



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

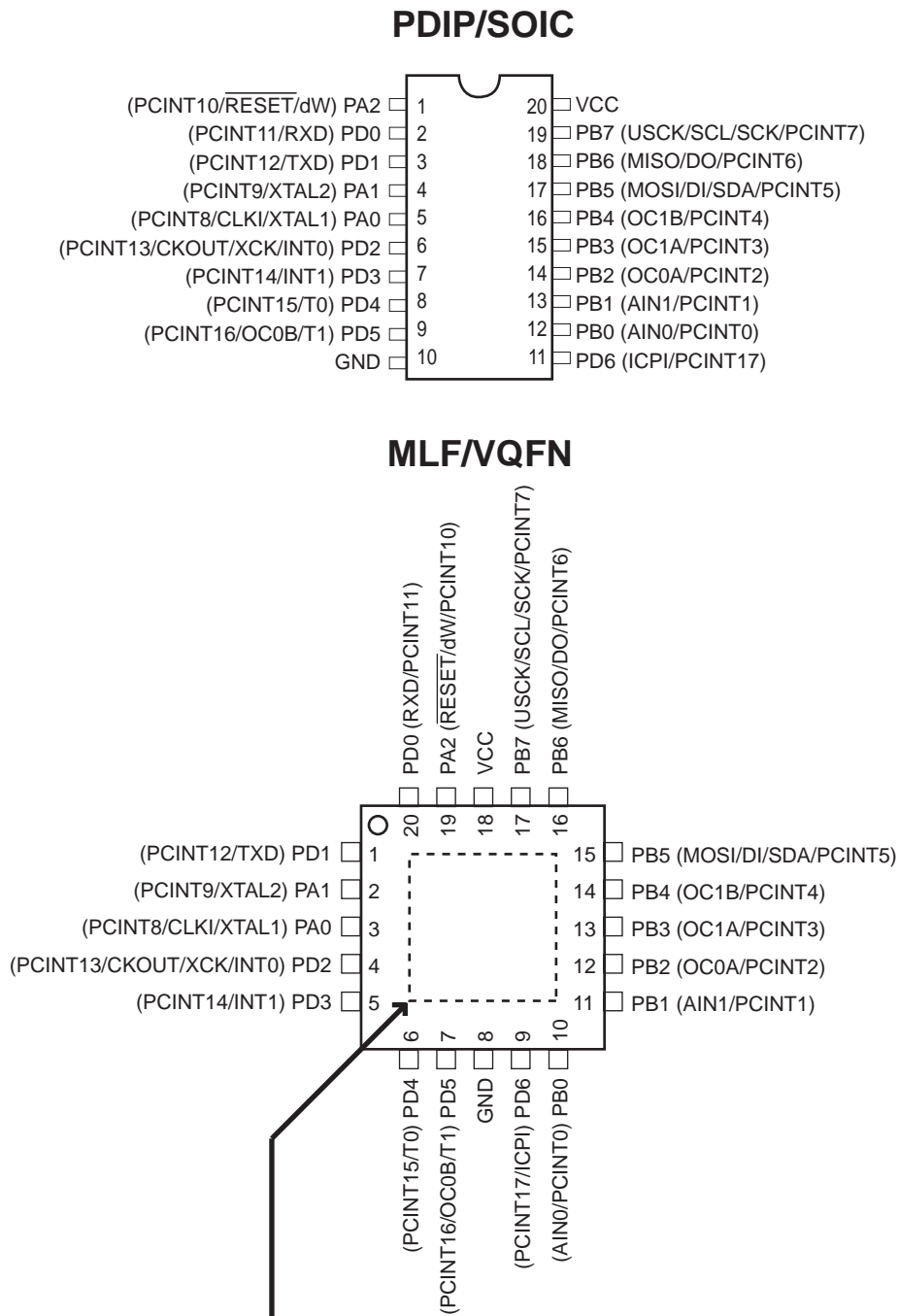
### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	AVR
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	18
Program Memory Size	4KB (2K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	256 x 8
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	20-QFN-EP (4x4)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/attiny4313-mu">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/attiny4313-mu</a>

## 1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. Pinout ATtiny2313A/4313



## 1.1 Pin Descriptions

### 1.1.1 VCC

Digital supply voltage.

### 1.1.2 GND

Ground.

### 1.1.3 Port A (PA2..PA0)

Port A is a 3-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability, except PA2 which has the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  capability. To use pin PA2 as I/O pin, instead of RESET pin, program ("0") RSTDISBL fuse. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny2313A/4313 as listed on [page 61](#).

### 1.1.4 Port B (PB7..PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny2313A/4313 as listed on [page 62](#).

### 1.1.5 Port D (PD6..PD0)

Port D is a 7-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny2313A/4313 as listed on [page 66](#).

### 1.1.6 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running and provided that the reset pin has not been disabled. The minimum pulse length is given in [Table 22-3 on page 201](#). Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset. The Reset Input is an alternate function for PA2 and dW.

The reset pin can also be used as a (weak) I/O pin.

### 1.1.7 XTAL1

Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit. XTAL1 is an alternate function for PA0.



#### 1.1.8 XTAL2

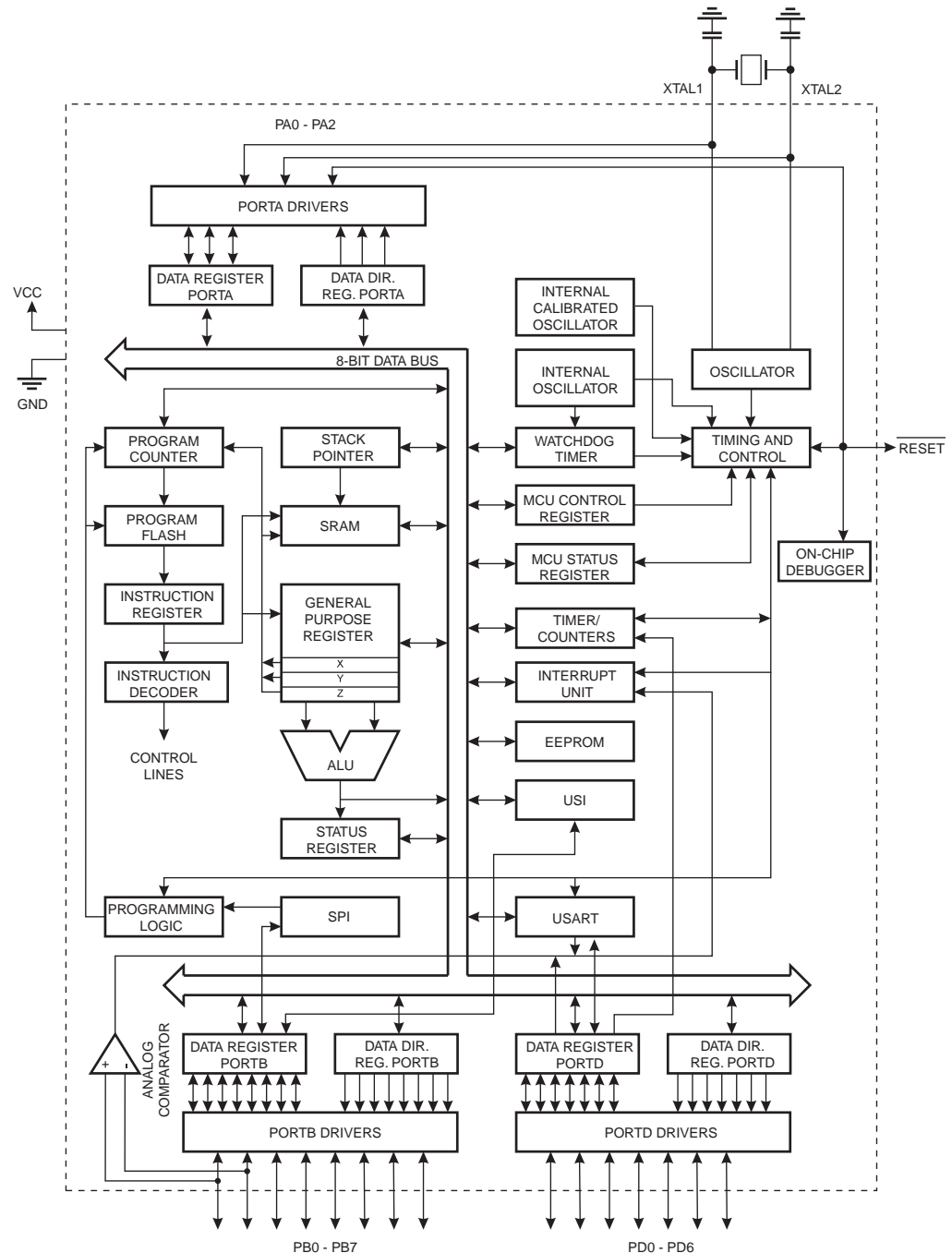
Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier. XTAL2 is an alternate function for PA1.

## 2. Overview

The ATtiny2313A/4313 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATtiny2313A/4313 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

### 2.1 Block Diagram

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram



The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATtiny2313A/4313 provides the following features: 2/4K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash, 128/256 bytes EEPROM, 128/256 bytes SRAM, 18 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, a single-wire Interface for On-chip Debugging, two flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes, internal and external interrupts, a serial programmable USART, Universal Serial Interface with Start Condition Detector, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal Oscillator, and three software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or hardware reset. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low-power consumption.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, or by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATtiny2313A/4313 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATtiny2313A/4313 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro Assemblers, Program Debugger/Simulators, In-Circuit Emulators, and Evaluation kits.

## 2.2 Comparison Between ATtiny2313A and ATtiny4313

The ATtiny2313A and ATtiny4313 differ only in memory sizes. [Table 2-1](#) summarizes the different memory sizes for the two devices.

**Table 2-1.** Memory Size Summary

Device	Flash	EEPROM	RAM
ATtiny2313A	2K Bytes	128 Bytes	128 Bytes
ATtiny4313	4K Bytes	256 Bytes	256 Bytes

## **3. About**

### **3.1 Resources**

A comprehensive set of drivers, application notes, data sheets and descriptions on development tools are available for download at <http://www.atmel.com/avr>.

### **3.2 Code Examples**

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

For I/O Registers located in the extended I/O map, “IN”, “OUT”, “SBIS”, “SBIC”, “CBI”, and “SBI” instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically, this means “LDS” and “STS” combined with “SBR”, “SBRC”, “SBR”, and “CBR”. Note that not all AVR devices include an extended I/O map.

### **3.3 Data Retention**

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

## 4. Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	9
0x3E (0x5E)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	12
0x3C (0x5C)	OCR0B	Timer/Counter0 – Compare Register B								85
0x3B (0x5B)	GIMSK	INT1	INT0	PCIE0	PCIE2	PCIE1	–	–	–	50
0x3A (0x5A)	GIFR	INTF1	INTF0	PCIF0	PCIF2	PCIF1	–	–	–	51
0x39 (0x59)	TIMSK	TOIE1	OCIE1A	OCIE1B	–	ICIE1	OCIE0B	TOIE0	OCIE0A	86, 115
0x38 (0x58)	TIFR	TOV1	OCF1A	OCF1B	–	ICF1	OCF0B	TOV0	OCF0A	86, 115
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	–	–	RSIG	CTPB	RFLB	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	175
0x36 (0x56)	OCR0A	Timer/Counter0 – Compare Register A								85
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	PUD	SM1	SE	SM0	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	36, 50, 68
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	–	–	–	–	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	44
0x33 (0x53)	TCCR0B	FOC0A	FOC0B	–	–	WGM02	CS02	CS01	CS00	84
0x32 (0x52)	TCNT0	Timer/Counter0 (8-bit)								85
0x31 (0x51)	OSCCAL	–	CAL6	CAL5	CAL4	CAL3	CAL2	CAL1	CAL0	31
0x30 (0x50)	TCCR0A	COM0A1	COM0A0	COM0B1	COM0B0	–	–	WGM01	WGM00	81
0x2F (0x4F)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	–	–	WGM11	WGM10	110
0x2E (0x4E)	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1	–	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	112
0x2D (0x4D)	TCNT1H	Timer/Counter1 – Counter Register High Byte								114
0x2C (0x4C)	TCNT1L	Timer/Counter1 – Counter Register Low Byte								114
0x2B (0x4B)	OCR1AH	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register A High Byte								114
0x2A (0x4A)	OCR1AL	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register A Low Byte								114
0x29 (0x49)	OCR1BH	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register B High Byte								114
0x28 (0x48)	OCR1BL	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register B Low Byte								114
0x27 (0x47)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x26 (0x46)	CLKPR	CLKPCE	–	–	–	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	31
0x25 (0x45)	ICR1H	Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register High Byte								114
0x24 (0x44)	ICR1L	Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register Low Byte								114
0x23 (0x43)	GTCCR	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	PSR10	118
0x22 (0x42)	TCCR1C	FOC1A	FOC1B	–	–	–	–	–	–	113
0x21 (0x41)	WDTCR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	44
0x20 (0x40)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	53
0x1F (0x3F)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x1E (0x3E)	EEAR	–	EEPROM Address Register							23
0x1D (0x3D)	EEDR	EEPROM Data Register								23
0x1C (0x3C)	EEDR	–	–	EEP1	EEP0	EERIE	EEMPE	EEPE	EERE	23
0x1B (0x3B)	PORTA	–	–	–	–	–	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	68
0x1A (0x3A)	DDRA	–	–	–	–	–	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	68
0x19 (0x39)	PINA	–	–	–	–	–	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	69
0x18 (0x38)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	69
0x17 (0x37)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	69
0x16 (0x36)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	69
0x15 (0x35)	GPOR2	General Purpose I/O Register 2								24
0x14 (0x34)	GPOR1	General Purpose I/O Register 1								24
0x13 (0x33)	GPOR0	General Purpose I/O Register 0								24
0x12 (0x32)	PORTD	–	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	69
0x11 (0x31)	DDRD	–	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	69
0x10 (0x30)	PIND	–	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	69
0x0F (0x2F)	USIDR	USI Data Register								165
0x0E (0x2E)	USISR	USISIF	USIOIF	USIPF	USIDC	USICNT3	USICNT2	USICNT1	USICNT0	164
0x0D (0x2D)	USICR	USISIE	USIOIE	USIWM1	USIWM0	USICS1	USICS0	USICLK	USITC	162
0x0C (0x2C)	UDR	UART Data Register (8-bit)								136
0x0B (0x2B)	UCSRA	RXC	TXC	UDRE	FE	DOR	UPE	U2X	MPCM	137
0x0A (0x2A)	UCSRB	RXCIE	TXCIE	UDRIE	RXEN	TXEN	UCSZ2	RXB8	TXB8	138
0x09 (0x29)	UBRRH	UBRRH[7:0]								140
0x08 (0x28)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	167
0x07 (0x27)	BODCR	–	–	–	–	–	–	BODS	BODSE	37
0x06 (0x26)	PRR	–	–	–	–	PRTIM1	PRTIM0	PRUSI	PRUSART	36
0x05 (0x25)	PCMSK2	–	PCINT17	PCINT16	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	52
0x04 (0x24)	PCMSK1	–	–	–	–	–	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	52
0x03 (0x23)	UCSRC	UMSEL1	UMSEL0	UPM1	UPM0	USBS	UCSZ1	UCSZ0	UCPOL	139
0x02 (0x22)	UBRRH	–	–	–	–	UBRRH[11:8]				140
0x01 (0x21)	DIDR	–	–	–	–	–	–	AIN1D	AIN0D	168
0x00 (0x20)	USIBR	USI Buffer Register								166



- Notes:
1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
  2. I/O Registers within the address range 0x00 - 0x1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
  3. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that, unlike most other AVRs, the CBI and SBI instructions will only operate on the specified bit, and can therefore be used on registers containing such status flags. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
  4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses 0x00 - 0x3F must be used. When addressing I/O Registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, 0x20 must be added to these addresses.

## 5. Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
<b>ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	RdI,K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl + K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	RdI,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
<b>BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	2
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	3
RET		Subroutine Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	I	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	$Rd - Rr$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	$Rd - Rr - C$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	$Rd - K$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRs	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (P(b)=1) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if (Z = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if (Z = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N $\oplus$ V = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N $\oplus$ V = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if (T = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if (T = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
<b>BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 1$	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 0$	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0) \leftarrow C, Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), C \leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V	1

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	$Rd(7) \leftarrow C, Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), C \leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=0..6$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	$Rd(3..0) \leftarrow Rd(7..4), Rd(7..4) \leftarrow Rd(3..0)$	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 1$	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$	T	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	$Rd(b) \leftarrow T$	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	$C \leftarrow 1$	C	1
CLC		Clear Carry	$C \leftarrow 0$	C	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	$N \leftarrow 1$	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	$N \leftarrow 0$	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	$Z \leftarrow 1$	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	$Z \leftarrow 0$	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	$I \leftarrow 1$	I	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	$I \leftarrow 0$	I	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	$S \leftarrow 1$	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	$S \leftarrow 0$	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow	$V \leftarrow 1$	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	$V \leftarrow 0$	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	$T \leftarrow 1$	T	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	$T \leftarrow 0$	T	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	$H \leftarrow 1$	H	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	$H \leftarrow 0$	H	1
<b>DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	$Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow K$	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	$Rd \leftarrow (k)$	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	$(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
ST	-X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
ST	-Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Y+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Y + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1, (Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	$(k) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	$R0 \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	$(Z) \leftarrow R1:R0$	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	$Rd \leftarrow P$	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	$P \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	$STACK \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	$Rd \leftarrow STACK$	None	2
<b>MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A

## 6. Ordering Information

### 6.1 ATtiny2313A

Speed (MHz) <sup>(1)</sup>	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature Range	Package <sup>(2)</sup>	Ordering Code <sup>(3)</sup>
20	1.8 – 5.5	Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) <sup>(4)</sup>	20P3	ATtiny2313A-PU
			20S	ATtiny2313A-SU
				ATtiny2313A-SUR
			20M1	ATtiny2313A-MU
				ATtiny2313A-MUR
			20M2 <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	ATtiny2313A-MMH
				ATtiny2313A-MMHR

- Notes:
- For speed vs. supply voltage, see section [22.3 "Speed" on page 199](#).
  - All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green, and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).
  - Code indicators:
    - H: NiPdAu lead finish
    - U or N: matte tin
    - R: tape & reel
  - Can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for ordering information and minimum quantities.
  - NiPdAu finish
  - Topside markings :
    - 1st Line: T2313
    - 2nd Line: Axx
    - 3rd Line: xxx

Package Type	
<b>20P3</b>	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
<b>20S</b>	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)
<b>20M1</b>	20-pad, 4 x 4 x 0.8 mm Body, Quad Flat No-Lead / Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)
<b>20M2</b>	20-pad, 3 x 3 x 0.85 mm Body, Very Thin Quad Flat No Lead Package (VQFN)

## 6.2 ATtiny4313

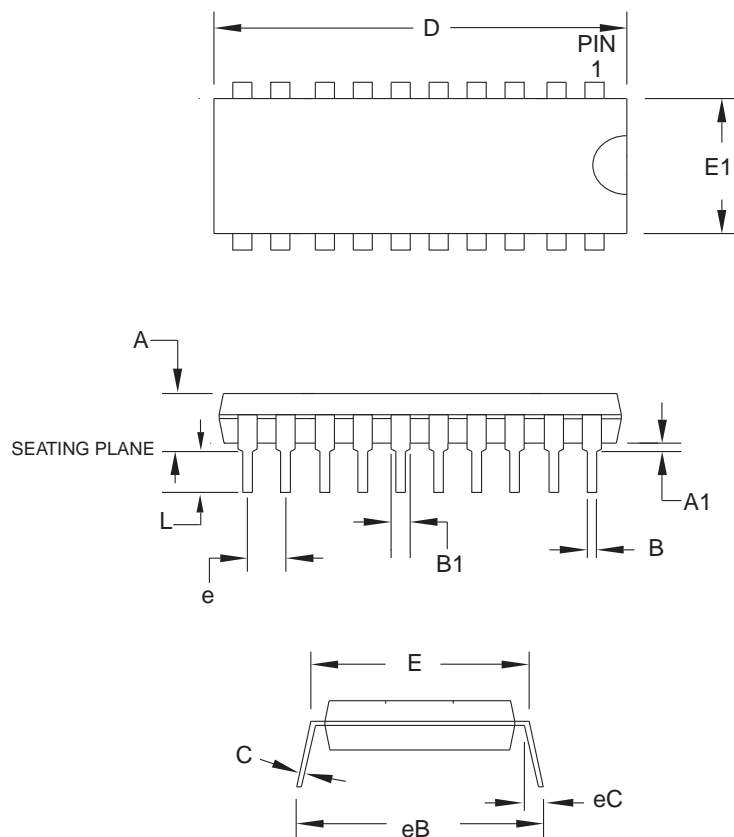
Speed (MHz) <sup>(1)</sup>	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature Range	Package <sup>(2)</sup>	Ordering Code <sup>(3)</sup>
20	1.8 – 5.5	Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) <sup>(4)</sup>	20P3	ATtiny4313-PU
			20S	ATtiny4313-SU
				ATtiny4313-SUR
			20M1	ATtiny4313-MU
				ATtiny4313-MUR
			20M2 <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	ATtiny4313-MMH
				ATtiny4313-MMHR

- Notes:
- For speed vs. supply voltage, see section [22.3 “Speed” on page 199](#).
  - All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green, and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).
  - Code indicators:
    - H: NiPdAu lead finish
    - U or N: matte tin
    - R: tape & reel
  - Can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for ordering information and minimum quantities.
  - NiPdAu finish
  - Topside markings:
    - 1st Line: T4313
    - 2nd Line: Axx
    - 3rd Line: xxx

Package Type	
<b>20P3</b>	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
<b>20S</b>	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)
<b>20M1</b>	20-pad, 4 x 4 x 0.8 mm Body, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)
<b>20M2</b>	20-pad, 3 x 3 x 0.85 mm Body, Very Thin Quad Flat No Lead Package (VQFN)

## 7. Packaging Information

### 7.1 20P3



**COMMON DIMENSIONS**  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	5.334	
A1	0.381	–	–	
D	25.493	–	25.984	Note 2
E	7.620	–	8.255	
E1	6.096	–	7.112	Note 2
B	0.356	–	0.559	
B1	1.270	–	1.551	
L	2.921	–	3.810	
C	0.203	–	0.356	
eB	–	–	10.922	
eC	0.000	–	1.524	
e	2.540 TYP			

**Notes:**

1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-001, Variation AD.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold Flash or Protrusion.  
Mold Flash or Protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 mm (0.010").

2010-10-19



2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131

**TITLE**

**20P3**, 20-lead (0.300"/7.62 mm Wide) Plastic Dual  
Inline Package (PDIP)

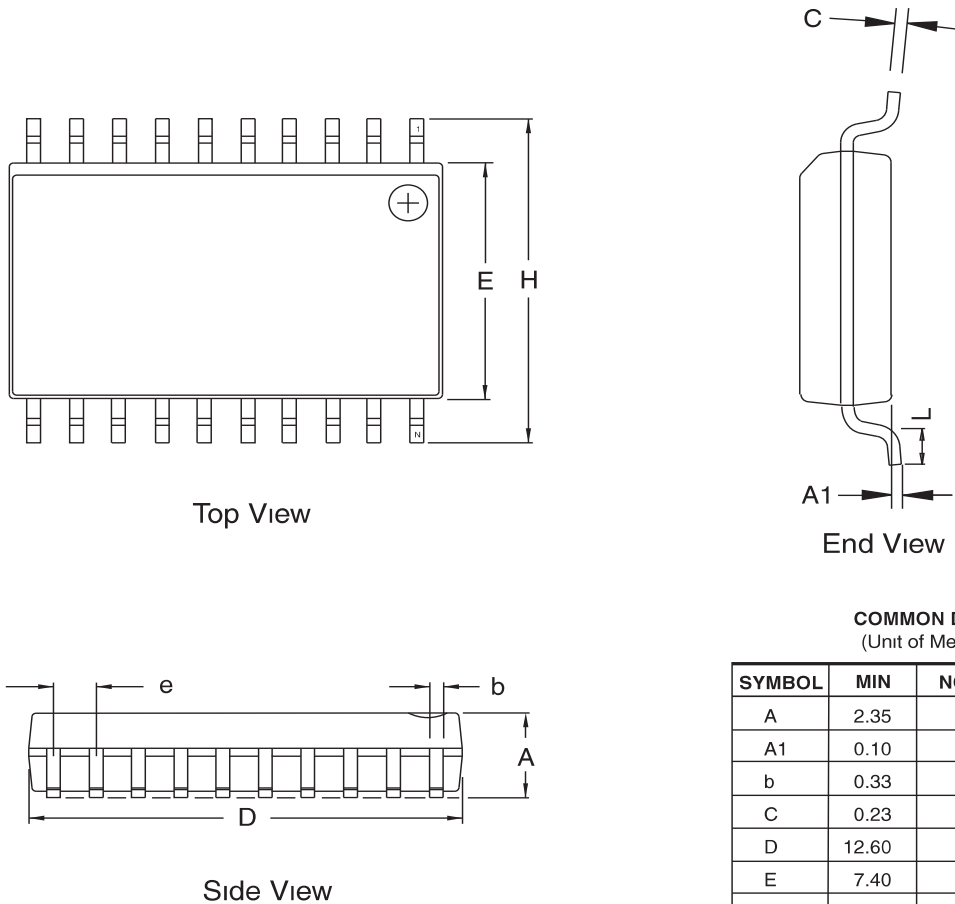
**DRAWING NO.**

20P3

**REV.**

D

## 7.2 20S



**COMMON DIMENSIONS**  
(Unit of Measure – mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	2.35		2.65	
A1	0.10		0.30	
b	0.33		0.51	4
C	0.23		0.32	
D	12.60		13.00	1
E	7.40		7.60	2
H	10.00		10.65	
L	0.40		1.27	3
e	1.27 BSC			

- Notes.
1. This drawing is for general information only; refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-013, Variation AC for additional information.
  2. Dimension 'D' does not include mold Flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold Flash, protrusions and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm (0.006') per side.
  3. Dimension 'E' does not include inter-lead Flash or protrusion. Inter-lead Flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm (0.010') per side.
  4. 'L' is the length of the terminal for soldering to a substrate.
  5. The lead width 'b', as measured 0.36 mm (0.014') or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61 mm (0.024') per side.



2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131

### TITLE

**20S2**, 20-lead, 0.300' Wide Body, Plastic Gull  
Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)

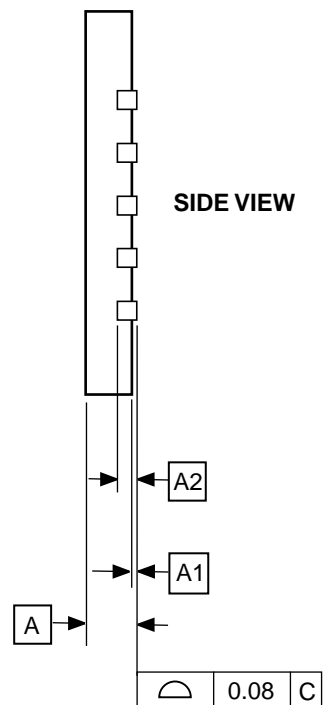
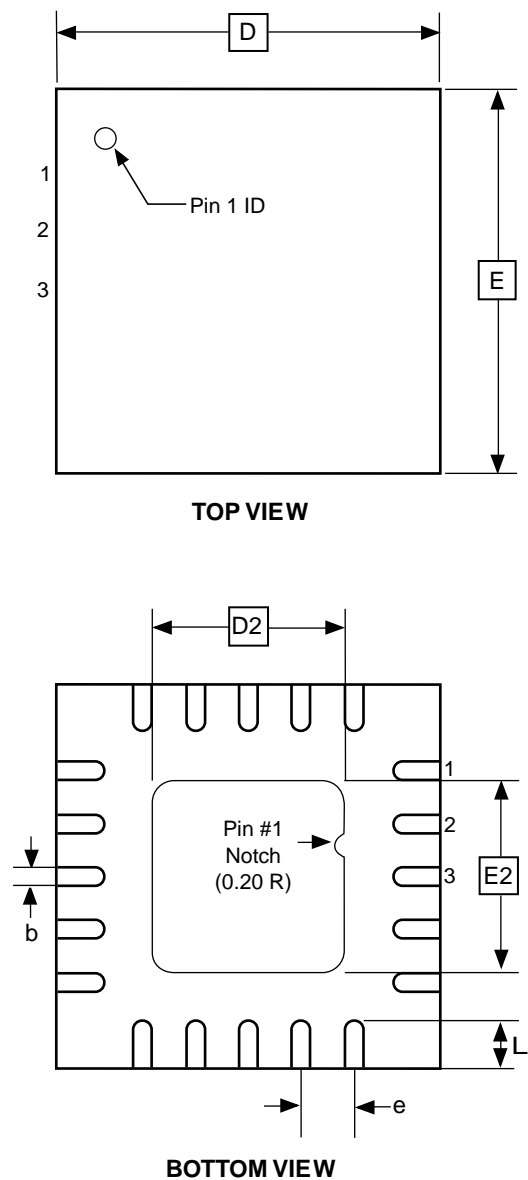
### DRAWING NO.

20S2

### REV.

B

## 7.3 20M1



**COMMON DIMENSIONS**  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	
A1	—	0.01	0.05	
A2	0.20 REF			
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	
D	4.00 BSC			
D2	2.45	2.60	2.75	
E	4.00 BSC			
E2	2.45	2.60	2.75	
e	0.50 BSC			
L	0.35	0.40	0.55	

Note: Reference JEDEC Standard MO-220, Fig. 1 (SAW Singulation) WGGD-5.

10/27/04



2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131

### TITLE

**20M1**, 20-pad, 4 x 4 x 0.8 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm,  
2.6 mm Exposed Pad, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)

### DRAWING NO.

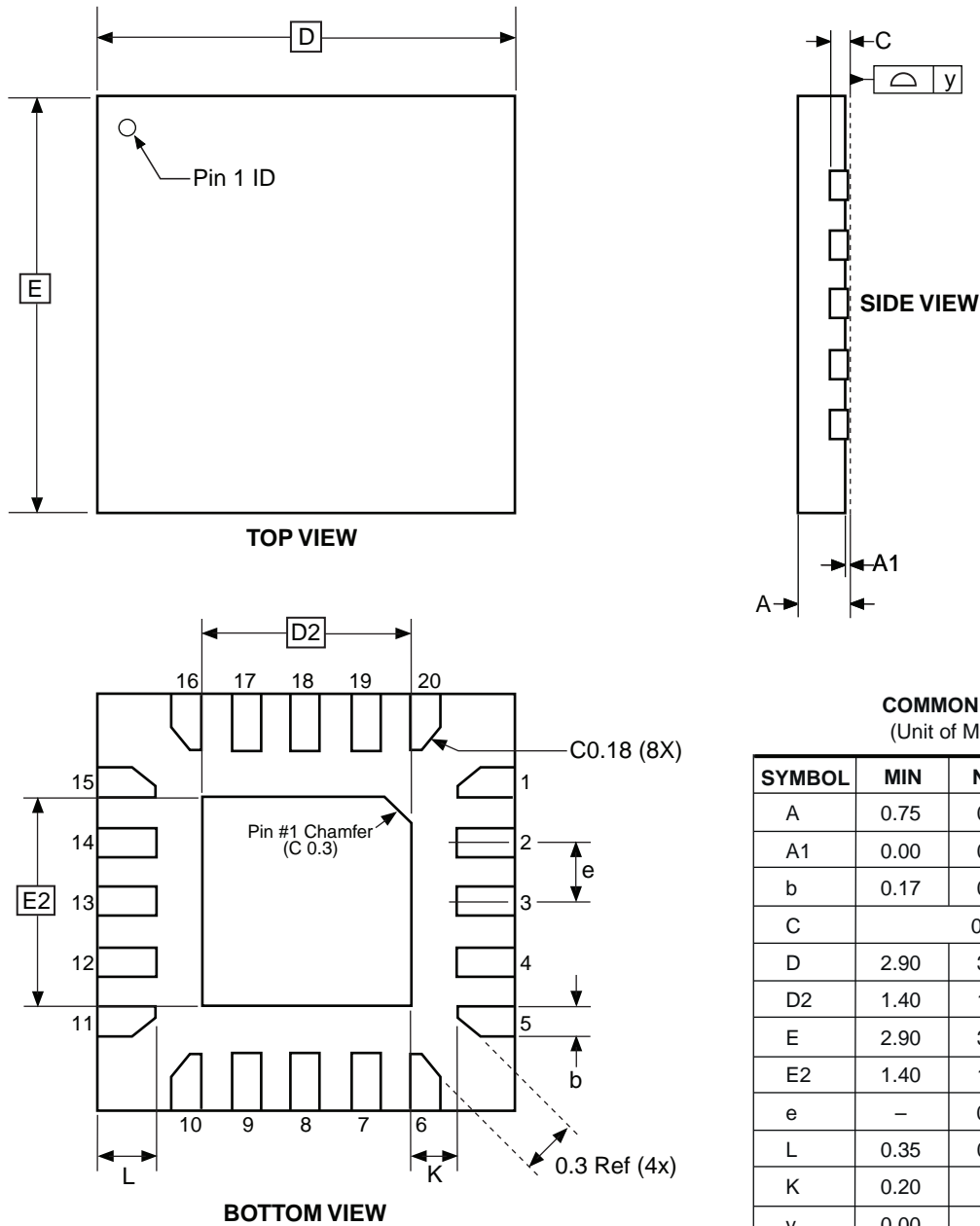
20M1

### REV.

A



## 7.4 20M2



10/24/08



**Package Drawing Contact:**  
packagedrawings@atmel.com

**TITLE**  
**20M2**, 20-pad, 3 x 3 x 0.85 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.45 mm,  
1.55 x 1.55 mm Exposed Pad, Thermally Enhanced  
Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No Lead Package (VQFN)

**GPC**  
ZFC

**DRAWING NO.**  
20M2

**REV.**  
B



## 8. Errata

The revision letters in this section refer to the revision of the corresponding ATtiny2313A/4313 device.

### 8.1 ATtiny2313A

#### 8.1.1 Rev. D

No known errata.

#### 8.1.2 Rev. A – C

These device revisions were referred to as ATtiny2313/ATtiny2313V.

### 8.2 ATtiny4313

#### 8.2.1 Rev. A

No known errata.

## 9. Datasheet Revision History

### 9.1 Rev. 8246B – 10/11

1. Updated device status from Preliminary to Final.
2. Updated document template.
3. Added order codes for tape&reel devices, on [page 259](#) and [page 260](#)
4. Updated figures:
  - [Figure 23-33 on page 223](#)
  - [Figure 23-44 on page 228](#)
  - [Figure 23-81 on page 247](#)
  - [Figure 23-92 on page 252](#)
5. Updated sections:
  - [Section 5. “Memories” on page 15](#)
  - [Section 19. “Self-Programming” on page 172](#)
  - [Section 20. “Lock Bits, Fuse Bits and Device Signature” on page 177](#)
  - [Section 21. “External Programming” on page 183](#)
  - [Section 26. “Ordering Information” on page 259](#)

### 9.2 Rev. 8246A – 11/09

1. Initial revision. Created from document 2543\_t2313.
2. Updated datasheet template.
3. Added VQFN in the Pinout [Figure 1-1 on page 2](#).
4. Added [Section 7.2 “Software BOD Disable” on page 34](#).
5. Added [Section 7.3 “Power Reduction Register” on page 34](#).
6. Updated [Table 7-2, “Sleep Mode Select,” on page 36](#).
7. Added [Section 7.5.3 “BODCR – Brown-Out Detector Control Register” on page 37](#).
8. Added reset disable function in [Figure 8-1 on page 38](#).
9. Added pin change interrupts PCINT1 and PCINT2 in [Table 9-1 on page 47](#).
10. Added PCINT17..8 and PCMSK2..1 in [Section 9.2 “External Interrupts” on page 48](#).
11. Added [Section 9.3.4 “PCMSK2 – Pin Change Mask Register 2” on page 52](#).
12. Added [Section 9.3.5 “PCMSK1 – Pin Change Mask Register 1” on page 52](#).
13. Updated [Section 10.2.1 “Alternate Functions of Port A” on page 61](#).
14. Updated [Section 10.2.2 “Alternate Functions of Port B” on page 62](#).
15. Updated [Section 10.2.3 “Alternate Functions of Port D” on page 66](#).
16. Added UMSEL1 and UMSEL0 in [Section 14.10.4 “UCSRC – USART Control and Status Register C” on page 139](#).
17. Added [Section 15. “USART in SPI Mode” on page 145](#).
18. Added USI Buffer Register (USIBR) in [Section 16.2 “Overview” on page 155](#) and in [Figure 16-1 on page 155](#).
19. Added [Section 16.5.4 “USIBR – USI Buffer Register” on page 166](#).
20. Updated [Section 19.6.3 “Reading Device Signature Imprint Table from Firmware” on page 175](#).





## Headquarters

---

**Atmel Corporation**  
2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131  
USA  
Tel: 1(408) 441-0311  
Fax: 1(408) 487-2600

## International

---

**Atmel Asia Limited**  
Unit 01-5 & 16, 19/F  
BEA Tower, Millennium City 5  
418 Kwun Tong Road  
Kwun Tong, Kowloon  
HONG KONG  
Tel: (852) 2245-6100  
Fax: (852) 2722-1369

**Atmel Munich GmbH**  
Business Campus  
Parking 4  
D-85748 Garching b. Munich  
GERMANY  
Tel: (+49) 89-31970-0  
Fax: (+49) 89-3194621

**Atmel Japan**  
9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg.  
1-24-8 Shinkawa  
Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033  
JAPAN  
Tel: (81) 3-3523-3551  
Fax: (81) 3-3523-7581

## Product Contact

---

**Web Site**  
[www.atmel.com](http://www.atmel.com)

**Technical Support**  
[avr@atmel.com](mailto:avr@atmel.com)

**Sales Contact**  
[www.atmel.com/contacts](http://www.atmel.com/contacts)

**Literature Requests**  
[www.atmel.com/literature](http://www.atmel.com/literature)

---

**Disclaimer:** The information in this document is provided in connection with Atmel products. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property right is granted by this document or in connection with the sale of Atmel products. **EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN ATMEL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE LOCATED ON ATMEL'S WEB SITE, ATMEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY WARRANTY RELATING TO ITS PRODUCTS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL ATMEL BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, OR LOSS OF INFORMATION) ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS DOCUMENT, EVEN IF ATMEL HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.** Atmel makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this document and reserves the right to make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time without notice. Atmel does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. Unless specifically provided otherwise, Atmel products are not suitable for, and shall not be used in, automotive applications. Atmel's products are not intended, authorized, or warranted for use as components in applications intended to support or sustain life.

© 2011 Atmel Corporation. All rights reserved. Atmel®, logo and combinations thereof, AVR® and others are registered trademarks or trademarks of Atmel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Other terms and product names may be trademarks of others.