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### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product Status             | Obsolete                                                                                                                                                                |
| Core Processor             | PIC                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Core Size                  | 8-Bit                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Speed                      | 4MHz                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Connectivity               | -                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Peripherals                | Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, WDT                                                                                                                                        |
| Number of I/O              | 13                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Program Memory Size        | 1.75KB (1K x 14)                                                                                                                                                        |
| Program Memory Type        | OTP                                                                                                                                                                     |
| EEPROM Size                | -                                                                                                                                                                       |
| RAM Size                   | 80 x 8                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd) | 2.5V ~ 6V                                                                                                                                                               |
| Data Converters            | -                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Oscillator Type            | External                                                                                                                                                                |
| Operating Temperature      | -40°C ~ 125°C (TA)                                                                                                                                                      |
| Mounting Type              | Surface Mount                                                                                                                                                           |
| Package / Case             | 20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)                                                                                                                                          |
| Supplier Device Package    | 20-SSOP                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Purchase URL               | <a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16lc621t-04e-ss">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16lc621t-04e-ss</a> |

# PIC16C62X

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NOTES:

## 3.0 ARCHITECTURAL OVERVIEW

The high performance of the PIC16C62X family can be attributed to a number of architectural features commonly found in RISC microprocessors. To begin with, the PIC16C62X uses a Harvard architecture, in which, program and data are accessed from separate memories using separate busses. This improves bandwidth over traditional von Neumann architecture, where program and data are fetched from the same memory. Separating program and data memory further allows instructions to be sized differently than 8-bit wide data word. Instruction opcodes are 14-bits wide making it possible to have all single word instructions. A 14-bit wide program memory access bus fetches a 14-bit instruction in a single cycle. A two-stage pipeline overlaps fetch and execution of instructions. Consequently, all instructions (35) execute in a single cycle (200 ns @ 20 MHz) except for program branches.

The PIC16C620(A) and PIC16CR620A address 512 x 14 on-chip program memory. The PIC16C621(A) addresses 1K x 14 program memory. The PIC16C622(A) addresses 2K x 14 program memory. All program memory is internal.

The PIC16C62X can directly or indirectly address its register files or data memory. All special function registers including the program counter are mapped in the data memory. The PIC16C62X has an orthogonal (symmetrical) instruction set that makes it possible to carry out any operation on any register using any Addressing mode. This symmetrical nature and lack of 'special optimal situations' make programming with the PIC16C62X simple yet efficient. In addition, the learning curve is reduced significantly.

The PIC16C62X devices contain an 8-bit ALU and working register. The ALU is a general purpose arithmetic unit. It performs arithmetic and Boolean functions between data in the working register and any register file.

The ALU is 8-bits wide and capable of addition, subtraction, shift and logical operations. Unless otherwise mentioned, arithmetic operations are two's complement in nature. In two-operand instructions, typically one operand is the working register (W register). The other operand is a file register or an immediate constant. In single operand instructions, the operand is either the W register or a file register.

The W register is an 8-bit working register used for ALU operations. It is not an addressable register.

Depending on the instruction executed, the ALU may affect the values of the Carry (C), Digit Carry (DC), and Zero (Z) bits in the STATUS register. The C and DC bits operate as a Borrow and Digit Borrow out bit, respectively, bit in subtraction. See the `SUBLW` and `SUBWF` instructions for examples.

A simplified block diagram is shown in Figure 3-1, with a description of the device pins in Table 3-1.

## 4.2.2 SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS

The Special Function Registers are registers used by the CPU and Peripheral functions for controlling the desired operation of the device (Table 4-1). These registers are static RAM.

The Special Function Registers can be classified into two sets (core and peripheral). The Special Function Registers associated with the “core” functions are described in this section. Those related to the operation of the peripheral features are described in the section of that peripheral feature.

**TABLE 4-1: SPECIAL REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C62X**

| Address       | Name          | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5  | Bit 4                                            | Bit 3            | Bit 2            | Bit 1            | Bit 0            | Value on POR Reset | Value on all other RESETS <sup>(1)</sup> |
|---------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <b>Bank 0</b> |               |                                                                                                |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                                          |
| 00h           | INDF          | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | xxxx xxxx          | xxxx xxxx                                |
| 01h           | TMR0          | Timer0 Module's Register                                                                       |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                                |
| 02h           | PCL           | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                                |
| 03h           | STATUS        | IRP <sup>(2)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(2)</sup> | RP0    | $\overline{TO}$                                  | $\overline{PD}$  | Z                | DC               | C                | 0001 1xxx          | 000q quuu                                |
| 04h           | FSR           | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                                |
| 05h           | PORTA         | —                                                                                              | —                  | —      | $\overline{RA4}$                                 | $\overline{RA3}$ | $\overline{RA2}$ | $\overline{RA1}$ | RA0              | ---x 0000          | ---u 0000                                |
| 06h           | PORTB         | RB7                                                                                            | RB6                | RB5    | $\overline{RB4}$                                 | $\overline{RB3}$ | $\overline{RB2}$ | $\overline{RB1}$ | RB0              | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                                |
| 07h-09h       | Unimplemented |                                                                                                |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | —                  | —                                        |
| 0Ah           | PCLATH        | —                                                                                              | —                  | —      | Write buffer for upper 5 bits of program counter |                  |                  |                  |                  | ---0 0000          | ---0 0000                                |
| 0Bh           | INTCON        | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | TOIE   | INTE                                             | RBIE             | TOIF             | INTF             | RBIF             | 0000 000x          | 0000 000u                                |
| 0Ch           | PIR1          | —                                                                                              | CMIF               | —      | —                                                | —                | —                | —                | —                | -0-- ----          | -0-- ----                                |
| 0Dh-1Eh       | Unimplemented |                                                                                                |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | —                  | —                                        |
| 1Fh           | CMCON         | C2OUT                                                                                          | C1OUT              | —      | —                                                | CIS              | CM2              | CM1              | CM0              | 00-- 0000          | 00-- 0000                                |
| <b>Bank 1</b> |               |                                                                                                |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                                          |
| 80h           | INDF          | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | xxxx xxxx          | xxxx xxxx                                |
| 81h           | OPTION        | $\overline{RBPU}$                                                                              | INTEDG             | T0CS   | T0SE                                             | PSA              | PS2              | PS1              | PS0              | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                                |
| 82h           | PCL           | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                                |
| 83h           | STATUS        | IRP <sup>(2)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(2)</sup> | RP0    | $\overline{TO}$                                  | $\overline{PD}$  | Z                | DC               | C                | 0001 1xxx          | 000q quuu                                |
| 84h           | FSR           | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                                |
| 85h           | TRISA         | —                                                                                              | —                  | —      | TRISA4                                           | TRISA3           | TRISA2           | TRISA1           | TRISA0           | ---1 1111          | ---1 1111                                |
| 86h           | TRISB         | TRISB7                                                                                         | TRISB6             | TRISB5 | TRISB4                                           | TRISB3           | TRISB2           | TRISB1           | TRISB0           | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                                |
| 87h-89h       | Unimplemented |                                                                                                |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | —                  | —                                        |
| 8Ah           | PCLATH        | —                                                                                              | —                  | —      | Write buffer for upper 5 bits of program counter |                  |                  |                  |                  | ---0 0000          | ---0 0000                                |
| 8Bh           | INTCON        | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | TOIE   | INTE                                             | RBIE             | TOIF             | INTF             | RBIF             | 0000 000x          | 0000 000u                                |
| 8Ch           | PIE1          | —                                                                                              | CMIE               | —      | —                                                | —                | —                | —                | —                | -0-- ----          | -0-- ----                                |
| 8Dh           | Unimplemented |                                                                                                |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | —                  | —                                        |
| 8Eh           | PCON          | —                                                                                              | —                  | —      | —                                                | —                | —                | POR              | $\overline{BOR}$ | ---- -0x           | ---- -uq                                 |
| 8Fh-9Eh       | Unimplemented |                                                                                                |                    |        |                                                  |                  |                  |                  |                  | —                  | —                                        |
| 9Fh           | VRCON         | VREN                                                                                           | VROE               | VRR    | —                                                | VR3              | VR2              | VR1              | VR0              | 000- 0000          | 000- 0000                                |

Legend: — = Unimplemented locations read as '0', u = unchanged, x = unknown,  
q = value depends on condition, shaded = unimplemented

**Note 1:** Other (non Power-up) Resets include MCLR Reset, Brown-out Reset and Watchdog Timer Reset during normal operation.

**2:** IRP & RP1 bits are reserved; always maintain these bits clear.

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## 4.2.2.3 INTCON Register

The INTCON register is a readable and writable register, which contains the various enable and flag bits for all interrupt sources except the comparator module. See Section 4.2.2.4 and Section 4.2.2.5 for a description of the comparator enable and flag bits.

**Note:** Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs, regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>).

### REGISTER 4-3: INTCON REGISTER (ADDRESS 0BH OR 8BH)

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-x |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| GIE   | PEIE  | TOIE  | INTE  | RBIE  | TOIF  | INTF  | RBIF  |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

- bit 7 **GIE:** Global Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables all un-masked interrupts  
0 = Disables all interrupts
- bit 6 **PEIE:** Peripheral Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables all un-masked peripheral interrupts  
0 = Disables all peripheral interrupts
- bit 5 **TOIE:** TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the TMR0 interrupt  
0 = Disables the TMR0 interrupt
- bit 4 **INTE:** RB0/INT External Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the RB0/INT external interrupt  
0 = Disables the RB0/INT external interrupt
- bit 3 **RBIE:** RB Port Change Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the RB port change interrupt  
0 = Disables the RB port change interrupt
- bit 2 **TOIF:** TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = TMR0 register has overflowed (must be cleared in software)  
0 = TMR0 register did not overflow
- bit 1 **INTF:** RB0/INT External Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = The RB0/INT external interrupt occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = The RB0/INT external interrupt did not occur
- bit 0 **RBIF:** RB Port Change Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = When at least one of the RB<7:4> pins changed state (must be cleared in software)  
0 = None of the RB<7:4> pins have changed state

#### Legend:

|                    |                  |                                            |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit   | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'         |
| - n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared    x = Bit is unknown |

## 7.0 COMPARATOR MODULE

The comparator module contains two analog comparators. The inputs to the comparators are multiplexed with the RA0 through RA3 pins. The On-Chip Voltage Reference (Section 8.0) can also be an input to the comparators.

The CMCON register, shown in Register 7-1, controls the comparator input and output multiplexers. A block diagram of the comparator is shown in Figure 7-1.

### REGISTER 7-1: CMCON REGISTER (ADDRESS 1Fh)

| R-0   | R-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| C2OUT | C1OUT | —   | —   | CIS   | CM2   | CM1   | CM0   |
| bit 7 |       |     |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |

bit 7 **C2OUT**: Comparator 2 output

1 = C2 VIN+ > C2 VIN-

0 = C2 VIN+ < C2 VIN-

bit 6 **C1OUT**: Comparator 1 output

1 = C1 VIN+ > C1 VIN-

0 = C1 VIN+ < C1 VIN-

bit 5-4 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 3 **CIS**: Comparator Input Switch

When CM<2:0> = 001:

1 = C1 VIN- connects to RA3

0 = C1 VIN- connects to RA0

When CM<2:0> = 010:

1 = C1 VIN- connects to RA3

C2 VIN- connects to RA2

0 = C1 VIN- connects to RA0

C2 VIN- connects to RA1

bit 2-0 **CM<2:0>**: Comparator mode.

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

- n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

# PIC16C62X

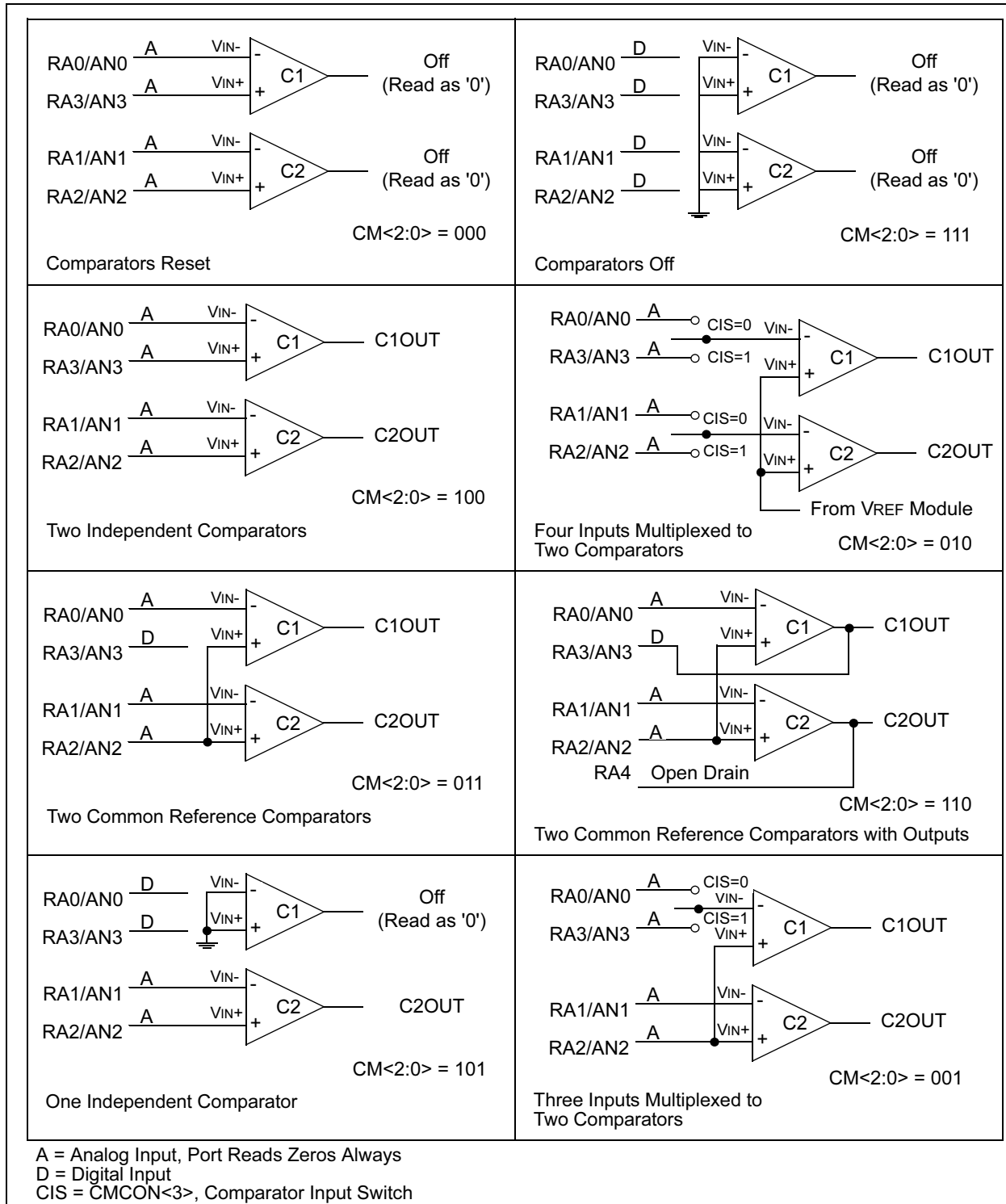
## 7.1 Comparator Configuration

There are eight modes of operation for the comparators. The CMCON register is used to select the mode. Figure 7-1 shows the eight possible modes. The TRISA register controls the data direction of the comparator pins for each mode. If the Comparator

mode is changed, the comparator output level may not be valid for the specified mode change delay shown in Table 12-2.

**Note:** Comparator interrupts should be disabled during a Comparator mode change otherwise a false interrupt may occur.

**FIGURE 7-1: COMPARATOR I/O OPERATING MODES**



## 9.2 Oscillator Configurations

### 9.2.1 OSCILLATOR TYPES

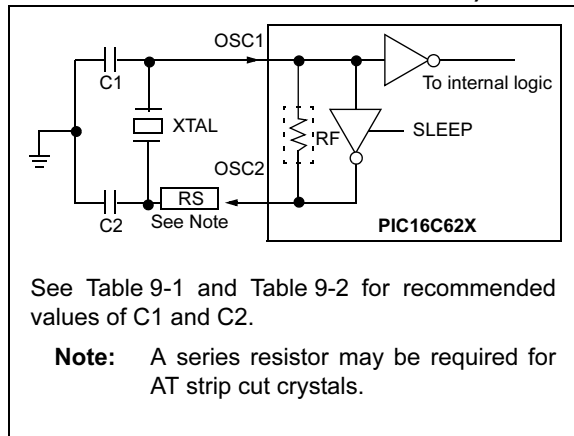
The PIC16C62X devices can be operated in four different oscillator options. The user can program two configuration bits (FOSC1 and FOSC0) to select one of these four modes:

- LP Low Power Crystal
- XT Crystal/Resonator
- HS High Speed Crystal/Resonator
- RC Resistor/Capacitor

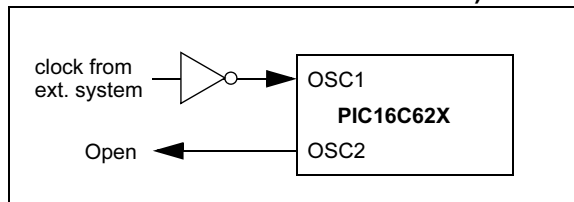
### 9.2.2 CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR / CERAMIC RESONATORS

In XT, LP or HS modes, a crystal or ceramic resonator is connected to the OSC1 and OSC2 pins to establish oscillation (Figure 9-1). The PIC16C62X oscillator design requires the use of a parallel cut crystal. Use of a series cut crystal may give a frequency out of the crystal manufacturers specifications. When in XT, LP or HS modes, the device can have an external clock source to drive the OSC1 pin (Figure 9-2).

**FIGURE 9-1: CRYSTAL OPERATION (OR CERAMIC RESONATOR) (HS, XT OR LP OSC CONFIGURATION)**



**FIGURE 9-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK INPUT OPERATION (HS, XT OR LP OSC CONFIGURATION)**



**TABLE 9-1: CAPACITOR SELECTION FOR CERAMIC RESONATORS**

| Ranges Characterized: |          |             |             |
|-----------------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Mode                  | Freq     | OSC1(C1)    | OSC2(C2)    |
| XT                    | 455 kHz  | 22 - 100 pF | 22 - 100 pF |
|                       | 2.0 MHz  | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
|                       | 4.0 MHz  | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
| HS                    | 8.0 MHz  | 10 - 68 pF  | 10 - 68 pF  |
|                       | 16.0 MHz | 10 - 22 pF  | 10 - 22 pF  |

Higher capacitance increases the stability of the oscillator but also increases the start-up time. These values are for design guidance only. Since each resonator has its own characteristics, the user should consult the resonator manufacturer for appropriate values of external components.

**TABLE 9-2: CAPACITOR SELECTION FOR CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR**

| Mode | Freq    | OSC1(C1)    | OSC2(C2)     |
|------|---------|-------------|--------------|
| LP   | 32 kHz  | 68 - 100 pF | 68 - 100 pF  |
|      | 200 kHz | 15 - 30 pF  | 15 - 30 pF   |
| XT   | 100 kHz | 68 - 150 pF | 150 - 200 pF |
|      | 2 MHz   | 15 - 30 pF  | 15 - 30 pF   |
|      | 4 MHz   | 15 - 30 pF  | 15 - 30 pF   |
| HS   | 8 MHz   | 15 - 30 pF  | 15 - 30 pF   |
|      | 10 MHz  | 15 - 30 pF  | 15 - 30 pF   |
|      | 20 MHz  | 15 - 30 pF  | 15 - 30 pF   |

Higher capacitance increases the stability of the oscillator but also increases the start-up time. These values are for design guidance only. Rs may be required in HS mode as well as XT mode to avoid overdriving crystals with low drive level specification. Since each crystal has its own characteristics, the user should consult the crystal manufacturer for appropriate values of external components.

FIGURE 9-8: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  NOT TIED TO  $V_{DD}$ ): CASE 1

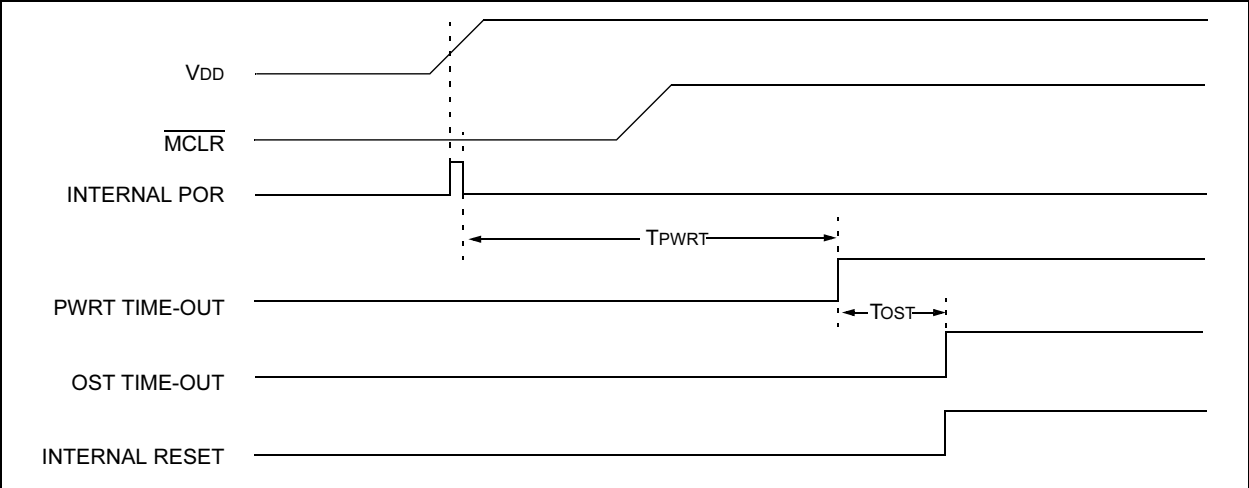


FIGURE 9-9: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  NOT TIED TO  $V_{DD}$ ): CASE 2

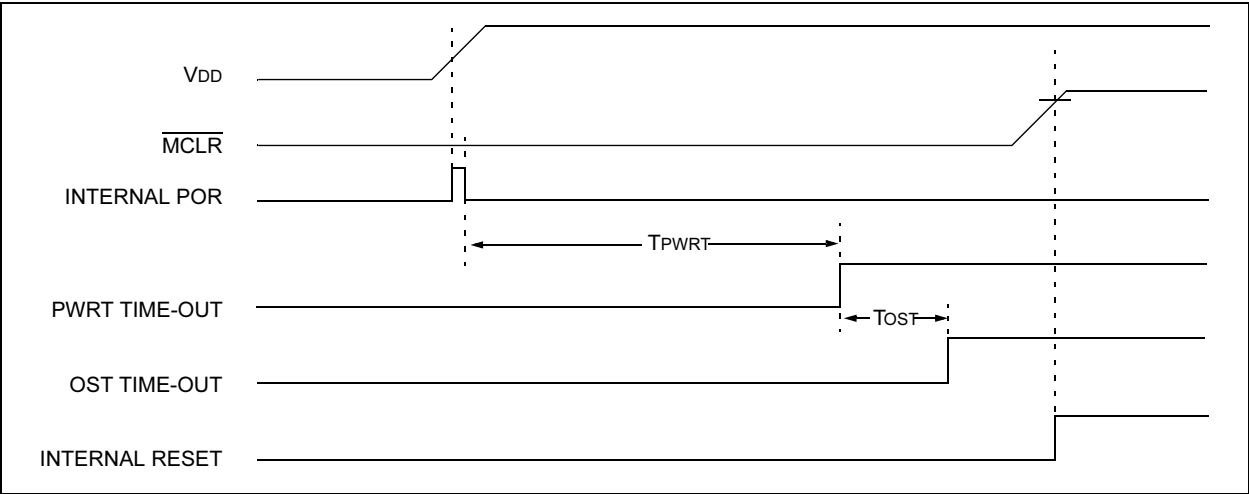
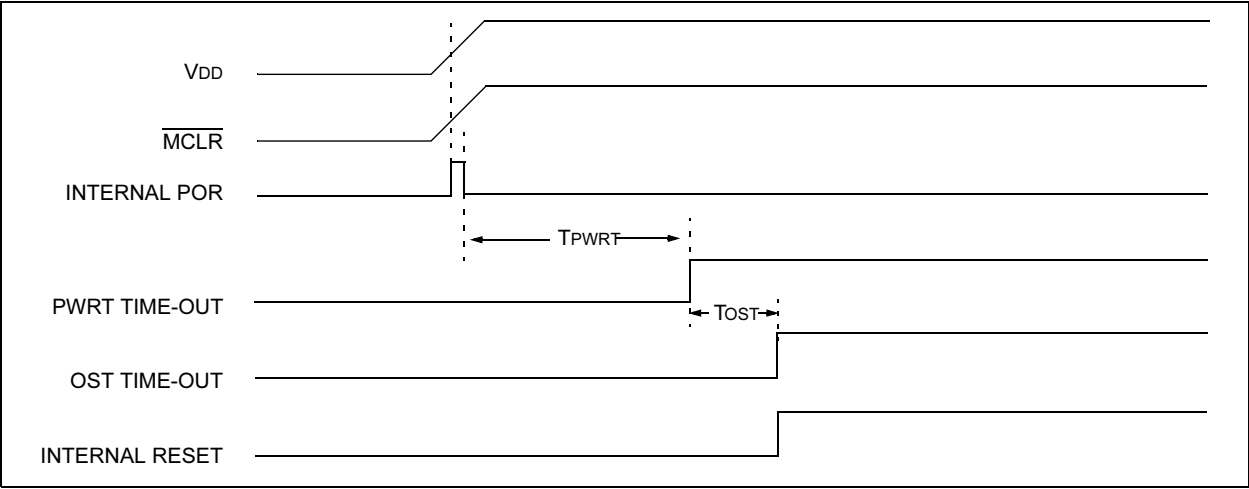
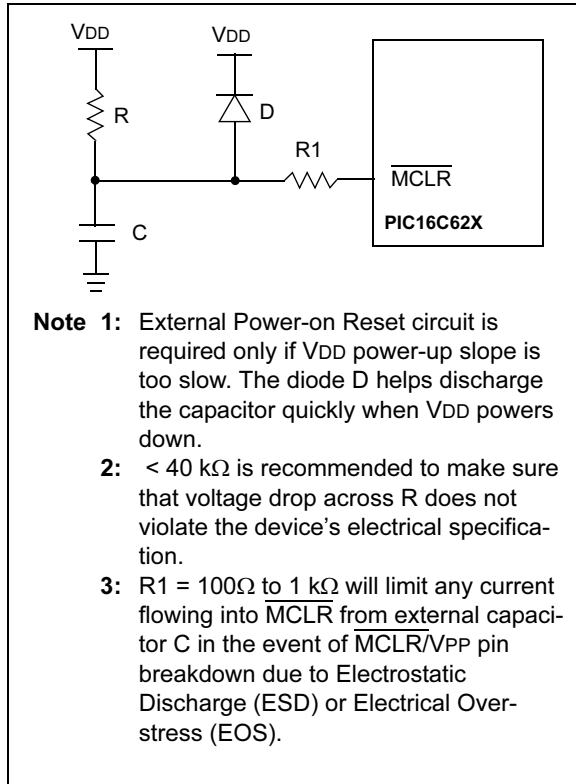


FIGURE 9-10: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  TIED TO  $V_{DD}$ )

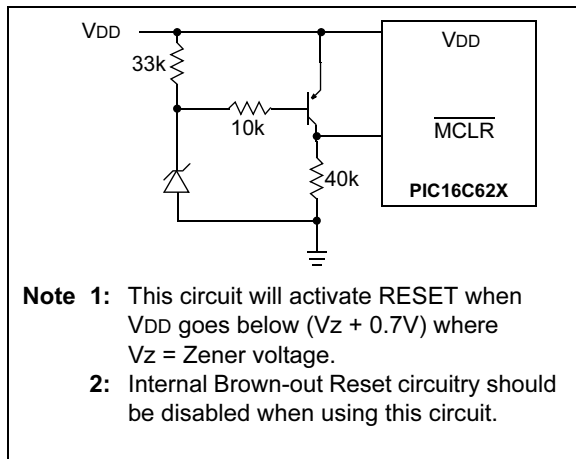


# PIC16C62X

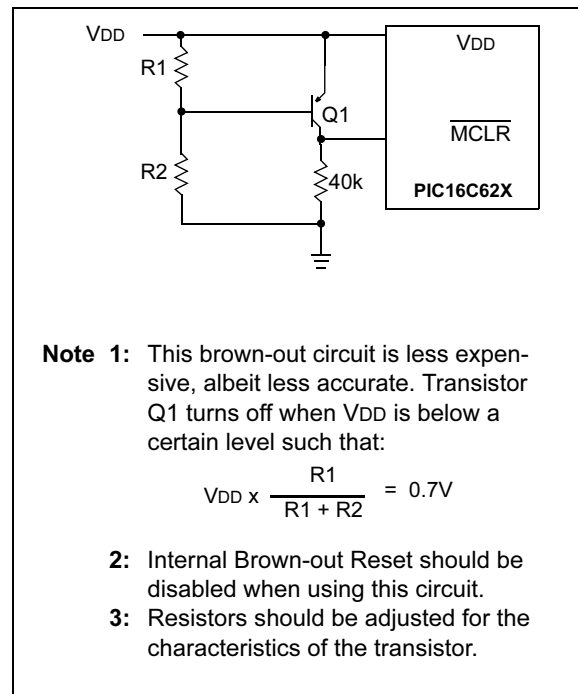
**FIGURE 9-11: EXTERNAL POWER-ON RESET CIRCUIT (FOR SLOW V<sub>DD</sub> POWER-UP)**



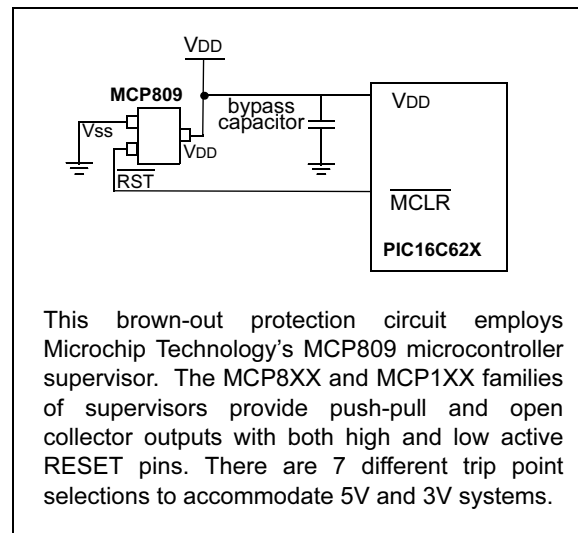
**FIGURE 9-12: EXTERNAL BROWN-OUT PROTECTION CIRCUIT 1**



**FIGURE 9-13: EXTERNAL BROWN-OUT PROTECTION CIRCUIT 2**



**FIGURE 9-14: EXTERNAL BROWN-OUT PROTECTION CIRCUIT 3**



# PIC16C62X

**TABLE 10-2: PIC16C62X INSTRUCTION SET**

| Mnemonic,<br>Operands                  | Description | Cycles                       | 14-Bit Opcode |    |      |      | Status<br>Affected | Notes                          |       |
|----------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------|----|------|------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
|                                        |             |                              | MSb           |    | LSb  |      |                    |                                |       |
| BYTE-ORIENTED FILE REGISTER OPERATIONS |             |                              |               |    |      |      |                    |                                |       |
| ADDWF                                  | f, d        | Add W and f                  | 1             | 00 | 0111 | dfff | ffff               | C,DC,Z                         | 1,2   |
| ANDWF                                  | f, d        | AND W with f                 | 1             | 00 | 0101 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| CLRF                                   | f           | Clear f                      | 1             | 00 | 0001 | 1fff | ffff               | Z                              | 2     |
| CLRW                                   | -           | Clear W                      | 1             | 00 | 0001 | 0000 | 0011               | Z                              |       |
| COMF                                   | f, d        | Complement f                 | 1             | 00 | 1001 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| DECf                                   | f, d        | Decrement f                  | 1             | 00 | 0011 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| DECFSZ                                 | f, d        | Decrement f, Skip if 0       | 1(2)          | 00 | 1011 | dfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2,3 |
| INCF                                   | f, d        | Increment f                  | 1             | 00 | 1010 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| INCFSZ                                 | f, d        | Increment f, Skip if 0       | 1(2)          | 00 | 1111 | dfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2,3 |
| IORWF                                  | f, d        | Inclusive OR W with f        | 1             | 00 | 0100 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| MOVF                                   | f, d        | Move f                       | 1             | 00 | 1000 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| MOVWF                                  | f           | Move W to f                  | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 1fff | ffff               |                                |       |
| NOP                                    | -           | No Operation                 | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 0xx0 | 0000               |                                |       |
| RLF                                    | f, d        | Rotate Left f through Carry  | 1             | 00 | 1101 | dfff | ffff               | C                              | 1,2   |
| RRF                                    | f, d        | Rotate Right f through Carry | 1             | 00 | 1100 | dfff | ffff               | C                              | 1,2   |
| SUBWF                                  | f, d        | Subtract W from f            | 1             | 00 | 0010 | dfff | ffff               | C,DC,Z                         | 1,2   |
| SWAPF                                  | f, d        | Swap nibbles in f            | 1             | 00 | 1110 | dfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2   |
| XORWF                                  | f, d        | Exclusive OR W with f        | 1             | 00 | 0110 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| BIT-ORIENTED FILE REGISTER OPERATIONS  |             |                              |               |    |      |      |                    |                                |       |
| BCF                                    | f, b        | Bit Clear f                  | 1             | 01 | 00bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2   |
| BSF                                    | f, b        | Bit Set f                    | 1             | 01 | 01bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2   |
| BTFSC                                  | f, b        | Bit Test f, Skip if Clear    | 1 (2)         | 01 | 10bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 3     |
| BTFSS                                  | f, b        | Bit Test f, Skip if Set      | 1 (2)         | 01 | 11bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 3     |
| LITERAL AND CONTROL OPERATIONS         |             |                              |               |    |      |      |                    |                                |       |
| ADDLW                                  | k           | Add literal and W            | 1             | 11 | 111x | kkkk | kkkk               | C,DC,Z                         |       |
| ANDLW                                  | k           | AND literal with W           | 1             | 11 | 1001 | kkkk | kkkk               | Z                              |       |
| CALL                                   | k           | Call subroutine              | 2             | 10 | 0kkk | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| CLRWDT                                 | -           | Clear Watchdog Timer         | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0100               | $\overline{TO}, \overline{PD}$ |       |
| GOTO                                   | k           | Go to address                | 2             | 10 | 1kkk | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| IORLW                                  | k           | Inclusive OR literal with W  | 1             | 11 | 1000 | kkkk | kkkk               | Z                              |       |
| MOVLW                                  | k           | Move literal to W            | 1             | 11 | 00xx | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| RETFIE                                 | -           | Return from interrupt        | 2             | 00 | 0000 | 0000 | 1001               |                                |       |
| RETLW                                  | k           | Return with literal in W     | 2             | 11 | 01xx | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| RETURN                                 | -           | Return from Subroutine       | 2             | 00 | 0000 | 0000 | 1000               |                                |       |
| SLEEP                                  | -           | Go into Standby mode         | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0011               | $\overline{TO}, \overline{PD}$ |       |
| SUBLW                                  | k           | Subtract W from literal      | 1             | 11 | 110x | kkkk | kkkk               | C,DC,Z                         |       |
| XORLW                                  | k           | Exclusive OR literal with W  | 1             | 11 | 1010 | kkkk | kkkk               | Z                              |       |

**Note 1:** When an I/O register is modified as a function of itself ( e.g., `MOVF PORTB, 1`), the value used will be that value present on the pins themselves. For example, if the data latch is '1' for a pin configured as input and is driven low by an external device, the data will be written back with a '0'.

- If this instruction is executed on the TMR0 register (and, where applicable, d = 1), the prescaler will be cleared if assigned to the Timer0 Module.
- If Program Counter (PC) is modified or a conditional test is true, the instruction requires two cycles. The second cycle is executed as a NOP.

## 10.1 Instruction Descriptions

| ADDLW            |                                                                                                                   | Add Literal and W |      |      |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------|------|--|
| Syntax:          | [ <i>label</i> ] ADDLW    k                                                                                       |                   |      |      |  |
| Operands:        | $0 \leq k \leq 255$                                                                                               |                   |      |      |  |
| Operation:       | $(W) + k \rightarrow (W)$                                                                                         |                   |      |      |  |
| Status Affected: | C, DC, Z                                                                                                          |                   |      |      |  |
| Encoding:        | 11                                                                                                                | 111x              | kkkk | kkkk |  |
| Description:     | The contents of the W register are added to the eight bit literal 'k' and the result is placed in the W register. |                   |      |      |  |
| Words:           | 1                                                                                                                 |                   |      |      |  |
| Cycles:          | 1                                                                                                                 |                   |      |      |  |
| Example          | ADDLW    0x15                                                                                                     |                   |      |      |  |
|                  | Before Instruction                                                                                                |                   |      |      |  |
|                  | W    =    0x10                                                                                                    |                   |      |      |  |
|                  | After Instruction                                                                                                 |                   |      |      |  |
|                  | W    =    0x25                                                                                                    |                   |      |      |  |

| ADDWF            | Add W and f                                                                                                                                                        |      |      |      |      |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Syntax:          | [ <i>label</i> ] ADDWF    f,d                                                                                                                                      |      |      |      |      |
| Operands:        | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                                               |      |      |      |      |
| Operation:       | $(W) + (f) \rightarrow (dest)$                                                                                                                                     |      |      |      |      |
| Status Affected: | C, DC, Z                                                                                                                                                           |      |      |      |      |
| Encoding:        | <table><tr><td>00</td><td>0111</td><td>dfff</td><td>ffff</td></tr></table>                                                                                         | 00   | 0111 | dfff | ffff |
| 00               | 0111                                                                                                                                                               | dfff | ffff |      |      |
| Description:     | Add the contents of the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0, the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1, the result is stored back in register 'f'. |      |      |      |      |
| Words:           | 1                                                                                                                                                                  |      |      |      |      |
| Cycles:          | 1                                                                                                                                                                  |      |      |      |      |
| Example          | <pre>ADDWF FSR, 0</pre> <p>Before Instruction</p> <p>W = 0x17<br/>FSR = 0xC2</p> <p>After Instruction</p> <p>W = 0xD9<br/>FSR = 0xC2</p>                           |      |      |      |      |

| ANDLW            |                                                                                                                  | AND Literal with W |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|--|--|----|------|------|------|
| Syntax:          | [ <i>label</i> ] ANDLW    k                                                                                      |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Operands:        | $0 \leq k \leq 255$                                                                                              |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Operation:       | $(W) .\text{AND}. (k) \rightarrow (W)$                                                                           |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Status Affected: | Z                                                                                                                |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Encoding:        | <table border="1"><tr><td>11</td><td>1001</td><td>kkkk</td><td>kkkk</td></tr></table>                            |                    |      |  |  | 11 | 1001 | kkkk | kkkk |
| 11               | 1001                                                                                                             | kkkk               | kkkk |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Description:     | The contents of W register are AND'ed with the eight bit literal 'k'.<br>The result is placed in the W register. |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Words:           | 1                                                                                                                |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Cycles:          | 1                                                                                                                |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Example          | ANDLW    0x5F                                                                                                    |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | Before Instruction                                                                                               |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | W        =    0xA3                                                                                               |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | After Instruction                                                                                                |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | W        =    0x03                                                                                               |                    |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |

| ANDWF            |                                                                                                                                                    | AND W with f |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|--|--|----|------|------|------|
| Syntax:          | [ <i>label</i> ] ANDWF    f,d                                                                                                                      |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Operands:        | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                               |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Operation:       | (W) .AND. (f) $\rightarrow$ (dest)                                                                                                                 |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Status Affected: | Z                                                                                                                                                  |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Encoding:        | <table border="1"><tr><td>00</td><td>0101</td><td>dfff</td><td>ffff</td></tr></table>                                                              |              |      |  |  | 00 | 0101 | dfff | ffff |
| 00               | 0101                                                                                                                                               | dfff         | ffff |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Description:     | AND the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0, the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1, the result is stored back in register 'f'. |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Words:           | 1                                                                                                                                                  |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Cycles:          | 1                                                                                                                                                  |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
| Example          | ANDWF    FSR,    1                                                                                                                                 |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | Before Instruction                                                                                                                                 |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | W    =    0x17                                                                                                                                     |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | FSR =    0xC2                                                                                                                                      |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | After Instruction                                                                                                                                  |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | W    =    0x17                                                                                                                                     |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |
|                  | FSR =    0x02                                                                                                                                      |              |      |  |  |    |      |      |      |

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After Interrupt

|     |   |     |
|-----|---|-----|
| PC  | = | TOS |
| GIF | = | 1   |

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## 11.3 MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 C Compilers

The MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 Code Development Systems are complete ANSI C compilers for Microchip's PIC17CXXX and PIC18CXXX family of microcontrollers. These compilers provide powerful integration capabilities, superior code optimization and ease of use not found with other compilers.

For easy source level debugging, the compilers provide symbol information that is optimized to the MPLAB IDE debugger.

## 11.4 MPLINK Object Linker/ MPLIB Object Librarian

The MPLINK object linker combines relocatable objects created by the MPASM assembler and the MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 C compilers. It can link relocatable objects from pre-compiled libraries, using directives from a linker script.

The MPLIB object librarian manages the creation and modification of library files of pre-compiled code. When a routine from a library is called from a source file, only the modules that contain that routine will be linked in with the application. This allows large libraries to be used efficiently in many different applications.

The object linker/librarian features include:

- Efficient linking of single libraries instead of many smaller files
- Enhanced code maintainability by grouping related modules together
- Flexible creation of libraries with easy module listing, replacement, deletion and extraction

## 11.5 MPLAB C30 C Compiler

The MPLAB C30 C compiler is a full-featured, ANSI compliant, optimizing compiler that translates standard ANSI C programs into dsPIC30F assembly language source. The compiler also supports many command-line options and language extensions to take full advantage of the dsPIC30F device hardware capabilities, and afford fine control of the compiler code generator.

MPLAB C30 is distributed with a complete ANSI C standard library. All library functions have been validated and conform to the ANSI C library standard. The library includes functions for string manipulation, dynamic memory allocation, data conversion, time-keeping, and math functions (trigonometric, exponential and hyperbolic). The compiler provides symbolic information for high level source debugging with the MPLAB IDE.

## 11.6 MPLAB ASM30 Assembler, Linker, and Librarian

MPLAB ASM30 assembler produces relocatable machine code from symbolic assembly language for dsPIC30F devices. MPLAB C30 compiler uses the assembler to produce its object file. The assembler generates relocatable object files that can then be archived or linked with other relocatable object files and archives to create an executable file. Notable features of the assembler include:

- Support for the entire dsPIC30F instruction set
- Support for fixed-point and floating-point data
- Command line interface
- Rich directive set
- Flexible macro language
- MPLAB IDE compatibility

## 11.7 MPLAB SIM Software Simulator

The MPLAB SIM software simulator allows code development in a PC hosted environment by simulating the PICmicro series microcontrollers on an instruction level. On any given instruction, the data areas can be examined or modified and stimuli can be applied from a file, or user defined key press, to any pin. The execution can be performed in Single-Step, Execute Until Break, or Trace mode.

The MPLAB SIM simulator fully supports symbolic debugging using the MPLAB C17 and MPLAB C18 C Compilers, as well as the MPASM assembler. The software simulator offers the flexibility to develop and debug code outside of the laboratory environment, making it an excellent, economical software development tool.

## 11.8 MPLAB SIM30 Software Simulator

The MPLAB SIM30 software simulator allows code development in a PC hosted environment by simulating the dsPIC30F series microcontrollers on an instruction level. On any given instruction, the data areas can be examined or modified and stimuli can be applied from a file, or user defined key press, to any of the pins.

The MPLAB SIM30 simulator fully supports symbolic debugging using the MPLAB C30 C Compiler and MPLAB ASM30 assembler. The simulator runs in either a Command Line mode for automated tasks, or from MPLAB IDE. This high speed simulator is designed to debug, analyze and optimize time intensive DSP routines.

# PIC16C62X

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## 11.14 PICDEM 1 PICmicro Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 1 demonstration board demonstrates the capabilities of the PIC16C5X (PIC16C54 to PIC16C58A), PIC16C61, PIC16C62X, PIC16C71, PIC16C8X, PIC17C42, PIC17C43 and PIC17C44. All necessary hardware and software is included to run basic demo programs. The sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 1 demonstration board can be programmed with a PRO MATE II device programmer, or a PICSTART Plus development programmer. The PICDEM 1 demonstration board can be connected to the MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulator for testing. A prototype area extends the circuitry for additional application components. Features include an RS-232 interface, a potentiometer for simulated analog input, push button switches and eight LEDs.

## 11.15 PICDEM.net Internet/Ethernet Demonstration Board

The PICDEM.net demonstration board is an Internet/Ethernet demonstration board using the PIC18F452 microcontroller and TCP/IP firmware. The board supports any 40-pin DIP device that conforms to the standard pinout used by the PIC16F877 or PIC18C452. This kit features a user friendly TCP/IP stack, web server with HTML, a 24L256 Serial EEPROM for Xmodem download to web pages into Serial EEPROM, ICSP/MPLAB ICD 2 interface connector, an Ethernet interface, RS-232 interface, and a 16 x 2 LCD display. Also included is the book and CD-ROM *"TCP/IP Lean, Web Servers for Embedded Systems,"* by Jeremy Bentham

## 11.16 PICDEM 2 Plus Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 2 Plus demonstration board supports many 18-, 28-, and 40-pin microcontrollers, including PIC16F87X and PIC18FXX2 devices. All the necessary hardware and software is included to run the demonstration programs. The sample microcontrollers provided with the PICDEM 2 demonstration board can be programmed with a PRO MATE II device programmer, PICSTART Plus development programmer, or MPLAB ICD 2 with a Universal Programmer Adapter. The MPLAB ICD 2 and MPLAB ICE in-circuit emulators may also be used with the PICDEM 2 demonstration board to test firmware. A prototype area extends the circuitry for additional application components. Some of the features include an RS-232 interface, a 2 x 16 LCD display, a piezo speaker, an on-board temperature sensor, four LEDs, and sample PIC18F452 and PIC16F877 FLASH microcontrollers.

## 11.17 PICDEM 3 PIC16C92X Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 3 demonstration board supports the PIC16C923 and PIC16C924 in the PLCC package. All the necessary hardware and software is included to run the demonstration programs.

## 11.18 PICDEM 4 8/14/18-Pin Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 4 can be used to demonstrate the capabilities of the 8-, 14-, and 18-pin PIC16XXXX and PIC18XXXX MCUs, including the PIC16F818/819, PIC16F87/88, PIC16F62XA and the PIC18F1320 family of microcontrollers. PICDEM 4 is intended to showcase the many features of these low pin count parts, including LIN and Motor Control using ECCP. Special provisions are made for low power operation with the supercapacitor circuit, and jumpers allow on-board hardware to be disabled to eliminate current draw in this mode. Included on the demo board are provisions for Crystal, RC or Canned Oscillator modes, a five volt regulator for use with a nine volt wall adapter or battery, DB-9 RS-232 interface, ICD connector for programming via ICSP and development with MPLAB ICD 2, 2x16 liquid crystal display, PCB footprints for H-Bridge motor driver, LIN transceiver and EEPROM. Also included are: header for expansion, eight LEDs, four potentiometers, three push buttons and a prototyping area. Included with the kit is a PIC16F627A and a PIC18F1320. Tutorial firmware is included along with the User's Guide.

## 11.19 PICDEM 17 Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 17 demonstration board is an evaluation board that demonstrates the capabilities of several Microchip microcontrollers, including PIC17C752, PIC17C756A, PIC17C762 and PIC17C766. A programmed sample is included. The PRO MATE II device programmer, or the PICSTART Plus development programmer, can be used to reprogram the device for user tailored application development. The PICDEM 17 demonstration board supports program download and execution from external on-board FLASH memory. A generous prototype area is available for user hardware expansion.

## 11.20 PICDEM 18R PIC18C601/801 Demonstration Board

The PICDEM 18R demonstration board serves to assist development of the PIC18C601/801 family of Microchip microcontrollers. It provides hardware implementation of both 8-bit Multiplexed/De-multiplexed and 16-bit Memory modes. The board includes 2 Mb external FLASH memory and 128 Kb SRAM memory, as well as serial EEPROM, allowing access to the wide range of memory types supported by the PIC18C601/801.

## 11.21 PICDEM LIN PIC16C43X Demonstration Board

The powerful LIN hardware and software kit includes a series of boards and three PICmicro microcontrollers. The small footprint PIC16C432 and PIC16C433 are used as slaves in the LIN communication and feature on-board LIN transceivers. A PIC16F874 FLASH microcontroller serves as the master. All three microcontrollers are programmed with firmware to provide LIN bus communication.

## 11.22 PICKit™ 1 FLASH Starter Kit

A complete "development system in a box", the PICKit FLASH Starter Kit includes a convenient multi-section board for programming, evaluation, and development of 8/14-pin FLASH PIC® microcontrollers. Powered via USB, the board operates under a simple Windows GUI. The PICKit 1 Starter Kit includes the user's guide (on CD ROM), PICKit 1 tutorial software and code for various applications. Also included are MPLAB® IDE (Integrated Development Environment) software, software and hardware "Tips 'n Tricks for 8-pin FLASH PIC® Microcontrollers" Handbook and a USB Interface Cable. Supports all current 8/14-pin FLASH PIC microcontrollers, as well as many future planned devices.

## 11.23 PICDEM USB PIC16C7X5 Demonstration Board

The PICDEM USB Demonstration Board shows off the capabilities of the PIC16C745 and PIC16C765 USB microcontrollers. This board provides the basis for future USB products.

## 11.24 Evaluation and Programming Tools

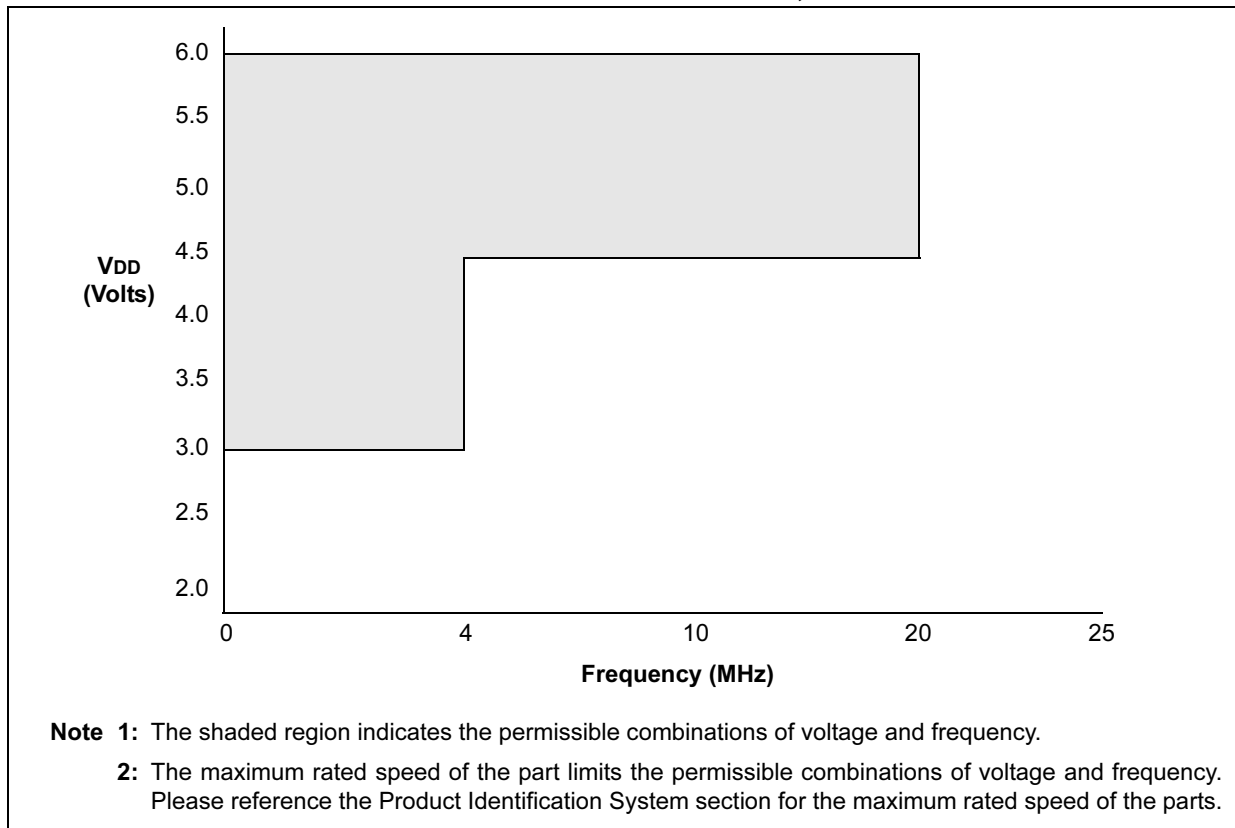
In addition to the PICDEM series of circuits, Microchip has a line of evaluation kits and demonstration software for these products.

- KEELOQ evaluation and programming tools for Microchip's HCS Secure Data Products
- CAN developers kit for automotive network applications
- Analog design boards and filter design software
- PowerSmart battery charging evaluation/calibration kits
- IrDA® development kit
- microID development and rLab™ development software
- SEEVAL® designer kit for memory evaluation and endurance calculations
- PICDEM MSC demo boards for Switching mode power supply, high power IR driver, delta sigma ADC, and flow rate sensor

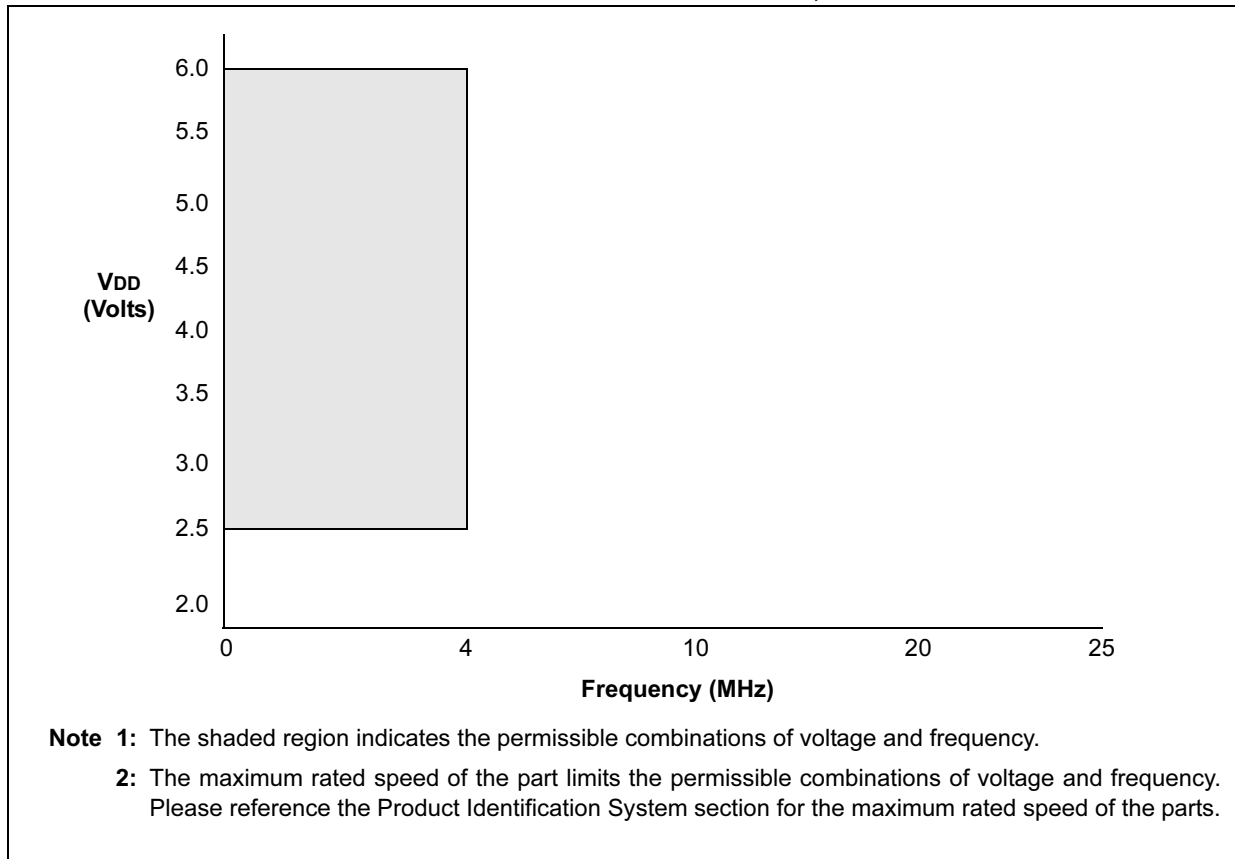
Check the Microchip web page and the latest Product Line Card for the complete list of demonstration and evaluation kits.

# PIC16C62X

**FIGURE 12-1: PIC16C62X VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH,  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$**

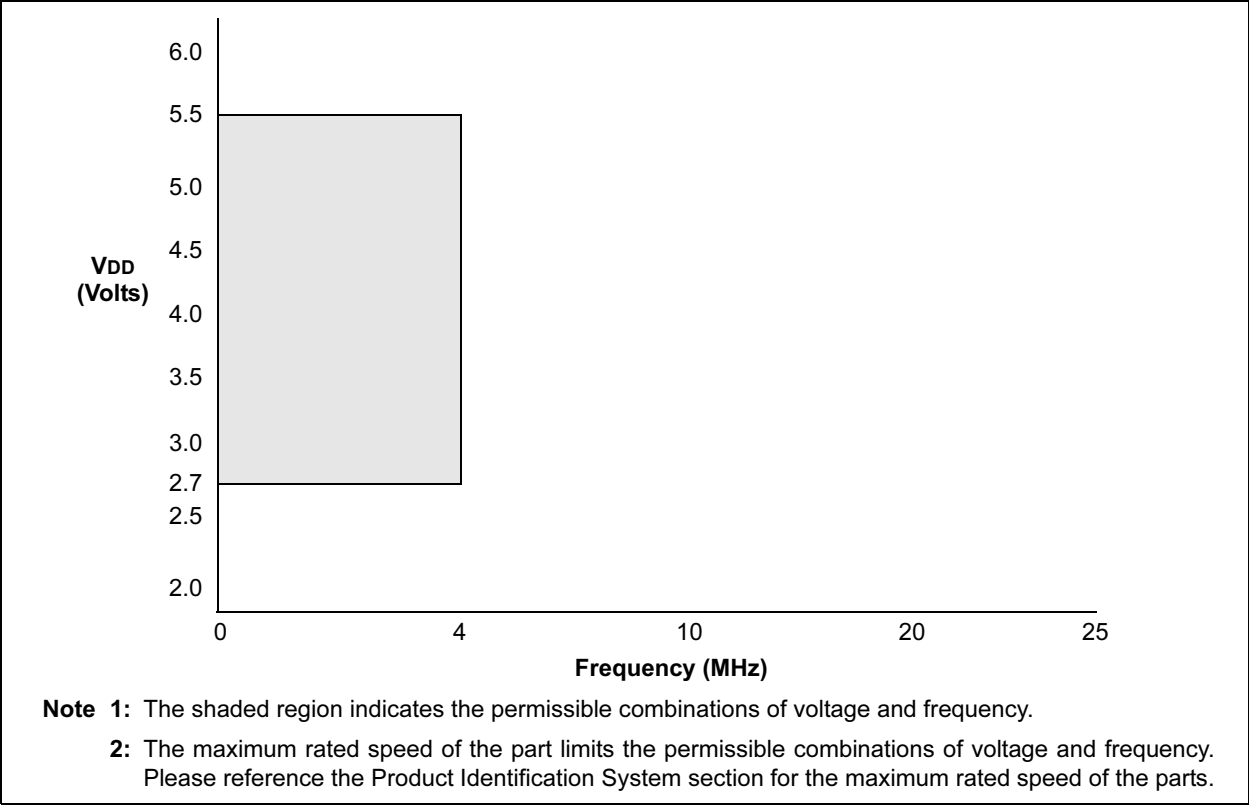


**FIGURE 12-2: PIC16LC62X VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH,  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$**

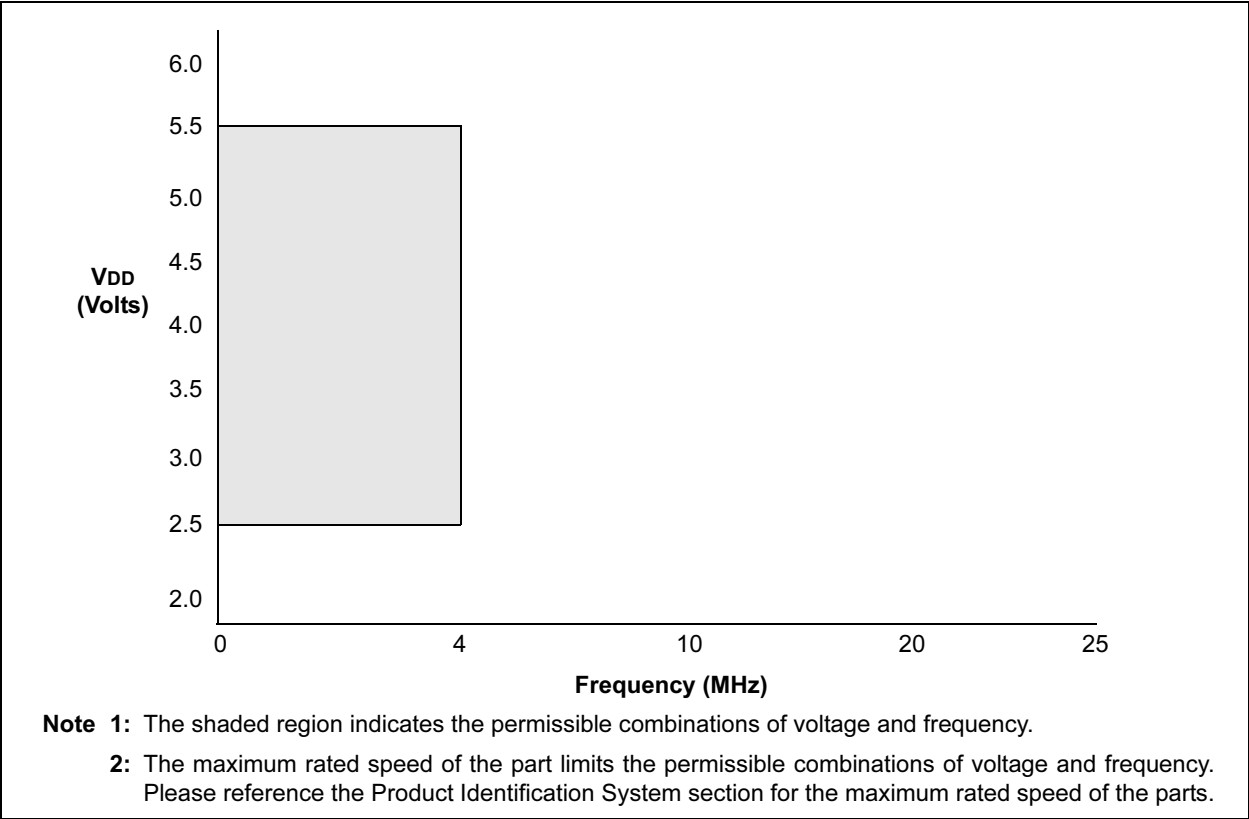


# PIC16C62X

**FIGURE 12-5: PIC16LC620A/LC621A/LC622A VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH,  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 0^{\circ}\text{C}$**



**FIGURE 12-6: PIC16LC620A/LC621A/LC622A VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH,  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$**



## 12.3 DC CHARACTERISTICS: PIC16C62XA-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C62XA-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LCR62XA-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) (CONT.)

| PIC16C62XA-04<br>PIC16C62XA-20 |                                | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial and<br>$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial and<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for extended |     |                              |                          |                                                       |                                                                      |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PIC16LCR62XA-04                |                                | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial and<br>$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial and<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for extended |     |                              |                          |                                                       |                                                                      |
| Param. No.                     | Sym                            | Characteristic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Min | Typ†                         | Max                      | Units                                                 | Conditions                                                           |
| D020                           | IPD                            | Power-down Current <sup>(3)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | —   | 200<br>0.400<br>0.600<br>5.0 | 950<br>1.8<br>2.2<br>9.0 | nA<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$ | VDD = 3.0V<br>VDD = 4.5V*<br>VDD = 5.5V<br>VDD = 5.5V Extended Temp. |
| D020                           | IPD                            | Power-down Current <sup>(3)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | —   | 200<br>200<br>0.600<br>5.0   | 850<br>950<br>2.2<br>9.0 | nA<br>nA<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$            | VDD = 2.5V<br>VDD = 3.0V*<br>VDD = 5.5V<br>VDD = 5.5V Extended       |
| D022                           | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{WDT}}$  | WDT Current <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | —   | 6.0                          | 10<br>12                 | $\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$                        | VDD=4.0V<br>(125°C)                                                  |
| D022A                          | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{BOR}}$  | Brown-out Reset Current <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | —   | 75                           | 125                      | $\mu\text{A}$                                         | BOD enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                              |
| D023                           | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{COMP}}$ | Comparator Current for each Comparator <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | —   | 30                           | 60                       | $\mu\text{A}$                                         | VDD = 4.0V                                                           |
| D023A                          | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{VREF}}$ | VREF Current <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | —   | 80                           | 135                      | $\mu\text{A}$                                         | VDD = 4.0V                                                           |
| D022                           | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{WDT}}$  | WDT Current <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | —   | 6.0                          | 10<br>12                 | $\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$                        | VDD=4.0V<br>(125°C)                                                  |
| D022A                          | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{BOR}}$  | Brown-out Reset Current <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | —   | 75                           | 125                      | $\mu\text{A}$                                         | BOD enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                              |
| D023                           | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{COMP}}$ | Comparator Current for each Comparator <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | —   | 30                           | 60                       | $\mu\text{A}$                                         | VDD = 4.0V                                                           |
| D023A                          | $\Delta\text{I}_{\text{VREF}}$ | VREF Current <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | —   | 80                           | 135                      | $\mu\text{A}$                                         | VDD = 4.0V                                                           |
| 1A                             | FOSC                           | LP Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 200                      | kHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |
|                                |                                | RC Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 4                        | MHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |
|                                |                                | XT Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 4                        | MHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |
|                                |                                | HS Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 20                       | MHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |
| 1A                             | FOSC                           | LP Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 200                      | kHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |
|                                |                                | RC Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 4                        | MHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |
|                                |                                | XT Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 4                        | MHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |
|                                |                                | HS Oscillator Operating Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   | —                            | 20                       | MHz                                                   | All temperatures                                                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**Note 1:** This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

**2:** The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in Active Operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tri-stated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

**3:** The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD or VSS.

**4:** For RC osc configuration, current through REXT is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula:  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{EXT}$  (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

**5:** The  $\Delta$  current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

**6:** Commercial temperature range only.

## 12.5 DC CHARACTERISTICS: PIC16C620A/C621A/C622A-40<sup>(7)</sup> (Commercial) PIC16CR620A-40<sup>(7)</sup> (Commercial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                        |                                                       | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated) |      |      |       |                                                                       |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                        |                                                       | Operating temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial   |      |      |       |                                                                       |
| Param No.          | Sym                    | Characteristic                                        | Min                                                     | Typ† | Max  | Units | Conditions                                                            |
| D001               | VDD                    | Supply Voltage                                        | 3.0                                                     | —    | 5.5  | V     | FOSC = DC to 20 MHz                                                   |
| D002               | VDR                    | RAM Data Retention Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>             | —                                                       | 1.5* | —    | V     | Device in SLEEP mode                                                  |
| D003               | VPOR                   | VDD start voltage to ensure Power-on Reset            | —                                                       | VSS  | —    | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                             |
| D004               | SVDD                   | VDD rise rate to ensure Power-on Reset                | 0.05*                                                   | —    | —    | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                             |
| D005               | VBOR                   | Brown-out Detect Voltage                              | 3.65                                                    | 4.0  | 4.35 | V     | BOREN configuration bit is cleared                                    |
| D010               | IDD                    | Supply Current <sup>(2,4)</sup>                       | —                                                       | 1.2  | 2.0  | mA    | FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 5.5V, WDT disabled, XT Osc mode, <b>(Note 4)*</b> |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | 0.4  | 1.2  | mA    | FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, XT Osc mode, <b>(Note 4)</b>  |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | 1.0  | 2.0  | mA    | FOSC = 10 MHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, HS Osc mode, <b>(Note 6)</b> |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | 4.0  | 6.0  | mA    | FOSC = 20 MHz, VDD = 4.5V, WDT disabled, HS Osc mode                  |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | 4.0  | 7.0  | mA    | FOSC = 20 MHz, VDD = 5.5V, WDT disabled*, HS Osc mode                 |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | 35   | 70   | μA    | FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, LP Osc mode                  |
| D020               | IPD                    | Power Down Current <sup>(3)</sup>                     | —                                                       | —    | 2.2  | μA    | VDD = 3.0V                                                            |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | —    | 5.0  | μA    | VDD = 4.5V*                                                           |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | —    | 9.0  | μA    | VDD = 5.5V                                                            |
|                    |                        |                                                       | —                                                       | —    | 15   | μA    | VDD = 5.5V Extended                                                   |
| D022               | ΔI <sub>WDT</sub>      | WDT Current <sup>(5)</sup>                            | —                                                       | 6.0  | 10   | μA    | VDD = 4.0V                                                            |
| D022A              | ΔI <sub>BOR</sub>      | Brown-out Reset Current <sup>(5)</sup>                | —                                                       | 75   | 125  | μA    | (125°C)                                                               |
| D023               | ΔI <sub>COMP</sub>     | Comparator Current for each Comparator <sup>(5)</sup> | —                                                       | 30   | 60   | μA    | BOD enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                               |
| D023A              | ΔI <sub>VREF</sub>     | VREF Current <sup>(5)</sup>                           | —                                                       | 80   | 135  | μA    | VDD = 4.0V                                                            |
|                    | ΔI <sub>EE Write</sub> | Operating Current                                     | —                                                       | —    | 3    | mA    | VCC = 5.5V, SCL = 400 kHz                                             |
|                    | ΔI <sub>EE Read</sub>  | Operating Current                                     | —                                                       | —    | 1    | mA    |                                                                       |
|                    | ΔI <sub>EE</sub>       | Standby Current                                       | —                                                       | —    | 30   | μA    | VCC = 3.0V, EE VDD = VCC                                              |
|                    | ΔI <sub>EE</sub>       | Standby Current                                       | —                                                       | —    | 100  | μA    | VCC = 3.0V, EE VDD = VCC                                              |
| 1A                 | FOSC                   | LP Oscillator Operating Frequency                     | 0                                                       | —    | 200  | kHz   | All temperatures                                                      |
|                    |                        | RC Oscillator Operating Frequency                     | 0                                                       | —    | 4    | MHz   | All temperatures                                                      |
|                    |                        | XT Oscillator Operating Frequency                     | 0                                                       | —    | 4    | MHz   | All temperatures                                                      |
|                    |                        | HS Oscillator Operating Frequency                     | 0                                                       | —    | 20   | MHz   | All temperatures                                                      |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5.0V, 25°C, unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**Note 1:** This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered in SLEEP mode without losing RAM data.

**Note 2:** The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in Active Operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail-to-rail; all I/O pins tri-stated, pulled to VDD; MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

**Note 3:** The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD or VSS.

**Note 4:** For RC OSC configuration, current through REXT is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD} / 2R_{EXT}$  (mA) with REXT in kΩ.

**Note 5:** The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

**Note 6:** Commercial temperature range only.

**Note 7:** See Section 12.1 and Section 12.3 for 16C62X and 16CR62X devices for operation between 20 MHz and 40 MHz for valid modified characteristics.



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