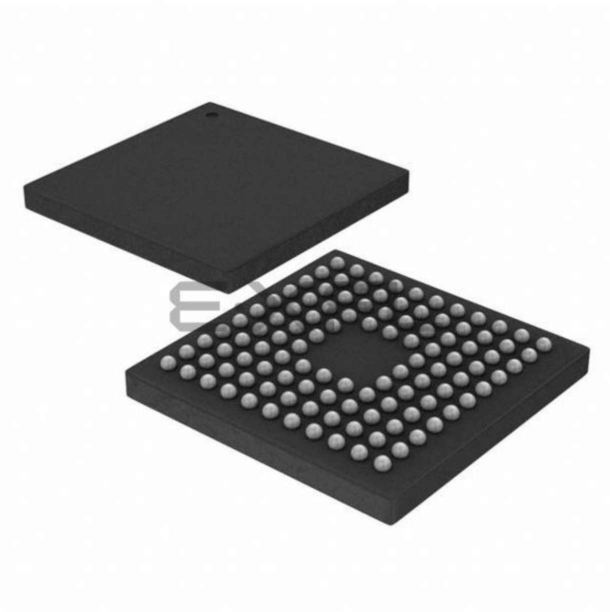
Silicon Labs - EFM32WG290F64-BGA112 Datasheet



Details	
Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	86
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	112-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	112-LFBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32wg290f64-bga112

1 Ordering Information

Table 1.1 (p. 2) shows the available EFM32WG290 devices.

Table 1.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (ºC)	Package
EFM32WG290F64-BGA112	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32WG290F128-BGA112	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32WG290F256-BGA112	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112

Visit **www.silabs.com** for information on global distributors and representatives.

2.1.11 TFT Direct Drive

The EBI contains a TFT controller which can drive a TFT via a 565 RGB interface. The TFT controller supports programmable display and port sizes and offers accurate control of frequency and setup and hold timing. Direct Drive is supported for TFT displays which do not have their own frame buffer. In that case TFT Direct Drive can transfer data from either on-chip memory or from an external memory device to the TFT at low CPU load. Automatic alpha-blending and masking is also supported for transfers through the EBI interface.

2.1.12 Inter-Integrated Circuit Interface (I2C)

The I^2C module provides an interface between the MCU and a serial I^2C-bus. It is capable of acting as both a master and a slave, and supports multi-master buses. Both standard-mode, fast-mode and fast-mode plus speeds are supported, allowing transmission rates all the way from 10 kbit/s up to 1 Mbit/s. Slave arbitration and timeouts are also provided to allow implementation of an SMBus compliant system. The interface provided to software by the I^2C module, allows both fine-grained control of the transmission process and close to automatic transfers. Automatic recognition of slave addresses is provided in all energy modes.

2.1.13 Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (US-ART)

The Universal Synchronous Asynchronous serial Receiver and Transmitter (USART) is a very flexible serial I/O module. It supports full duplex asynchronous UART communication as well as RS-485, SPI, MicroWire and 3-wire. It can also interface with ISO7816 SmartCards, IrDA and I2S devices.

2.1.14 Pre-Programmed UART Bootloader

The bootloader presented in application note AN0003 is pre-programmed in the device at factory. Auto-baud and destructive write are supported. The autobaud feature, interface and commands are described further in the application note.

2.1.15 Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)

The Universal Asynchronous serial Receiver and Transmitter (UART) is a very flexible serial I/O module. It supports full- and half-duplex asynchronous UART communication.

2.1.16 Low Energy Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (LEUART)

The unique $\text{LEUART}^{\text{TM}}$, the Low Energy UART, is a UART that allows two-way UART communication on a strict power budget. Only a 32.768 kHz clock is needed to allow UART communication up to 9600 baud/s. The LEUART includes all necessary hardware support to make asynchronous serial communication possible with minimum of software intervention and energy consumption.

2.1.17 Timer/Counter (TIMER)

The 16-bit general purpose Timer has 3 compare/capture channels for input capture and compare/Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) output. TIMER0 also includes a Dead-Time Insertion module suitable for motor control applications.

2.1.18 Real Time Counter (RTC)

The Real Time Counter (RTC) contains a 24-bit counter and is clocked either by a 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator, or a 32.768 kHz RC oscillator. In addition to energy modes EM0 and EM1, the RTC is also

2.1.27 Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSE)

The Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSE^{TM}), is a highly configurable sensor interface with support for up to 16 individually configurable sensors. By controlling the analog comparators and DAC, LESENSE is capable of supporting a wide range of sensors and measurement schemes, and can for instance measure LC sensors, resistive sensors and capacitive sensors. LESENSE also includes a programmable FSM which enables simple processing of measurement results without CPU intervention. LESENSE is available in energy mode EM2, in addition to EM0 and EM1, making it ideal for sensor monitoring in applications with a strict energy budget.

2.1.28 Backup Power Domain

The backup power domain is a separate power domain containing a Backup Real Time Counter, BURTC, and a set of retention registers, available in all energy modes. This power domain can be configured to automatically change power source to a backup battery when the main power drains out. The backup power domain enables the EFM32WG290 to keep track of time and retain data, even if the main power source should drain out.

2.1.29 Advanced Encryption Standard Accelerator (AES)

The AES accelerator performs AES encryption and decryption with 128-bit or 256-bit keys. Encrypting or decrypting one 128-bit data block takes 52 HFCORECLK cycles with 128-bit keys and 75 HFCORECLK cycles with 256-bit keys. The AES module is an AHB slave which enables efficient access to the data and key registers. All write accesses to the AES module must be 32-bit operations, i.e. 8- or 16-bit operations are not supported.

2.1.30 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

In the EFM32WG290, there are 90 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) pins, which are divided into ports with up to 16 pins each. These pins can individually be configured as either an output or input. More advanced configurations like open-drain, filtering and drive strength can also be configured individually for the pins. The GPIO pins can also be overridden by peripheral pin connections, like Timer PWM outputs or USART communication, which can be routed to several locations on the device. The GPIO supports up to 16 asynchronous external pin interrupts, which enables interrupts from any pin on the device. Also, the input value of a pin can be routed through the Peripheral Reflex System to other peripherals.

2.2 Configuration Summary

The features of the EFM32WG290 is a subset of the feature set described in the EFM32WG Reference Manual. Table 2.1 (p. 7) describes device specific implementation of the features.

Table 2.1. Configuration Summary

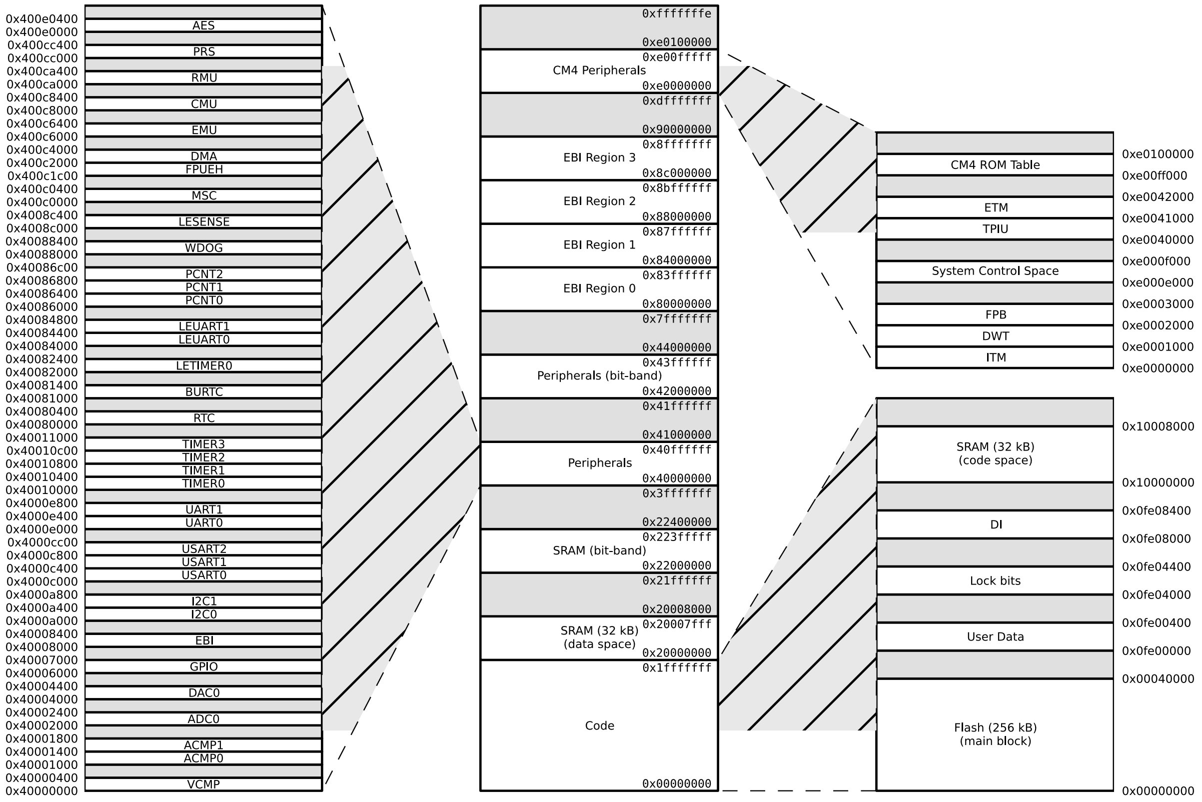
Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
Cortex-M4	Full configuration	NA
DBG	Full configuration	DBG_SWCLK, DBG_SWDIO, DBG_SWO
MSC	Full configuration	NA
DMA	Full configuration	NA
RMU	Full configuration	NA
EMU	Full configuration	NA
CMU	Full configuration	CMU_OUT0, CMU_OUT1
WDOG	Full configuration	NA

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
PRS	Full configuration	NA
EBI	Full configuration	EBI_A[27:0], EBI_AD[15:0], EBI_ARDY, EBI_ALE, EBI_BL[1:0], EBI_CS[3:0], EBI_CSTFT, EBI_DCLK, EBI_DTEN, EBI_HSNC, EBI_NANDREn, EBI_NANDWEn, EBI_REn, EBI_VSNC, EBI_WEn
I2C0	Full configuration	I2C0_SDA, I2C0_SCL
I2C1	Full configuration	I2C1_SDA, I2C1_SCL
USART0	Full configuration with IrDA	US0_TX, US0_RX. US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	Full configuration with I2S	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	Full configuration with I2S	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
UART0	Full configuration	U0_TX, U0_RX
UART1	Full configuration	U1_TX, U1_RX
LEUART0	Full configuration	LEU0_TX, LEU0_RX
LEUART1	Full configuration	LEU1_TX, LEU1_RX
TIMER0	Full configuration with DTI	TIM0_CC[2:0], TIM0_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER1	Full configuration	TIM1_CC[2:0]
TIMER2	Full configuration	TIM2_CC[2:0]
TIMER3	Full configuration	TIM3_CC[2:0]
RTC	Full configuration	NA
BURTC	Full configuration	NA
LETIMER0	Full configuration	LET0_O[1:0]
PCNT0	Full configuration, 16-bit count register	PCNT0_S[1:0]
PCNT1	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT1_S[1:0]
PCNT2	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT2_S[1:0]
ACMP0	Full configuration	ACMP0_CH[7:0], ACMP0_O
ACMP1	Full configuration	ACMP1_CH[7:0], ACMP1_O
VCMP	Full configuration	NA
ADC0	Full configuration	ADC0_CH[7:0]
DAC0	Full configuration	DAC0_OUT[1:0], DAC0_OUTxALT
OPAMP	Full configuration	Outputs: OPAMP_OUTx, OPAMP_OUTxALT, Inputs: OPAMP_Px, OPAMP_Nx
AES	Full configuration	NA
GPIO	90 pins	Available pins are shown in Table 4.3 (p. 67)

2.3 Memory Map

The *EFM32WG290* memory map is shown in Figure 2.2 (p. 9), with RAM and Flash sizes for the largest memory configuration.

Figure 2.2. EFM32WG290 Memory Map with largest RAM and Flash sizes



3 Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Test Conditions

3.1.1 Typical Values

The typical data are based on T_{AMB}=25°C and V_{DD}=3.0 V, as defined in Table 3.2 (p. 10), by simulation and/or technology characterisation unless otherwise specified.

3.1.2 Minimum and Maximum Values

The minimum and maximum values represent the worst conditions of ambient temperature, supply voltage and frequencies, as defined in Table 3.2 (p. 10), by simulation and/or technology characterisation unless otherwise specified.

3.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings, and functional operation under such conditions are not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in Table 3.1 (p. 10) may affect the device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operating conditions are given in Table 3.2 (p. 10) .

Table 3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range		-40		150[1]	°C
T_S	Maximum soldering temperature	Latest IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 Standard			260	°C
V_{DDMAX}	External main supply voltage		0		3.8	V
V_{IOPIN}	Voltage on any I/O pin		-0.3		V_{DD}+0.3	V

[1] Based on programmed devices tested for 10000 hours at 150ºC. Storage temperature affects retention of preprogrammed calibration values stored in flash. Please refer to the Flash section in the Electrical Characteristics for information on flash data retention for different temperatures.

3.3 General Operating Conditions

3.3.1 General Operating Conditions

Table 3.2. General Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{AMB}	Ambient temperature range	-40		85	°C
V_{DDOP}	Operating supply voltage	1.98		3.8	V
f_{APB}	Internal APB clock frequency			48	MHz
f_{AHB}	Internal AHB clock frequency			48	MHz

3.3.2 Environmental

Table 3.3. Environmental

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{ESDHBM}	ESD (Human Body Model HBM)	T_{AMB}=25°C			2500	V
V_{ESDCDM}	ESD (Charged Device Model, CDM)	T_{AMB}=25°C			750	V

Latch-up sensitivity passed: ±100 mA/1.5 × V_{SUPPLY}(max) according to JEDEC JESD 78 method Class II, 85°C.

3.4 Current Consumption

Table 3.4. Current Consumption

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{EM0}	EM0 current. No prescaling. Running prime number calculation code from Flash. (Production test condition = 14 MHz)	48 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C		225	236	µA/ MHz
		48 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=85°C		225		µA/ MHz
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C		226	238	µA/ MHz
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=85°C		227		µA/ MHz
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C		228	240	µA/ MHz
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=85°C		229		µA/ MHz
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C		230	243	µA/ MHz
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=85°C		231		µA/ MHz
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C		232	245	µA/ MHz
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=85°C		233		µA/ MHz
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C		238	250	µA/ MHz
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=85°C		238		µA/ MHz

Figure 3.5. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 11MHz

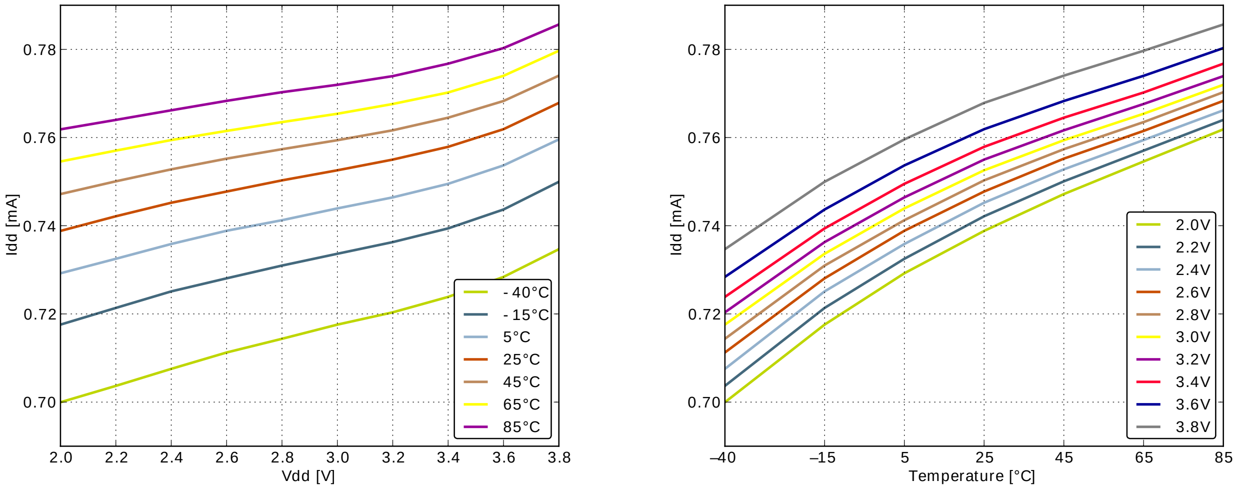
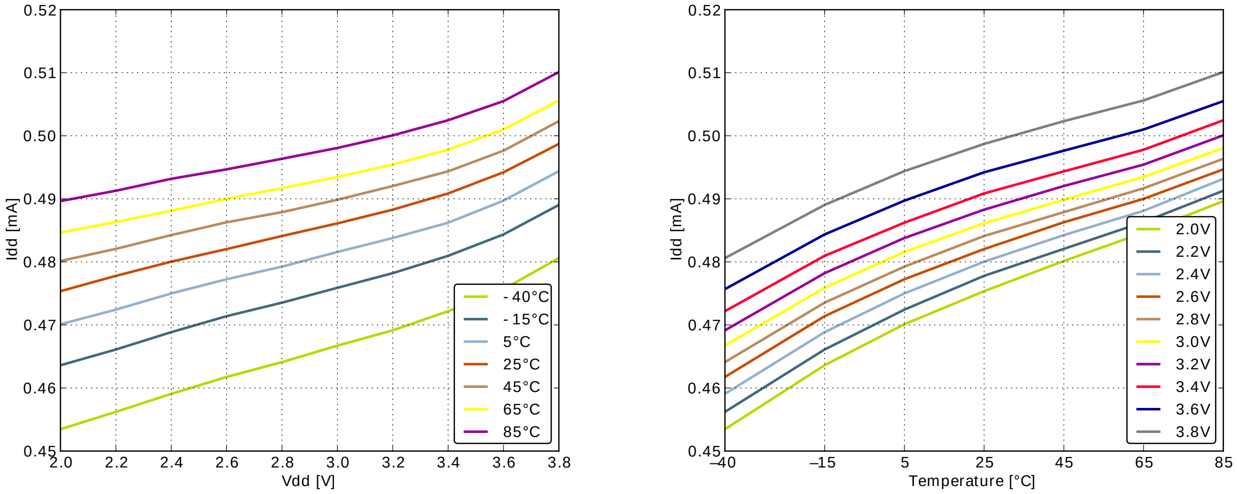


Figure 3.6. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 6.6MHz



3.6 Power Management

The EFM32WG requires the AVDD_x, VDD_DREG and IOVDD_x pins to be connected together (with optional filter) at the PCB level. For practical schematic recommendations, please see the application note, "AN0002 EFM32 Hardware Design Considerations".

Table 3.6. Power Management

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{BODextthr-}$	BOD threshold on falling external supply voltage		1.74		1.96	V
$V_{BODextthr+}$	BOD threshold on rising external supply voltage			1.85	1.98	V
$V_{PORthr+}$	Power-on Reset (POR) threshold on rising external supply voltage				1.98	V
t_{RESET}	Delay from reset is released until program execution starts	Applies to Power-on Reset, Brown-out Reset and pin reset.		163		µs
$C_{DECOUPLE}$	Voltage regulator decoupling capacitor.	X5R capacitor recommended. Apply between DECOUPLE pin and GROUND		1		µF

3.7 Flash

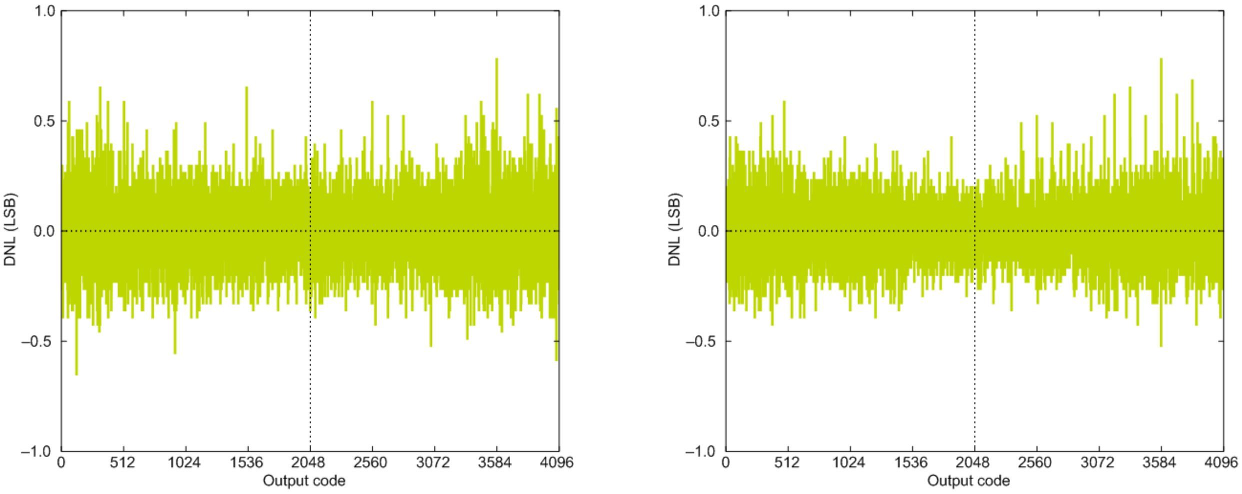
Table 3.7. Flash

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
EC_{FLASH}	Flash erase cycles before failure		20000			cycles
RET_{FLASH}	Flash data retention	T_{AMB}<150°C	10000			h
		T_{AMB}<85°C	10			years
		T_{AMB}<70°C	20			years
t_{W_PROG}	Word (32-bit) programming time		20			µs
t_{PERASE}	Page erase time		20	20.4	20.8	ms
t_{DERASE}	Device erase time		40	40.8	41.6	ms
I_{ERASE}	Erase current				7[1]	mA
I_{WRITE}	Write current				7[1]	mA
V_{FLASH}	Supply voltage during flash erase and write		1.98		3.8	V

[1] Measured at 25°C

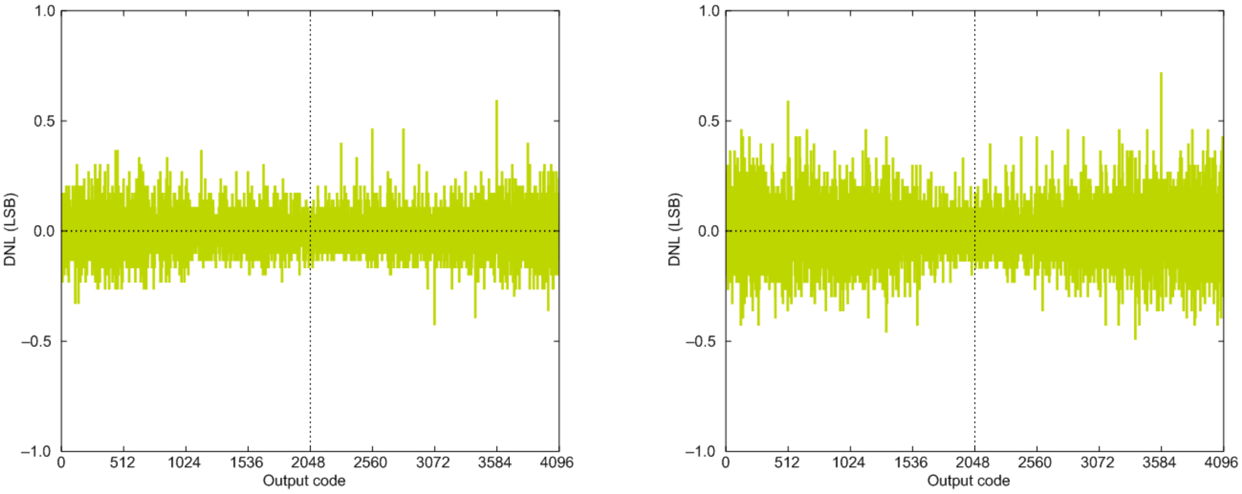
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		Sinking 20 mA, V_{DD}=3.0 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH			0.25V_{DD}	V
I_{IOLEAK}	Input leakage current	High Impedance IO connected to GROUND or Vdd		±0.1	±100	nA
R_{PU}	I/O pin pull-up resistor			40		kOhm
R_{PD}	I/O pin pull-down resistor			40		kOhm
R_{IOESD}	Internal ESD series resistor			200		Ohm
$t_{IOGLITCH}$	Pulse width of pulses to be removed by the glitch suppression filter		10		50	ns
t_{IOOF}	Output fall time	GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST and load capacitance C_L=12.5-25pF.	20+0.1C_L		250	ns
		GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW and load capacitance C_L=350-600pF	20+0.1C_L		250	ns
V_{IOHYST}	I/O pin hysteresis (V_{IOTHR+} - V_{IOTHR-})	V_{DD} = 1.98 - 3.8 V	0.10V_{DD}			V

Figure 3.28. ***ADC Differential Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C***



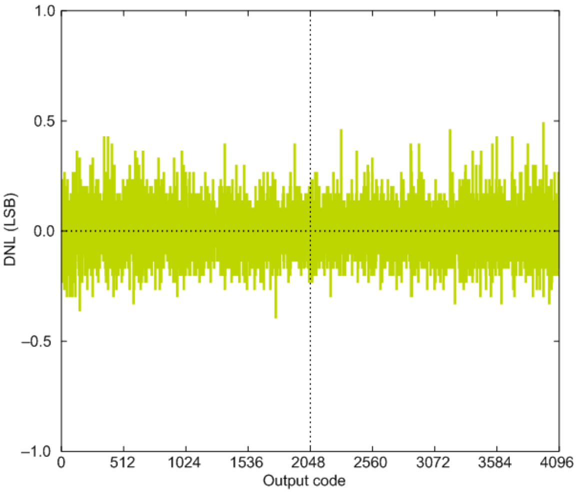
1.25V Reference

2.5V Reference



2XVDDVSS Reference

5VDIFF Reference



VDD Reference

Figure 3.34. OPAMP Negative Power Supply Rejection Ratio

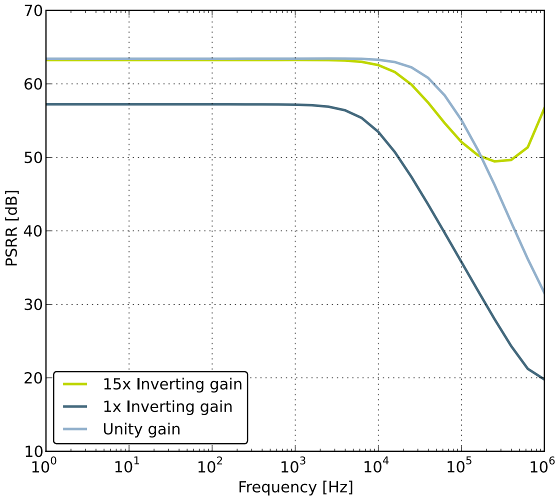


Figure 3.35. OPAMP Voltage Noise Spectral Density (Unity Gain) V_{out}=1V

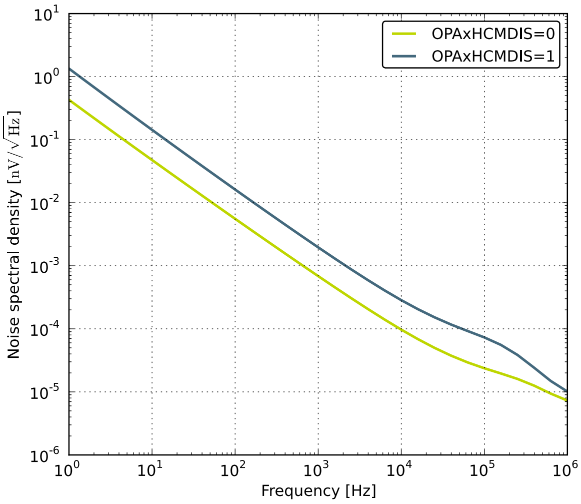
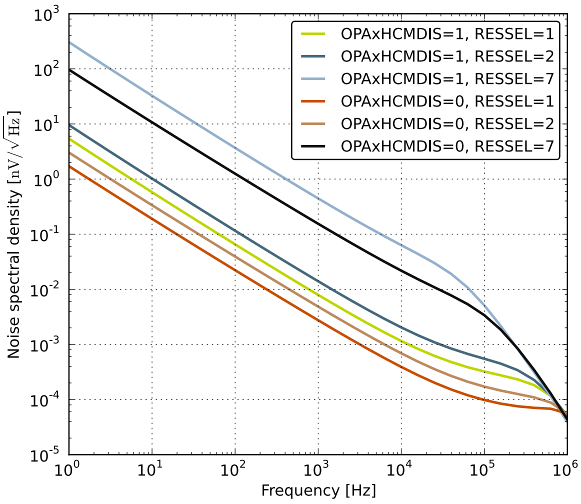


Figure 3.36. OPAMP Voltage Noise Spectral Density (Non-Unity Gain)



4 Pinout and Package

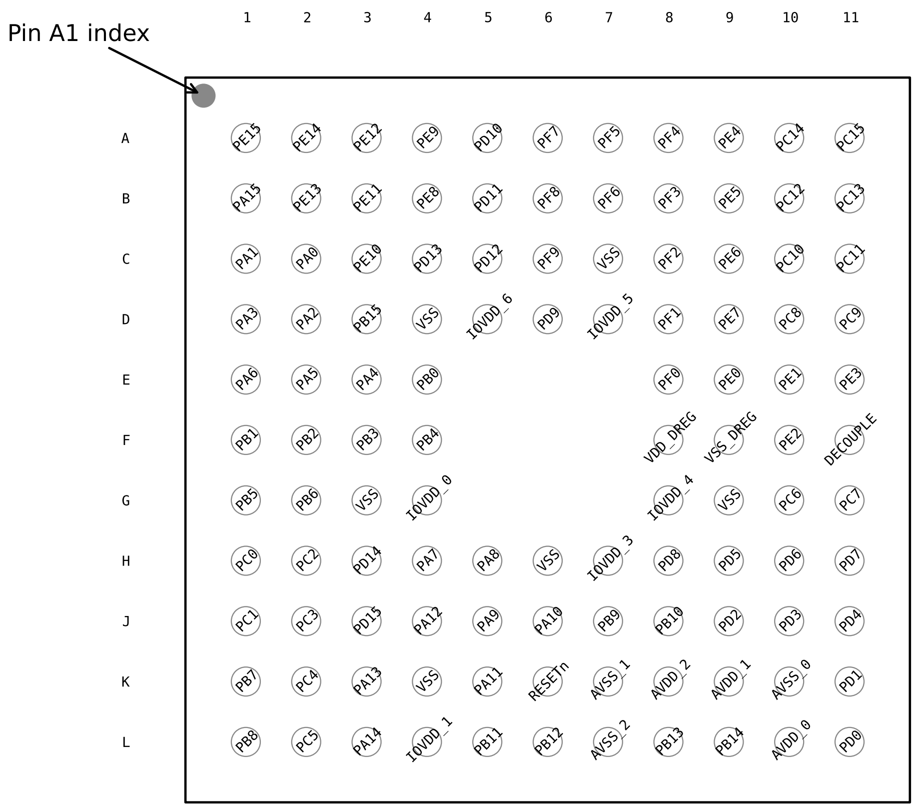
Note

Please refer to the application note "AN0002 EFM32 Hardware Design Considerations" for guidelines on designing Printed Circuit Boards (PCB's) for the EFM32WG290.

4.1 Pinout

The *EFM32WG290* pinout is shown in Figure 4.1 (p. 57) and Table 4.1 (p. 57). Alternate locations are denoted by "#" followed by the location number (Multiple locations on the same pin are split with "/"). Alternate locations can be configured in the LOCATION bitfield in the *_ROUTE register in the module in question.

Figure 4.1. EFM32WG290 Pinout (top view, not to scale)



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	PE15	PE14	PE12	PE9	PD10	PF7	PF5	PF4	PE4	PC14	PC15
B	PA15	PE13	PE11	PE8	PD11	PF8	PF6	PF3	PE5	PC12	PC13
C	PA1	PA0	PE10	PD13	PD12	PF9	VSS	PF2	PE6	PC10	PC11
D	PA3	PA2	PB15	VSS	IOVDD_6	PD9	IOVDD_5	PF1	PE7	PC8	PC9
E	PA6	PA5	PA4	PB0				PF0	PE0	PE1	PE3
F	PB1	PB2	PB3	PB4				VDD_DREG	VSS_DREG	PE2	DECOUPLE
G	PB5	PB6	VSS	IOVDD_0				IOVDD_4	VSS	PC6	PC7
H	PC0	PC2	PD14	PA7	PA8	VSS	IOVDD_3	PD8	PD5	PD6	PD7
J	PC1	PC3	PD15	PA12	PA9	PA10	PB9	PB10	PD2	PD3	PD4
K	PB7	PC4	PA13	VSS	PA11	RESETn	AVSS_1	AVDD_2	AVDD_1	AVSS_0	PD1
L	PB8	PC5	PA14	IOVDD_1	PB11	PB12	AVSS_2	PB13	PB14	AVDD_0	PD0

Table 4.1. Device Pinout

BGA112 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
A1	PE15		EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
A2	PE14		EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
A3	PE12		EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0

BGA112 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
						ETM_TD1 #3
D2	PA2		EBI_AD11 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #0/1		CMU_CLK0 #0 ETM_TD0 #3
D3	PB15					ETM_TD2 #1
D4	VSS	Ground				
D5	IOVDD_6	Digital IO power supply 6.				
D6	PD9		EBI_CS0 #0/1/2			
D7	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.				
D8	PF1			TIM0_CC1 #5 LETIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
D9	PE7		EBI_A14 #0/1/2		US0_TX #1	
D10	PC8	ACMP1_CH0	EBI_A15 #0/1/2	TIM2_CC0 #2	US0_CS #2	LES_CH8 #0
D11	PC9	ACMP1_CH1	EBI_A09 #1/2	TIM2_CC1 #2	US0_CLK #2	LES_CH9 #0 GPIO_EM4WU2
E1	PA6		EBI_AD15 #0/1/2		LEU1_RX #1	ETM_TCLK #3 GPIO_EM4WU1
E2	PA5		EBI_AD14 #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #0	LEU1_TX #1	LES_ALTEX4 #0 ETM_TD3 #3
E3	PA4		EBI_AD13 #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI1 #0	U0_RX #2	LES_ALTEX3 #0 ETM_TD2 #3
E4	PB0		EBI_A16 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #2		
E8	PF0			TIM0_CC0 #5 LETIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
E9	PE0		EBI_A07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #1 PCNT0_S0IN #1	U0_TX #1 I2C1_SDA #2	
E10	PE1		EBI_A08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #1 PCNT0_S1IN #1	U0_RX #1 I2C1_SCL #2	
E11	PE3	BU_STAT	EBI_A10 #0		U1_RX #3	ACMP1_O #1
F1	PB1		EBI_A17 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #2		
F2	PB2		EBI_A18 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #2		
F3	PB3		EBI_A19 #0/1/2	PCNT1_S0IN #1	US2_TX #1	
F4	PB4		EBI_A20 #0/1/2	PCNT1_S1IN #1	US2_RX #1	
F8	VDD_DREG	Power supply for on-chip voltage regulator.				
F9	VSS_DREG	Ground for on-chip voltage regulator.				
F10	PE2	BU_VOUT	EBI_A09 #0	TIM3_CC2 #1	U1_TX #3	ACMP0_O #1
F11	DECOUPLE	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external capacitance of size $C_{DECOUPLE}$ is required at this pin.				
G1	PB5		EBI_A21 #0/1/2		US2_CLK #1	
G2	PB6		EBI_A22 #0/1/2		US2_CS #1	
G3	VSS	Ground				
G4	IOVDD_0	Digital IO power supply 0.				
G8	IOVDD_4	Digital IO power supply 4.				
G9	VSS	Ground				
G10	PC6	ACMP0_CH6	EBI_A05 #0/1/2		LEU1_TX #0 I2C0_SDA #2	LES_CH6 #0 ETM_TCLK #2

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
LETIM0_OUT1	PD7	PB12	PF1	PC5				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PE15	PF1	PA0			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX	PD4	PB13	PE14	PF0	PF2			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LEU1_RX	PC7	PA6						LEUART1 Receive input.
LEU1_TX	PC6	PA5						LEUART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN	PC13	PE0	PC0	PD6				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	PC14	PE1	PC1	PD7				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PCNT1_S0IN	PC4	PB3						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 0.
PCNT1_S1IN	PC5	PB4						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 1.
PCNT2_S0IN	PD0	PE8						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 0.
PCNT2_S1IN	PD1	PE9						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	PA0	PF3						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.
PRS_CH1	PA1	PF4						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 1.
PRS_CH2	PC0	PF5						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 2.
PRS_CH3	PC1	PE8						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 3.
TIM0_CC0	PA0	PA0	PF6	PD1	PA0	PF0		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM0_CC1	PA1	PA1	PF7	PD2	PC0	PF1		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM0_CC2	PA2	PA2	PF8	PD3	PC1	PF2		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM0_CDTI0	PA3	PC13	PF3	PC13	PC2	PF3		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM0_CDTI1	PA4	PC14	PF4	PC14	PC3	PF4		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM0_CDTI2	PA5	PC15	PF5	PC15	PC4	PF5		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM1_CC0	PC13	PE10	PB0	PB7	PD6			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM1_CC1	PC14	PE11	PB1	PB8	PD7			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM1_CC2	PC15	PE12	PB2	PB11	PC13			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM2_CC0	PA8	PA12	PC8					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM2_CC1	PA9	PA13	PC9					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM2_CC2	PA10	PA14	PC10					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM3_CC0	PE14	PE0						Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM3_CC1	PE15	PE1						Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM3_CC2	PA15	PE2						Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
U0_RX	PF7	PE1	PA4	PC15				UART0 Receive input.
U0_TX	PF6	PE0	PA3	PC14				UART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
U1_RX	PC13		PB10	PE3				UART1 Receive input.
U1_TX	PC12		PB9	PE2				UART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
US0_CLK	PE12	PE5	PC9	PC15	PB13	PB13		USART0 clock input / output.
US0_CS	PE13	PE4	PC8	PC14	PB14	PB14		USART0 chip select input / output.
US0_RX	PE11	PE6	PC10	PE12	PB8	PC1		USART0 Asynchronous Receive.

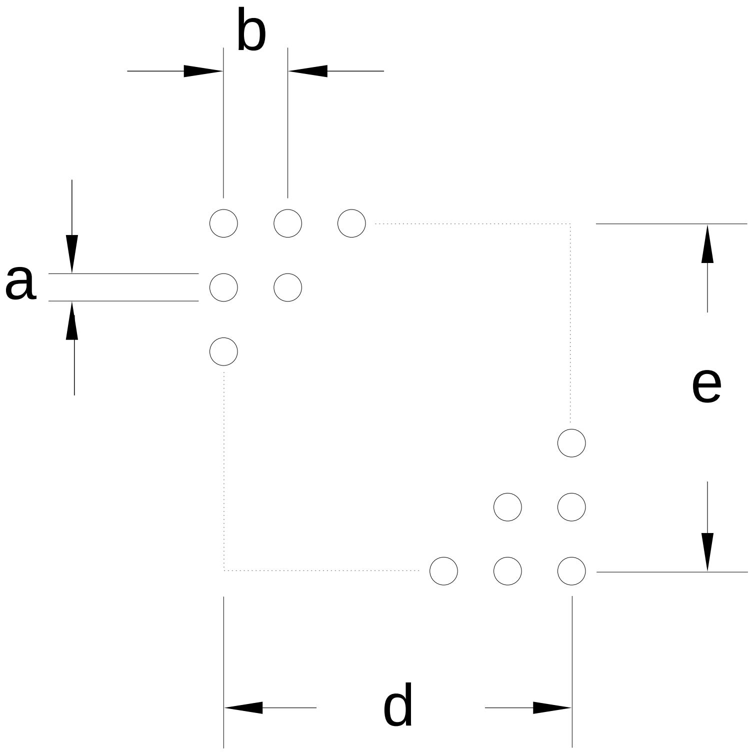


Figure 5.2. BGA112 PCB Solder Mask

Table 5.2. BGA112 PCB Solder Mask Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)

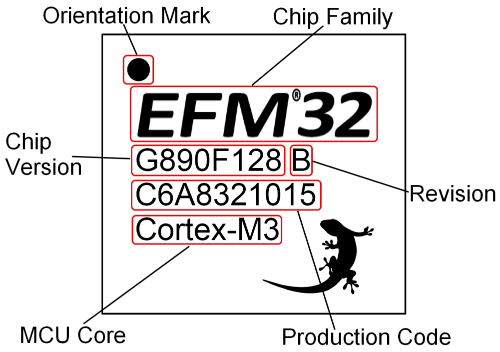
Symbol	Dim. (mm)
a	0.48
b	0.80
d	8.00
e	8.00

6 Chip Marking, Revision and Errata

6.1 Chip Marking

In the illustration below package fields and position are shown.

Figure 6.1. Example Chip Marking (top view)



6.2 Revision

The revision of a chip can be determined from the "Revision" field in Figure 6.1 (p. 73) .

6.3 Errata

Please see the errata document for EFM32WG290 for description and resolution of device erratas. This document is available in Simplicity Studio and online at:
http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/document-library.aspx?p=MCUs--32-bit

7 Revision History

7.1 Revision 1.40

June 13th, 2014

Removed "Preliminary" markings.

Corrected single power supply voltage minimum value from 1.85V to 1.98V.

Added AUXHFRCO to blockdiagram and electrical characteristics.

Updated current consumption data.

Updated transition between energy modes data.

Updated power management data.

Updated GPIO data.

Updated LFRCO, HFRCO and ULFRCO data.

Updated ADC data.

Updated DAC data.

Updated OPAMP data.

Updated ACMP data.

Updated VCMP data.

Added EBI timing chapter.

7.2 Revision 1.31

November 21st, 2013

Updated figures.

Updated errata-link.

Updated chip marking.

Added link to Environmental and Quality information.

Re-added missing DAC-data.

7.3 Revision 1.30

September 30th, 2013

Added I2C characterization data.

Added SPI characterization data.

Corrected the DAC and OPAMP2 pin sharing information in the Alternate Functionality Pinout section.

Corrected the ADC resolution from 12, 10 and 6 bit to 12, 8 and 6 bit.

B Contact Information

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Austin, TX 78701

Please visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page:
http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/contacttechnicalsupport.aspx
and register to submit a technical support request.

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