}		4.7		0.6		μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}		4.0		0.6		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}		4.7		1.3		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}		4.0		0.6		μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}		250		100		ns
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}		0 ^{Note 3}	3.45	0 ^{Note 3}	0.9	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{SU:STO}		4.0		0.6		μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}		4.7		1.3		μs

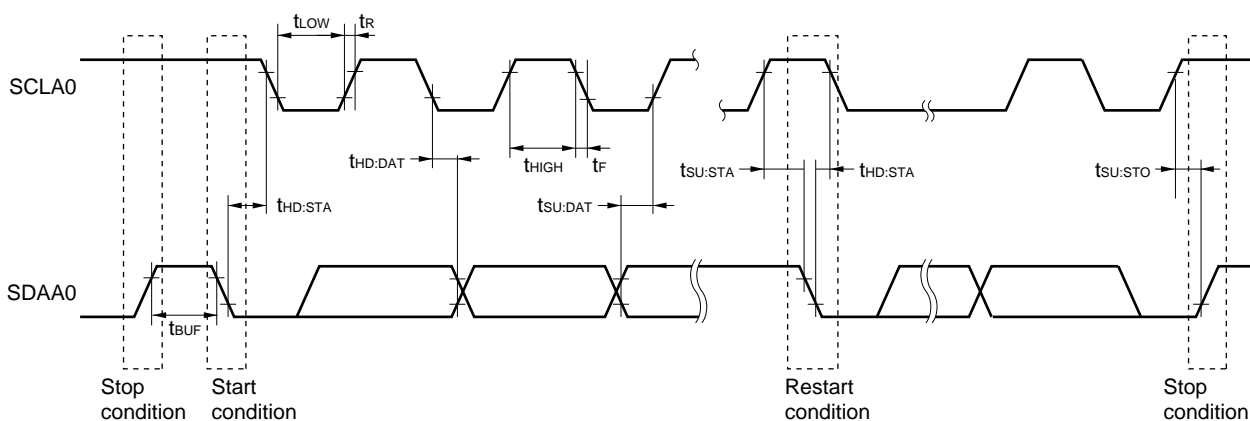
- Notes**
- The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.
 - The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ

Fast mode: C_b = 320 pF, R_b = 1.1 kΩ

IICA serial transfer timing



3.6 Analog Characteristics

3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Reference Voltage Input channel	Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP} Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}	Reference voltage (+) = V_{DD} Reference voltage (-) = V_{SS}	Reference voltage (+) = V_{BGR} Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}
ANI0, ANI1	–	See 3.6.1 (2).	See 3.6.1 (3).
ANI16 to ANI25	See 3.6.1 (1).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	See 3.6.1 (1).		–

(1) When reference voltage (+) = $AV_{REFP}/ANI0$ ($ADREFP1 = 0$, $ADREFP0 = 1$), reference voltage (-) = $AV_{REFM}/ANI1$ ($ADREFM = 1$), target pins: ANI16 to ANI25, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP} , Reference voltage (-) = $AV_{REFM} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ ^{Note 3}	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	1.2	± 5.0	LSB
Conversion time	t_{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI16 to ANI25	$3.6\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.125	39	μs
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	3.1875	39	μs
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	17	39	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	$3.6\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.375	39	μs
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	3.5625	39	μs
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	17	39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E_{ZS}	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ ^{Note 3}	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 0.35	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E_{FS}	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ ^{Note 3}	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 0.35	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ ^{Note 3}	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ ^{Note 3}	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}	ANI16 to ANI25	0		AV_{REFP}	V
		Internal reference voltage ($2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode))		V_{BGR} ^{Note 4}		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage ($2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode))		V_{TMPS25} ^{Note 4}		V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)

(3) When reference voltage (+) = internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pins: ANI0, ANI16 to ANI25

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, Reference voltage (+) = V_{BGR} ^{Note 3}, Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} ^{Note 4} = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8			bit
Conversion time	t_{CONV}	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			± 0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			± 2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			± 1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}			0		V_{BGR} ^{Note 3}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. See 3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

4. When reference voltage (-) = V_{SS} , the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add $\pm 0.35\%$ FSR to the AV_{REFM} MAX. value.

Integral linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the AV_{REFM} MAX. value.

Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.2 LSB to the AV_{REFM} MAX. value.

3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	V_{TMPS25}	ADS register = 80H, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		1.05		V
Internal reference output voltage	V_{BGR}	ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient	F_{VTMPS}	Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operation stabilization wait time	t_{AMP}				5	μs

Revision History	RL78/L13 Data Sheet
-------------------------	----------------------------

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.01	Apr 13, 2012	-	First Edition issued
0.02	Oct 31, 2012	-	Change of the number of segment pins <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 64-pin products: 36 pins • 80-pin products: 51 pins
2.10	Aug 12, 2016	1	Modification of features of 16-bit timer and 16-bit timer KB20 (IH) in 1.1 Features
		5	Addition of product name (RL78/L13) and description (Top View) in 1.3.1 64-pin products
		6	Addition of product name (RL78/L13) and description (Top View) in 1.3.2 80-pin products
		10	Modification of functional overview of main system clock in 1.6 Outline of Functions
		15	Modification of description in Absolute Maximum Ratings (3/3)
		17, 18	Modification of description in 2.3.1 Pin characteristics
		38	Modification of remark 3 in 2.5.1 (4) During communication at same potential (simplified I ² C mode)
		68	Modification of the title and note, and addition of caution in 2.8 RAM Data Retention Characteristics
		70	Addition of Remark
		74	Modification of description in Absolute Maximum Ratings (T _A = 25 °C) (3/3)
		76	Modification of description in 3.3.1 Pin characteristics
		95	Modification of remark 3 in 3.5.1 (4) During communication at same potential (simplified I ² C mode)
118	Modification of the title and note, and addition of caution in 3.8 RAM Data Retention Characteristics		

All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

SuperFlash is a registered trademark of Silicon Storage Technology, Inc. in several countries including the United States and Japan.

Caution: This product uses SuperFlash® technology licensed from Silicon Storage Technology, Inc.