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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	516096
Number of I/O	341
Number of Gates	3000000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m1a3pe3000l-1fg484">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m1a3pe3000l-1fg484</a>

- Avoid using pull-ups and pull-downs on I/Os because these resistors draw some current. Avoid driving resistive loads or bipolar transistors, since these draw a continuous current, thereby adding to the static current.
- When partitioning the design across multiple devices, minimize I/O usage among the devices.

## Conclusion

Microsemi IGLOO, IGLOO nano, IGLOO PLUS, ProASIC3L, and RT ProASIC3 family architectures are designed to achieve ultra-low power consumption based on enhanced nonvolatile and live-at-power-up flash-based technology. Power consumption can be reduced further by using Flash\*Freeze, Static (Idle), Sleep, and Shutdown power modes. All these features result in a low power, cost-effective, single-chip solution designed specifically for power-sensitive and battery-operated electronics applications.

## Related Documents

### Application Notes

Embedded SRAM Initialization Using External Serial EEPROM

[http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/EmbeddedSRAMInit\\_AN.pdf](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/EmbeddedSRAMInit_AN.pdf)

## List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each version of the chapter.

Date	Changes	Page
July 2010	This chapter is no longer published separately with its own part number and version but is now part of several FPGA fabric user's guides.	N/A
v2.3 (November 2009)	The "Sleep Mode" section was revised to state the VJTAG and VPUMP, as well as VCC, are grounded during Sleep mode (SAR 22517).	32
	Figure 2-6 • Controlling Power-On/-Off State Using Microprocessor and Power FET and Figure 2-7 • Controlling Power-On/-Off State Using Microprocessor and Voltage Regulator were revised to show that VJTAG and VPUMP are powered off during Sleep mode.	33
v2.2 (December 2008)	IGLOO nano devices were added as a supported family.	N/A
	The "Prototyping for IGLOO and ProASIC3L Devices Using ProASIC3" section was removed, as these devices are now in production.	N/A
	The "Additional Power Conservation Techniques" section was revised to add RT ProASIC3 devices.	41
v2.0 (October 2008)	The "Flash*Freeze Management FSM" section was updated with the following information: The FSM also asserts Flash_Freeze_Enabled whenever the device enters Flash*Freeze mode. This occurs after all housekeeping and clock gating functions have completed.	37











































