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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

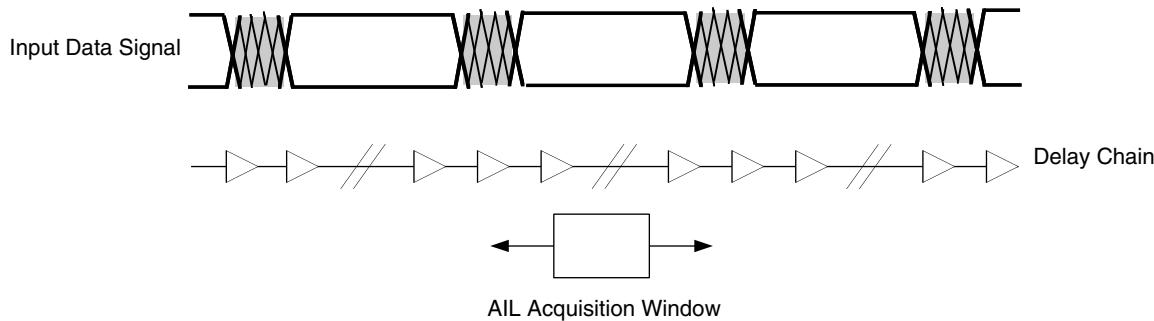
Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	28750
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	115000
Total RAM Bits	7987200
Number of I/O	660
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BCBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-CFCBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfscm3ga115ep1-6fc1152c

Adaptive Input Logic (AIL) Overview

The Adaptive Input Logic (AIL) provides the ability of the input logic to dynamically find a solution by monitoring multiple samples of the input data. The input data signal from the input buffer is run through a delay chain. Data, transitions, jitter, noise are all contained inside of the delay chain. The AIL will then search the delay chain for a clean sampling point for data. Once found the AIL will monitor and walk with the data dynamically. This novel approach of using a delay chain to create multiple copies of the data provides a lower power solution than oversampling data with a higher speed clock. Figure 2-19 provides a high level view of the AIL methodology.

Figure 2-19. LatticeSC AIL Delay of Input Data Waveform



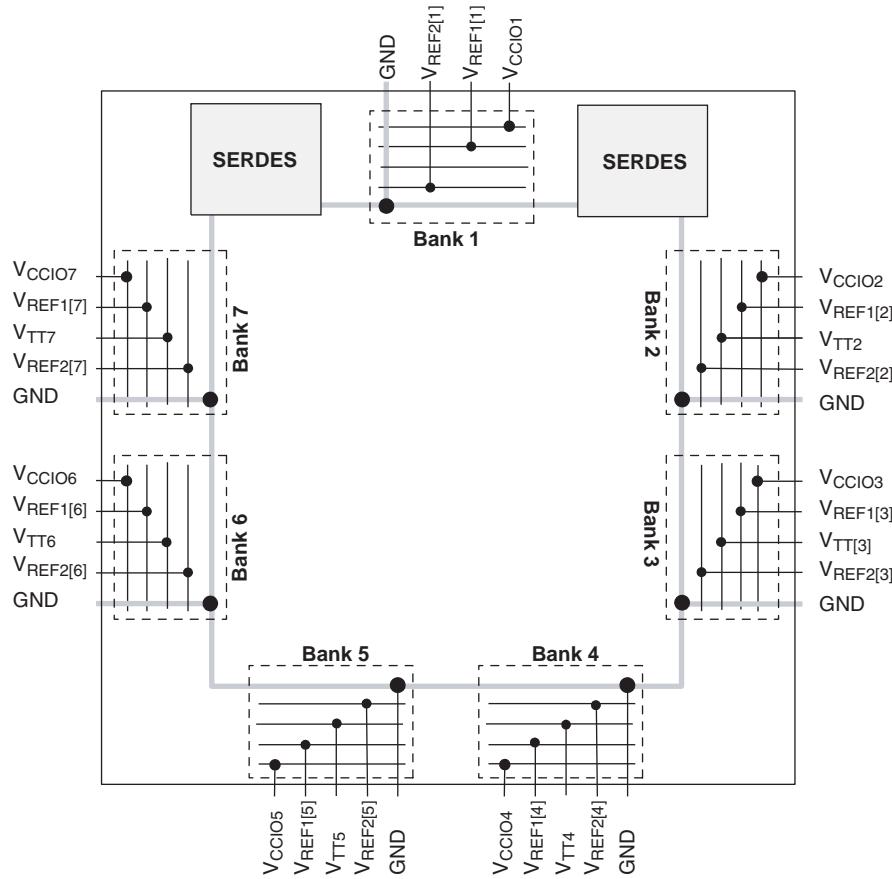
The AIL slides the acquisition window through the delay chain searching for stable data based solely on data transitions. A specific training pattern is not required to perform this bit alignment, simply data transitions. The size of the acquisition window is user-selectable allowing the AIL to operate over the full range of the PURESPEED I/O range. Based on dynamic user control the AIL can either continuously adjust the window location based on data edge detection or it can be locked to a specific delay.

The AIL operates on single data and double data rate interfaces and is available on most FPGA input pins on the LatticeSC device and all buffer types. The AIL block is low power using only 0.003 mW/MHz typical (6 mW @ 2 Gbps) for PRBS 2⁷ data. Multiple AIL inputs can be used to create a bus with a FPGA circuit to realign the bus to a common clock cycle. The FPGA circuit to realign the bus is required and is provided by Lattice as a reference design.

For more information on the LatticeSC AIL please refer to TN1158 [LatticeSC PURESPEED I/O Adaptive Input Logic User's Guide](#).

Input DDR/Shift Block

The DDR/Shift block contains registers and associated logic that support DDR and shift register functions using the high-speed clock and the associated transfer to the low-speed clock domain. It functions as a gearbox allowing high-speed incoming data to be passed into the FPGA fabric. Each PIO supports DDR and x2 shift functions. If desired PIOs A and B or C and D can be combined to form x4 shift functions. The PIOs A and C on the left, right and bottom of the device also contain an optional Adaptive Input Logic (AIL) element. This logic automatically aligns incoming data with the clock allowing for easy design of high-speed interfaces. Figure 2-21 shows a simplified block diagram of the shift register block. The shift block in conjunction with the update and clock divider blocks automatically handles the hand off between the low-speed and high-speed clock domains.

Figure 2-26. LatticeSC Banks**Table 2-7. Maximum Number of I/Os Per Bank in LatticeSC Family**

Device	LFSC/M15	LFSC/M25	LFSC/M40	LFSC/M80	LFSC/M115
Bank1	104	80	136	80	136
Bank2	28	36	60	96	136
Bank3	60	84	96	132	156
Bank4	72	100	124	184	208
Bank5	72	100	124	184	208
Bank6	60	84	96	132	156
Bank7	28	36	60	96	136

Note: Not all the I/Os of the Banks are available in all the packages

The LatticeSC devices contain three types of PURESPEED I/O buffers:

1. Left and Right Sides (Banks 2, 3, 6 and 7)

These buffers can support LVCMOS standards up to 2.5V. A differential output driver (for LVDS and RSDS) is provided on all primary PIO pairs (A and B) and differential receivers are available on all pairs. Complimentary drivers are available. Adaptive input logic is available on PIOs A or C.

2. Top Side (Bank 1)

These buffers can support LVCMOS standards up to 3.3V, including PCI33, PCI-X33 and SSTL-33. Differential receivers are provided on all PIO pairs but differential drivers for LVDS and RSDS are not available. Adaptive input logic is not available on this side. Complimentary output drivers are available.

flexiPCS quads are not dedicated solely to industry standard protocols. Each quad (and each channel within a quad) can be programmed for many user defined data manipulation modes. For example, modes governing user-defined word alignment and multi-channel alignment can be programmed for non-standard protocol applications.

For more information on the functions and use of the flexiPCS, refer to the [LatticeSC/M Family flexiPCS Data Sheet](#).

System Bus

Each LatticeSC device connects the FPGA elements with a standardized bus framework referred to as a System Bus. Multiple bus masters optimize system performance by sharing resources between different bus masters such as the MPI and configuration logic. The wide data bus configuration of 32 bits with 4-bit parity supports high-bandwidth, data intensive applications.

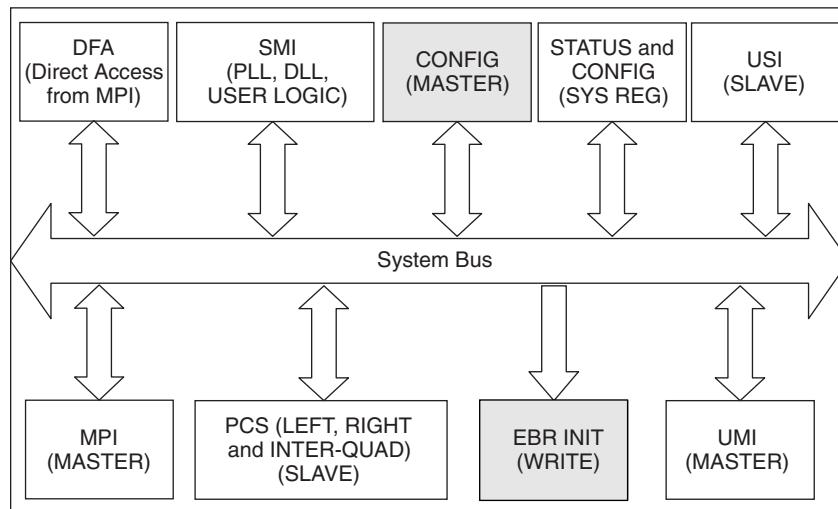
There are two types of interfaces on the System Bus, master and slave. A master interface has the ability to perform actions on the bus, such as writes and reads to and from a specific address. A slave interface responds to the actions of a master by accepting data and address on a write and providing data on a read. The System Bus has a memory map which describes each of the slave peripherals that is connected on the bus. Using the addresses listed in the memory map, a master interface can access each of the slave peripherals on the System Bus. Any and all peripherals on the System Bus can be used at the same time. Table 2-12 list all of the available user peripherals on the System Bus after device power-up.

Table 2-12. System Bus User Peripherals

Peripheral	Name	Interface Type
Micro Processor Interface	MPI	Master
User Master Interface	UMI	Master
User Slave Interface	USI	Slave
Serial Management Interface (PLL, DLL, User Logic)	SMI	Slave
Physical Coding Sublayer	PCS	Slave
Direct FPGA Access	DFA	Slave

The peripherals listed in Table 2-12 can be added when the System Bus module is created using Module IP/Manager (ispLEVER Module/IP Manager).

Figure 2-31 also lists the existing peripherals on the System Bus. The gray boxes are available only during configuration. Refer to Lattice technical note TN1080, [LatticeSC sysCONFIG Usage Guide](#), for configuration options. The Status and Config box refers to internal System Bus registers. This document presents all the interfaces listed in Table 2-12 in detail to help the user utilize the desired functions of the System Bus.

Figure 2-31. LatticeSC System Bus Interfaces

Several interfaces exist between the System Bus and other FPGA elements. The MPI interface acts as a bridge between the external microprocessor bus and System Bus. The MPI may work in an independent clock domain from the System Bus if the System Bus clock is not sourced from the external microprocessor clock. Pipelined operation allows high-speed memory interface to the EBR and peripheral access without the requirement for additional cycles on the bus. Burst transfers allow optimal use of the memory interface by giving advance information of the nature of the transfers.

Details for the majority of the peripherals can be found in the associated technical documentation, see details at the end of this data sheet. Additional details of the MPI are provided below.

Microprocessor Interface (MPI)

The LatticeSC family devices have a dedicated synchronous MPI function block. The MPI is programmable to operate with PowerPC/PowerQUICC MPC860/MPC8260 series microprocessors. The MPI implements an 8-, 16-, or 32-bit interface with 1-bit, 2-bit, or 4-bit parity to the host processor (PowerPC) that can be used for configuration and read-back of the FPGA as well as for user-defined data processing and general monitoring of FPGA functions.

The control portion of the MPI is available following power-up of the FPGA if the mode pins specify MPI mode, even if the FPGA is not yet configured. The width of the data port is selectable among 8-, 16-, or 32-bit and the parity bus can be 1-, 2-, or 4-bit. In configuration mode the data and parity bus width are related to the state of the M[0:3] mode pins. For post-configuration use, the MPI must be included in the configuration bit stream by using an MPI library element in your design from the ispLEVER primitive library, or by setting the bit of the MPI configuration control register prior to the start of configuration. The user can also enable and disable the parity bus through the configuration bit stream. These pads can be used as general I/O when they are not needed for MPI use.

The MPI block also provides the capability to interface directly to the FPGA fabric with a databus after configuration. The bus protocol is still handled by the MPI block but the direct FPGA access allows high-speed block data transfers such as DMA transactions. Figure 2-32 shows one of the ways a PowerPC is connected to MPI.

Internal Logic Analyzer Capability (ispTRACY)

All LatticeSC devices support an internal logic analyzer diagnostic feature. The diagnostic features provide capabilities similar to an external logic analyzer, such as programmable event and trigger condition and deep trace memory. This feature is enabled by Lattice's ispTRACY. The ispTRACY utility is added into the user design at compile time. For additional detail refer to technical information at the end of the data sheet.

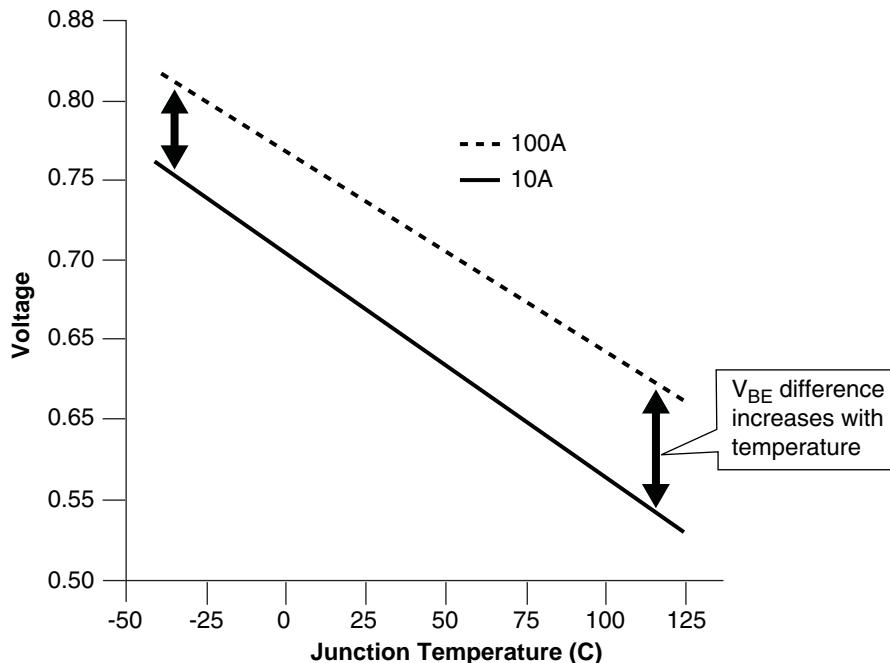
Temperature Sensing

Lattice provides a way to monitor the die temperature by using a temperature-sensing diode that is designed into every LatticeSC device. The difference in V_{BE} of the diode at two different forward currents varies with temperature. This relationship is shown in Figure 2-33. The accuracy of the temperature-sensing diode is typically $\pm 10^\circ\text{C}$.

On packages that include PROBE_GND, the most accurate measurements will occur between the TEMP pin and the PROBE_GND pin. On packages that do not include PROBE_GND, measurements should be made between the TEMP pin and board ground.

This temperature-sensing diode is designed to work with an external temperature sensor such as the Maxim 1617A. The Maxim 1617A is configured to measure difference in V_{BE} (of the temperature-sensing diode) at $10\mu\text{A}$ and at $100\mu\text{A}$. This difference in V_{BE} voltage varies with temperature at approximately $1.64 \text{ mV}/^\circ\text{C}$. A typical device with a 85°C junction temperature will measure approximately 593mV . For additional detail refer to TN1115, [Temperature Sensing Diode in LatticeSC Devices](#).

Figure 2-33. Sensing Diode Typical Characteristics



Oscillator

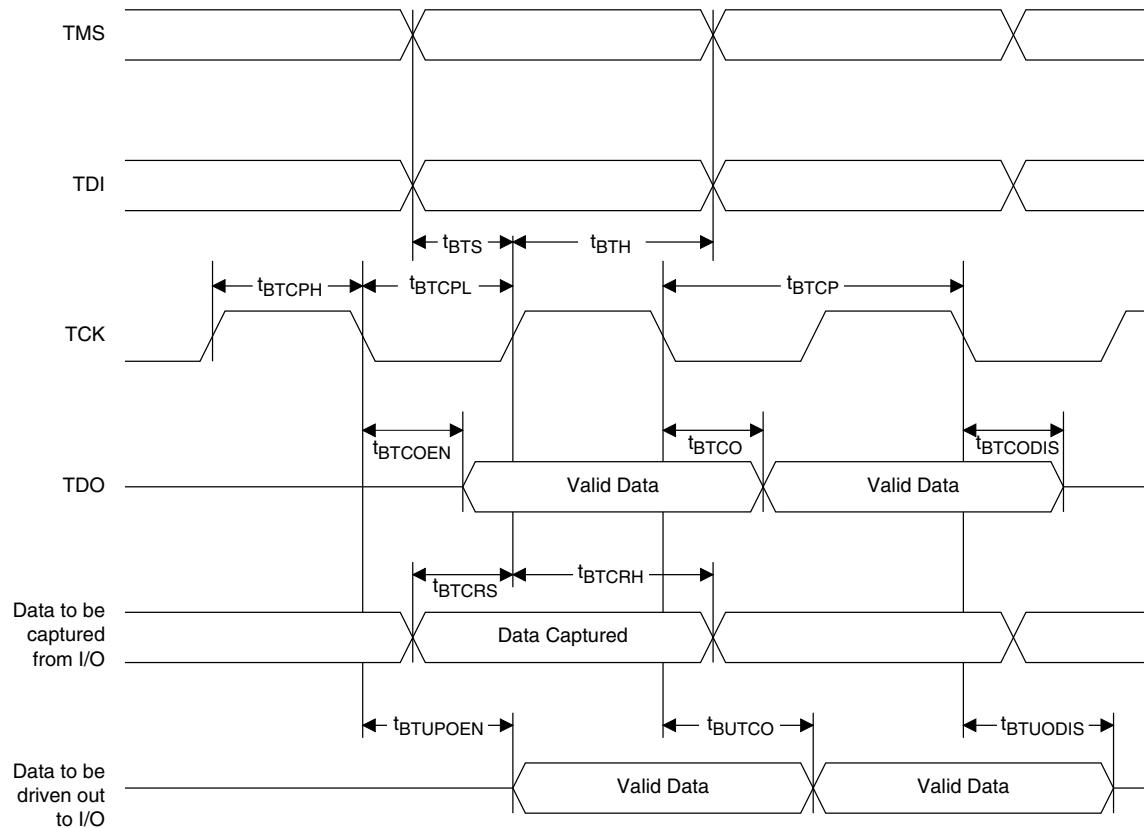
Every LatticeSC device has an internal CMOS oscillator, which is used as a master serial clock for configuration and is also available as a potential general purpose clock (MCK) for the FPGA core. There is a K divider (divide by 2/4/8/16/32/64/128) available with this oscillator to get lower MCK frequencies. This clock is available as a general purpose clock signal to the software routing tool. For additional detail refer to technical information at the end of the data sheet.

JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{MAX}		—	25	MHz
t_{BTCP}	TCK [BSCAN] Clock Pulse Width	40	—	ns
t_{BTCPH}	TCK [BSCAN] Clock Pulse Width High	20	—	ns
t_{BTCPL}	TCK [BSCAN] Clock Pulse Width Low	20	—	ns
t_{BTS}	TCK [BSCAN] Setup Time	8	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN] Hold Time	10	—	ns
t_{BTRF}	TCK [BSCAN] Rise/Fall Time	50	—	mV/ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP Controller Falling Edge of Clock to Valid Output	—	10	ns
$t_{BTCODIS}$	TAP Controller Falling Edge of Clock to Valid Disable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCOEN}	TAP Controller Falling Edge of Clock to Valid Enable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCRS}	BSCAN Test Capture Register Setup Time	8	—	ns
t_{TCRH}	BSCAN Test Capture Register Hold Time	10	—	ns
t_{BUTCO}	BSCAN Test Update Register, Falling Edge of Clock to Valid Output	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUODIS}$	BSCAN Test Update Register, Falling Edge of Clock to Valid Disable	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUOPEN}$	BSCAN Test Update Register, Falling Edge of Clock to Valid Enable	—	25	ns

Figure 3-14. JTAG Port Timing Waveforms



Signal Descriptions (Cont.)

Signal Name	I/O	Description
MPI_STRBN	I	Driven active low indicates the start of a transaction on the PowerPC bus. MPI will strobe the address bus at next rising edge of clock.
MPI_ADDR[31:14]	I	Address bus driven by a PowerPC bus master. Only 18-bit width is needed. It has to be the least significant bit of the PowerPC 32-bit address A[31:14].
MPI_DAT[n:0]	I/O	Selectable data bus width from 8, and 16-bit. Driven by a bus master in a write transaction. Driven by MPI in a read transaction.
MPI_PAR[m:0]	I/O	Selectable parity bus width from 1, 2, and 3-bit. MPI_DP[0] for MPI_D[7:0], MPI_DP[1] for MPI_D[15:8] and MPI_DP[2] for MPI_D[23:16].
MPI_TA	O	Transfer acknowledge. Driven active low indicates that MPI received the data on the write cycle or returned data on the read cycle.
MPI_TEA	O	Transfer Error Acknowledge. Driven active low indicates that MPI detects a bus error on the internal system bus for current transaction.
MPI_RETRY	O	Active low MPI Retry requests the MPC860 to relinquish the bus and retry the cycle.
Multi-chip Alignment (User I/O if not used.)		
MCA_DONE_OUT	O	Multi-chip alignment done output (to second MCA chip)
MCA_DONE_IN	I	Multi-chip alignment done input (from second MCA chip)
MCA_CLK_P[1:2]_OUT	O	Multi-chip alignment clock [1:2] output (sourced by MCA master chip)
MCA_CLK_P[1:2]_IN	I	Multi-chip alignment clock [1:2] input (from MCA master chip)
TEMP	—	Temperature sensing diode pin. Dedicated pin. Accuracy is typically +/- 10°C.
Miscellaneous Dedicated Pins		
XRES	—	External reference resistor between this pin and ground. The reference resistor is used to calibrate the programmable terminating resistors used in the I/Os. Dedicated pin. Value: 1K ± 1% ohm.
DIFFRx	—	Only used if a differential driver is used in a bank. This DIFFRx must be connected to ground via an external 1K ±1% ohm resistor for all banks that have a differential driver.
SERDES Block (Dedicated Pins)		
[A:D]_HDINPx_[L/R]	I	High-speed input (positive) channel x on left [L] or right [R] side of device. PCS quad is defined in the dual function name column of the Logic Signal Connection table.
[A:D]_HDINNx_[L/R]	I	High-speed input (negative) channel x on left [L] or right [R] side of device. PCS quad is defined in the dual function name column of the Logic Signal Connection table.
[A:D]_HDOUTPx_[L/R]	O	High-speed output (positive) channel x on left [L] or right [R] side of device. PCS quad is defined in the dual function name column of the Logic Signal Connection table.
[A:D]_HDOUTNx_[L/R]	O	High-speed output (negative) channel x on left [L] or right [R] side of device. PCS quad is defined in the dual function name column of the Logic Signal Connection table.
[A:D]_REFCLKP_[L/R]	I	Ref clock input (positive), aux channel on left [L] or right [R] side of device.
[A:D]_REFCLKN_[L/R]	I	Ref clock input (negative), aux channel on left [L] or right [R] side of device.

LFSC/M15 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M15		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
N12	PB39C	4	
T15	PB40A	4	PCLKT4_3
R16	PB40B	4	PCLKC4_3
L12	PB43A	4	
M12	PB43B	4	
P16	PB44A	4	
N16	PB44B	4	
R14	PB47C	4	VREF1_4
P15	PB48A	4	LRC_DLLT_IN_C/LRC_DLLT_FB_D
M13	PB48B	4	LRC_DLLC_IN_C/LRC_DLLC_FB_D
N13	PB49A	4	LRC_PLLT_IN_A/LRC_PLLT_FB_B
P14	PB49B	4	LRC_PLLC_IN_A/LRC_PLLC_FB_B
M16	PR45B	3	LRC_DLLC_IN_F/LRC_DLLC_FB_E
L16	PR45A	3	LRC_DLLT_IN_F/LRC_DLLT_FB_E
M14	PR43B	3	
M15	PR43A	3	
K16	PR41D	3	VREF2_3
J16	PR37B	3	
H16	PR37A	3	
L13	PR35D	3	DIFFR_3
L14	PR35B	3	
L15	PR35A	3	
K12	PR31C	3	VREF1_3
J13	PR28D	3	PCLKC3_2
K13	PR28C	3	PCLKT3_2
H15	PR28B	3	
F16	PR28A	3	
J11	PR26D	3	PCLKC3_1
J12	PR26C	3	PCLKT3_1
J15	PR26B	3	PCLKC3_0
J14	PR26A	3	PCLKT3_0
E16	PR24D	2	PCLKC2_2
D16	PR24C	2	PCLKT2_2
H11	PR24B	2	PCLKC2_0
H12	PR24A	2	PCLKT2_0
H13	PR23B	2	PCLKC2_1
H14	PR23A	2	PCLKT2_1
G12	PR22D	2	DIFFR_2
G13	PR22C	2	VREF1_2
F8	PR22B	2	
F9	PR22A	2	
G16	PR18D	2	VREF2_2
F15	PR17B	2	URC_DLLC_IN_C/URC_DLLC_FB_D

LFSC/M15, LFSC/M25 Logic Signal Connections: 900 fpBGA^{1, 2}

Ball Number	LFSC/M15			LFSC/M25		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
F7	A_VDDAX25_L	-		A_VDDAX25_L	-	
B1	A_REFCLKP_L	-		A_REFCLKP_L	-	
C1	A_REFCLKN_L	-		A_REFCLKN_L	-	
D5	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
A2	RESP_ULC	-		RESP_ULC	-	
E5	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
D4	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
H5	RESETN	1		RESETN	1	
H6	TSALLN	1		TSALLN	1	
G6	DONE	1		DONE	1	
G5	INITN	1		INITN	1	
F5	M0	1		M0	1	
F6	M1	1		M1	1	
F4	M2	1		M2	1	
E4	M3	1		M3	1	
D3	PL15A	7	ULC_PLLT_IN_A/ULC_PLLT_FB_B	PL16A	7	ULC_PLLT_IN_A/ULC_PLLT_FB_B
D2	PL15B	7	ULC_PLLC_IN_A/ULC_PLLC_FB_B	PL16B	7	ULC_PLLC_IN_A/ULC_PLLC_FB_B
J6	PL15C	7		PL16C	7	
J5	PL15D	7		PL16D	7	
E3	PL17A	7	ULC_DLLT_IN_C/ULC_DLLT_FB_D	PL17A	7	ULC_DLLT_IN_C/ULC_DLLT_FB_D
E2	PL17B	7	ULC_DLLC_IN_C/ULC_DLLC_FB_D	PL17B	7	ULC_DLLC_IN_C/ULC_DLLC_FB_D
K4	PL17C	7	ULC_PLLT_IN_B/ULC_PLLT_FB_A	PL17C	7	ULC_PLLT_IN_B/ULC_PLLT_FB_A
J4	PL17D	7	ULC_PLLC_IN_B/ULC_PLLC_FB_A	PL17D	7	ULC_PLLC_IN_B/ULC_PLLC_FB_A
F3	PL18A	7	ULC_DLLT_IN_D/ULC_DLLT_FB_C	PL18A	7	ULC_DLLT_IN_D/ULC_DLLT_FB_C
G3	PL18B	7	ULC_DLLC_IN_D/ULC_DLLC_FB_C	PL18B	7	ULC_DLLC_IN_D/ULC_DLLC_FB_C
K5	PL18C	7		PL18C	7	
K6	PL18D	7	VREF2_7	PL18D	7	VREF2_7
F2	PL19A	7		PL22A	7	
F1	PL19B	7		PL22B	7	
E1	PL19C	7		PL22C	7	
D1	PL19D	7		PL22D	7	
K3	PL22A	7		PL25A	7	
L3	PL22B	7		PL25B	7	
L6	PL22C	7	VREF1_7	PL25C	7	VREF1_7
M6	PL22D	7	DIFFR_7	PL25D	7	DIFFR_7
J1	PL23A	7	PCLKT7_1	PL26A	7	PCLKT7_1
K1	PL23B	7	PCLKC7_1	PL26B	7	PCLKC7_1
L1	PL24A	7	PCLKT7_0	PL27A	7	PCLKT7_0
M1	PL24B	7	PCLKC7_0	PL27B	7	PCLKC7_0
P8	PL24C	7	PCLKT7_2	PL27C	7	PCLKT7_2
R8	PL24D	7	PCLKC7_2	PL27D	7	PCLKC7_2
N2	PL26A	6	PCLKT6_0	PL29A	6	PCLKT6_0
N1	PL26B	6	PCLKC6_0	PL29B	6	PCLKC6_0
R7	PL26C	6	PCLKT6_1	PL29C	6	PCLKT6_1
R6	PL26D	6	PCLKC6_1	PL29D	6	PCLKC6_1

LFSC/M15, LFSC/M25 Logic Signal Connections: 900 fpBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M15			LFSC/M25		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
AG11	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AJ9	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AJ23	VCCIO4	-		VCCIO4	-	
AG20	VCCIO4	-		VCCIO4	-	
AJ26	VCCIO4	-		VCCIO4	-	
AG23	VCCIO4	-		VCCIO4	-	
AC29	VCCIO3	-		VCCIO3	-	
AA26	VCCIO3	-		VCCIO3	-	
Y28	VCCIO3	-		VCCIO3	-	
AA29	VCCIO3	-		VCCIO3	-	
G30	VCCIO2	-		VCCIO2	-	
J29	VCCIO2	-		VCCIO2	-	
K27	VCCIO2	-		VCCIO2	-	
N25	VCCIO2	-		VCCIO2	-	
F20	VCCIO1	-		VCCIO1	-	
C19	VCCIO1	-		VCCIO1	-	
C12	VCCIO1	-		VCCIO1	-	
F11	VCCIO1	-		VCCIO1	-	
H1	GND	-		GND	-	
L4	GND	-		GND	-	
M3	GND	-		GND	-	
N5	GND	-		GND	-	
K2	GND	-		GND	-	
M2	GND	-		GND	-	
P6	GND	-		GND	-	
G4	GND	-		GND	-	
H3	GND	-		GND	-	
AC2	GND	-		GND	-	
AA3	GND	-		GND	-	
AE1	GND	-		GND	-	
Y4	GND	-		GND	-	
AB4	GND	-		GND	-	
AA5	GND	-		GND	-	
AE6	GND	-		GND	-	
AE8	GND	-		GND	-	
AH5	GND	-		GND	-	
AG9	GND	-		GND	-	
AG6	GND	-		GND	-	
AF11	GND	-		GND	-	
AG12	GND	-		GND	-	
AJ10	GND	-		GND	-	
AK26	GND	-		GND	-	
AJ22	GND	-		GND	-	
AF20	GND	-		GND	-	
AJ25	GND	-		GND	-	

LFSC/M15, LFSC/M25 Logic Signal Connections: 900 fpBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M15			LFSC/M25		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
B29	NC	-		NC	-	

1. Differential pair grouping within a PIC is A (True) and B (Complement) and C (True) and D (Complement).

2. The LatticeSC/M15 and LatticeSC/M25 in a 900-pin package supports a 16-bit MPI interface.

LFSC/M25, LFSC/M40 Logic Signal Connections: 1020 fcBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M25			LFSC/M40		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
AJ31	PB9A	5		PB9A	5	
AH30	PB9B	5		PB9B	5	
AM30	PB11A	5		PB11A	5	
AM29	PB11B	5		PB11B	5	
AH29	PB11C	5		PB11C	5	
AH28	PB11D	5		PB11D	5	
AJ27	PB12A	5		PB13A	5	
AK27	PB12B	5		PB13B	5	
AE22	PB12C	5		PB13C	5	
AF23	PB12D	5		PB13D	5	
AL28	PB13A	5		PB15A	5	
AL27	PB13B	5		PB15B	5	
AC21	PB13C	5		PB15C	5	
AD21	PB13D	5		PB15D	5	
AM28	PB15A	5		PB17A	5	
AM27	PB15B	5		PB17B	5	
AG23	PB15C	5		PB17C	5	
AF22	PB15D	5		PB17D	5	
AG26	PB16A	5		PB19A	5	
AG25	PB16B	5		PB19B	5	
AL26	PB17A	5		PB22A	5	
AM26	PB17B	5		PB22B	5	
AJ24	PB19A	5		PB25A	5	
AK24	PB19B	5		PB25B	5	
AE21	PB19C	5		PB25C	5	
AE20	PB19D	5		PB25D	5	
AJ22	PB20A	5	PCLKT5_3	PB30A	5	PCLKT5_3
AK22	PB20B	5	PCLKC5_3	PB30B	5	PCLKC5_3
AG22	PB20C	5	PCLKT5_4	PB30C	5	PCLKT5_4
AH22	PB20D	5	PCLKC5_4	PB30D	5	PCLKC5_4
AL23	PB21A	5	PCLKT5_5	PB31A	5	PCLKT5_5
AL22	PB21B	5	PCLKC5_5	PB31B	5	PCLKC5_5
AH23	PB21C	5		PB31C	5	
AH24	PB21D	5		PB31D	5	
AJ21	PB23A	5	PCLKT5_0	PB33A	5	PCLKT5_0
AK21	PB23B	5	PCLKC5_0	PB33B	5	PCLKC5_0
AE19	PB23C	5		PB33C	5	
AF19	PB23D	5	VREF2_5	PB33D	5	VREF2_5
AM23	PB24A	5	PCLKT5_1	PB34A	5	PCLKT5_1
AM22	PB24B	5	PCLKC5_1	PB34B	5	PCLKC5_1
AH25	PB24C	5	PCLKT5_6	PB34C	5	PCLKT5_6
AH26	PB24D	5	PCLKC5_6	PB34D	5	PCLKC5_6
AL21	PB25A	5	PCLKT5_2	PB35A	5	PCLKT5_2
AL20	PB25B	5	PCLKC5_2	PB35B	5	PCLKC5_2
AG20	PB25C	5	PCLKT5_7	PB35C	5	PCLKT5_7
AG19	PB25D	5	PCLKC5_7	PB35D	5	PCLKC5_7
AJ19	PB28A	5		PB37A	5	
AK19	PB28B	5		PB37B	5	
AD18	PB28C	5		PB37C	5	
AE18	PB28D	5		PB37D	5	

LFSC/M25, LFSC/M40 Logic Signal Connections: 1020 fcBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M25			LFSC/M40		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
AH11	PB47C	4	PCLKT4_6	PB54C	4	PCLKT4_6
AH10	PB47D	4	PCLKC4_6	PB54D	4	PCLKC4_6
AK12	PB49A	4	PCLKT4_0	PB55A	4	PCLKT4_0
AJ12	PB49B	4	PCLKC4_0	PB55B	4	PCLKC4_0
AF14	PB49C	4	VREF2_4	PB55C	4	VREF2_4
AE14	PB49D	4		PB55D	4	
AL11	PB51A	4	PCLKT4_5	PB57A	4	PCLKT4_5
AL10	PB51B	4	PCLKC4_5	PB57B	4	PCLKC4_5
AH9	PB51C	4		PB57C	4	
AH8	PB51D	4		PB57D	4	
AK11	PB52A	4	PCLKT4_3	PB58A	4	PCLKT4_3
AJ11	PB52B	4	PCLKC4_3	PB58B	4	PCLKC4_3
AH7	PB52C	4	PCLKT4_4	PB58C	4	PCLKT4_4
AH6	PB52D	4	PCLKC4_4	PB58D	4	PCLKC4_4
AK8	PB53A	4		PB67A	4	
AJ8	PB53B	4		PB67B	4	
AF11	PB53C	4		PB67C	4	
AD12	PB55A	4		PB69A	4	
AE12	PB55B	4		PB69B	4	
AM6	PB56A	4		PB70A	4	
AM5	PB56B	4		PB70B	4	
AC12	PB56C	4		PB70C	4	
AL6	PB57A	4		PB73A	4	
AL5	PB57B	4		PB73B	4	
AG7	PB59A	4		PB74A	4	
AG8	PB59B	4		PB74B	4	
AK6	PB60A	4		PB75A	4	
AJ6	PB60B	4		PB75B	4	
AF10	PB60C	4		PB75C	4	
AE11	PB60D	4		PB75D	4	
AM4	PB61A	4		PB77A	4	
AM3	PB61B	4		PB77B	4	
AH5	PB63A	4		PB78A	4	
AH4	PB63B	4		PB78B	4	
AK5	PB64A	4		PB79A	4	
AJ5	PB64B	4		PB79B	4	
AF8	PB64C	4		PB79C	4	
AF7	PB64D	4		PB79D	4	
AL4	PB65A	4		PB81A	4	
AL3	PB65B	4		PB81B	4	
AG5	PB65C	4		PB81C	4	
AF6	PB65D	4		PB81D	4	
AK3	PB67A	4		PB82A	4	
AJ3	PB67B	4		PB82B	4	
AE10	PB67C	4	VREF1_4	PB82C	4	VREF1_4
AD10	PB67D	4		PB82D	4	
AL2	PB68A	4	LRC_DLLT_IN_C/LRC_DLLT_FB_D	PB83A	4	LRC_DLLT_IN_C/LRC_DLLT_FB_D
AK2	PB68B	4	LRC_DLLC_IN_C/LRC_DLLC_FB_D	PB83B	4	LRC_DLLC_IN_C/LRC_DLLC_FB_D
AE9	PB68C	4		PB83C	4	
AE8	PB68D	4		PB83D	4	

LFSC/M40, LFSC/M80 Logic Signal Connections: 1152 fcBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M40			LFSC/M80		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
AM17	VCCIO4	-		VCCIO4	-	
AM5	VCCIO4	-		VCCIO4	-	
AE20	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AE23	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AE26	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AH22	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AH28	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AJ19	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AJ25	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AL18	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AL24	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AL30	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AM21	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AM27	VCCIO5	-		VCCIO5	-	
AA31	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
AB29	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
AC24	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
AD32	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
AE28	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
AG31	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
AK32	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
T29	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
U31	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
V32	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
W28	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
Y26	VCCIO6	-		VCCIO6	-	
E31	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
G28	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
H32	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
K29	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
L31	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
M25	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
N28	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
P32	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
R25	VCCIO7	-		VCCIO7	-	
J25	VCCIO1	-		VCCIO1	-	
N11	VTT_2	2		VTT_2	2	
R12	VTT_2	2		VTT_2	2	
T12	VTT_2	2		VTT_2	2	
AB11	VTT_3	3		VTT_3	3	
W12	VTT_3	3		VTT_3	3	
Y12	VTT_3	3		VTT_3	3	
AC15	VTT_4	4		VTT_4	4	
AC16	VTT_4	4		VTT_4	4	
AD13	VTT_4	4		VTT_4	4	

LFSC/M115 Logic Signal Connections: 1152 fcBGA^{1, 2}

Ball Number	LFSC/M115		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
J17	PT81C	1	D20/PCLKT1_2/MPI_DATA20
D16	PT81B	1	MCA_CLK_P1_OUT
E16	PT81A	1	MCA_CLK_P1_IN
H15	PT78D	1	D21/PCLKC1_1/MPI_DATA21
H16	PT78C	1	D22/PCLKT1_1/MPI_DATA22
C15	PT78B	1	MCA_CLK_P2_OUT
C16	PT78A	1	MCA_CLK_P2_IN
L17	PT75D	1	MCA_DONE_OUT
K17	PT75C	1	BUSYN/RCLK/SCK
E17	PT75B	1	DP0/MPI_PAR0
F17	PT75A	1	MPI_TA
G17	PT73D	1	D23/MPI_DATA23
H17	PT73C	1	DP2/MPI_PAR2
A17	PT73B	1	PCLKC1_0
B17	PT73A	1	PCLKT1_0/MPI_CLK
G18	PT71D	1	DP3/PCLKC1_4/MPI_PAR3
H18	PT71C	1	D24/PCLKT1_4/MPI_DATA24
E18	PT71B	1	MPI_RETRY
F18	PT71A	1	A0/MPI_ADDR14
J18	PT69D	1	A1/MPI_ADDR15
J19	PT69C	1	A2/MPI_ADDR16
C20	PT69B	1	A3/MPI_ADDR17
C19	PT69A	1	A4/MPI_ADDR18
K18	PT66D	1	D25/PCLKC1_5/MPI_DATA25
L18	PT66C	1	D26/PCLKT1_5/MPI_DATA26
D19	PT66B	1	A5/MPI_ADDR19
E19	PT66A	1	A6/MPI_ADDR20
H19	PT63D	1	D27/MPI_DATA27
H20	PT63C	1	VREF1_1
A18	PT63B	1	A7/MPI_ADDR21
B18	PT63A	1	A8/MPI_ADDR22
H21	PT61D	1	D28/PCLKC1_6/MPI_DATA28
J21	PT61C	1	D29/PCLKT1_6/MPI_DATA29
A19	PT61B	1	A9/MPI_ADDR23
B19	PT61A	1	A10/MPI_ADDR24
H22	PT58D	1	D30/PCLKC1_7/MPI_DATA30
J22	PT58C	1	D31/PCLKT1_7/MPI_DATA31
F20	PT58B	1	A11/MPI_ADDR25
G20	PT58A	1	A12/MPI_ADDR26
K21	PT57D	1	D11/MPI_DATA11
K22	PT57C	1	D12/MPI_DATA12
A20	PT57B	1	A13/MPI_ADDR27
B20	PT57A	1	A14/MPI_ADDR28

LFSC/M115 Logic Signal Connections: 1152 fcBGA^{1, 2}

Ball Number	LFSC/M115		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
AL5	GND	-	
AM14	GND	-	
AM18	GND	-	
AM24	GND	-	
AM30	GND	-	
AM8	GND	-	
AN1	GND	-	
AN34	GND	-	
AP2	GND	-	
AP33	GND	-	
B1	GND	-	
B34	GND	-	
C11	GND	-	
C12	GND	-	
C13	GND	-	
C14	GND	-	
C17	GND	-	
C21	GND	-	
C22	GND	-	
C23	GND	-	
C24	GND	-	
C26	GND	-	
C27	GND	-	
C30	GND	-	
C31	GND	-	
C4	GND	-	
C5	GND	-	
C8	GND	-	
C9	GND	-	
D18	GND	-	
E32	GND	-	
E4	GND	-	
F19	GND	-	
G16	GND	-	
G29	GND	-	
G7	GND	-	
H3	GND	-	
H31	GND	-	
J10	GND	-	
J15	GND	-	
J26	GND	-	
K20	GND	-	
K23	GND	-	

LFSC/M80, LFSC/M115 Logic Signal Connections: 1704 fcBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M80			LFSC/M115		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
AV32	PB27B	5		PB29B	5	
AU36	PB27C	5		PB29C	5	
AU37	PB27D	5		PB29D	5	
BA35	PB28A	5		PB30A	5	
BA34	PB28B	5		PB30B	5	
AJ26	PB28C	5		PB30C	5	
AJ27	PB28D	5		PB30D	5	
AW33	PB29A	5		PB31A	5	
AW32	PB29B	5		PB31B	5	
AU35	PB29C	5		PB31C	5	
AU34	PB29D	5		PB31D	5	
BB35	PB31A	5		PB33A	5	
BB34	PB31B	5		PB33B	5	
AN29	PB31C	5		PB33C	5	
AP29	PB31D	5		PB33D	5	
AY33	PB32A	5		PB34A	5	
AY32	PB32B	5		PB34B	5	
AR31	PB32C	5		PB34C	5	
AR30	PB32D	5		PB34D	5	
AV31	PB33A	5		PB35A	5	
AV30	PB33B	5		PB35B	5	
AN28	PB33C	5		PB35C	5	
AP28	PB33D	5		PB35D	5	
BA33	PB35A	5		PB37A	5	
BA32	PB35B	5		PB37B	5	
AT30	PB35C	5		PB37C	5	
AT31	PB35D	5		PB37D	5	
BB33	PB36A	5		PB38A	5	
BB32	PB36B	5		PB38B	5	
AM26	PB36C	5		PB38C	5	
AL26	PB36D	5		PB38D	5	
AW30	PB37A	5		PB39A	5	
AW29	PB37B	5		PB39B	5	
AP27	PB37C	5		PB39C	5	
AN27	PB37D	5		PB39D	5	
BA31	PB39A	5		PB41A	5	
BA30	PB39B	5		PB41B	5	
AU32	PB39C	5		PB41C	5	
AU33	PB39D	5		PB41D	5	
BB31	PB40A	5		PB42A	5	
BB30	PB40B	5		PB42B	5	
AR28	PB40C	5		PB42C	5	
AR27	PB40D	5		PB42D	5	
AV29	PB41A	5		PB43A	5	
AV28	PB41B	5		PB43B	5	

LFSC/M80, LFSC/M115 Logic Signal Connections: 1704 fcBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M80			LFSC/M115		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
A26	D_HDOUTN2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 OUT N	D_HDOUTN2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 OUT N
C34	D_VDDOB2_L	-		D_VDDOB2_L	-	
B26	D_HDOUTP2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 OUT P	D_HDOUTP2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 OUT P
C32	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
E27	D_HDINN2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 IN N	D_HDINN2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 IN N
D27	D_HDINP2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 IN P	D_HDINP2_L	-	PCS 363 CH 2 IN P
G25	D_VDDIB2_L	-		D_VDDIB2_L	-	
F29	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
H26	D_VDDIB1_L	-		D_VDDIB1_L	-	
F30	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
D28	D_HDINP1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 IN P	D_HDINP1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 IN P
E28	D_HDINN1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 IN N	D_HDINN1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 IN N
B27	D_HDOUTP1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 OUT P	D_HDOUTP1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 OUT P
F36	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
A27	D_HDOUTN1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 OUT N	D_HDOUTN1_L	-	PCS 363 CH 1 OUT N
F35	D_VDDOB1_L	-		D_VDDOB1_L	-	
A28	D_HDOUTN0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 OUT N	D_HDOUTN0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 OUT N
M30	D_VDDOB0_L	-		D_VDDOB0_L	-	
B28	D_HDOUTP0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 OUT P	D_HDOUTP0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 OUT P
F37	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
E29	D_HDINN0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 IN N	D_HDINN0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 IN N
D29	D_HDINP0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 IN P	D_HDINP0_L	-	PCS 363 CH 0 IN P
H27	D_VDDIB0_L	-		D_VDDIB0_L	-	
G28	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
J28	C_REFCLKP_L	-		C_REFCLKP_L	-	
K28	C_REFCLKN_L	-		C_REFCLKN_L	-	
F32	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
G29	C_VDDIB3_L	-		C_VDDIB3_L	-	
C31	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
D30	C_HDINP3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 IN P	C_HDINP3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 IN P
E30	C_HDINN3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 IN N	C_HDINN3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 IN N
B29	C_HDOUTP3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 OUT P	C_HDOUTP3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 OUT P
F38	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
A29	C_HDOUTN3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 OUT N	C_HDOUTN3_L	-	PCS 362 CH 3 OUT N
J33	C_VDDOB3_L	-		C_VDDOB3_L	-	
A30	C_HDOUTN2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 OUT N	C_HDOUTN2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 OUT N
K33	C_VDDOB2_L	-		C_VDDOB2_L	-	
B30	C_HDOUTP2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 OUT P	C_HDOUTP2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 OUT P
J34	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
F31	C_HDINN2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 IN N	C_HDINN2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 IN N
E31	C_HDINP2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 IN P	C_HDINP2_L	-	PCS 362 CH 2 IN P
G30	C_VDDIB2_L	-		C_VDDIB2_L	-	
H28	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
C37	C_VDDIB1_L	-		C_VDDIB1_L	-	
H30	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	

LFSC/M80, LFSC/M115 Logic Signal Connections: 1704 fcBGA^{1,2} (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFSC/M80			LFSC/M115		
	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function	Ball Function	VCCIO Bank	Dual Function
V21	VCC	-		VCC	-	
V22	VCC	-		VCC	-	
V23	VCC	-		VCC	-	
V25	VCC	-		VCC	-	
V27	VCC	-		VCC	-	
W17	VCC	-		VCC	-	
W19	VCC	-		VCC	-	
W21	VCC	-		VCC	-	
W22	VCC	-		VCC	-	
W24	VCC	-		VCC	-	
W26	VCC	-		VCC	-	
Y16	VCC	-		VCC	-	
Y18	VCC	-		VCC	-	
Y20	VCC	-		VCC	-	
Y23	VCC	-		VCC	-	
Y25	VCC	-		VCC	-	
Y27	VCC	-		VCC	-	
AG22	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
AG26	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
T17	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
T21	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
T22	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
T26	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
U16	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
U27	VCC12	-		VCC12	-	
AC15	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AC28	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AD15	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AD28	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AE15	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AE28	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AF15	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AF28	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AG15	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AG28	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH14	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH16	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH17	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH18	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH19	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH20	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH23	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH24	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH25	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	
AH26	VCCAUX	-		VCCAUX	-	



LatticeSC/M Family Data Sheet

Supplemental Information

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For Further Information

For further information about the flexiPCS, see the [LatticeSC/M Family flexiPCS Data Sheet](#).

A variety of technical notes for the LatticeSC/M family are also available on the Lattice Semiconductor website at www.latticesemi.com.

- [LatticeSC PURESPEED I/O Usage Guide](#) (TN1088)
- [LatticeSC PURESPEED I/O Adaptive Input Logic User's Guide](#) (TN1158)
- [LatticeSC sysCLOCK PLL/DLL User's Guide](#) (TN1098)
- [On-Chip Memory Usage Guide for LatticeSC Devices](#) (TN1094)
- [LatticeSC/M DDR/DDR2 SDRAM Memory Interface User's Guide](#) (TN1099)
- [LatticeSC QDRII/II+ SRAM Memory Interface User's Guide](#) (TN1096)
- [LatticeSC sysCONFIG Usage Guide](#) (TN1080)
- [LatticeSC MPI/System Bus](#) (TN1085)
- [SPI Serial Flash Programming Using ispJTAG in LatticeSC Devices](#) (TN1100)
- [Power Estimation and Management for LatticeSC Devices](#) (TN1101)
- [LatticeSC SERDES Jitter](#) (TN1084)
- [LatticeSC FPGAs: Implementing 3.3V Interfaces in 2.5V VCCIO Banks](#) (TN1110)
- [Lattice PCI Express Basic Demo User's Guide](#) (UG08)
- [LatticeSC flexiPCS/SERDES Design Guide](#) (TN1145)
- [Temperature Sensing Diode in LatticeSC Devices](#) (TN1115)
- [SPI4.2 Interoperability Between ORSPI4 and LatticeSC Devices](#) (TN1116)

For further information on Interface standards refer to the following websites:

- JEDEC Standards (LVTTI, LVCMOS, SSTL, HSTL): www.jedec.org
- Optical Interface (SPI-4.2, XSBI, CSIX and XGMII): www.oiforum.com
- RAPIDIO: www.rapidio.org
- PCI/PCIX: www.pcisig.com